Amendments to Senate S.7506; Assembly A.9506 (ELFA Article VII Bill)

Part A, relating to implementation of the 2020-2021 Executive Budget School Aid proposal, is amended to:

• Make various technical corrections.

Part D, relating to extending a predictable funding plan for SUNY and CUNY, is amended to:

• Expand the proposed authorization for the SUNY college of Environmental Science and Forestry to raise non-resident undergraduate tuition rates up to 10 percent annually for a four-year period, providing flexibility to set non-resident tuition rates similar to SUNY university centers, to include other SUNY doctoral degree granting institutions..

Part J, relating to guaranteeing sick leave, is amended to:

- Clarify the requirements for employee usage of sick leave and the requirements for employers that already provide comparable benefits.
- Make various technical corrections.

Part L, relating to the regulation of surrogacy programs, judgments of parentage of children conceived through surrogacy programs and the legitimacy of children conceived through assisted reproduction:

- Make clarifying changes to conform with existing insurance law.
- Make various technical corrections.

Part M, relating to compliance with the Federal Family First Prevention Services Act, is amended to:

• Make a technical correction.

Part N, relating to restructuring financing for residential school placements, is amended to:

- Make a clarifying change to ensure that the funding for residential placements is realigned.
- Make a technical correction.

New Part P, relating to establishing the Curing Alzheimer's Health Consortium, is added to:

• Establish within the State University of New York the Curing Alzheimer's Health Consortium.

Amends Senate S7506, Assembly A9506, AN ACT to amend the education law...

Page	Line	Amendment
Page 3,	Unnumbered Line 3,	After "(Part N;) strike out "and"
Page 3,	Unnumbered Line 5,	After "(Part O;) insert ""; and to amend the education law, in relation to establishing the curing Alzheimer's health consortium (Part P)"
Page 3,	Line 4,	After "through" strike out "O" and insert "P"
Page 19,	Line 21,	After "part B" insert "of"
Page 30,	Line 50,	After "relating to" strike out "the"
Page 35,	Line 37,	After "New York" strike "City" and insert "city"
Page 45,	Line 50,	After " <u>for</u> " insert " <u>the following doctoral</u> <u>degree granting institutions of the state</u> <u>university of New York</u> "
Page 45,	Line 52,	After "chapter" insert ", downstate medical center, upstate medical center, and the college of technology at Utica-Rome/state university polytechnic institute"
Page 64,	Line 6,	Before " <u>sick</u> " strike out " <u>paid</u> "
Page 64,	Between lines 10 and 11,	<pre>Insert "4. Employee use of leave. a. Upon the oral or written request of an employee, an employer shall provide sick leave for the following purposes: i. diagnosis, care, or treatment of an existing health condition of, or preventive care for an employee or an employee's family member, or a ward for which the employee is the guardian; or ii. for an employee or an employee's family member who is a victim of domestic violence pursuant to subdivision thirty- four of section two hundred ninety-two of the executive law, a sexual offense, stalking, or human trafficking, to avail themselves of services or assistance. 5. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent a city with a population of one million or more from enacting or enforcing local laws or ordinances which impose standards or requirements relating to sick leave that are more protective to employees than the accrual, use, payment, and employee</pre>

Page Line	Amendment	
	eligibility requirements set forth	in this
	section or in any rule or regulation	on
	promulgated hereunder."	
Page 64, Line	11, Strike out " <u>4</u> " and insert " <u>6</u> "	
-)	 Insert "7. An employer is not requiprovide additional sick leave pursitives section if the employer has a leave policy or paid time off poliemployer makes available an amount applicable to employees that may be for the same purposes and under the conditions as specified in this see and the policy satisfies one of the following: the accrual, carryover, and use requirements of this section or regulations promulgated thereunder provided paid sick leave or peooff to a class of employees before first, two thousand twenty, pursus paid sick leave policy or paid tim policy that used an accrual method than that set forth in paragraph a subdivision, provided that the acc a regular basis so that an employe including an employee hired into t after January first two thousand the off within two months employment of each calendar year, twelve month period, and the emploieligible to earn at least the appl number of days set forth in this swithin nine months of employment. employer modifies the accrual method the policy it had in place prior the shall comply with any accrual method forth in this subdivision or proviful amount of leave at the begin each year of employment, calendar twelve month period. This section prohibit the employer from increas accrual amount or rate for a class employees covered by this subdivis 	suant to a paid cy, the c of leave be used the same ection, the content conten

Page	Line	Amendment
		<pre>benefit for the employees covered by such agreement in the form of paid days off; such paid days off shall be in the form of leave, compensation, other employee benefits, or some combination thereof. Comparable benefits shall include, but are not limited to, vacation time, personal time, safe/sick time, and holiday and Sunday time pay at premium rates. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of this chapter shall not apply to any employee in the construction or grocery industry covered by a valid collective bargaining agreement if such provisions are expressly waived in such collective bargaining agreement.</pre> 8. Any paid sick leave benefits provided by a sick leave program enforced by a municipal corporation in effect as of the effective date of this chapter that provides sick leave for domestic workers shall not be diminished or limited as a result of the enactment of this chapter."
Page 68,	Line 51,	Before " \underline{In}'' strike out "(3)" and insert "(e)(1)"
Page 68,	Line 53,	After "prior to" insert "the date set for"
Page 68,	Line 53,	After "proceeding" insert "to determine the existence of donative intent"
Page 69,	Line 6,	Before "Notwithstanding" strike out "(4)" and insert "(2)"
Page 69,	Lines 9 and 10,	After "parent" strike out ",the sperm provider is presumed to be a donor and"
Page 69,	Line 11,	Strike out " <u>(e)</u> " and insert " <u>(f)</u> "
Page 69,	Line 14,	Strike out " <u>(f)</u> " and insert " <u>(g)</u> "
Page 69,	Line 18,	After " <u>parent</u> " insert " <u>or parents</u> "
Page 69,	Line 19,	After " <u>is</u> " insert " <u>or are</u> "
Page 69,	Line 19,	After " <u>legal parent</u> " insert " <u>or parents</u> "
Page 69,	Line 20,	After " <u>intended parent</u> " insert " <u>or parents</u> "
Page 69,	Lines 52 to 53,	After " <u>executed and</u> " strike out " <u>shall be</u> jointly filed by all intended parents and the person acting as surrogate" and insert "the person acting as surrogate and all intended parents are necessary parties"
Page 70,	Line 49,	Strike out " <u>(d)</u> " and insert " <u>(e)</u> "

Page	Line	Amendment
Page 70,	Line 54,	After "article." Insert "In the event that any other requirements of subdivision (c) are not met, the court shall determine parentage according to part four of this article."
Page 71,	Line 39,	After "reproduction" insert "where there is proof of donative intent under section 581- 202(d) of this article"
Page 73,	Line 26,	After "sexual intercourse" insert ", or where the person acting as surrogate contributed the egg used in conception"
Page 74,	Line 7,	After " <u>obtain a</u> " insert " <u>comprehensive</u> "
Page 74,	Line 24,	After " <u>termination</u> " strike out " <u>or</u> " and insert " <u>of</u> "
Page 74,	Line 33,	Before " <u>habitual</u> " insert " <u>other</u> "
Page 74,	Line 33,	Before " <u>resident;</u> " strike out " <u>lawful</u> " and insert "and"
Page 74,	Line 48,	Strike out " (4) " and insert " (c) "
Page 75,	Line 33,	After " <u>If</u> " insert " <u>comprehensive</u> "
Page 75,	Line 35,	After " <u>review</u> " insert " <u>and summary</u> " and after " <u>coverage</u> " insert " <u>and exclusions</u> "
Page 75,	Lines 36 through 39,	After "pregnancy" strike out ",including any possible liability of the person acting as surrogate's third-party liability liens or other insurance coverage, and any notice requirements that could affect coverage or liability of the person acting as surrogate"
Page 76,	Line 3,	After " <u>terminate</u> " insert " <u>or continue</u> "
Page 76,	Line 10,	After " <u>upon</u> " insert " <u>the person acting as</u> <u>surrogate's</u> "
Page 76,	Lines 12 to 13,	After "policy" strike out "or contractual performance indemnity or accidental death" and insert "and disability"
Page 76,	Lines 13 to 14,	After "surrogate" strike out "for the duration of the pregnancy and eight weeks post-birth or termination"
Page 76,	Line 49,	After "agreement." Insert "After the execution of a surrogacy agreement under this article, the subsequent spousal relationship of the intended parent does not affect the validity of a surrogacy agreement, and the consent of the spouse of the intended parent to the agreement shall not be required."

Page 77, 1	Line 46, Lines 51	After " <u>reimbursement</u> " strike out " <u>(a)</u> "	
	Lines 51		
	through 53,	Strike out "(b) Premiums paid for insurance against economic losses directly resulting from the retrieval or storage of the gametes or embryos for donation may be reimbursed."	
Page 78, 1	Line 15,	Strike out " <u>transfer</u> " and insert " <u>transportation</u> "	
Page 78, 1	Line 23,	After " <u>Life</u> " insert " <u>and disability</u> "	
Page 78, 1	Line 47,	After " <u>surrogate</u> " strike out " <u>has a right to</u> " and insert " <u>may obtain</u> "	
Page 78, 1	Line 47,	After " <u>right to a</u> " insert " <u>comprehensive</u> "	
Page 79	Line 12	After " <u>Life</u> " insert " <u>and disability</u> "	
-) ,	Lines 12 to 13,	After " <u>surrogate</u> " strike out " <u>has the right to</u> <u>be provided with</u> " and insert " <u>may obtain</u> "	
<i>.</i>	Lines 13 to 14,	After " <u>insurance policy</u> " strike out " <u>or</u> <u>contractual performance indemnity or accidental</u> <u>death</u> " and insert " <u>and disability</u> "	
-) /	Lines 14 through 16,	After "insurance policy" strike out "for the duration of the pregnancy and eight weeks post- birth or termination, unless the surrogacy agreement specifies a sooner term,"	
Page 80, 1	Line 52,	After "involving a" insert " <u>purported genetic</u> <u>surrogacy parenting agreement</u> , [" and after "between the" strike out "]"	
Page 80, 1	Line 53,	Before "and" strike out "] <u>genetic surrogate</u> " and after "and" strike out "["	
-	Lines 55 to 1,	After "genetic mother: strike out "] any party with a claim to legal parentage pursuant to a genetic surrogate parenting agreement"	
Page 81,	Line 2,	After "pursuant to a" strike out "genetic"	
Page 81, 1	Line 3,	Before "contract]" strike out "[" and after "contract]" strike out " <u>agreement</u> " and insert "the parentage of the child will be determined based on the laws of New York state and"	
Page 81,	Line 54,	After " <u>child and the alleged</u> " insert "["	
Page 81, I	Line 54,	After "father" insert "] genetic parent"	
Page 81,	Line 55,	After "such" insert "["	
Page 81, 1	Line 55,	After "father" insert "] alleged genetic parent"	
Page 82, 1	Line 11,	After "an alleged" insert "["	

Page 82, Line 11, Page 82, Line 37, Page 82, Lines 39 to 40, Page 82, Line 51,	After "father" insert "] genetic parent" After "(vi) The" strike out "acknowledgement" and insert "acknowledgment" After "assisted reproduction," strike out "but the signatory is not a parent under section 581- 303 of the family court act" and insert "but the child was not conceived through assisted reproduction" After "by the" insert "[" After "father" insert "] alleged genetic parent" and after "that he" insert "or she" and after	
Page 82, Lines 39 to 40,	<pre>and insert "acknowledgment" After "assisted reproduction," strike out "but the signatory is not a parent under section 581- 303 of the family court act" and insert "but the child was not conceived through assisted reproduction" After "by the" insert "[" After "father" insert "] alleged genetic parent"</pre>	
40,	<pre>the signatory is not a parent under section 581- 303 of the family court act" and insert "but the child was not conceived through assisted reproduction" After "by the" insert "[" After "father" insert "] alleged genetic parent"</pre>	
Page 82. Line 51.	After "father" insert "] <u>alleged genetic parent</u> "	
Page 82, Line 52,	"is the" insert "[" and after "father" insert "] genetic parent"	
Page 83, Line 4,	After " <u>include the</u> " strike out " <u>known</u> " and insert " <u>name and</u> " and after " <u>address</u> " insert " <u>,</u> <u>if known</u> "	
Page 83, Line 38,	After " <u>alleged</u> " insert "[" and after " <u>father</u> " insert "] <u>genetic parent</u> "	
Page 83, Line 45,	Before " <u>father</u> " insert "["after " <u>father</u> " insert "] <u>genetic parent</u> "	
Page 85, Line 52,	Before " <u>New York city</u> " insert " <u>the</u> " and after " <u>department of</u> " Strike out " <u>mental</u> "	
Page 85 Line 53,	Before " <u>hygiene</u> " insert " <u>mental</u> "	
Pages 85 Lines 55 and to 86, 1,	After "law" underline ". If the acknowledgment includes the name and address of any known gamete donors of a child conceived through assisted reproduction, the state department of health or the New York city department of"	
Page 86 Line 1,	Strike out "mental"	
Page 86 Line 2,	Before "hygiene" insert " <u>mental</u> " and underline "health and hygiene shall mail a copy to the known donors listed on the form."	
Page 86, Line 31,	After "by the [putative" strike out "] <u>alleged</u> " and after "father and" strike out "[" and after "mother]" strike out "the"	
Page 86, Line 32,	After "gave birth" insert "and the other signatory"	
Page 86, Line 33,	Before "father" insert "[" and after "father" insert "]" and out strike " <u>or</u> "	
Page 87, Line 21,	After " <u>accounts;</u> " insert " <u>and</u> "	
Page 87, Line 23,	After " <u>agreement;</u> " insert " <u>and</u> "	

Page	Line	Amendment	
Page 87	Line 27	After "agreement;" insert "and"	
Page 87,	Line 33,	After " <u>agreement</u> " strike out " <u>.</u> " and insert " <u>;</u> and"	
Page 87,	Line 37,	After " <u>effective</u> " strike out " <u>.</u> " and insert " <u>;</u> and"	
Page 91,	Lines 45 to 46,	After "but the" strike out "signatory is not a parent under section 581-303 of the family court act" and insert "child was not conceived through assisted reproduction"	
Page 91,	Line 53,	After "also to the" strike out "[" and after "father" strike out "]"	
Page 93,	Line 11,	After "with the" strike out "[" and after "father" strike out "]"	
Page 93,	Line 40,	After "provided that the" strike out "[" and after "paternal" strike out "]"	
Page 95,	Line 43,	After "[father]" insert "genetic"	
Page 96,	Line 4,	After "establish a" strike out "[" and after "father" strike out "]"	
Page 96,	Line 34,	After "contested" insert "[" and after "paternity" insert "] parentage"	
Page 97,	Between lines 2 and 3,	Insert "§ 22. Subparagraph (D) of paragraph (17) of subsection (a) of section 1113 of the insurance law is amended to read as follows: (D) (i) (I) Indemnifying an adoptive parent for verifiable expenses not prohibited under the law paid to or on behalf of the birth mother when either one or both of the birth parents of the child withdraw or withhold their consent to adoption. Such expenses may include maternity- connected medical or hospital expenses of the birth mother, necessary living expenses of the birth mother preceding and during confinement, travel expenses of the birth mother to arrange for the adoption of the child, legal fees of the birth mother, and any other expenses [which] <u>that</u> an adoptive parent may lawfully pay to or on behalf of the birth mother[.]; or (II) <u>Indemnifying an intended parent for financial</u> loss incurred as a result of the failure by the person acting as surrogate to perform under the surrogacy contract due to death, bodily injury, sickness, disappearance of the person acting as surrogate, late miscarriage, or stillbirth. Such financial loss shall include medical and hospital expenses, insurance co-payments, deductibles, and coinsurance, necessary living expenses of the person acting as surrogate to arrange for the surrogacy, legal fees of the person acting as surrogate, and any other	

