1	BEFORE THE NEW YORK STATE SENATE FINANCE AND ASSEMBLY WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEES
2	
3	JOINT LEGISLATIVE HEARING  In the Matter of the
4	2021-2022 EXECUTIVE BUDGET ON ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
5	
6	Virtual Hearing
7	Conducted via Zoom
8	January 27, 2021 9:37 a.m.
9	
10	PRESIDING:
11	Senator Liz Krueger Chair, Senate Finance Committee
12	
13	Assemblywoman Helene E. Weinstein Chair, Assembly Ways & Means Committee
14	PRESENT:
15	Senator Thomas F. O'Mara Senate Finance Committee (RM)
16	Assemblyman Edward P. Ra
17	Assembly Ways & Means Committee (RM)
18	Senator Todd Kaminsky Chair, Senate Committee on
19	Environmental Conservation
20	Assemblyman Steve Englebright Chair, Assembly Committee on
21	Environmental Conservation
22	Senator Michelle Hinchey Chair, Senate Committee on Agriculture
23	
24	Assemblywoman Donna A. Lupardo Chair, Assembly Committee on Agriculture

1		Executive Budget
2		ntal Conservation
3	PRESENT:	(Continued)
4		Senator José M. Serrano Chair, Senate Committee on Cultural
5		Affairs, Tourism, Arts and Recreation
6		Assemblyman Daniel J. O'Donnell Chair, Assembly Committee on
7		Tourism, Parks, Arts and Sports Development
8		Senator Kevin Parker
9		Chair, Senate Committee on Energy and Telecommunications
10		Assemblyman Michael J. Cusick
11		Chair, Assembly Committee on Energy
12		Assemblyman Harvey Epstein
13		Assemblywoman Patricia Fahy
14		Assemblyman Robert Carroll
15		Senator Dan Stec
16		Assemblyman Steven Otis
17		Assemblywoman Didi Barrett
18		Senator Anna M. Kaplan
19		Assemblywoman Deborah J. Glick
20		Senator Pete Harckham
21		Assemblyman Robert Smullen
22		Senator John W. Mannion
23		Assemblyman Brian Miller
24		Assemblyman Harry B. Bronson

1		Executive Budget
2		ntal Conservation
3	PRESENT:	(Continued)
4		Senator Brad Hoylman
5		Assemblyman Jeffrion L. Aubry
6		Assemblywoman Carrie Woerner
7		Assemblyman William Colton
8		Assemblyman Billy Jones
9		Assemblywoman Marianne Buttenschon
10		Assemblyman Philip A. Palmesano
11		Senator George M. Borrello
12		Assemblyman Chris Tague
13		Senator Patty Ritchie
14		Assemblyman Mark Walczyk
15		Assemblywoman Rebecca A. Seawright
16		Assemblyman Kevin M. Byrne
17		Senator Sue Serino
18		Assemblyman Chris Burdick
19		Assemblyman Angelo J. Morinello
20		Assemblywoman Karen McMahon
21		Assemblyman John Lemondes
22		Assemblyman William Conrad
23		Assemblywoman Jessica González-Rojas
24		Assemblyman Matthew Simpson

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4		Senator Rachel May
5		Assemblyman Brian Manktelow
6		Assemblyman Zohran K. Mamdani
7		Assemblywoman Vivian E. Cook
8		Senator James Tedisco
9		Assemblyman Erik M. Dilan
10		Assemblyman Steven Cymbrowitz
11		Assemblywoman Linda B. Rosenthal
12		Senator Daphne Jordan
13		Assemblyman José Rivera
14		Assemblywoman Judy Griffin
15		Assemblyman Jeff Gallahan
16		Assemblyman Khaleel M. Anderson
17		Assemblywoman Anna R. Kelles
18		Assemblyman Kenneth Zebrowski
19		Assemblywoman Pamela J. Hunter
20		Senator James Gaughran
21		Assemblyman Fred W. Thiele, Jr.
22		Assemblywoman Jaime R. Williams

