Women's History Month Art Contest

In the space provided, draw a picture of a New York woman you admire.

PRINT FULL NAME:

SCHOOL & GRADE:

NAME OF WOMAN PICTURED:

Tear off this sheet and send your art to Assemblyman Braunstein at 213-33 39th Avenue, Suite 238, Bayside, NY 11361.

The winning piece will be cover art for next year's brochure and will be seen by hundreds of students throughout our community!

Assemblyman Edward C. Braunstein

213-33 39th Avenue, Suite 238 • Bayside, NY 11361 • 718-357-3588 • braunsteine@nyassembly.gov

March is Women's History Month



Artist: Chaemin Lim, PS 32, 4th Grade

🗏 Mary Edwards Walker 🗄

Not all superheroes wear capes!

It's important to study women's history because of their contributions to every field, including medicine, law and government. But it's also important to know it took a long time for women to be able to make those contributions. Women had to fight first just to own property, earn (and keep!) their wages, vote and even go to school.

New York's All-Star Lineup

Elizabeth Cady Stanton (1815-1902)

A native of Johnstown, she helped organize the first women's rights convention in Seneca Falls and traveled around the world fighting for equality.

Susan B. Anthony (1820–1906)

Anthony is one of the most noted women's rights activists in U.S. history, helping set up the Seneca Falls Convention.

Harriet Tubman (c.1820-1913)

Tubman escaped slavery in 1849 and became a conductor of the Underground Railroad. She risked her life to rescue slaves to freedom. She purchased land in Auburn in 1859 where she lived until her death.

Eleanor Roosevelt (1884–1962)

A lifelong New Yorker and first lady of the U.S. from 1933 to 1945, Roosevelt was a speaker, politician and human rights advocate. She fought for disadvantaged Americans and drafted the UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

Gertrude B. Elion (1918-1999)

Elion, of Manhattan, developed treatments for malaria, meningitis and leukemia. She earned a Nobel Prize in Medicine in 1988, one of only 10 women at the time who had earned a Nobel Prize in the sciences.

Shirley Chisholm (1924-2005)

Born in Brooklyn to immigrant parents, Chisholm was a member of the state Assembly and became the first African-American woman elected to Congress. In 1972, she was the first African-American and first female major-party candidate for the presidency.

Judith Heumann (1947-

Heumann is a renowned disability rights advocate. She was confined to a wheelchair after suffering from polio as a child. She fought back against discrimination, becoming the first person in a wheelchair to teach in a New York City public school and helped develop the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act so that all kids with disabilities get the education they deserve.

Sonia Sotomayor (1954-)

A Bronx native, Sotomayor graduated from Princeton University and Yale Law School before working as a lawyer and judge in New York City. In 2009, former President Barack Obama nominated Sotomayor for appointment to the U.S. Supreme Court. She is the court's first Hispanic and third female justice.

Jumble!

The words below are all scrambled up. After reading about women in New York, can you figure them out? (Answers below)

1. FRASFUGE

2. ANSECE LASFL

3. TICENDAOU

4. AFRITY

5. SMABSYEL

6. LAUETQIY

7. TVCAITSI

Word Search

MUSEPER RTUCO

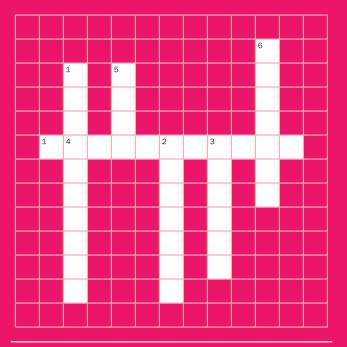
Find the following words hidden in the puzzle below:

Anthony • Chisholm • Stanton • Roosevelt • Tubman Vote • Advocate • Judge • Women



Crossword

(Answers below)



Across

1 Site of the first women's rights convention

Down

- 1 Right secured for women by the 19th Amendment
- 2 One of the most prominent women's rights activists in U.S. history
- 3 Where Harriet Tubman lived
- 4 First Lady from 1933 to 1945
- 5 Where Sonia Sotomayor attended law school
- 6 First African-American woman elected to Congress