Page	Line	Amendment
		expenses that an intended parent may lawfully pay to or on behalf of the person acting as surrogate; and (ii) For the purposes of this [section] subparagraph, "adoptive parent" means the parent or his or her spouse seeking to adopt the child, "birth mother" means the biological mother of the child, "birth parent" means the biological mother or biological father of the child, and the terms "donor", "intended parent", person acting as surrogate", and "surrogacy agreement" shall have the meaning set forth in section 581-102 of the family court act; or
		§ 23. Paragraph (32) of subsection (a) of section 1113 of the insurance law, as renumbered by chapter 626 of the laws of 2006, is renumbered paragraph (33) and a new paragraph (32) is added to read as follows:
		<pre>(32) "Donor medical expense insurance" means insurance indemnifying an intended parent for medical or hospital expenses that the intended parent is contractually obligated to pay under a donor agreement when the expenses result from medical complications that occur as a result of the donation of gametes. For the purpose of this paragraph, "donor", "gametes" and "intended parent" shall have the meaning set forth in section 581-102 of the family court act. (33) "Substantially similar kind of insurance," means such insurance which in the opinion of the superintendent is determined to be substantially similar to one of the foregoing kinds of insurance and thereupon for the purposes of this chapter shall be deemed to be included in that kind of insurance. § 24. Subsection (a) of section 2105 of the insurance law, as amended by section 9 of part I of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:</pre>
		<pre>\$ 2105. Excess line brokers; licensing. (a) The superintendent may issue an excess line broker's license to any person, firm, association or corporation who or which is licensed as an insurance broker under section two thousand one hundred four of this article, or who or which is licensed as an excess line broker in the licensee's home state, provided, however, that the applicant's home state grants non-resident licenses to residents of this state on the same basis, except that reciprocity is not required in regard to the placement of liability insurance on behalf of a purchasing group or any of its members; authorizing such person, firm, association or corporation to procure, subject to the restrictions herein provided, policies of insurance from insurers which are</pre>

Page	Line	Amendment
		not authorized to transact business in this state of the kind or kinds of insurance specified in paragraphs four through fourteen, sixteen, seventeen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-two, twenty-seven, twenty-eight,[and] thirty-one, and thirty-two of subsection (a) of section one thousand one hundred thirteen of this chapter and in subsection (h) of this section, provided, however, that the provisions of this section and section two thousand one hundred eighteen of this article shall not apply to ocean marine insurance and other contracts of insurance enumerated in subsections (b) and (c) of section two thousand one hundred seventeen of this article. Such license may be suspended or revoked by the superintendent whenever in his or her judgment such suspension or revocation will best promote the interests of the people of this state.
		<pre>\$ 25. Subsection (b) of section 4101 of the insurance law is amended to read as follows:</pre>
		<pre>(b) "Non-basic kinds of insurance" means the kinds of insurance described in the following paragraphs of subsection (a) of section one thousand one hundred thirteen of this chapter numbered therein as set forth in parentheses below: accident and health (item (i) of (3)); non-cancellable disability (item (ii) of (3)); miscellaneous property (5); water damage (6); collision (12); property damage liability (14) - non-basic as to mutual companies only; motor vehicle and aircraft physical damage (19); inland marine as specified in marine and inland marine (20); marine protection and indemnity(21)-non basic as to stock companies only; residual value (22); credit unemployment (24); gap (26); prize indemnification (27); service contract reimbursement (28); legal services insurance (29); involuntary unemployment insurance (30); salary protection insurance (31)[.];</pre>
		<pre>donor medical expense insurance (32). \$ 26. Group A of table one as contained in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 4103 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 626 of the laws of 2006, is am ended to read as follows:</pre>

Page	Line	Amendment		
		Group A:		
		7	\$300,000	\$150,000
		8, 9, 10, 11, or 14 - for each such kind	\$100,000	\$50,000
		13 or 15 - for each such kind	\$500,000	\$250,000
		16	\$900,000	\$450,000
		17	\$400,000	\$200,000
		Basic additional	\$ 100,000	\$200,000
		amount required for		
		any one		
		or more of the above		
		kinds of insurance	\$100,000	0 \$ 50,000
		3(i), 3(ii), 6{1} or 12{2} - for each		
		such kind	\$100,000	\$50,000
		22	\$2,000,000	\$1,000,000
		24	\$400,000	\$200,000
		26(B)	\$200,000	\$100,000
		26(A), 26 (C) or 26{0) -		
		for each such kind	\$600,000	\$300,000
		27	\$300,000	-
		28		\$1,000,000
		30	\$400,000	
		31 32	\$100,000 \$100,000	. ,
		§ 27. Group C of table three as contain section 4107 of the insurance law, as the laws of 2006, is amended to read	amended by ch	
		Group C:		
		3(i) or 3(ii) - for each such kind	\$100,000	\$100,000
		22		\$2,000,000
		24	\$300,000	
		26(B)	\$300,000	
		26(A), 26(() or 26(D) -		
		for eachsuch kind	\$900,000	
		28	\$3,000,000	\$2,000,000
		6{5}, 12{6} or 14{2} - for	<u> </u>	
		each such kind	\$50,000	\$50,000
		27	\$300,000 \$200,000	\$150,000 \$200,000
		30 31	\$300,000 \$100,000	\$300,000 \$100,000
		32	\$100,000	\$100,000 <u>\$100,000"</u>
				<u></u>
Page 97,	Line 3,	Strike out "§22" and insert "	§28″	
Page 97,	Line 3,	After "shall take effect" str	ike out "on	"

Page	Line	Amendment	
Page 103,	Line 50	After "as" strike out "amended" and insert "added"	
Page 108,	Line 37	After "the" insert "[" and after "state" insert "] <u>school district</u> "	
Page 108,	Line 39	Before "and" insert "[" and after "districts" insert "]"	
Page 108	Line 53	After "§ 2." insert "Paragraph b of subdivision 1 of section 4405 of the education law is REPEALED. § 3."	
Page 109	Line 1	After "affect the" strike out "repeal" and insert "expiration"	
Page 109	Line 2	After "deemed" strike out "repealed" and insert "to expire"	
Page 115,	Between lines 52 and 53,	Insert Part P (LBD #75027-02-0)	
Page 116,	Line 7,	After "through" strike out "O" and insert "P"	

school district in a city with more than one hundred twenty-five thou-1 sand inhabitants, and/or the chancellor in a city school district in a city having a population of one million or more, on or after July first, 3 two thousand five, or (b) ninety-five hundredths for any other school 4 5 building project or school district. For purposes of this clause, the scaled incentive decimal shall equal (a) one-tenth for a high need 6 school district, as defined pursuant to regulations of the commissioner 7 8 and used for the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand seven--two 9 10 thousand eight school year and entitled "SA0708", for all school building projects approved by the voters of the school district or by the 11 12 board of education of a city school district in a city with more than one hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants, and/or the chancellor in a 13 city school district in a city having a population of one million or 14 more, on or after July first, two thousand five or (b) the product of 15 one-tenth multiplied by the state sharing ratio computed pursuant to 16 paragraph g of subdivision three of this section for all other school 17 18 districts.

19 § 18. Clauses (b) and (c) of subparagraph 2 of paragraph c of subdivi-20 sion 6 of section <u>3602 of the education law, clause (b) as amended by</u> 21 section 15 of part B chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, and clause (c) as 22 added by section 12-b of part L of chapter 57 of the laws of 2005, are 23 amended and a new clause (d) is added to read as follows:

(b) For aid payable in the school years two thousand - two thousand one 24 25 and thereafter for all school building projects approved by the voters 26 of the school district or by the board of education of a city school district in a city with more than one hundred twenty-five thousand 27 inhabitants, and/or the chancellor in a city school district in a city 28 having a population of one million or more, on or after July first, two 29 thousand, and prior to July first, two thousand twenty, any school 30 district shall compute aid under the provisions of this subdivision 31 using the sum of the high-need supplemental building aid ratio, if any, 32 computed pursuant to clause (c) of this subparagraph and the greater of 33 (i) the building aid ratio computed for use in the current year; or (ii) 34 35 a building aid ratio equal to the difference of the aid ratio that was 36 used or that would have been used to compute an apportionment pursuant to this subdivision in the nineteen hundred ninety-nine--two thousand 37 school year as such aid ratio is computed by the commissioner based on 38 39 data on file with the department on or before July first of the third 40 school year following the school year in which aid is first payable, less one-tenth; or (iii) for all such school building projects approved 41 by the voters of the school district or by the board of education of a 42 city school district in a city with more than one hundred twenty-five 43 44 thousand inhabitants, and/or the chancellor in a city school district in a city having a population of one million or more, on or after July 45 first, two thousand and on or before June thirtieth, two thousand four, 46 47 for any school district for which the pupil wealth ratio is greater than 48 two and five-tenths in the school year in which such school building project was approved by the voters of the school district or by the 49 board of education of a city school district in a city with more than 50 one hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants, and/or the chancellor in a 51 city school district in a city having a population of one million or 52 more and for which the alternate pupil wealth ratio is less than eight-53 y-five hundredths in such school year, and for all such school building 54 55 projects approved by the voters of the school district or by the board of education of a city school district in a city with more than one 56

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1 inconsistent provisions of law, the commissioner of education shall 2 withhold a portion of employment preparation education aid due to the 3 city school district of the city of New York to support a portion of the 4 costs of the work force education program. Such moneys shall be credited 5 to the elementary and secondary education fund-local assistance account 6 and shall not exceed eleven million five hundred thousand dollars 7 (\$11,500,000). 8 § 32. Section 6 of chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, relating to fund-9 ing a program for work force education conducted by the consortium for worker education in New York city, as amended by section 37 of part YYY 10 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows: 11 12 § 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 1992, and shall be deemed repealed on June 30, [2020] 2021. 13 14 § 33. Subdivision 1 of section 167 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1994, 15 relating to certain provisions related to the 1994-95 state operations, 16 aid to localities, capital projects and debt service budgets, as amended by section 32 of part CCC of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, is amended 17

18 to read as follows:

19 1. Sections one through seventy of this act shall be deemed to have 20 been in full force and effect as of April 1, 1994 provided, however, that sections one, two, twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-seven 21 through seventy of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on March 22 23 31, 2000; provided, however, that section twenty of this act shall apply only to hearings commenced prior to September 1, 1994, and provided 24 further that section twenty-six of this act shall expire and be deemed 25 repealed on March 31, 1997; and provided further that sections four 26 through fourteen, sixteen, and eighteen, nineteen and twenty-one through 27 twenty-one-a of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on March 28 29 31, 1997; and provided further that sections three, fifteen, seventeen, twenty, twenty-two and twenty-three of this act shall expire and be 30 deemed repealed on March 31, [2020] 2022. 31

32 § 34. Section 12 of chapter 147 of the laws of 2001, amending the 33 education law relating to conditional appointment of school district, 34 charter school or BOCES employees, as amended by section 39 of part YYY 35 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

36 § 12. This act shall take effect on the same date as chapter 180 of 37 the laws of 2000 takes effect, and shall expire July 1, [2020] 2021 when 38 upon such date the provisions of this act shall be deemed repealed.

39 § 35. Section 4 of chapter 425 of the laws of 2002, amending the 40 education law relating to the provision of supplemental educational 41 services, attendance at a safe public school and the suspension of 42 pupils who bring a firearm to or possess a firearm at a school, as 43 amended by section 40 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, is 44 amended to read as follows:

45 § 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002 and section one of this 46 act shall expire and be deemed repealed June 30, 2019, and sections two 47 and three of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on June 30, 48 [2020] <u>2021</u>.

49 § 36. Section 5 of chapter 101 of the laws of 2003, amending the l 50 education law relating to the implementation of the No Child Left Behind 51 Act of 2001, as amended by section 41 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the 52 laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

53 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that sections 54 one, two and three of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on 55 June 30, [2020] <u>2021</u>.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary the moneys 1 appropriated for the support of public libraries for the year 2020-2021 2 by a chapter of the laws of 2020 enacting the education, labor and fami-3 ly assistance budget shall fulfill the state's obligation to provide such aid and, pursuant to a plan developed by the commissioner of educa-5 tion and approved by the director of the budget, the aid payable to 6 7 libraries and library systems pursuant to such appropriations shall be reduced proportionately to assure that the total amount of aid payable 8 9 does not exceed the total appropriations for such purpose.

10 § 44. Severability. The provisions of this act shall be severable, and if the application of any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, 11 section or part of this act to any person or circumstance shall be 12 13 adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such 14 judgment shall not necessarily affect, impair or invalidate the application of any such clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, part 15 of this act or remainder thereof, as the case may be, to any other 16 person or circumstance, but shall be confined in its operation to the 17 18 clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have 19 20 been rendered.

21 § 45. This act shall take effect immediately, and shall be deemed to 22 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2020, provided, 23 however, that:

1. sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twentyfour, twenty-seven, thirty-eight, forty-one and forty-two of this act shall take effect July 1, 2020;

29 2. the amendments to section 2590-h of the education law made by 30 section twenty-eight of this act shall not affect the expiration and 31 reversion of such section and shall expire and be deemed repealed there-32 with;

33 3. section twenty-nine of this act shall be deemed to have been in 34 full force and effect on and after April 1, 2019; and

4. the amendments to chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, relating to funding a program for work force education conducted by a consortium for worker education in New York <u>Gity</u> made by sections thirty and thirty-one of this act shall not affect the repeal of such chapter and shall be deemed repealed therewith.