Assemblywoman Stefani Zinerman

Assemblywoman Gina L. Sillitti

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4		Assemblywoman Amanda Septir	mo	
5		Assemblywoman Jennifer Luns	sford	
6		Senator Diane J. Savino		
7		Senator Jabari Brisport		
8		Assemblyman Pat Burke		
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7	-and- Erin Tobin		
8	VP for Policy and Preservation Preservation League of NYS		
9	-and-		
10	Stephan Edel Coalition Coordinator NY Renews		
11	-and-		
12	Kathy Moser Chief Conservation Officer Open Space Institute	543	556
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14	Peter Bauer Executive Director		
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15	-and- Will Coté		
16	Parks Program Director Parks & Trails New York		
17	-and- Michael Barrett		
18	Executive Director		
19	Adirondack Mountain Club -and-		
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5	Adrienne Esposito		
6	Executive Director Citizens Campaign for		
7	the Environment -and-		
8	Roger Downs Conservation Director		
9	Sierra Club Atlantic Chapter -and-		
10	Kate Kurera Deputy Director Environmental Advocates of		
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12	Philip M. DeGaetano NY Commissioner and Chair		
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14	Libby Post		
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6	Western New York Law Center		
7	Jason Kemper Chairman		
8	NYS Conservation Fund Advisory Board		
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10	Peter Morehouse Forest Rangers Director PBA of NYS		
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12	VP of Policy		
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14	Elizabeth Wolters		
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1	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Good morning. My
2	name is Liz Krueger. I'm the chair of the
3	Senate Finance Committee, and I will be, I
4	guess, MCing today's hearing.
5	Of course I'm joined by my partner
6	from the Assembly, Helene Weinstein, the
7	chair of Ways and Means.
8	This is the Environmental Conservation
9	Executive Budget hearing, Wednesday,
10	January 27th. We start now. I suspect we
11	will be going on until the evening.
12	Some brief opening remarks before we
13	get this hearing going. It is a
14	constitutional requirement that we have our
15	budget hearings after the Governor offers us
16	his Executive Budget. Today is the second of
17	13 hearings conducted by the joint fiscal
18	committees of the Legislature regarding the
19	proposed budget for fiscal year '21-'22.
20	These hearings are conducted pursuant to the
21	Constitution and Legislative Law.
22	Today the Senate Finance Committee and
23	the Assembly Ways and Means Committee will
24	hear testimony concerning the Governor's

1	proposed budget for four different
2	departments: The Department of Environmental
3	Conservation, the Office of Parks, Recreation
4	and Historic Preservation, the Department of
5	Agriculture and Markets, the Public Service
6	Commission and the New York State Energy
7	Research and Development Authority and
8	they will be co-testifying, the last two.
9	Following each testimony there will be
10	some time for questions from the chairs of
11	the fiscal committees and other relevant
12	committees for that topic.
13	I will now introduce members from the
14	Senate, and Assemblymember Helene Weinstein,
15	chair of the Assembly Ways and Means
16	Committee, will introduce members from the
17	Assembly. And in addition, Tom O'Mara,
18	ranking member of the Senate Finance
19	Committee, will introduce members from his
20	conference.
21	Let me just get back to the ongoing
22	list one second of Senators who are
23	here already. And again, we are conducting
24	Zoom virtual hearings this year, which means

1	everything is a little bit of an experiment
2	for us. We have Senator Anna Kaplan, we have
3	Senator José Serrano, we have Senator Todd
4	Kaminsky, we have Senator Kevin Parker, we
5	have Senator Pete Harckham, we have
6	Senator I'm skipping my Republican
7	colleagues. I know we have Senator Rachel
8	May, we have Senator John Mannion, we have
9	Senator Michelle Hinchey.
10	And I think I'm going to turn it over
11	first to Tom O'Mara to just welcome his
12	Senate Republicans, and then we'll go to the
13	Assembly.
14	SENATOR O'MARA: Yes, thank you,
15	Chairwoman Krueger.
16	I would just like to recognize that we
17	are joined today by Senator Dan Stec, Senator
18	Patty Ritchie, Senator Sue Serino, and
19	Senator Jim Tedisco.
20	Thank you. I think that's all of
21	them.
22	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
23	SENATOR O'MARA: Excuse me. Senator
24	Daphne Jordan is on here as well.

