Palliative Care

- Whole-person, person-centered care for anyone living with a serious illness.
- Focuses on quality of life by addressing physical, emotional, and spiritual needs.
- Helps manage symptoms such as pain, breathlessness, fatigue, and anxiety.
- Supports patients and families with communication and informed decision-making.
- Can be provided at any age and at any stage, alongside curative or diseasedirected treatments.
- Broader than hospice: it applies far earlier and to many more people.

Hospice

- All hospice is palliative care, but palliative care extends well beyond hospice.
- Hospice can refer to:
 - o A philosophy of care focused on comfort near the end of life.
 - o A place where end-of-life care is provided.
 - o A service agency that delivers hospice care at home or in facilities.
 - o **An insurance benefit** (e.g., Medicare Hospice Benefit) with defined eligibility.
- Typically offered when life expectancy is months rather than years.
- Emphasizes comfort, dignity, and support for both the individual and their family.
- Delivered by an interdisciplinary team—often in the person's home.

Simple Distinction

- Palliative Care: A broad, comprehensive approach to quality of life during serious illness.
- Hospice: A specific type of palliative care for the final phase of life.