40

PART B

Section 1. Legislative intent. The purpose of this act is to establish 41 the Syracuse Comprehensive Education and Workforce Training Center 42 focusing on Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts, and Math. The high 43 school and center shall provide a high school course of instruction for 44 grades nine through twelve, dedicated to providing expanded learning and 45 job training opportunities to students residing in the Onondaga, Cort-46 land and Madison county board of cooperative educational services region 47 48 and central New York, in the areas of science, technology, engineering, arts and mathematics as well as the core academic areas required for the 49 50 issuance of high school diplomas in accordance with the rules and regulations promulgated by the board of regents. The legislature hereby 51 52 finds and declares that the establishment of the school is a necessary component to the development of the greater central New York region of 53 54 New York state and a necessary link to fostering the development and

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support for operating expenses at the state university and city univer-1 sity may be reduced in a manner proportionate to one another, and the 2 3 aforementioned provisions shall not apply. 4 [(v)] (vi) Beginning in state fiscal year two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen and ending in state fiscal year two thousand twenty--5 two thousand twenty-one, the state shall appropriate and make available 6 7 general fund operating support, including fringe benefits, for the state university in an amount not less than the amount appropriated and made 8 available in the prior state fiscal year; provided, however, that if the 9 governor declares a fiscal emergency, and communicates such emergency to 10 the temporary president of the senate and speaker of the assembly, state 11 support for operating expenses at the state university and city univer-12 sity may be reduced in a manner proportionate to one another, and the 13 14 aforementioned provisions shall not apply; provided further, the state shall appropriate and make available general fund support to fully fund 15 the tuition credit pursuant to subdivision two of section six hundred 16 17 sixty-nine-h of this title. 18 (vii) Beginning in state fiscal year two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two and ending in state fiscal year two thousand twen-19 20 ty-four--two thousand twenty-five, the state shall appropriate and make available general fund operating support, including fringe benefits, for 21 the state university in an amount not less than the amount appropriated 22 and made available in the prior state fiscal year; provided, however, 23 that if the governor declares a fiscal emergency, and communicates such 24 25 emergency to the temporary president of the senate and speaker of the 26 assembly, state support for operating expenses at the state university 27 and city university may be reduced in a manner proportionate to one another, and the aforementioned provisions shall not apply; provided 28 29 further, the state shall appropriate and make available general fund 30 support to fully fund the tuition credit pursuant to subdivision two of 31 section six hundred sixty-nine-h of this title. [(vi)] (viii) For the state university fiscal years commencing two 32 thousand eleven--two thousand twelve and ending two thousand fifteen--33 two thousand sixteen, each university center may set aside a portion of 34 its tuition revenues derived from tuition increases to provide increased 35 financial aid for New York state resident undergraduate students whose 36 net taxable income is eighty thousand dollars or more subject to the 37 approval of a NY-SUNY 2020 proposal by the governor and the chancellor 38 of the state university of New York. Nothing in this paragraph shall be the to low ino 39 construed as to authorize that students whose net taxable income is 40 doctora eighty thousand dollars or more are eligible for tuition assistance 41 program awards pursuant to section six hundred sixty-seven of this 42 degree 43 grantino [chapter] title. § 2. Paragraph h of subdivision 2 of section 355 of the education law 44 institutions 45 is amended by adding a new paragraph 4-a to read as follows: The (4-a) Notwithstanding any law, rule, regulation, or practice to the 0-1 46 state contrary and following the review and approval of the chancellor of the 47 universita state university or his or her designee, the board of trustees may raise 48 of New non-resident undergraduate rates of tuition by not more than ten percent 49 over the tuition rates of the prior academic year for the state univer-50 York: sity of New York college of environmental science and forestry as 51 defined in article one hundred twenty-one of this chapter for a four 52 53 year period commencing with the two thousand twenty - two thousand twen-54 ty-one academic year and ending in the two thousand twenty-three--two thousand twenty-four academic year provided that such rate change 55 , downstate Medical center. medical center.

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2. The commissioner shall have authority to adopt regulations and issue guidance to effectuate any of the provisions of this section. 2 Employers shall comply with regulations and guidance promulgated by the 3 commissioner for this purpose which may include but are not limited to standards for the accrual, use, payment, and employee eligibility of paid sick leave.

7 3. Employees shall accrue sick leave at a rate of not less than one hour per every thirty hours worked, beginning at the commencement of 8 employment or the effective date of this section, whichever is later, 9 subject to the use and accrual limitations set forth in this section. 10

The provisions of section two hundred fifteen of this chapter shall be Tapplicable to the benefits afforded under this section, including, 12 13

but not limited to, requesting sick leave and using sick leave. \overline{s} 2. This act shall take effect one year after it shall have become

law.

PART K

17 Section 1. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of subdivision 1 of section 131-o of the social services law, as amended by section 1 of 18 part L of chapter 56 of the laws of 2019, are amended to read as 19 20 follows:

(a) in the case of each individual receiving family care, an amount 21 22 equal to at least [\$148.00] <u>\$150.00</u> for each month beginning on or after January first, two thousand [nineteen] twenty. 23 24

(b) in the case of each individual receiving residential care, an amount equal to at least [\$171.00] <u>\$174.00</u> for each month beginning on 25 or after January first, two thousand [nineteen] twenty. 26 27

(c) in the case of each individual receiving enhanced residential care, an amount equal to at least [\$204.00] \$207.00 for each month 28 beginning on or after January first, two thousand [nineteen] twenty. 29

(d) for the period commencing January first, two thousand [twenty] 30 twenty-one, the monthly personal needs allowance shall be an amount 31 equal to the sum of the amounts set forth in subparagraphs one and two 32 33 of this paragraph:

(1) the amounts specified in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this 34 35 subdivision; and

36 (2) the amount in subparagraph one of this paragraph, multiplied by the percentage of any federal supplemental security income cost of 37 living adjustment which becomes effective on or after January first, two 38 thousand [twenty] twenty-one, but prior to June thirtieth, two thousand 39 40 [twenty] twenty-one, rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

41 § 2. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of subdivision 2 of section 209 of the social services law, as amended by section 2 of part 42 L of chapter 56 of the laws of 2019, are amended to read as follows: 43

(a) On and after January first, two thousand [nineteen] twenty, for an 44 eligible individual living alone, [\$858.00] <u>\$870.00;</u> and for an eligible 45 46 couple living alone, [\$1,261.00] <u>\$1,279.00</u>.

(b) On and after January first, two thousand [nineteen] twenty, for an 47 eligible individual living with others with or without in-kind income, 48 49 [\$794.00] <u>\$806.00</u>; and for an eligible couple living with others with or 50 without in-kind income, [\$1,203.00] <u>\$1,221.00</u>.

(c) On and after January first, two thousand [nineteen] twenty, (i) 51 for an eligible individual receiving family care, [\$1,037.48] \$1,049.48 52 if he or she is receiving such care in the city of New York or the coun-53 ty of Nassau, Suffolk, Westchester or Rockland; and (ii) for an eligible 54

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1 581-202. Proceeding for judgment of parentage of a child conceived S through assisted reproduction. (a) A proceeding for a judgment of 2 3 parentage with respect to a child conceived through assisted reproduction may be commenced: 4 (1) if the intended parent or child resides in New York state, in the 5 6 county where the intended parent resides any time after pregnancy is 7 achieved or in the county where the child was born or resides; or 8 (2) if the intended parent and child do not reside in New York state, up to ninety days after the birth of the child in the county where the 9 10 child was born. 11 (b) The petition for a judgment of parentage must be verified. (c) Where a petition includes the following statements, the court must 12 13 adjudicate any intended parent to be the parent of the child: 14 (1) a statement that an intended parent has been a resident of the state for at least ninety days or if an intended parent is not a New 15 16 York state resident, that the child will be or was born in the state 17 within ninety days of filing; and 18 (2) a statement from the gestating intended parent that the gestating intended parent became pregnant as a result of assisted reproduction; 19 20 and 21 (3) in cases where there is a non-gestating intended parent, a statement from the gestating intended parent and non-gestating intended 22 parent that the non-gestating intended parent consented to assisted 23 24 reproduction pursuant to section 581-304 of this article; and 25 (4) proof of any donor's donative intent. 26 (d) The following shall be deemed sufficient proof of a donor's dona-27 tive intent for purposes of this section: (1) in the case of an anonymous donor or where gametes or embryos have 28 previously been released to a gamete or embryo storage facility or in 29 30 the presence of a health care practitioner, either: 31 (i) a statement or documentation from the gamete or embryo storage facility or health care practitioner stating or demonstrating that such 32 gametes or embryos were anonymously donated or had previously been 33 34 released; or 35 (ii) clear and convincing evidence that the gamete or embryo donor intended to donate gametes or embryos anonymously or intended to release 36 such gametes or embryos to a gamete or embryo storage facility or health 37 38 care practitioner; or (2) in the case of a donation from a known donor, either: a. a record 39 from the gamete or embryo donor acknowledging the donation and confirm-40 41 ing that the donor has no parental or proprietary interest in the 42 gametes or embryos. The record shall be signed by the gestating intended parent and the gamete or embryo donor. The record may be, but 43 44 is not required to be, signed: 45 (i) before a notary public, or 46 (ii) before two witnesses who are not the intended parents, or 47 (iii) before a health care practitioner; or b. clear and convincing evidence that the gamete or embryo donor 48 49 agreed, prior to conception, with the gestating parent that the donor 50 has no parental or proprietary interest in the gametes or embryos. (e)(1) 51 131 In the absence of evidence pursuant to paragraph two of this subdivision, notice shall be given to the donor at least twenty days 52 the date prior to (the proceeding by delivery of a copy of the petition and 53 notice. Upon a showing to the court, by affidavit or otherwise, set for 54 on or 55 before the date of the proceeding or within such further time as the to deternine the existence 56 court may allow, that personal service cannot be effected at the donor's

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last known address with reasonable effort, notice may be given, without 1 prior court order therefore, at least twenty days prior to the proceed-2 3 ing by registered or certified mail directed to the donor's last known address. Notice by publication shall not be required to be given to a 4 donor entitled to notice pursuant to the provisions of this section. 5 (2) 6 Notwithstanding the above, where sperm is provided under the 7 supervision of a health care practitioner to someone other than the sperm provider's intimate partner or spouse without a record of 8 the sperm provider's intent to parent, the sperm provider is presumed to be 9 10 a donor and notice is not required. (c) In cases not covered by subdivision (c) of this section, the court 11 and shall adjudicate the parentage of the child consistent with part 12 three 13 of this article. (f) Where the requirements of subdivision (c) of this section are met 14 (9) 15 or where the court finds the intended parent to be a parent under subdivision (e) of this section, the court shall issue a judgment of parent-16 17 age: 18 (1) declaring, that upon the birth of the child, the intended parent or parents 19 is the legal parent of the child; and 20 are (2) ordering the intended parent, to assume responsibility for the 21 maintenance and support of the child immediately upon the birth of the parents Or 22 child; and (3) if there is a donor, ordering that the donor is not a parent 23 or parents of the child; and 24 25 (4) ordering that: 26 (i) Pursuant to section two hundred fifty-four of the judiciary law, 27 the clerk of the court shall transmit to the state commissioner of 28 health, or for a person born in New York city, to the commissioner of health of the city of New York, on a form prescribed by the commission-29 er, a written notification of such entry together with such other facts 30 31 as may assist in identifying the birth record of the person whose 32 parentage was in issue and, if such person whose parentage has been determined is under eighteen years of age, the clerk shall also transmit 33 34 forthwith to the registry operated by the department of social services 35 pursuant to section three hundred seventy-two-c of the social services 36 law a notification of such determination; and (ii) Pursuant to section forty-one hundred thirty-eight of the public 37 38 health law and NYC Public Health Code section 207.05 that upon receipt of a judgment of parentage the local registrar where a child is born 39 will report the parentage of the child to the appropriate department of 40 41 health in conformity with the court order. If an original birth certif-42 icate has already been issued, the appropriate department of health will amend the birth certificate in an expedited manner and seal the previ-43 44 ously issued birth certificate. 45 § 581-203. Proceeding for judgment of parentage of a child conceived and the person 46 pursuant to a surrogacy agreement. (a) The proceeding may be commenced 47 (1) in any county where an intended parent resided any time after the acting as surrogacy agreement was executed; (2) in the county where the child was 48 Swroghteand 49 born or resides; or (3) in the county where the surrogate resided any 50 time after the surrogacy agreement was executed. all intended 51 (b) The proceeding may be commenced at any time after the surrogacy oarents are 52 agreement has been executed and shall be jointly filed by all intended 53 parents and the person acting as surrogate. necessar 54 (c) The petition for a judgment of parentage must be verified and 55 include the following: parties



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(1) a statement that the person acting as surrogate or at least one of the intended parents has been a resident of the state for at least ninety days at the time the surrogacy agreement was executed; and

(2) a certification from the attorney representing the intended parent or parents and the attorney representing the person acting as surrogate that the requirements of part four of this article have been met; and

(3) a statement from all parties to the surrogacy agreement that they knowingly and voluntarily entered into the surrogacy agreement and that the parties are jointly requesting the judgment of parentage.

(d) Where a petition satisfies subdivision (c) of this section the 10 11 court shall issue a judgment of parentage, without additional proceedings or documentation: 12

(1) declaring, that upon the birth of the child born during the term 13 14 of the surrogacy agreement, the intended parent or parents are the only 15 legal parent or parents of the child;

16 (2) declaring, that upon the birth of the child born during the term 17 of the surrogacy agreement, the person acting as surrogate, and the 18 spouse of the person acting as surrogate, if any, is not the legal 19 parent of the child;

(3) declaring that upon the birth of the child born during the term of 20 21 the surrogacy agreement, the donors, if any, are not the parents of the 22 child;

(4) ordering the person acting as surrogate and the spouse of the 23 24 person acting as surrogate, if any, to transfer the child to the intended parent or parents if this has not already occurred; 25

26 (5) ordering the intended parent or parents to assume responsibility 27 for the maintenance and support of the child immediately upon the birth of the child; and 28 29

(6) ordering that:

(i) Pursuant to section two hundred fifty-four of the judiciary law, 30 31 the clerk of the court shall transmit to the state commissioner of 32 health, or for a person born in New York city, to the commissioner of health of the city of New York, on a form prescribed by the commission-33 34 er, a written notification of such entry together with such other facts 35 as may assist in identifying the birth record of the person whose 36 parentage was in issue and, if the person whose parentage has been 37 determined is under eighteen years of age, the clerk shall also 'transmit the registry operated by the department of social services pursuant 38 to 39 to section three hundred seventy-two-c of the social services law a 40 notification of the determination; and

(ii) Pursuant to section forty-one hundred thirty-eight of the public 41 42 health law and NYC Public Health Code section 207.05 that upon receipt 43 of a judgement of parentage the local registrar where a child is born will report the parentage of the child to the appropriate department of 44 health in conformity with the court order. If an original birth certif-45 46 icate has already been issued, the appropriate department of health will 47 amend the birth certificate in an expedited manner and seal the previ-48 ously issued birth certificate. (d) In the event the certification required by paragraph two of subdi-49 50 vision (c) of this section cannot be made because of a technical or

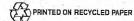
non-material deviation from the requirements of this article; the court 51 may nevertheless enforce the agreement and issue a judgment of parentage 52 53 the court determines the agreement is in substantial compliance with if the requirements of this article. § 581-204. Judgment of parentage for intended parents who are spouses. 54 55

Notwithstanding or without limitation on presumptions of parentage that 56

LIN the event that any other requirements of Subdivision (c) are not met, the court shall determine parentage according to part four of this article.