1	SENATOR BORRELLO: You forgot me also,
2	Tom.
3	SENATOR O'MARA: And George Borrello,
4	and I'm looking right at him.
5	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Trust me,
6	audience, it's hard to do this this way.
7	And I'm going to turn it over to
8	Assemblywoman Helene Weinstein, chair of Ways
9	and Means.
10	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you,
11	Senator Krueger.
12	So for the Assembly so far we have
13	Assemblymembers Anderson, Aubry, Barrett,
14	Bronson, Burdick, Conrad, Dilan, Epstein,
15	Fahy, Glick, Gonzalez-Rojas, Griffin, Jones,
16	Kelles, Lunsford, Otis, Rivera, Sillitti,
17	Thiele, Woerner, Zebrowski, and Zinerman.
18	I'm sure that we will have other members
19	joining us as we move forward.
20	I'd like to ask our ranker on Ways and
21	Means, Assemblyman Ra, to introduce the
22	members of his conference who are here.
23	ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Thank you. Good
24	morning. We have joining us Assemblyman

1	Tague, the ranker on Agriculture; Assemblyman
2	Smullen, our ranker on Environmental
3	Conservation; Assemblyman Palmesano, who is
4	our ranker on Energy. And we also have Brian
5	Miller, Kevin Byrne, Angelo Morinello, and
6	Mark Walczyk.
7	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
8	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: And I do think
9	I neglected to mention Assemblyman
10	Englebright there, chair of EnCon, even
11	though I'm staring right at him also. He'll
12	be up shortly to ask questions after the
13	commissioner.
14	And as members join, we will
15	periodically add new members.
16	Back to you, Senator.
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you so
18	much.
19	So as I mentioned, we have quite a few
20	government representatives. I would just
21	like to welcome, just in advance, to let
22	people know, we will have Basil Seggos,
23	commissioner, Department of Environmental
24	Conservation, followed by Erik Kulleseid,

1	commissioner of the Office of Parks,
2	Recreation and Historic Preservation,
3	followed by Richard Ball, commissioner of the
4	Department of Agriculture and Markets,
5	followed by John Rhodes, chair of the Public
6	Service Commission, testifying jointly with
7	Doreen Harris, acting president and CEO of
8	the New York State Energy Research and
9	Development Authority. We also know them as
10	NYSERDA.
11	After the final question and answer
12	period for each of the government reps, there
13	will be an opportunity for members of the
14	public to testify briefly their views on the
15	proposed budget under discussion.
16	I just want to highlight, people are
17	welcome to submit written testimony before.
18	We have quite a bit of written testimony, and
19	it will be up on the Senate website, and
20	people are welcome to submit testimony after
21	today's hearing. All Senators and
22	Assemblymembers will receive that.
23	Also during the course of this hearing
24	there may be times where a government

1	representative responds to a legislator's
2	question with "I have to get back to you with
3	that." We totally understand that. We are
4	asking that you please submit whatever your
5	answers are in writing both to the individual
6	legislator who may have asked, but also
7	directly to Helene Weinstein and myself, and
8	we will make sure to distribute the answers
9	to all of the members of the Legislature as
10	well.

Further, if you're a legislator who does not get to ask all the questions you hope today, if you give them to us, Helene and myself, we can have staff make sure we include in a follow-up letter to these representatives questions that we may not have been able to dive deeply enough into.

Now, why do I say that? Because now
I'm going to tell you how short the time
frame is. The governmental invitees are
getting 10 minutes to testify. The relevant
chairs of the committees are allowed a
10-minute first round and a five minute
second round of questions at the end, if they

1	need it. And we're noping we don't need it.
2	Rankers get five minutes and a
3	three-minute second round. All other members
4	of relevant committees get just three minutes
5	with no second round. Non-invited and
6	nongovernmental witnesses, people who have
7	requested to testify, get three minutes, with
8	questions back from members of three minutes.
9	So you're saying to yourself, that's such a
10	short amount of time. And yet I'm telling
11	you if you spend the day with us, you'll
12	spend at least 12 hours with us.
13	And with that, our opening speaker is
14	Basil Seggos of the Department of
15	Environmental Conservation. And the chairs
16	of the relevant committee for this testifier
17	are Todd Kaminsky, the chair of EnCon for the
18	Senate, and Steve Englebright, the chair in
19	the Assembly.
20	Good morning, Basil.
21	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good
22	morning, Senator. And good morning,
23	everybody Chairwoman Krueger, Chairwoman

Weinstein, and members of the fiscal and

4		and the second s	1
	environmental	conservation	committees.

Again, my name is Basil Seggos. I'm commissioner of the DEC. And I'm grateful for the chance to spend time with you here on Zoom. I'd rather be in person with you; for sure, these are unique times. But nonetheless, it is an honor today.

So I've submitted my written testimony. In the interests of time and so we can get to your questions, I'll just summarize a few quick points and look back really at 2020 to begin with, which was a remarkably challenging year for our state and really the whole world, of course, as the pandemic raged and ravaged so many lives.