(e)

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1	apply, a judgment of parentage may be obtained under this part by
2	intended parents who are each other's spouse. Nothing in this section
3	requires intended parents to be married to each other in order to be
4	jointly declared the parents of the child.
5	§ 581-205. Inspection of records. Court records relating to
6	proceedings under this article shall be sealed, provided, however, that
7	the office of temporary and disability assistance, a child support unit
8 9	of a social services district or a child support agency of another state
10	providing child support services pursuant to title IV-d of the federal
11	social security act, to the extent necessary to provide child support
12	services or for the administration of the program pursuant to title IV-d of the federal social security act, may obtain a copy of a judgment of
13	
14	right to inspect the entire court record, including, but not limit-
15	ed to, the name of the person acting as surrogate and any known donors.
16	§ 581-206. Jurisdiction, and exclusive continuing jurisdiction. (a)
17	Proceedings pursuant to this article may be instituted in the supreme or
18	family court or surrogates court.
19	(b) Subject to the jurisdictional standards of section seventy-six of
20	the domestic relations law, the court conducting a proceeding under this
21	article has exclusive, continuing jurisdiction of all matters relating
22	to the determination of parentage until the child attains the age of one
23	hundred eighty days.
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.24	PART 3
25	CHILD OF ASSISTED REPRODUCTION
26	Section 581-301. Scope of article.
27	581-302. Status of donor.
28	581-303. Parentage of child of assisted reproduction.
29	581-304. Consent to assisted reproduction.
30	581-305. Limitation on spouses' dispute of parentage of child of
31	assisted reproduction.
32	581-306. Effect of embryo disposition agreement between intended
33	parents which transfers legal rights and disposi-
34	tional control to one intended parent.
35	581-307. Effect of death of intended parent.
36	§ 581-301. Scope of article. This article does not apply to the birth
37	of a child conceived by means of sexual intercourse.
38	§ 581-302. Status of donor. A donor is not a parent of a child where there is conceived by means of assisted reproduction. § 581-303. Parentage of child of assisted reproduction. (a) An indi-
39	conceived by means of assisted reproduction?
40	s 561-503. Parentage of child of assisted reproduction. (a) An indi-
41 42	vidual who provides gametes for, or who consents to, assisted reprod-
43	uction with the intent to be a parent of the child with the consent of under Section
	the gestating parent as provided in section $581-304$ of this part, is a $581-202(d)$ of parent of the resulting child for all legal purposes.
45	(b) The court shall issue a judgment of parentage pursuant to this this article upon application by any participant
45 46	article upon application by any participant.
47	§ 581-304. Consent to assisted reproduction. (a) Where the intended
48	parent who gives birth to a child by means of assisted reproduction is a
49	spouse, the consent of both spouses to the assisted reproduction is
50	
51	presumed and neither spouse may challenge the parentage of the child, except as provided in section 581-305 of this part.
52	(b) Where the intended parent who gives birth to a child by means of
53	assisted reproduction is not a spouse, the consent to the assisted
54	reproduction must be in a record in such a manner as to indicate the



1	1 before the transfer of eggs, sperm, or embryos, the deceased individual	1 a
2	2 is not a parent of the resulting child unless the deceased individual	
3	consented in a signed record that if assisted reproduction were to occur	
4	after death, the deceased individual would be a parent of the child	
5	provided that the record complies with the estates, powers and trusts	
6	5 <u>law.</u>	
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10	581-402. Eligibility to enter surrogacy agreement.	
11	581-403. Requirements of surrogacy agreement.	2
12		
13	relationship.	
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15	ander comprisite surrouacy aureement.	
16	direction builder builder agreement.	
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21	gate, the spouse of the person acting as surrogate, if applicable, and	or where the
22	the intended parent or parents may enter into a surrogacy agreement	, <u></u>
23	which will be enforceable provided the surrogacy agreement meets the	person activity
24 25	requirements of this article.	ris surmagte
25		
20	conceived by means of sexual intercourse.	contributed the
28	<u>under part five of this article.</u>	egg used in
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30	§ 581-402. Eligibility to enter surrogacy agreement. (a) A person	uncipricit
31		8
32	acting as sufforate	
33	adreement	
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35	age; and	
36		
37	lawful permanent resident or other habitual resident;	
38	(3) the person acting as surrogate has not provided the egg used to	
39	conceive the resulting child; and	
40		
41	with a health care practitioner relating to the anticipated pregnancy;	
42	and	
43	(5) the person acting as surrogate, and the spouse of the person	
44	acting as surrogate, if applicable, have been represented throughout the	• •
45	contractual process and the duration of the contract and its execution	
46	by independent legal counsel of their own choosing who is licensed to	
47	practice law in the state of New York which shall be paid for by the	
48	intended parent or parents except that a person acting as surrogate who	
49	is receiving no compensation may waive the right to have the intended	
50	parent or parents pay the fee for such legal counsel. Where the intended	
51	parent or parents are paying for the independent legal counsel of the	
52	person acting as surrogate, and the spouse of the person acting as	5 ¹⁰ 2
53	surrogate, if applicable, a separate retainer agreement shall be	
54	prepared clearly stating that such legal counsel will only represent the	
55	person acting as surrogate and the spouse of the person acting as surro-	
56	gate, if applicable, in all matters pertaining to the surrogacy agree-	
		a. 5

	1	ment, that such legal counsel will not offer legal advice to any other	VI
	2	parties to the surrogacy agreement, and that the attorney-client	2
	3	relationship lies with the person acting as surrogate and the spouse of	NISU
	4	the person acting as surrogate, if applicable; and	2
	5	(6) the person acting as surrogate has, or the surrogacy agreement	40
	6	stipulates that prior to the embryo transfer, the person acting as	01
	7	surrogate will obtain a health insurance policy that covers major	pre
	8	medical treatments and hospitalization as well as a surrogate pregnancy;	1 L
	9	the policy shall be paid for, whether directly or through reimbursement	Com
	10	or other means, by the intended parent or parents on behalf of the	0.[
	11	person acting as surrogate pursuant to the surrogacy agreement, if such	
	12 13	policy comes at an additional cost to the person acting as a surrogate,	
	14	except that a person acting as surrogate who is receiving no compen-	
	15	sation may waive the right to have the intended parent or parents pay	
	16	for the health insurance policy. The intended parent or parents shall	
	17	also pay for or reimburse the person acting as surrogate for all co-pay- ments, deductibles and any other out-of-pocket medical costs associated	
	18	with the medical evaluation, psychological screening, embryo transfers,	
	19	pregnancy and post-natal care, that accrue through twelve weeks after	
	20	the birth of the child or termination of the pregnancy, except that such	
	21	responsibility shall be extended for up to six months after the birth of	
	22	the child or termination of the pregnancy in the event a medical compli-	
	23	cation related to the pregnancy is diagnosed within twelve weeks after	P
	24	the birth of the child or termination of the pregnancy. A person acting	- 0+
	25	as surrogate who is receiving no compensation may waive the right to	
	26	have the intended parent or parents make such payments or reimburse-	
	27	ments.	
	28	(b) The intended parent or parents shall be eligible to enter into an	
	29	enforceable surrogacy agreement under this article if he, she or they	
	30	have met the following requirements at the time the surrogacy agreement	
	31	was executed:	
100	32	(1) at least one intended parent is a United States citizen or a	
14	33	lawful permanent resident or Vhabitual -lawful resident; and	
12	34	(2) the intended parent or parents has been represented throughout the	
10	35 36	contractual process and the duration of the contract and its execution	
11	37	by independent legal counsel of his, her or their own choosing who is licensed to practice law in the state of New York; and	
	38	(3) he or she is an adult person who is not in a spousal relationship,	
	39	or adult spouses together, or any two adults who are intimate partners	
	40	together, except an adult in a spousal relationship is eligible to enter	
	41	into an enforceable surrogacy agreement without his or her spouse if:	
	42	(i) they are living separate and apart pursuant to a decree or judg-	
	43	ment of separation or pursuant to a written agreement of separation	
	44	subscribed by the parties thereto and acknowledged or proved in the form	
	45	required to entitle a deed to be recorded; or	
	46	(ii) they have been living separate and apart for at least three years	
	47	prior to execution of the surrogacy agreement.	
(2)	48	(a)e, where the spouse of an intended parent is not a required party to	
~	49	the agreement, the spouse is not an intended parent and shall not have	
	50	rights or obligations to the child.	
	51	§ 581-403. Requirements of surrogacy agreement. A surrogacy agreement	
	52	shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirements of this article and	
	53	be enforceable if it meets the following requirements:	
	54	(a) it shall be in a signed record verified or executed before two	
	55	non-party witnesses by:	

56 (1) each intended parent, and

51

52 53

55

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1 (2) the person acting as surrogate, and the spouse of the person acting as surrogate, if any, unless: 2 (i) the person acting as surrogate and the spouse of the person acting 3 4 as surrogate are living separate and apart pursuant to a decree or judg-5 ment of separation or pursuant to a written agreement of separation 6 subscribed by the parties thereto and acknowledged or proved in the form 7 required to entitle a deed to be recorded; or 8 (ii) have been living separate and apart for at least three years prior to execution of the surrogacy agreement; and 9 (b) it shall be executed prior to the embryo transfer; and 10 it shall be executed by a person acting as surrogate meeting the 11 (C) 12 eligibility requirements of subdivision (a) of section 581-402 of this part and by the spouse of the person acting as surrogate, unless the 13 14 signature of the spouse of the person acting as surrogate is not 15 required as set forth in this section; and 16 (d) it shall be executed by intended parent or parents who met the eligibility requirements of subdivision (b) of section 581-402 of this 17 18 part; and (e) the person acting as surrogate and the spouse of the person acting 19 as surrogate, if applicable, and the intended parent or parents shall 20 21 have been represented throughout the contractual process and the dura-22 tion of the contract and its execution by separate, independent legal 23 counsel of their own choosing; and 24 (f) if the surrogacy agreement provides for the payment of compen-25 sation to the person acting as surrogate, the funds for base compensation and reasonable anticipated additional expenses shall have been 26 27 placed in escrow with an independent escrow agent prior to the person 28 acting as surrogate commencing with any medical procedure other than 29 medical evaluations necessary to determine the person acting as surro-30 gate's eligibility; and 31 (g) the surrogacy agreement must include information disclosing how comprehensive 32 the intended parent or parents will cover the medical expenses of the person acting as surrogate and the child. If health care coverage is 33 used to cover the medical expenses, the disclosure shall include a 34 and summary 35 review of the health care policy provisions related to coverage for the and exclusions 36 person acting as surrogate's pregnancy rincluding any possible liability of the person acting as surrogate's third party liability liens or other 37 insurance coverage, and any notice requirements that could affect cover 38 39 or liability of the person acting as surrogate. age 40 (h) the surrogacy agreement must comply with all of the following 41 terms: 42 (1) As to the person acting as surrogate and the spouse of the person 43 acting as surrogate, if applicable: (i) the person acting as surrogate agrees to undergo embryo transfer 44 45 and attempt to carry and give birth to the child; and 46 (ii) the person acting as surrogate and the spouse of the person acting as surrogate, if applicable, agree to surrender custody of all resulting children to the intended parent or parents immediately upon 48 49 birth; and 50 (iii) the surrogacy agreement shall include the name of the attorney representing the person acting as surrogate and, if applicable, the spouse of the person acting as surrogate; and the surrogacy agreement must permit the person acting as surro-(iv) 54 gate to make all health and welfare decisions regarding themselves and their pregnancy including but not limited to, whether to consent to a cesarean section or multiple embryo transfer, and notwithstanding

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required

1	other provisions in this chapter, provisions in the agreement to the
2	contrary are void and unenforceable. This article does not district at
3	right of the person acting as surrogate to terminate a pregnancy; and
4	(v) the surrogacy agreement shall permit the person acting as a surro-
5	gate to utilize the services of a health care practitioner of the
6	person's choosing; and
7	(vi) the surrogacy agreement shall not limit the right of the person
. 8	acting as surrogate to terminate or continue the pregnancy or reduce or
9	retain the number of fetuses or embryos the person is carrying; and
10	(vii) the surrogacy agreement shall provide that, upon request, the action of
11	intended parent or parents have or will procure and pay for a life
12	insurance policy -or - contractual performance indemnity or accidental SUMOGATE'S
d 13	death, insurance policy for the person acting as surrogate-for-the-dura-
1 :1.4v 14	tion of the pregnancy and eight weeks post-birth or termination; the
abiiii/ 15	person acting as surrogate may designate the beneficiary of the person's
16	choosing; and
17	(viii) the surrogacy agreement shall provide for the right of the
18	person acting as surrogate, upon request, to obtain counseling to
, 19	address issues resulting from the person's participation in the surroga-
20	cy agreement. The cost of that counseling shall be paid by the intended
21	parent or parents.
22	(2) As to the intended parent or parents:
23	(i) the intended parent or parents agree to accept custody of all
24	resulting children immediately upon birth regardless of number, gender.
25	or mental or physical condition and regardless of whether the intended
26	embryos were transferred due to a laboratory error without diminishing
27	the rights, if any, of anyone claiming to have a superior parental
28	interest in the child; and
29	(ii) the intended parent or parents agree to assume responsibility for
30	the support of all resulting children immediately upon birth; and
31	(iii) the surrogacy agreement shall include the name of the attorney
32	representing the intended parent or parents; and
33	(iv) the surrogacy agreement shall provide that the rights and obli-
34	gations of the intended parent or parents under the surrogacy agreement
35	<u>are not assignable; and</u>
36	(v) the intended parent or parents agree to execute a will, prior to
37	the embryo transfer, designating a guardian for all resulting children
38	and authorizing their executor to perform the intended parent's or
. 39	parents' obligations pursuant to the surrogacy agreement. After the
40	\$ 581-404. Surrogacy agreement: effect of subsequent spousal relation- execution of a
41	ship. (a) After the execution of a surrogacy agreement under this arti-
42	cie, the subsequent spousal relationship of the person acting as surro-
43	gate does not affect the validity of a surrogacy agreement, the consent
44	of the spouse of the person acting as surrogate to the agreement shall this ashile, the
	not be required, and the spouse of the person acting as surrogate shall subsequent spouse
46	(b) The subsequent contration or diverse of the interval
47	Aby the subsequent separation of divorce of the intended parents does in the
48	mot direct the rights, duties and responsibilities of the intended
50	§ 581-405. Termination of surrogacy agreement. After the execution of the validity of
51	a surrogacy agreement but before the person acting as surrogate becomes a surrogacy
52	pregnant by means of assisted reproduction, the person acting as surro-agreement, and
53	gate, the spouse of the person acting as surrogate, if applicable, or the consent of
54 55	any intended parent may terminate the surrogacy agreement by giving the spouse of the
56	notice of termination in a record to all other parties. Upon proper intended parent
50 .	termination of the surrogacy agreement the parties are released from all to the agreement
	chall hat
	shall not be

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obligations recited in the surrogacy agreement except that the intended 1 parent or parents remains responsible for all expenses that are reim-2 bursable under the agreement which have been incurred by the person 3 acting as surrogate through the date of termination. Unless the agree-4 ment provides otherwise, the person acting as surrogate is entitled to 5 keep all payments received and obtain all payments to which the person 6 is entitled up until the date of termination. Neither a person acting as 7 8 surrogate nor the spouse of the person acting as surrogate, if any, is liable to the intended parent or parents for terminating a surrogacy 9 agreement as provided in this section. 10 11 § 581-406. Parentage under compliant surrogacy agreement. Upon the birth of a child conceived by assisted reproduction under a surrogacy 12 agreement that complies with this part, each intended parent is, by 13 operation of law, a parent of the child and neither the person acting as 14 a surrogate nor the person's spouse, if any, is a parent of the child. 15 16 § 581-407. Insufficient surrogacy agreement. If a surrogacy agreement does not meet the material requirements of this article, the agreement 17 18 is not enforceable and the court shall determine parentage based on the 19 intent of the parties, taking into account the best interests of the child. An intended parent's absence of genetic connection to the child 20 21 is not a sufficient basis to deny that individual a judgment of legal 22 parentage. 23 § 581-408. Absence of surrogacy agreement. Where there is no surrogacy agreement, the parentage of the child will be determined based on other 24 laws of this state. 25 26 § 581-409. Dispute as to surrogacy agreement. (a) Unless the surroga-27 cy agreement provides for mandatory mediation or arbitration, any 28 dispute which is related to a surrogacy agreement other than disputes as 29 to parentage shall be resolved by the supreme court, which shall determine the respective rights and obligations of the parties. 30 Any 31 provision that purports to require mandatory mediation or arbitration of 32 disputes as to parentage shall be void and unenforceable. (b) Except as expressly provided in the surrogacy agreement, the 33 intended parent or parents and the person acting as surrogate shall be 34 35 entitled to all remedies available at law or equity in any dispute 36 related to the surrogacy agreement. 37 (c) There shall be no specific performance remedy available for a breach by the person acting as surrogate of a surrogacy agreement term 38 39 that requires the person acting as surrogate to be impregnated or to 40 terminate or continue the pregnancy or to reduce or retain the number of fetuses or embryos the person acting as surrogate is carrying. 41 42 PART 5 43 PAYMENT TO DONORS AND PERSONS ACTING AS SURROGATES Section 581-501. Reimbursement. 44 45 581-502. Compensation. 46 581-501. Reimbursement. S (A donor who has entered into a valid 47 agreement to be a donor may receive reimbursement from an intended parent or parents for economic losses incurred in connection with the 48 49 donation which result from the retrieval or storage of gametes or embr-50 yos. Premiums paid for insurance against economic losses directly 51
(b) 52 resulting from the retrieval or storage of gametes or embryos for 53 donation may be reimbursed.