It's hard to believe what we went through since we last sat down together in the Well. But I can speak from a great deal of experience what an honor it was to be at the DEC this year, which shined very brightly as the Governor put out the call for assistance with the pandemic.

When he put out that request for help, we had an incredible response from the

1	agency. All told, more than a thousand staff
2	out of our 3,000 staff a third of the
3	agency stood up, raised their hands and
4	pitched in during the pandemic.

We had our Forest Rangers, our ECOs, regional directors, emergency management staff leading the construction and operation of testing sites, temporary hospitals, mass vaccination sites now. We delivered thousands of meals to New Yorkers who found themselves hungry. We delivered PPE around the state to first responders. We staffed unemployment call centers -- as you know, so many folks that lost work.

DEC was there. We are there. We're there now. And we're helping to save the lives of New Yorkers every day. And it really has been the privilege of my life to lead this amazing agency with its amazing people over the last 12 months.

Throughout the crisis we never lost sight of our core mission. Despite the challenges of the pandemic and the downturn of the economy, we remained focused on what

1	was important to the state during these
2	times. Of course, on climate change, the
3	existential crisis, but also this
4	once-in-a-century opportunity, we continue to
5	lead the nation on responding to the climate
6	crisis. We launched the 22-member Climate
7	Action Council pursuant to the CLCPA. We
8	launched and are running the Climate Justice
9	Working Group. We met key milestones under
10	the law in the value of carbon guidance and
11	greenhouse gas emission regulations. We
12	will, by the end of this year, meet the
13	CLCPA's goal of a full draft scoping plan for
14	how the state will address emissions
15	reductions.
16	And on resiliency, as you know, we are

And on resiliency, as you know, we are all over the state working on storm response and building the state back better -- up on Lake Ontario, with the REDI Commission work and all of the Army Corps projects, down along the coast of Long Island and New York City, and everything in between.

On environmental justice, I think we all saw very, very plainly COVID laid bare

1	the conditions that certain communities
2	experience more than others, the
3	disproportionate impacts of pollution in
4	communities of color. DEC redoubled its
5	efforts on EJ policies and programs,
6	strengthening relationships with Indian
7	Nations and certainly awarding millions of
8	dollars to environmental justice organization
9	for a range of needs.

On emerging contaminants and pollution, we worked with DOH to set the nation's most stringent MCLs for PFOA, PFOS and 1,4 dioxane. We addressed harmful algal blooms across the state. We responded to significant drinking water crises and issues as they emerged and got on top of those very quickly. We made a big and bold announcement finally on the Grumman plume on Long Island after many years of hard work, settling with the Navy and Grumman to fully contain the plume, and also reaching the largest natural resource damage settlement ever in the state.

On outdoor recreation, we saw -- no surprise -- record numbers of people on the

1	outdoors all over the state, you name it.
2	For us in particular in the Adirondacks and
3	Catskills, seeing just record turnouts and
4	pressure on communities and pressure on the
5	back country. We responded as best we could.
6	We launched two very important initiatives
7	that will provide short, medium and long-term
8	guidance to the department, the High Peaks
9	Advisory Group and the Catskills Advisory
10	Group, two separate groups that are then
11	giving us advice on some of the solutions to
12	sustainable use.

And in spite of the incredible strain on the state's budget, the Governor remains laser-focused on the environment. You saw during his State of the State address the incredible pronouncements on clean energy commitments which would get us to 50 percent of our green energy commitments. That's ahead of schedule. That's a zero-emissions electricity sector by 2040, and 70 percent renewable energy by 2030. You'll hear certainly more from NYSERDA and DPS on that.

We have a fully funded EPF, as the

1	Governor proposes it, \$300 million;
2	\$500 million dollars for water
3	infrastructure, that's wastewater and
4	drinking water; a fully funded Superfund.
5	That's the law that we use to and the
6	funds we use to address contamination across
7	the state. NY Works at \$75 million. Again,
8	important dollars that help to help us to
9	rebuild some of our assets outdoors. And of
10	course some funds to manage this ample
11	tourism.
12	And the Governor proposes to make
13	New York the final state in the U.S. to allow
14	supervised 12- and 13-year-olds to hunt big
15	game that's deer and bear and that will
16	create the next generation of safe and
17	responsible hunters.
18	So I'll end, as always, hopefully on a
19	note of optimism. The Governor's agenda is
20	aptly titled "Reimagine, Rebuild and Renew."
21	And that, in my view, has always
22	characterized DEC. And those words, in my
23	view, will be more important this year than
24	ever.

1	So not only is the Governor continuing
2	to lead on the environment, there are several
3	bright lights at the end of the tunnel I
4	think we can all share and be happy about.
5	The first, of course, being the vaccine and
6	our efforts to put as many shots in as many
7	arms as quickly as possible. The second,
8	with the Biden administration and a potential
9	optimism on local aid from Washington to help
10	restore our damaged economy. Lastly, a very
11	strong partner now in Washington on
12	environmental protection, and we look forward
13	to helping to guide some significant changes
14	in environmental policy nationally.
15	So with that, I believe I'm giving
16	back some time to the group. It's an honor
17	again to be with you here today. I look
18	forward to working with you, as always,
19	throughout the course of the year, and I look
20	forward to your questions.
21	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you very
22	much.
23	And our first questioner will be Chair
24	Todd Kaminsky, EnCon.

1	SENATOR KAMINSKY: Thank you so much.
2	Good morning, Commissioner.
3	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good
4	morning, sir.
5	SENATOR KAMINSKY: So let's get right
6	into it. Can you please tell us if we are
7	able to get the federal aid we hope, the \$15
8	billion whether you expect the bond act to
9	be back into the budget and submitted to
10	voters this fall?
11	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: I think it's
12	early to tell. I mean, you know, when we
13	pulled the bond act off the ballot last year,
L 4	no one took that more personally than the
15	Governor and myself.
16	We know that it's a will be a
17	valuable tool for us to address a range of
18	threats in New York State to our environment,
19	rebuild our state. We all want to see the
20	economy rebound, we want to see federal
21	dollars restore our budget writ large, a \$15
22	billion hit in our budget.
23	Certainly we'll take that up. I think
24	you heard Budget Director Mujica talk about

1	that in his Q&A during his budget remarks.
2	So I think we'll keep an eye on that and as
3	soon as the conditions warrant and it's right
4	to bring it to the voters, we'll have a
5	conversation about it.
6	SENATOR KAMINSKY: Okay. The
7	Legislature overwhelmingly, you know,
8	approved of doing it and the importance of
9	it, so we hope to work with you on that. We
10	hope the opportunity arises to do that.
11	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Great.
12	Thank you, Senator.
13	SENATOR KAMINSKY: With respect to
14	WIIA, we're really glad to see more water
15	infrastructure funding in this budget. My
16	question is about last year's budget. The
17	money from last year still hasn't gone out.
18	Do you intend to put out the RFPs for that as
19	soon as possible so that we can at least get
20	that process started of getting that money
21	out there?
22	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: It's
23	something we're thinking about, Senator.
24	Certainly it was unfortunate we had to pull

1	that off last year as a result of the
2	downturn and the concerns about spending
3	in-state. It's something that I'll take to
4	my colleagues across up the hill, at the
5	Division of Budget. We'll take it into
6	account.
7	The Governor, I think as you've seen,
8	has reiterated his intent to keep the Clean
9	Water Infrastructure Act, WIIA, intact moving
10	forward.
11	SENATOR KAMINSKY: Okay, thank you.
12	Do you have enough staff to help
13	implement the CLCPA?
14	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: We do. You
15	know, it's a multi-agency endeavor. We
16	DEC is cochair, along with NYSERDA. The
17	heads of major agencies, the commissioners of
18	major agencies are also staffing the panels.
19	We've been thrilled to have some
20	support from the Division of Budget to
21	increase our staffing within our climate
22	portfolio, so we actually have a few FTEs
23	arriving to help out on that.
24	This is going to be a multiyear

Τ	endeavor, as the economy rebounds and the
2	hiring freeze is lifted. We hope the
3	we'll have the opportunity to direct staff
4	accordingly.
5	SENATOR KAMINSKY: Do you intend to be
6	part of a the New York effort to help
7	encourage the federal government to open up
8	more lease areas in the New York fight for
9	wind energy or in the coastal waters that
10	BOEM oversees?
11	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Absolutely.
12	You know, we have an amazing opportunity with
13	offshore wind. And the Governor's talked
14	about that forcefully. We now have a partner
15	in Washington that I'm quite confident
16	understands the need to build out our
17	offshore wind infrastructure as quickly as
18	possible.
19	We are at the table, we've been at the
20	table with offshore wind, we've worked with
21	the Department of State on this for years.
22	We're ready to do whatever we can as an
23	agency to support the Governor's buildout.
24	SENATOR KAMINSKY: That's very good to

1	hear
^	

In a veto message almost two years ago, the Governor took the step of banning the dangerous insecticide chlorpyrifos. Can you please tell us what steps were made in furtherance of that directive and where things stand now, please?

DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Sure,

Senator. So we are on schedule. We have
already banned the aerial spraying of
chlorpyrifos. Pursuant to the veto message,
there will be one final season this spring of
spraying on apple tree trunks. And then at
the end of this year there will be no further
use of chlorpyrifos in New York. We already
have actually pulled the registration for
25 different chemical additives as of last
December. So we're on target.

Assemblyman Englebright and I have a bill on extended producer responsibility to help us come up with an innovative way to tackle the recycling crisis our state faces.

1	Have you reviewed the bill? And do
2	you believe the DEC and the second floor
3	generally is interested in pursuing the idea
4	of EPR and helping to get New York to be the
5	first state to adopt it?
6	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Well, I
7	think as you know, Senator, we are believers
8	in EPR. We've worked together on electronic
9	waste, paint stewardship, a range of other
10	issues. We had proposed some EPR last year
11	that we tried to work on together.
12	I think at this point we are more than
13	willing to work with you on EPR. The waste
14	crisis isn't going away. There's an enormous
15	amount of packaging, for example, that's in
16	the environment. And I think there are, you
17	know, sensible ways to address this that
18	don't put a burden on consumers or on New
19	York businesses.
20	SENATOR KAMINSKY: Thank you so much.
21	Can you please tell me whether you
22	believe New York is doing enough to get more
23	electric vehicles on the road? And do you
24	believe that allowing companies to sell

1	directly to	consumers	might	be a	good	way	to
2	help advanc	e the CLCP	A's goa	als?			

answers there. I think we have an amazing commitment to electric vehicles here in New York. We've got 7,000 charging stations right now. The Governor then just a few months ago announced the Make Ready initiative, which would get us to 50,000 charging stations by 2025. We have our electric vehicles rebate, which has been very successful, 30,000 electric vehicles sold with those rebates. We have 75,000 EVs since 2013, I think better than 48 other states.

You know, that said, of course we can do more. I think we need to take advantage of the incredible interest in this and now the lower prices for EVs and do what we can to help consumers. We are part of a now multistate initiative on medium/heavy-duty vehicles to get those electrified by the mid-2030s. We're moving our bus fleets into renewables with MTA 100 percent renewables --electric, by 2040, and then the five big

1	upstate	fleets	bу	2035.

2 So it is a major commitment of the 3 state to electrify, and we certainly want to 4 do what we can to support that.

SENATOR KAMINSKY: Thank you.

Assemblyman Englebright and I had written you a few weeks back about certain endangered species that we're very concerned might be removed from the Endangered Species List, chief among them the gray wolf. We're wondering if you've had a chance to review, and where is the state's process right now in terms of the possible delisting or the keeping as an endangered species the animals we referenced?.

DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Sure. Well,
I can at least confirm that there are no gray
wolves in New York at this point.

But we have the regulations out there, which are guided by science. They're overdue. We certainly see opportunities to remove certain species from the list because they have rebounded, and there's some species of concern that we need to keep on the list

1 and perhaps enhance protections for.

We have -- within the next few months

we will have fully considered all of our -
all the public comments. We have yours, and
they've been very helpful. Expect to come

out with some pronouncements out about that
in the spring or summer.

8 SENATOR KAMINSKY: Okay, I appreciate 9 that.

And one of the tremendous privileges of being the chair of this committee is the time I've gotten to spend in the Adirondacks, particularly in the High Peaks. I see Ranker Stec has now sat up in his chair.

Wanting to know if there are any innovative plans to address overuse that the DEC is considering, perhaps a pilot program of a reservation system or some other ways to address the overuse issue. I know

Assemblyman Englebright and I stand ready to work with you and come up with some innovative ideas on that. And just wondering what you have planned to possibly roll out on that score.

1	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Sure. Well,
2	listen, Senator, as far as I'm concerned,
3	this year was a significant problem in terms
4	of parking and impacts on trails. And by the
5	same token it was a boon to communities
6	you had, during an economic downturn, lots of
7	traffic within some of the communities in the
3	park.

So I think we are looking at all options for the Adirondacks. We convened the High Peaks Advisory Group for that purpose.