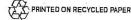
§ 581-502. Compensation. (a) Compensation may be paid to a donor or person acting as surrogate based on medical risks, physical discomfort, 55



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1	inconvenience and the responsibilities they are undertaking in
2	connection with their participation in the assisted reproduction. Under
3	no circumstances may compensation be paid to purchase gametes or embryos
. 4	or for the release of a parental interest in a child.
5	(b) The compensation, if any, paid to a donor or person acting as
6	surrogate must be reasonable and negotiated in good faith between the
7	particle must be reasonable and negotiated in good faith between the
	parties, and said payments to a person acting as surrogate shall not
8	exceed the duration of the pregnancy and recuperative period of up to
9	eight weeks after the birth of any resulting children.
10	(c) Compensation may not be conditioned upon the purported quality or
11	genome-related traits of the gametes or embryos.
12	(d) Compensation may not be conditioned on actual genotypic or pheno-
13	typic characteristics of the donor or of any resulting children.
14	(e) Compensation to an embryo donor shall be limited to storage fees,
15	transportation fransportation fransportation fransportation fransportation
16	PART 6
17	SURROGATES' BILL OF RIGHTS
18	Section 581-601. Applicability.
19	
	581-602. Health and welfare decisions.
20	581-603. Independent legal counsel.
21	581-604. Health insurance and medical costs.
22	581-605. Counseling. and disability
23	581-606. Life insurance.
24	581-607. Termination of surrogacy agreement.
25	§ 581-601. Applicability. The rights enumerated in this part shall
26	apply to any person acting as surrogate in this state, notwithstanding
27	any surrogacy agreement, judgment of parentage, memorandum of under-
28	standing, verbal agreement or contract to the contrary. Except as
29	otherwise provided by law, any written or verbal agreement purporting to
30	waive or limit any of the rights in this part is void as against public
31	policy. The rights enumerated in this part are not exclusive, and are
32	in addition to any other rights periods by low mentions we have
33	in addition to any other rights provided by law, regulation, or a surro-
	gacy agreement that meets the requirements of this article.
34	§ 581-602. Health and welfare decisions. A person acting as surrogate
35	has the right to make all health and welfare decisions regarding them-
36	self and their pregnancy, including but not limited to whether to
37	consent to a cesarean section or multiple embryo transfer, to utilize
38	the services of a health care practitioner of their choosing, whether to
39	terminate or continue the pregnancy, and whether to reduce or retain the
40	number of fetuses or embryos they are carrying.
41	§ 581-603. Independent legal counsel. A person acting as surrogate has
42	the right to be represented throughout the contractual process and the
43	duration of the surrogacy agreement and its evolution by independent
44	legal counsel of their own choosing who is licensed to practice law in $May obtain$
45	the state of New York, to be paid for by the intended parent or parents.
46	
47	s Joi to the insurance and medical costs. A person acting as bomprehensive
	surrogate has the right to a health insurance policy that covers major
48	medical treatments and hospitalization as well as a surrogate pregnancy;
49	the policy shall be paid for, whether directly or through reimbursement
50	or other means, by the intended parent or parents on behalf of the
51	person acting as surrogate pursuant to the surrogacy agreement, if such
52	policy comes at an additional cost to the person acting as a surrogate.
53	The intended parent or parents shall also pay for or reimburse the
54	person acting as surrogate for all co-payments, deductibles and any
55	other out-of-pocket medical costs associated with pregnancy, medical

1	evaluation, psychological screening or embryo transfers that accrue	
2	through twelve weeks after the birth of the child or termination of the	
3	pregnancy, except that such responsibility shall be extended for up to	
4	six months after the birth of the child or termination of the pregnancy	
5	in the event a medical complication related to the pregnancy is diag-	
6	nosed within twelve weeks after the birth of the child or termination of	
7	the pregnancy.	
8	§ 581-605. Counseling. A person acting as surrogate has the right to	0.4
9	obtain counseling to address issues resulting from their participation	
10	in a surrogacy agreement, to be paid for by the intended parent or	
11		- a disaliti
12	§ 581-606. Life insurance. A person acting as surrogate has the right	andaisability
13	to be provided with a life insurance policy or contractual performance	- and disability - May obtain and disab-
14	indemnity or accidental death insurance policy for the duration of the	
15	intermediate und of the used a next high the point in the duration of the	and disab-
	pregnancy and eight weeks post-hirth or termination, unless the surroga-	& ility
16	cy_agreement_specifies_a sooner_term with a beneficiary or benefici-	<u>_</u>
17	aries of their choosing, to be paid for by the intended parent or	
18	parents.	
19	§ 581-607. Termination of surrogacy agreement. A person acting as	
20	surrogate has the right to terminate a surrogacy agreement prior to	9 T T
21	becoming pregnant by means of assisted reproduction pursuant to section	
22	581-405 of this article.	
23	PART 7	· · ·
24	MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS	
25	Section 581-701. Remedial.	
26	581-702. Severability.	
27	581-703. Parent under section seventy of the domestic relations	
28	law.	8
29	581-704. Interpretation.	
30	§ 581-701. Remedial. This legislation is hereby declared to be a	
31	remedial statute and is to be construed liberally to secure the benefi-	
32	interests and us to be construed liberally to secure the benefi-	
	cial interests and purposes thereof for the best interests of the child.	
33	§ 581-702. Severability. The invalidation of any part of this legis-	
34	lation by a court of competent jurisdiction shall not result in the	
35	invalidation of any other part.	
36	§ 581-703. Parent under section seventy of the domestic relations law.	
37	The term "parent" in section seventy of the domestic relations law shall	
38	include a person established to be a parent under this article or any	
39	other relevant law.	
40	§ 581-704. Interpretation. Unless the context indicates otherwise,	
41	words importing the singular include and apply to several persons,	
42	parties, or things; words importing the plural include the singular.	
43	§ 2. Section 73 of the domestic relations law is REPEALED.	
44	§ 3. Section 121 of the domestic relations law, as added by chapter	
45	308 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows:	
46	§ 121. Definitions. When used in this article, unless the context or	
47	subject matter manifestly requires a different interpretation:	
48	1 [Birth mothers!] "Constig gurrents" -11 interpretation:	
	1. ["Birth mother"] <u>"Genetic surrogate"</u> shall mean a [woman] <u>person</u>	
49	who gives birth to a child who is the person's genetic child pursuant to	
50	a <u>genetic</u> surrogate parenting [contract] <u>agreement</u> .	
51	2. ["Genetic father" shall mean a man who provides sperm for the birth	
52	of a child born pursuant to a surrogate parenting contract.	8
53	3. "Genetic mother" shall mean a woman who provides an ovum for the	
54	birth of a child born pursuant to a surrogate parenting contract.	

4. "Surrogate parenting contract"] "Genetic surrogate parenting agreement" shall mean any agreement, oral or written, in which: (a) a [woman] genetic surrogate agrees either to be inseminated with 3 the sperm of a [man] person who is not [her husband] their spouse or to 4 be impregnated with an embryo that is the product of [an] the genetic 6 surrogate's ovum fertilized with the sperm of a [man] person who is not [her husband] their spouse; and 7 8 (b) the [woman] genetic surrogate agrees to, or intends to, surrender or consent to the adoption of the child born as a result of such insemi-9 10 nation or impregnation. § 4. Section 122 of the domestic relations law, as added by chapter 11 308 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows: 12 § 122. Public policy. [Surrogate] <u>Genetic surrogate</u> parenting 13 [contracts] agreements are hereby declared contrary to the public policy 14 15 of this state, and are void and unenforceable. § 5. Section 123 of the domestic relations law, as added by chapter 16 308 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows: 17 18 § 123. Prohibitions and penalties. [1.] No person or other entity 19 shall knowingly request, accept, receive, pay or give any fee, compensation or other remuneration, directly or indirectly, in connection with 20 21 any genetic surrogate parenting [contract] agreement, or induce, arrange 22 or otherwise assist in arranging a genetic surrogate parenting. [contract] agreement for a fee, compensation or other remuneration, 23 24 except for: 25 (a) payments in connection with the adoption of a child permitted by subdivision six of section three hundred seventy-four of the social 26 services law and disclosed pursuant to subdivision eight of section one 27 28 hundred fifteen of this chapter; or 29 (b) payments for reasonable and actual medical fees and hospital expenses for artificial insemination or in vitro fertilization services 30 incurred by the [mother] genetic surrogate in connection with the birth 31 32 of the child. 33 [2. (a) A birth mother or her husband, a genetic father and his wife, and, if the genetic mother is not the birth mother, the genetic mother 34 35 and her husband who violate this section shall be subject to a civil 36 penalty not to exceed five hundred dollars. 37 (b) Any other person or entity who or which induces, arranges or otherwise assists in the formation of a surrogate parenting contract for 38 a fee, compensation or other remuneration or otherwise violates this 39 40 section shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars and forfeiture to the state of any such fee, compensation or 41 42 remuneration in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (a) of 43 section seven thousand two hundred one of the civil practice law and rules, for the first such offense. Any person or entity who or which 44 induces, arranges or otherwise assists in the formation of a surrogate 45 parenting contract for a fee, compensation or other remuneration or 46 47 otherwise violates this section, after having been once subject to a civil penalty for violating this section, shall be guilty of a felony.] 48 § 6. Section 124 of the domestic relations law, as added by chapter purported 49 50 308 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows: enet 51 § 124. Proceedings regarding parental rights, status or obligations. In any action or proceeding involving a fispute between the birth moth-52 urroa erf genetic surregate and f(i) the genetic father, (ii) the genetic 53 (iii) both the genetic father and genetic mother, or (iv) the 54 mother, parent or parents of the genetic father or genetic mother any party 55 56 with a claim to legal parentage pursuant to a-genetic surrogate parent



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the parentage

will be determine

based on the

laws of New

York State and

of the child

<u>ing agreement</u>, regarding parental rights, status or obligations with
 respect to a child born pursuant to a <u>genetic</u> surrogate parenting
 <u>fcontract</u>] <u>agreement</u>:

1. the court shall not consider the [birth mother's] <u>genetic surrogate's</u> participation in a <u>genetic</u> surrogate parenting [contract] <u>agree-</u> <u>ment</u> as adverse to [her] <u>their</u> parental rights, status, or obligations; and

2. the court, having regard to the circumstances of the case and of 8 the respective parties including the parties' relative ability to pay such fees and expenses, in its discretion and in the interests of 10 justice, may award to either party reasonable and actual counsel fees 11 12 and legal expenses incurred in connection with such action or proceeding. Such award may be made in the order or judgment by which the 13 particular action or proceeding is finally determined, or by one or 14 15 more orders from time to time before the final order or judgment, or by 16 both such order or orders and the final order or judgment; provided, however, that in any dispute involving a [birth mother] genetic surro-17 gate who has executed a valid surrender or consent to the adoption, 18 nothing in this section shall empower a court to make any award that it 19 would not otherwise be empowered to direct. 20

S 7. Section 4135 of the public health law, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 201 of the laws of 1972, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 398 of the laws of 1997 and subdivision 3 as added by chapter 342 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows:

25 § 4135. Birth certificate; child born out of wedlock. 1. (a) There 26 shall be no specific statement on the birth certificate as to whether 27 the child is born in wedlock or out of wedlock or as to the marital name 28 or status of the mother.

(b) The phrase "child born out of wedlock" when used in this article, refers to a child whose father is not its mother's husband.

2. The name of the [putative] alleged father of a child born out of 31 32 wedlock shall not be entered on the certificate of birth prior to filing 33 without (i) an acknowledgment of [paternity] parentage pursuant to section one hundred eleven-k of the social services law or section four 34 thousand one hundred thirty-five-b of this article executed by both the 35 mother and [putative] alleged father, and filed with the record of 36 birth; or (ii) notification having been received by, or proper proof 37 38 having been filed with, the record of birth by the clerk of a court of 39 competent jurisdiction or the parents, or their attorneys of a judgment, 40 order or decree relating to parentage.

41 3. Orders relating to parentage shall be held confidential by the 42 commissioner and shall not be released or otherwise divulged except by 43 order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

44 § 8. Section 4135-b of the public health law, as added by chapter 59 45 of the laws of 1993, subdivisions 1 and 2 as amended by chapter 402 of 46 the laws of 2013, and subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 170 of the 47 laws of 1994, is amended to read as follows:

48 § 4135-b. Voluntary acknowledgments of [paternity; child born out of 49 wedlock] <u>parentage</u>. 1. (a) Immediately preceding or following the 50 in-hospital birth of a child to an unmarried [woman] <u>person or to a</u> 51 <u>person who gave birth to a child conceived through assisted</u> 52 <u>reproduction</u>, the person in charge of such hospital or his or her desig-53 nated representative shall provide to the [child's mother and putation]

53 nated representative shall provide to the [child's mother and putative] 54 <u>unmarried person who gave birth to the child and the alleged</u> [father]; if 55 such [father] is readily identifiable and available, or to the person who 56 gave birth and the other intended parent of a child conceived through

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parent

alleged genetic parent

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	1	assisted reproduction if such person is readily identifiable and avail-
	2	able, the documents and written instructions necessary for such [mother]
	3	person or to a person who gave birth to a child conceived through
	4	assisted reproduction and [putative father] alleged persons to complete
	5	an acknowledgment of [paternity] <u>parentage</u> witnessed by two persons not
	6	related to the signatory. Such acknowledgment, if signed by both
	7	parties, at any time following the birth of a child, shall be filed with
	8	the registrar at the same time at which the certificate of live birth is
	9	filed, if possible, or anytime thereafter. Nothing herein shall be Γ
	10	deemed to require the person in charge of such hospital or his or her
	11	designee to seek out or otherwise locate [a putative] an alleged father -1genetic
	12	or intended parent of a child conceived through assisted reproduction
	13	who is not readily identifiable or available. $P_{A'} e_{A'}$
	14	(b) The following persons may sign an acknowledgment of parentage to
	15	establish the parentage of the child:
	16	(i) An unmarried person who gave birth to the child and another person
	17	who is a genetic parent.
	18	(ii) A married or unmarried person who gave birth to the child and
	19	another person who is an intended parent under section 581-303 of the
	20	family court act of a child conceived through assisted reproduction.
	21	(c) An acknowledgment of parentage shall be in a record signed by the
	22	person who gave birth to the child and by either the genetic parent
	23	other than the person who gave birth to the child or a person who is a
	24	parent under section 581-303 of the family court act of the child
	25	conceived through assisted reproduction.
	26	(d) An acknowledgment of parentage is void if, at the time of signing,
	27	any of the following are true:
	28	(i) A person other than the signatories is a presumed parent of the
	29	child under section twenty four of the domestic relations law;
	30	(ii) A court has entered a judgment of parentage of the child;
	31 32	<u>(iii) Another person has signed a valid acknowledgment of parentage</u> with regard to the child;
	33	(iv) The child has a parent under section 581-303 of the family court
	34	act other than the signatories;
	35	(v) A signatory is a gamete donor under section 581-302 of the family
	36	court act;
	37	(vi) The acknowledgement is signed by a person who asserts that they - but the child
	38	are a parent under sostion E01 202 of the family south ant of a list of
	39	conceived through assisted reproduction, but the signatory is not a
	40 .	parent-under section 581-303 of the family court act. through assisted
	41	(e) The acknowledgment shall be executed on a form provided by the reproduction
	42	commissioner developed in consultation with the [appropriate] commis-
	43	sioner of the [department of family assistance] office of temporary and
	44	disability assistance, which shall: (i) include the social security
		number of the [mother and of the putative father and] signatories; (ii)
	46	provide in plain language [(i)] (A) a statement by the [mother] person
	47	who gave birth to the child consenting to the acknowledgment of [pater-
	48	nity] parentage and a statement that the [putative father] other signa-
	49	tory is the only possible [father] other genetic parent or that the
	50 51	other signatory is an intended parent and the child was conceived through assisted reproduction [(iii)] (P) a statement by the conceived of she
1	52	through assisted reproduction, [(ii)] (B) a statement by the putative of she father if any, that he is the biological father of the child, and 7 genetic
	53	
	54	[[111]] [C) a statement that the signing of the acknowledgment of parential [paternity] parentage by both parties shall have the same force and parent
2	55	effect as an order of <u>parentage or</u> filiation entered after a court hear-
+	56	

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1	provide support for the child except that, only if filed with the
2	registrar of the district in which the birth certificate has been filed
3	will the acknowledgment have such force and effect with respect to
4	inheritance rights; and (iii) include the known address of any gamete, if
5	donors.
6	the state of an admidwickight of the control of the
7	parentage, the [mother] person who gave birth to the child and the
8	[putative father] <u>other signatory</u> shall be provided orally, which may be
9	through the use of audio or video equipment, and in writing with such
10	information as is required pursuant to this section with respect to
11	their rights and the consequences of signing a voluntary acknowledgment
12	of [paternity] <u>parentage</u> including, but not limited to:
14	parentale
15	shall establish the [paternity] <u>parentage</u> of the child and shall have the same force and effect as an order of [paternity] <u>parentage</u> or filia-
16	tion issued by a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the duty
17	of both parties to provide support for the child;
18	(ii) that if such an acknowledgment is not made, the [putative father]
19	signatory other than the person who gave birth to the child can be held
20	liable for support only if the family court, after a hearing, makes an
21	order declaring that the [putative father] person is the [father] parent
22	of the child whereupon the court may make an order of support which may
23	be retroactive to the birth of the child;
24	(iii) that if made a respondent in a proceeding to establish [paterni-
25	ty] parentage the [putative father] signatory other than the person who
26	gave birth to the child has a right to free legal representation if
27	indigent;
28	(iv) that [the putative father] an alleged genetic parent has a right
30	to a genetic marker test or to a DNA test when available;
31	(v) that by executing the acknowledgment, the [putative father] <u>alleged genetic parent</u> waives [his] <u>their</u> right to a hearing, to which
32	[he] they would otherwise be entitled, on the issue of [paternity]
33	parentage;
34	(vi) that a copy of the acknowledgment of [paternity] parentage shall
∫ 35	be filed with the [putative father] registry [pursuant to] created by
- 36	section three hundred seventy-two-c of the social services law, and that
37	_such filing may establish the child's right to inheritance from the
Jarnetic 38	[putative] <u>alleged</u> 'father, <u>or the other intended parent</u> of a child
parent 39	conceived through assisted reproduction pursuant to clause (B) of
10 40	subparagraph two of paragraph (a) of section 4-1.2 of the estates,
L 41	powers and trusts law;
L 42 43	(vii) that, if such acknowledgment is filed with the registrar of the district in which the birth cortificate has been filed used and a line
44	district in which the birth certificate has been filed, such acknowledg- ment will establish inheritance rights from the [putative] <u>alleged</u>
45	father or the other intended parent of a child conceived through
Igenetic 46	assisted reproduction pursuant to clause (A) of subparagraph two of
aucent 47	paragraph (a) of section 4-1.2 of the estates, powers and trusts law;
paren 48	(viii) that no further judicial or administrative proceedings are
49	required to ratify an unchallenged acknowledgment of [paternity] parent-
50	age provided, however, that:
51	(A) A signatory to an acknowledgment of [paternity] parentage, who had
52	attained the age of eighteen at the time of execution of the acknowledg.
53	ment, shall have the right to rescind the acknowledgment within the
54	
55	full a full a full a full and the full and t
56	limited to, a proceeding to establish a support order) relating to the
1991	

1 2. (a) When a child's [paternity] <u>parentage</u> is acknowledged voluntar-2 ily pursuant to section one hundred eleven-k of the social services law, 3 the social services official shall file the executed acknowledgment with 4 the registrar of the district in which the birth occurred and in which 5 the birth certificate has been filed.

6 (b) Where a child's [paternity] <u>parentage</u> has not been acknowledged 7 voluntarily pursuant to paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section 8 or paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the [child's mother and the puta-9 tive father] <u>person who gave birth to the child and the other signatory</u> 10 may voluntarily acknowledge a child's [paternity] <u>parentage</u> pursuant to 11 this paragraph by signing the acknowledgment of [paternity] <u>parentage</u>.

(c) A signatory to an acknowledgment of [paternity] parentage, who has 12 13 attained the age of eighteen at the time of execution of the acknowledg-14 ment shall have the right to rescind the acknowledgment within the earlier of sixty days from the date of signing the acknowledgment or the 15 date of an administrative or a judicial proceeding (including, but not 16 17 limited to, a proceeding to establish a support order) relating to the 18 child in which either signatory is a party; provided that for purposes of this section, the "date of an administrative or a judicial proceed-19 20 ing" shall be the date by which the respondent is required to answer the 21 petition.

(d) A signatory to an acknowledgment of [paternity] parentage, who has 22 23 not attained the age of eighteen at the time of execution of the acknowledgment, shall have the right to rescind the acknowledgment 24 anytime up to sixty days after the signatory's attaining the age of 25 eighteen years or sixty days after the date on which the respondent is 26 27 required to answer a petition (including, but not limited to, a petition to establish a support order) relating to the child in which the signa-28 tory is a party, whichever is earlier; provided, however, that the 29 signatory must have been advised at such proceeding of his or her right 30 31 to file a petition to vacate the acknowledgment within sixty days of the 32 date of such proceeding.

(e) After the expiration of the time limits set forth in paragraphs 33 34 (c) and (d) of this subdivision, any of the signatories may challenge 35 the acknowledgment of [paternity] parentage in court only on the basis 36 of fraud, duress, or material mistake of fact, with the burden of proof 37 on the party challenging the voluntary acknowledgment. The acknowledg-38 ment shall have full force and effect once so signed. The original or a copy of the acknowledgment shall be filed with the registrar of the 39 district in which the birth certificate has been filed. 40

41 3. (a) An acknowledgment of [paternity] parentage executed by [the mother and father of a child born out of wedlock] any two people eligi-42 ble to sign such an acknowledgment under paragraph (b) of subdivision 43 one of this section, married or unmarried, shall establish the [paterni-44 45 ty] parentage of a child and shall have the same force and effect as an 46 order of [paternity] parentage or filiation issued by a court of compe-47 tent jurisdiction. Such acknowledgement shall thereafter be filed with the registrar pursuant to subdivision one or two of this section. 48

(b) A registrar with whom an acknowledgment of [paternity] parentage between the pursuant to subdivision one or two of this section shall file the acknowledgment with the state department of health [and the putative father registry]. New York city department of mental health and hygiene and the registry operated by the department of social services

law. If the acknowledgment includes the name and address of any known

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gamete donors of a child conceived through assisted reproduction,

pursuant to section three hundred seventy-two-c of the social

1	state department of health or the New York city department of mental
2	health and hygiene shall mail a copy to the known donors listed on the
mental 3	form.
PIENTU -4	and create to an acknow regiment of
5	parentage effective in another state if the acknowledgment was in a
6	signed record and otherwise complies with the law of the other state.
7	5. A new certificate of birth shall be issued if the certificate of
8	birth of [a] the child [born out of wedlock] as defined in paragraph (b)
9	of subdivision one of section four thousand one hundred thirty-five of
10	this article has been filed without entry of the name of the [father]
11	signatory other than the person who gave birth, and the commissioner
12	thereafter receives a notarized acknowledgment of [paternity] parentage
13	accompanied by the written consent of the [putative father and mother]
14	person who gave birth to the child and other signatory to the entry of
· · · 15	the name of such [father] person, which consent may also be to a change
16	in the surname of the child.
17	6. Any reference to an acknowledgment of paternity in any law of this
18	state shall be interpreted to mean an acknowledgment of parentage signed
19	pursuant to this section or signed in another state consistent with the
20	law of that state.
21	§ 9. Paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 of section 4138 of the public
22	health law, as amended by chapter 214 of the laws of 1998, is amended to
23	read as follows:
24	the second of a child boin out of wealock as nerthed
25	in paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section four thousand one hundred
26	thirty-five of this article has been filed without entry of the name of
.27	the [father] signatory other than the person who gave birth and the
28	commissioner thereafter receives the acknowledgment of [paternity]
29	parentage pursuant to section one hundred eleven-k of the social
and the 30	services law or section four thousand one hundred thirty-five b of this
and the 31	article executed by the [putative] alleged father and [mother] the
other 32	person who gave birth which authorizes the entry of the name of such
and the 31 other 32 signatory 33	father other signatory, and which may also authorize a conforming
35	change in the surname of the child.
- 35	§ 10. The article heading of article 8 of the domestic relations law,
37	as added by chapter 308 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as
38	follows:
39	GENETIC SURROGATE PARENTING CONTRACTS
40	§ 11. The general business law is amended by adding a new article 44 to read as follows:
40	to teau as fullows:
41	
,42	ARTICLE 44
43	REGULATION OF SURROGACY PROGRAMS Section 1400. Definitions.
44	1401. Programs regulated under this article.
45	
46	1402. Conflicts of interest; prohibition on payments; funds in
47	escrow; licensure; notice of surrogates' bill of rights. 1403. Regulations.
48	§ 1400. Definitions. As used in this section:
49	(a) The definitions in section 581-102 of the family court act shall
50	apply.
51	(b) "Payment" means any type of monetary compensation or other valu-
	able consideration including but not limited to a rebate, refund,
53	commission, unearned discount, or profit by means of credit or other
54	valuable consideration.

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(c) "Surrogacy program" does not include any party to a surrogacy 1 2 agreement or any person licensed to practice law and representing a party to the surrogacy agreement, but does include and is not limited to 3 any agency, agent, business, or individual engaged in, arranging, or 4 5 facilitating transactions contemplated by a surrogacy agreement, regard-6 less of whether such agreement ultimately comports with the requirements of article five-C of the family court act. 7 § 1401. Programs regulated under this article. The provisions of this 8 9 article apply to surrogacy programs arranging or facilitating trans-10 actions contemplated by a surrogacy agreement under part four of article 11 five-C of the family court act if: 12 (a) The surrogacy program does business in New York state; 13 (b) A person acting as surrogate who is party to a surrogacy agreement resides in New York state during the term of the surrogacy agreement; or 14 15 (c) Any medical procedures under the surrogacy agreement are performed 16 in New York state. 17 § 1402. Conflicts of interest; prohibition on payments; funds in escrow; licensure; notice of surrogates' bill of rights. A surrogacy 18 19 program to which this article applies: 20 (a) Shall keep all funds paid by or on behalf of the intended parent 21 or parents in an escrow account separate from its operating accounts; - And (b) May not be owned or managed, in any part, directly or indirectly, 22 23 by any attorney representing a party to the surrogacy agreement; . and 24 (c) May not pay or receive payment, directly or indirectly, to or from 25 any person licensed to practice law and representing a party to the 26 surrogacy agreement in connection with the referral of any person or party for the purpose of a surrogacy agreement; 27 and (d) May not pay or receive payment, directly or indirectly, to or from 28 29 any health care provider providing any health services, including 30 assisted reproduction, to a party to the surrogacy agreement; and (e) May not be owned or managed, in any part, directly or indirectly, 31 by any health care provider providing any health services, including 32 33 assisted reproduction, to a party to the surrogacy agreement ; and 34 (f) Shall be licensed to operate in New York state pursuant to regulations promulgated by the department of health in consultation with the 35 36 department of financial services, once such regulations are promulgated and become effective. 37 and (g) Shall ensure that all potential parties to a surrogacy agreement, 38 at the time of consultation with such surrogacy program, are provided 39 40 with written notice of the surrogates' bill of rights enumerated in part 41 six of article five-C of the family court act. § 1403. Regulations. The department of health, in consultation with 42 department of financial services, shall promulgate regulations to 43 the 44 implement the requirements of this article, and shall annually report to 45 the state legislature regarding the practices of surrogacy programs and all business transactions related to surrogacy in New York state, with 46 47 recommendations for any necessary amendments to this article. 48 § 12. The public health law is amended by adding a new article 25-B to read as follows: 50 ARTICLE 25-B 51 GESTATIONAL SURROGACY 52 Section 2599-cc. Gestational surrogacy. § 2599-cc. Gestational surrogacy. 1. The commissioner shall promulgate 54 regulations on the practice of gestational surrogacy. Such regulations shall include, but not be limited to:



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[filiation] parentage. If the court determines that the person who signed the acknowledgment is not the [father] parent of the child, the acknowledgment shall be vacated.

(iv) After the expiration of the time limits set forth in paragraphs 5 (i) and (ii) of this subdivision, any of the signatories to an acknowl-6 edgment of [paternity] parentage may challenge the acknowledgment in court by alleging and proving fraud, duress, or material mistake of 7 fact. If the petitioner proves to the court that the acknowledgment of 8 [paternity] parentage was signed under fraud, duress, or due to a mate-9 10 rial mistake of fact, the court shall then order genetic marker tests or DNA tests for the determination of the child's [paternity] parentage. 11 No such test shall be ordered, however, where the acknowledgment was 12 13 signed by the intended parent of a child born through assisted reproduction pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of subdivision one 14 of section four thousand one hundred thirty-five-b of the public health 15 16 law, or upon a written finding by the court that it is not in the best interests of the child on the basis of res judicata, equitable estoppel, 17 or the presumption of legitimacy of a child born to a married [woman] 18 person. If the court determines, following the test, that the person who 19 20 signed the acknowledgment is the [father] parent of the child, the court shall make a finding of [paternity] parentage and enter an order of 21 [filiation] parentage. If the court determines that the person who 22 23 signed the acknowledgment is not the [father] parent of the child, the acknowledgment shall be vacated.

(v) If, at any time before or after a signatory has filed a petition 25 26 to vacate an acknowledgment of [paternity] parentage pursuant to this 27 subdivision, the signatory dies or becomes mentally ill or cannot be found within the state, neither the proceeding nor the right to commence 28 29 the proceeding shall abate but may be commenced or continued by any of 30 the persons authorized by this article to commence a [paternity] parent-31 age proceeding.

32 (c) An acknowledgment of parentage is void if, at the time of signing, 33 any of the following are true:

34 (i) a person other than the signatories is a presumed parent of the 35 child pursuant to section twenty-four of the domestic relations law; 36

(ii) a court has entered a judgment of parentage of the child;

37 (iii) another person has signed a valid acknowledgment of parentage 38 with regard to the child;

39 (iv) the child has a parent pursuant to section 581-303 of the family 40 court act other than the signatories;

41 (v) a signatory is a gamete donor under section 581-302 of the family 42 court act; or

(vi) the acknowledgment is signed by a person who asserts that they 43 are a parent under section 581-303 of the family court act of a child 44 45 conceived through assisted reproduction, but the signatory is not a parent under section 581-303 of the family court act. 46

(d) Neither signatory's legal obligations, including the obligation 47 for child support arising from the acknowledgment, may be suspended 48 49 during the challenge to the acknowledgment except for good cause as the court may find. If the court vacates the acknowledgment of [paternity] 50 parentage, the court shall immediately provide a copy of the order to 51 the registrar of the district in which the child's birth certificate is 52 filed and also to the (putative father) registry operated by the depart-53 ment of social services pursuant to section three hundred seventy-two-c 54 55 of the social services law. In addition, if the [mother] parent of the 56 child who is the subject of the acknowledgment is in receipt of child

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child was not conceive through assisted reproduction

1 with the registrar of the district in which the birth certificate has 2 been filed or;

(B) the father of the child has signed an instrument acknowledging [paternity] parentage, provided that

(i) such instrument is acknowledged or executed or proved in the form
required to entitle a deed to be recorded in the presence of one or more
witnesses and acknowledged by such witness or witnesses, in either case,
before a notary public or other officer authorized to take proof of
deeds and

(ii) such instrument is filed within sixty days from the making thereof with the (putative father) registry established by the state department of social services pursuant to section three hundred seventy-two-c of the social services law, as added by chapter six hundred sixty-five of the laws of nineteen hundred seventy-six and

15 (iii) the department of social services shall, within seven days of 16 the filing of the instrument, send written notice by registered mail to 17 the mother and other legal guardian of such child, notifying them that 18 an acknowledgment of [paternity] <u>parentage</u> instrument acknowledged or 19 executed by such [father] <u>parent</u> has been duly filed or;

20 (C) [paternity] <u>parentage</u> has been established by clear and convincing 21 evidence, which may include, but is not limited to: (i) evidence derived 22 from a genetic marker test, or (ii) evidence that the [father] <u>parent</u> 23 openly and notoriously acknowledged the child as his <u>or her</u> own, however 24 nothing in this section regarding genetic marker tests shall be 25 construed to expand or limit the current application of subdivision four 26 of section forty-two hundred ten of the public health law.

(3) The existence of an agreement obligating the father to support the non-marital child does not qualify such child or his issue to inherit from the father in the absence of an order of filiation made or acknowledgement of [paternity] parentage as prescribed by subparagraph (2).

(4) A motion for relief from an order of filiation may be made only by the father and a motion for relief from an acknowledgement of [paternity] <u>parentage</u> may be made by [the father, mother] <u>a parent</u> or other legal guardian of such child, or the child, provided however, such motion must be made within one year from the entry of such order or from the date of written notice as provided for in subparagraph (2).

(b) If a non-marital child dies, his or her surviving spouse, issue, mother, maternal kindred, father and paternal kindred inherit and are entitled to letters of administration as if the decedent was a marital child, provided that the father and paternal; kindred may inherit or obtain such letters only if the [paternity] parentage of the non-marital child has been established pursuant to any of the provisions of subparagraph (2) of paragraph (a).

44 § 18. Subdivision 1, paragraph g of subdivision 2, subdivision 3, and 45 subdivision 4 of section 111-c of the social services law, subdivision 1 46 as added by chapter 685 of the laws of 1975, paragraph g of subdivision 47 2 as added by chapter 809 of the laws of 1985, subdivision 3 as amended 48 by chapter 398 of the laws of 1997, and subdivision 4 as added by chap-49 ter 343 of the laws of 2009, are amended to read as follows:

50 1. Each social services district shall establish a single organiza-51 tional unit which shall be responsible for such district's activities in 52 assisting the state in the location of absent parents, establishment of 53 [paternity] <u>parentage</u> and enforcement and collection of support in 54 accordance with the regulations of the department.

55 g. obtain from respondent, when appropriate and in accordance with the 56 procedures established by section one hundred eleven-k of this chapter,



1 pursuant to section four hundred twenty-five of the family court act; 2 and that by executing the agreement, the respondent waives any right to 3 a hearing regarding any matter contained in such agreement.

2. (a) When the paternity of a child is contested, a social services 4 official or designated representative may order the mother, the child, 5 and the alleged father to submit to one or more genetic marker or DNA 6 tests of a type generally acknowledged as reliable by an accreditation 7 body designated by the secretary of the federal department of health and 8 human services and performed by a laboratory approved by such an accred-9 itation body and by the commissioner of health or by a duly qualified 10 physician to aid in the determination of whether or not the alleged 11 father is the father of the child. The order may be issued prior or 12 subsequent to the filing of a petition with the court to establish 13 paternity, shall be served on the parties by certified mail, and shall 14 include a sworn statement which either (i) alleges [paternity] parentage 15 and sets forth facts establishing a reasonable possibility of the requi-16 site sexual contact between the parties, or (ii) denies [paternity] 17 parentage and sets forth facts establishing a reasonable possibility 18 that the party is not the father. The parties shall not be required to 19 submit to the administration and analysis of such tests if they sign a 20 voluntary acknowledgment of [paternity] parentage in accordance with 21 paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section, or if there has been a 22 written finding by the court that it is not in the best interests of the 23 child on the basis of res judicata, equitable estoppel, the child was 24 conceived through assisted reproduction or the presumption of legitimacy 25 26 of a child born to a married [woman] person.

(b) The record or report of the results of any such genetic marker or subdivision (e) of rule forty-five hundred eighteen of the civil practice law and rules where no timely objection in writing has been made thereto.

(c) The cost of any test ordered pursuant to this section shall be paid by the social services district provided however, that the alleged father shall reimburse the district for the cost of such test at such time as the alleged father's [paternity] <u>parentage</u> is established by a voluntary acknowledgment of [paternity] <u>parentage</u> or an order of filiation. If either party contests the results of genetic marker or DNA tests, an additional test may be ordered upon written request to the social services district and advance payment by the requesting party.

(d) The parties shall be required to submit to such tests and appear 40 at any conference scheduled by the social services official or designee 41 to discuss the notice of the allegation of paternity or to discuss the 42 results of such tests. If the alleged [father] parent fails to appear 43 at any such conference or fails to submit to such genetic marker or DNA 44 tests, the social services official or designee shall petition the court 45 to establish [paternity] parentage, provide the court with a copy of the 46 47 records or reports of such tests if any, and request the court to issue an order for temporary support pursuant to section five hundred forty-48 49 two of the family court act.

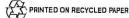
50 <u>3. Any reference to an acknowledgment of paternity in any law of this</u> 51 <u>state or any similar instrument signed in another state consistent with</u> 52 <u>the law of that state shall be interpreted to mean an acknowledgment of</u> 53 <u>parentage executed pursuant to this section, section four thousand one</u> 54 <u>hundred thirty-five-b of the public health law or signed in another</u> 55 <u>state consistent with the law of that state.</u>



genetic

parentage

§ 20. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 372-c of the social services 1 law, as amended by chapter 139 of the laws of 1979, are amended to read 2 3 as follows: The department shall establish a (putative father) registry which 4 1. 5 shall record the names and addresses of: (a) any person adjudicated by a court of this state to be the [father] parent of a child born [out-of-6 wedlock] out of wedlock; (b) any person who has filed with the registry before or after the birth of a child [out-of-wedlock] out of wedlock, a 8 notice of intent to claim [paternity] parentage of the child; (c) any 9 10 person adjudicated by a court of another state or territory of the United States to be the father of an [out-of-wedlock] out of wedlock 11 child, where a certified copy of the court order has been filed with the 12 13 registry by such person or any other person; (d) any person who has filed with the registry an instrument acknowledging paternity pursuant 14 15 to section 4-1.2 of the estates, powers and trusts law. 16 2. A person filing a notice of intent to claim [paternity] parentage of a child or an acknowledgement of paternity shall include therein his 17 current address and shall notify the registry of any change of address 18 19 pursuant to procedures prescribed by regulations of the department. 20 § 21. Subdivision (a) of section 439 of the family court act, as amended by section 1 of chapter 468 of the laws of 2012, is amended to 21 22 read as follows: (a) The chief administrator of the courts shall provide, in accordance 23 with subdivision (f) of this section, for the appointment of a suffi-24 cient number of support magistrates to hear and determine support 25 26 proceedings. Except as hereinafter provided, support magistrates shall 27 be empowered to hear, determine and grant any relief within the powers of the court in any proceeding under this article, articles five, 28 five-A, [and] five-B, and five-C and sections two hundred thirty-four 29 30 and two hundred thirty-five of this act, and objections raised pursuant to section five thousand two hundred forty-one of the civil practice law 31 32 and rules. Support magistrates shall not be empowered to hear, determine and grant any relief with respect to issues specified in section four 33 hundred fifty-five of this article, issues of contested paternity 34 involving claims of equitable estoppel, custody, visitation including 35 visitation as a defense, and orders of protection or exclusive 36 37 possession of the home, which shall be referred to a judge as provided 38 in subdivision (b) or (c) of this section. Where an order of filiation 39 is issued by a judge in a paternity proceeding and child support is in 40 issue, the judge, or support magistrate upon referral from the judge, 41 shall be authorized to immediately make a temporary or final order of support, as applicable. A support magistrate shall have the authority to 42 hear and decide motions and issue summonses and subpoenas to produce 43 44 persons pursuant to section one hundred fifty-three of this act, hear 45 and decide proceedings and issue any order authorized by subdivision (g) of section five thousand two hundred forty-one of the civil practice law 46 and rules, issue subpoenas to produce prisoners pursuant to section two 47 48 thousand three hundred two of the civil practice law and rules and make 49 a determination that any person before the support magistrate is in violation of an order of the court as authorized by section one hundred 50 fifty-six of this act subject to confirmation by a judge of the court 51 52 who shall impose any punishment for such violation as provided by law. A determination by a support magistrate that a person is in willful 53 violation of an order under subdivision three of section four hundred 54 55 fifty-four of this article and that recommends commitment shall be tran-



smitted to the parties, accompanied by findings of fact, but the deter-

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mination shall have no force and effect until confirmed by a judge of the court.

 $\frac{1}{2}$ This act shall take effect-on January 1, 2021, provided, however, that the amendments to subdivision (a) of section 439 of the family court act made by section twenty-one of this act shall not affect the expiration of such subdivision and shall be deemed to expire therewith. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are authorized to be made and completed on or before such effective date.

PART M

12 Section 1. The opening paragraph of paragraph (g) of subdivision 3 of 13 section 358-a of the social services law is designated subparagraph (i) 14 and a new subparagraph (ii) is added to read as follows:

15 (ii) When a child whose legal custody was transferred to the commissioner of a local social services district in accordance with this 16 17 section resides in a qualified residential treatment program, as defined 18 in section four hundred nine-h of this chapter, and where such child's placement in such program commenced on or after September twenty-ninth, 19 two thousand twenty-one, upon receipt of notice required pursuant to 20 21 paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the court shall schedule a hearing in accordance with section three hundred ninety-three of this chapter. 22 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, such hearing 23 24 shall occur no later than sixty days from the date the placement of the 25 child in the gualified residential treatment program commenced.

26 § 2. The social services law is amended by adding a new section 393 to 27 read as follows:

28 § 393. Court approval of placement in a qualified residential treatment program. 1. The provisions of this section shall apply when a child 29 is placed on or after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twenty-one 30 and resides in a qualified residential treatment program, as defined in 31 32 section four hundred nine h of this article, and whose care and custody were transferred to the commissioner of a local social services district 33 34 in accordance with section three hundred fifty-eight-a of this chapter, 35 or whose custody and guardianship were transferred to the commissioner 36 a local social services district in accordance with section three of hundred eighty-three-c, or three hundred eighty-four-b of this title. 37

38 2. (a) Within sixty days of the start of a placement of a child refer 39 enced in subdivision one of this section in a qualified residential
 40 treatment program, the court shall:

(i) Consider the assessment, determination, and documentation made by
 the qualified individual pursuant to section four hundred nine-h of this
 article;

(ii) Determine whether the needs of the child can be met through placement in a foster home and, if not, whether placement of the child in a qualified residential treatment program provides the most effective and appropriate level of care for the child in the least restrictive environment and whether that placement is consistent with the short-term and long-term goals for the child, as specified in the child's permanency plan; and

(iii) Approve or disapprove the placement of the child in a qualified residential treatment program. Provided that, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, where the qualified individual determines that the placement of the child in a qualified residential treat-

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added

hearing shall occur no later than sixty days from the date the placement 1 of the child in the qualified residential treatment program commenced. .2 3 § 10. The family court act is amended by adding a new section 1055-c 4 to read as follows: § 1055-c. Court approval of placement in a qualified residential 5 treatment program. 1. The provisions of this section shall apply when a 6 child is placed on or after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twen-7 ty-one and resides in a qualified residential treatment program, as 8 defined in section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, and 9 whose care and custody were transferred to the commissioner of a local 10 11 social services district in accordance with this article. 2. Within sixty days of the start of a placement of a child referenced 12 in subdivision one of this section in a qualified residential treatment 13 14 program, the court shall: (a) Consider the assessment, determination, and documentation made by 15 the qualified individual pursuant to section four hundred nine-h of the 16 17 social services law; (b) Determine whether the needs of the child can be met through place-18 ment in a foster home and, if not, whether placement of the child in a 19 qualified residential treatment program provides the most effective and 20 appropriate level of care for the child in the least restrictive envi-21 ronment and whether that placement is consistent with the short-term and 22 23 . long-term goals for the child, as specified in the child's permanency plan; and 24 (c) Approve or disapprove the placement of the child in a qualified 25 residential treatment program. Provided that, notwithstanding any other 26 provision of law to the contrary, where the qualified individual deter-27 mines that the placement of the child in a qualified residential treat-28 ment program is not appropriate under the standards set forth in the 29 regulations of the office of children and family services in accordance with 42 United States Code section 672, the court shall disapprove the placement of the child in the qualified residential treatment program. 32 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if the existing governing placement order of the court regarding the child would not permit the local social services district to move the child from the qualified residential treatment program as required by section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, the court shall issue a new order which shall not preclude such child from being placed in a residential setting approved in the regulations of the office of chil-

dren and family services in accordance with 42 United States Code 40 section 672 for children whose placement in a qualified residential 41 treatment program has been determined to be inappropriate in accordance 42 with section four hundred nine-h of the social services law. 43 4. The scope of the court's consideration and determination shall be 44

limited to the provisions set forth in subdivisions two and three of 45 this section. 46 47

5. Documentation of the court's determination pursuant to this section 48 shall be recorded in the child's case record. 49

§ 11. Clause (C) of subparagraph (ix) of paragraph 5 of subdivision (c) of section 1089 of the family court act, as amended by section 27 of 50 part A of chapter 3 of the laws of 2005, is amended and a new paragraph 51 52 6 is added to read as follows: 53

(C) if the child is over age fourteen and has voluntarily withheld his or her consent to an adoption, the facts and circumstances regarding the 54 child's decision to withhold consent and the reasons therefor[.]; and 55

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furtherance of effectuating the provisions of section 44 of the legislative law and section 70-b of the public officers law;

(c) if chapter 732 of the laws of 2019 shall not have taken effect on 3 or before such effective date, then sections one, eight, nine and twelve of this act shall take effect on the same date and same manner as chap-5 ter 732 of the laws of 2019, takes effect;

7 (d) for the purposes of this act, the term "placement" shall refer 8 only to placements made on or after the effective date of the Title IV-E state plan to establish the 30-day assessment, 60-day court review and 9 permanency hearing requirements set forth in this act that occur on or 10 after its effective date; and 11

(e) the office of children and family services and the office of court 12 administration are hereby authorized to promulgate such rules and regu-13 14 lations as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this act on 15 or before such effective date.

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PART N

Section 1. Subdivision 10 of section 153 of the social services law, 17 as amended by section 1 of subpart B of part K of chapter 56 of the laws 18 19 of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

10. Expenditures made by a social services district for the mainte-20 nance of children with disabilities, placed by school districts, pursu-21 ant to section forty-four hundred five of the education law shall, if 22 approved by the office of children and family services, be subject to 23 24 [eighteen and four hundred twenty-four thousandths percent reimbursement 25 by the state and thirty-eight and four hundred twenty-four thousandths 26 percent reimbursement by school districts, except for social services districts located within a city with a population of one million or 27 more, where such expenditures shall be subject to] fifty-six and eight 28 hundred forty-eight thousandths percent reimbursement by the school 29 district, in accordance with paragraph c of subdivision one of section 30 forty-four hundred five of the education law, after first deducting 31 therefrom any federal funds received or to be received on account of 32 33 such expenditures, except that in the case of a student attending a state-operated school for the deaf or blind pursuant to article eighty-34 seven or eighty-eight of the education law who was not placed in such 35 school by a school district such expenditures shall be subject to fifty 36 37 percent reimbursement by the state after first deducting therefrom any federal funds received or to be received on account of such expenditures 38 39 /and there shall be no reimbursement by school districts. Such expendi-40 tures shall not be subject to the limitations on state reimbursement 41 contained in subdivision two of section one hundred fifty-three-k of this title. In the event of the failure of the school district to make 42 43 the maintenance payment pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision, the state comptroller shall withhold state reimbursement to any such 44 45 school district in an amount equal to the unpaid obligation for maintenance and pay over such sum to the social services district upon certif-46 ication of the commissioner of the office of children and family 47 48 services and the commissioner of education that such funds are overdue 49 and owed by such school district. The commissioner of the office of children and family services, in consultation with the commissioner of 50 education, shall promulgate regulations to implement the provisions of 51 52 this subdivision.

53 § 2.7 This act shall take effect immediately; provided however that the amendments to subdivision 10 of section 153 of the social services law, 54

Paragraph b of subdivision 1 of section 4405 of the Opprinted on Recycled PAPER education law is REPEALED. Exprinted on Recycled PAPER \$3.

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by section one of this act, shall not affect the repeal of such subdivi-1 2 sion and shall be deemed repealed therewith.

to expire PART O

Section 1. Subdivisions 2, 3, 4 and 5 of section 365 of the executive 4 law, as added by section 5 of part W of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, 5 the opening paragraph of paragraph (a), the opening paragraph of para-6 graph (b), paragraph (g), the opening paragraph of subparagraph (ii) and 7 clause 6 of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (h) of subdivision 2 as 8 amended by section 11 of part AA of chapter 56 of the laws of 2019, are 9 10 amended to read as follows: 11

2. The establishment of the first New York state veterans cemetery. The division, in cooperation with the United States department of 12 (a) veterans affairs, and in consultation with, and upon the support of the 13 department of state division of cemeteries, is hereby directed to 14 conduct an investigation and study on the issue of the construction and 15 establishment of the first New York state veterans' cemetery. Such 16 17 investigation and study shall include, but not be limited to:

18 (i) Potential site locations for such cemetery, with full consideration as to the needs of the veterans population; 19 20

(ii) The size of the cemetery and types of grave sites;

21 (iii) The number of annual interments at the cemetery;

22 (iv) Transportation accessibility to the cemetery by veterans, their 23 families and the general public; 24

(v) Costs for construction of the cemetery;

(vi) Costs of operation of the cemetery, including but not limited 25 26 staffing costs to maintain the cemetery; 27

(vii) Scalability of the cemetery for future growth and expansion; (viii) Potential for funding for the cemetery from federal, local and

29 private sources; 30

(ix) Cost of maintenance;

(x) Data on the population that would be served by the site;

(xi) The average age of the population in the area covered;

(xii) The mortality rate of the veteran population for the area; 33 34

(xiii) Surrounding land use;

35 (xiv) Topography of the land;

36 (xv) Site characteristics;

37 (xvi) Cost of land acquisition;

38 (xvii) The location of existing cemeteries including but not limited 39 to national veterans' cemeteries, county veterans' cemeteries, cemeteries that have plots devoted to veterans, not-for-profit cemeteries 40 and any other burial ground devoted to veterans and any other type of 41 burial grounds devoted to the interment of human remains that is of 42 43 public record; and

44 (xviii) Such other and further items as the director of the division deems necessary for the first state veterans cemetery to be successful. 45 46 A report of the investigation and study conclusions shall be delivered 47

to the governor, the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of 48 the assembly and the chair of the senate committee on veterans, homeland security and military affairs, and the chair of the assembly committee 49 50 on veterans' affairs by no later than one hundred eighty days after the division has commenced the conduct of the investigation and study. 51

52 (b) [Prior to the commencement of the investigation and study pursuant 53 to paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the director of the division of veterans' services, the director of the division of the budget, 54 the

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Insert A ELFA 64

<u>4. Employee use of leave. a. Upon the oral or written request of an employee, an employer</u> shall provide sick leave for the following purposes:

<u>i. diagnosis, care, or treatment of an existing health condition of, or preventive care for an</u> <u>employee or an employee's family member, or a ward for which the employee is the guardian;</u> <u>or</u>

<u>ii. for an employee or an employee's family member who is a victim of domestic violence</u> <u>pursuant to subdivision thirty-four of section two hundred ninety-two of the executive law,</u> <u>a sexual offense, stalking, or human trafficking, to avail themselves of services or</u> <u>assistance.</u>

5. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent a city with a population of one million or more from enacting or enforcing local laws or ordinances which impose standards or requirements relating to sick leave that are more protective to employees than the accrual, use, payment, and employee eligibility requirements set forth in this section or in any rule or regulation promulgated hereunder.

Insert B ELFA 64

7. An employer is not required to provide additional sick leave pursuant to this section if the employer has a paid leave policy or paid time off policy, the employer makes available an amount of leave applicable to employees that may be used for the same purposes and under the same conditions as specified in this section, and the policy satisfies one of the following: i. the accrual, carryover, and use requirements of this section or regulations promulgated thereunder;

ii. provided paid sick leave or paid time off to a class of employees before January first, two thousand twenty, pursuant to a paid sick leave policy or paid time off policy that used an accrual method different than that set forth in paragraph a of this subdivision, provided that the accrual is on a regular basis so that an employee, including an employee hired into that class after January first two thousand twenty, has not less than one day of accrued sick leave or paid time off within two months of employment of each calendar year, or each twelve month period, and the employee was eligible to earn at least the applicable number of days set forth in this subdivision within nine months of employment. If an employer modifies the accrual method used in the policy it had in place prior to January first, two thousand twenty, the employer shall comply with any accrual method set forth in this subdivision or provide the full amount of leave at the beginning of each year of employment, calendar year, or twelve month period. This section does not prohibit the employer from increasing the accrual amount or rate for a class of employees covered by this subdivision; or

iii. is pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement that (a) expressly waives the rights afforded under this section and (b) such agreement provides for a comparable benefit for the employees covered by such agreement in the form of paid days off; such paid days off shall be in the form of leave, compensation, other employee benefits, or some combination thereof. Comparable benefits shall include, but are not limited to, vacation time, personal time, safe/sick time, and holiday and Sunday time pay at premium rates. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of this chapter shall not apply to any employee in the construction or grocery industry covered by a valid collective bargaining agreement if such provisions are expressly waived in such collective bargaining agreement.

8. Any paid sick leave benefits provided by a sick leave program enforced by a municipal corporation in effect as of the effective date of this chapter that provides sick leave for domestic workers shall not be diminished or limited as a result of the enactment of this chapter.

INSERT ELFA 97

§ 22. Subparagraph (D) of paragraph (17) of subsection (a) of section 1113 of the insurance law is amended to read as follows:

(D) (i)(1) Indemnifying an adoptive parent for verifiable expenses not prohibited under the law paid to or on behalf of the birth mother when either one or both of the birth parents of the child withdraw or withhold their consent to adoption. Such expenses may include maternity-connected medical or hospital expenses of the birth mother, necessary living expenses of the birth mother preceding and during confinement, travel expenses of the birth mother to arrange for the adoption of the child, legal fees of the birth mother, and any other expenses [which] that an adoptive parent may lawfully pay to or on behalf of the birth mother[.]; or (II) Indemnifying an intended parent for financial loss incurred as a result of the failure by the person acting as surrogate to perform under the surrogacy contract due to death, bodily injury, sickness, disappearance of the person acting as surrogate, late miscarriage, or stillbirth. Such financial loss shall include medical and hospital expenses, insurance co-payments, deductibles, and coinsurance, necessary living expenses of the person acting as surrogate during the term of the surrogacy contract, travel expenses of the person acting as surrogate to arrange for the surrogacy, legal fees of the person acting as surrogate, and any other expenses that an intended parent may lawfully pay to or on behalf of the person acting as surrogate; and (ii) For the purposes of this [section] subparagraph "adoptive parent" means the parent or his or her spouse seeking to adopt a child, "birth mother" means the biological mother of the child, "birth parent" means the biological mother or biological father of the child, and the terms "donor", "intended parent", "person acting as surrogate", and "surrogacy agreement" shall have the meaning set forth in section 581-102 of the family court act; or

§ 23. Paragraph (32) of subsection (a) of section 1113 of the insurance law, as renumbered by chapter 626 of the laws of 2006, is renumbered paragraph (33) and a new paragraph (32) is added to read as follows:

(32) "Donor medical expense insurance" means insurance indemnifying an intended parent for medical or hospital expenses that the intended parent is contractually obligated to pay under a donor agreement when the expenses result from medical complications that occur as result of the donation of gametes. For the purpose of this paragraph, "donor", "gametes" and "intended parent" shall have the meaning set forth in section 581-102 of the family court act. § 24. Subsection (a) of section 2105 of the insurance law, as amended by section 9 of part I of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

(a) The superintendent may issue an excess line broker's license to any person, firm, association or corporation who or which is licensed as an insurance broker under section two thousand one hundred four of this article, or who or which is licensed as an excess line broker in the licensee's home state, provided, however, that the applicant's home state grants non-resident licenses to residents of this state on the same basis, except that reciprocity is not required in regard to the placement of liability insurance on behalf of a purchasing group or any of its members; authorizing such person, firm, association or corporation to procure, subject to the restrictions herein provided, policies of insurance from insurers which are not authorized to transact business in this state of the kind or kinds of insurance specified in paragraphs four through fourteen, sixteen, seventeen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-two, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, [and] thirty-one, and thirty-two of subsection (a) of section one thousand one hundred thirteen of this chapter and in subsection (h) of this section, provided, however, that the provisions of this section and section two thousand one hundred eighteen of this article shall not apply to ocean marine insurance and other contracts of insurance enumerated in subsections (b) and (c) of section two thousand one hundred seventeen of this article. Such license may be suspended or revoked by the superintendent whenever in his or her judgment such suspension or revocation will best promote the interests of the people of this state.

§ 25. Subsection (b) of section 4101 of the insurance law is amended to read as follows:

(b) "Non-basic kinds of insurance" means the kinds of insurance described in the following paragraphs of subsection (a) of section one thousand one hundred thirteen of this chapter numbered therein as set forth in parentheses below:

accident and health (item (i) of (3)); non-cancellable disability (item (ii) of (3)); miscellaneous property (5); water damage (6); collision (12); property damage liability (14) - non-basic as to mutual companies only; motor vehicle and aircraft physical damage (19); inland marine as specified in marine and inland marine (20); marine protection and indemnity (21) - non-basic as to stock companies only; residual value (22); credit unemployment (24); gap (26); prize indemnification (27); service contract reimbursement (28); legal services insurance (29); involuntary unemployment insurance (30); salary protection insurance (31)[.]; donor medical expense insurance (32).

§ 26. Group A of table one as contained in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 4103 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 626 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

Group A:

7 8, 9, 10, 11, or 14 - for each such kind 13 or 15 - for each such kind 16 17 Basic additional amount required for any one or more of the above	\$300,000 \$100,000 \$500,000 \$900,000 \$400,000	\$150,000 \$ 50,000 \$250,000 \$450,000 \$200,000
kinds of insurance 3(i), 3(ii), 6{1} or 12{2} - for each	\$100,000	\$ 50,000
such kind 22 24 26(B)	\$100,000 \$2,000,000 \$400,000 \$200,000	\$ 50,000 \$1,000,000 \$200,000 \$100,000
26(A), 26 (C) or 26(D) - for each such kind 27 28 30 31 <u>32</u>	\$600,000 \$300,000 \$2,000,000 \$400,000 \$100,000 \$100,000	\$300,000 \$150,000 \$1,000,000 \$200,000 \$ 50,000 \$50,000

§ 27. Group C of table three as contained in subsection (b) of section 4107 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 626 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

Group C:

3(i) or 3(ii) - for each such kind 22 24 26(B) 26(A), 26(C) or 26(D) -	\$100,000 \$3,000,000 \$300,000 \$300,000	\$100,000 \$2,000,000 \$300,000 \$200,000
for each such kind 28	\$900,000 \$3,000,000	\$600,000 \$2,000,000
6{5}, 12{6} or 14{2} - for		
each such kind	\$50,000	\$50 <i>,</i> 000
27	\$300,000	\$150,000
30	\$300,000	\$300,000
31	\$100,000	\$100,000
<u>32</u>	\$100,000	<u>\$100,000</u>

DRAFT LBDC

A BUDGET BILL submitted by the Governor in accordance with Article VII of the Constitution

AN ACT to amend the education law, in relation to establishing the curing Alzheimer's health consortium (Part);

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1

PART ____

2 Section 1. The education law is amended by adding a new section 363 to 3 read as follows:

4 § 363. Curing Alzheimer's health consortium. 1. There is hereby established within the state university of New York the curing Alzheimer's 5 6 health consortium. The consortium shall have as its purpose to identify genes that predict an increased risk for developing the disease, collab-7 orating with research institutions within the state university of New 8 York system, and the department of health, in research projects and 9 studies to identify opportunities to develop new therapeutic treatment 10 11 and cures for Alzheimer's.

12 2. The state university of New York shall issue a request for 13 proposals to partner with hospitals both within the state university of 14 New York and other not-for-profit article twenty-eight of the public 15 health law hospitals and non-profit higher education research insti-16 tutions to map the genomes of individuals suffering from or at risk of 17 Alzheimer's.

18 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

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