I gave them no constraints. I said I wanted to hear all the recommendations that they could come up with and help us address this issue and ultimately create more sustainable use.

We like the numbers in the

Adirondacks, but we certainly want to make it
safer and better for the environment. So we
are considering all of our options. As far
as a permitting system, as I've said publicly
several times, that needs to be the last
option. We need to exhaust all of our
remedies before that, and that involves doing

1	what we've talked about publicly and with
2	you, launching a shuttle system something
3	that we wanted to do last year that we
4	couldn't because of the pandemic investing
5	in our trailheads, in our trails, something
6	that we started to do last year aggressively
7	and now, with the hopeful removal of the
8	pandemic, will allow us to get back in the
9	back country and rebuild some of these trails
10	to last a lot longer.

Communications. I mean, not everyone needs to go to the High Peaks. The High Peaks is an incredibly beautiful place, I love going there with my family myself, but the Adirondack Park is massive and there are so many places to venture that don't require you, you know, parking on a really busy stretch of highway and being on a crowded trail.

So we are all in on this. I think we need to be honest with ourselves and look at all of the potential options. I just need to triage which ones are going to be most effective in the short term, and there are so

1	many challenges when it comes to the concept
2	of a permit process.
3	SENATOR KAMINSKY: Okay, I appreciate
4	that. Thank you so much.
5	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
6	SENATOR KAMINSKY: Thank you, Chairman
7	Krueger.
8	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
9	Assemblymember.
10	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, thank you.
11	Before we go to our EnCon chair, I just
12	wanted to mention I'm not sure if I
13	mentioned that Assemblywoman Barrett was here
14	from the beginning of the hearing, and we
15	were joined by Assemblyman Carroll.
16	And on behalf of my ranker,
17	Assemblyman Ra, I just wanted to acknowledge
18	that Assemblymembers Simpson, Manktelow,
19	Gallahan and Lemondes also have been with us
20	at the hearing.
21	And now we go to our EnCon chair,
22	Assemblyman Steve Englebright, for
23	10 minutes. Thank you.
24	THE MODERATOR: You are muted,

1	Assemblymember.
2	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Okay. You
3	should be able to hear me now.
4	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Yes.
5	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Good
6	morning, Commissioner.
7	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good
8	morning, Assemblyman.
9	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: First I just
10	want to reinforce what you said about the
11	heroic way in which your staff has stepped up
12	to assist the citizens of the state in this
13	pandemic. I've seen that firsthand here at
14	my own district, where you have your regional
15	office and also are running one of the
16	screening sites for the pandemic. I tip my
17	hat to you, and I want to say thank you for a
18	job well done.
19	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
20	Thank you very much. I'll pass that on to my
21	staff.
22	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: I have a
23	number of questions.
24	The top priority probably is climate

1	in this state. And the CLCPA authorized the
2	formation of six advisory groups, including
3	energy-intensive industries. However,
4	detailed information from those meetings
5	isn't always available for the public or the
6	Legislature. And the CLCPA is based on the
7	ideal of public engagement and involvement.
8	So within that context, what steps are
9	being taken to ensure that advisory group
10	information is complete and available to the
11	public and to the Legislature?
12	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good
13	question, Assemblyman.
14	So we are meeting at a very aggressive
15	clip, not just the CAC but the six panels
16	plus the Climate Justice Working Group, the
17	Just Transition Working Group. We've had
18	dozens of meetings.
19	And as I've instructed all of the
20	panel chairs, these meetings need to be made
21	available to the public and all meeting
22	materials need to be posted online. And that
23	has happened.
24	Now, what also happens is there are

sidebar meetings when convenient, sort of
subpanel meetings with two or three members
when they can discuss as needed between the
formally scheduled meetings. So I've
encouraged that. I haven't told them that
they must have those meetings in public,
because it's simply impossible to do so, you
know, at 8 o'clock, 9 o'clock at night when
someone has to address an issue.

Nonetheless, all the materials that come out of these subpanels and panels is being posted and will be made available, and we try as best as we can, given the somewhat challenging circumstances of Zoom, to communicate from the panels up into the CAC, so you see those broadly attended meetings online, all that information is being shared.

There's no question we want the public involved in this. If we don't have the public involved in the CLCPA proceedings, it will be much more difficult to communicate the solutions to them in the long run. So you have tapped into a very important point.

ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: I hope you

1	sharpen your pencil and continue to refine
2	ways to communicate on this important topic.
3	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Always.
4	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: The CLCPA
5	requires state agencies and authorities to
6	invest no less than 35 percent of overall
7	benefits of certain spending to benefit
8	disadvantaged communities.
9	How much funding does the Executive
10	Budget contain for this purpose this year?
11	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Well, there
12	isn't a specific line item for this purpose
13	this year.
13 14	this year.  Right now we have the Climate Justice
14	Right now we have the Climate Justice
14 15	Right now we have the Climate Justice Working Group, which is charged with defining
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Right now we have the Climate Justice  Working Group, which is charged with defining  what a disadvantaged community is. That work  is underway. Remember, those investments  will be made pursuant to the ultimate  definition. We have an interim definition  that the group has agreed upon which will  help guide interim investments.

1	within the agencies that there needs to be
2	investments to those levels. It's a 35
3	percent mandate, but I've told the public
4	that we want to exceed 40 percent if we can.
5	We have the RGGI regulations that went
6	out this year that actually adhere to that.
7	They're built into the RGGI regulations is
8	a mandate for 35 percent investment pursuant
9	to CLCPA.
10	And as you know, within our
11	environmental justice portfolio we've been
12	putting millions of dollars into
13	capacity-building grants, youth job training,
14	and community empowerment grants, all
15	administered by DEC through the EPF. So
16	that's something that is critical to our path
17	moving forward.
18	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Thank you.
19	You said in your opening statement
20	that we have, quote, a fully funded EPF.
21	Despite that, however, the EPF contains a \$3
22	million decrease, from 16 million to
23	13 million, for the Zoos, Botanical Gardens
24	and Aquariums Program, which is of course one

1	of the main ways that the public learns about
2	and becomes invested into the environment,
3	through our environment teaching, learning
4	and research institutions.
5	How do you explain and reconcile that
6	we have, quote, a fully funded EPF and such a
7	massive cut to this important education and
8	research
9	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Sure. Year
10	to year, as you know, Assemblyman, we make
11	adjustments to the EPF based on the projected
12	needs that we see coming down the pipe. Some
13	of those needs might be policy-based and some
14	are simply project-based.
15	As far as the ZBGA line, a critical
16	line, when I took over in 2015, that was
17	under \$10 million. We boosted it to about
18	15, 16 for a series of years. We proposed to
19	drop it this year only to help fund other
20	very important programs, including a boost to
21	the Environmental Justice line and others.
22	So that's the only reason for it.
23	We're totally committed to the ZBGA

associations. I'm a frequent patron, with my

1	kids, myself.
2	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: The
3	Environmental Justice line is going up
4	1 million. It still leaves 2 million out
5	there. I would just ask you again to sharpen
6	your pencil here. This is a priority.
7	The other priority here is the Land
8	Acquisition Program, which shows a decrease
9	of \$1 million. Why is this being decreased?
10	And why and if you could, tell us
11	something about recent and planned
12	acquisitions.
13	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Sure.
14	Well, we have made considerable
15	investments in land over the years. Again,
16	much like the ZBGA line, we do propose
17	fluctuations to the Land line. We have a
18	variety of funding sources, as you know, for
19	land, not just through the EPF but the Clean
20	Water Infrastructure Act. We intend to
21	reinvigorate that this year with both DEC and
22	Ag & Markets, you know, setting aside land
23	through those funding schemes.

So the actual dollars available for

1	land acquisitions, land protection, is much
2	greater than what you see in the EPF. We
3	had even with the pandemic, we closed on
4	31 projects last year, nearly 9,000 acres
5	across the state. We've completed, as you
6	know, some of the big acquisitions up in the
7	Adirondacks and the Catskills and elsewhere.

And between DEC and Parks, we are proposing a land acquisition line this year that comports with what we think we can purchase this year. As opposed to having an arbitrary figure in there that we try to meet, we want to know what land we can actually purchase. So that's what the line reflects.

ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Thank you.

The budget includes something for rail-advantaged housing. The Executive proposal includes Article VII legislation to authorize the DEC to establish uniform standards and conditions to expedite environmental approval of residential rezoning projects within a half-mile of Long Island Rail Road and Metro-North stations

1	outside	of	the	city.
Ţ	outside	ΟÏ	the	City

This is out of left field, really.

And I'm just wondering if you could, you know, explain why the DEC needs to get involved in local zoning, and what is the purpose? And where did this legislation idea come from?

DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Goodquestion.

So we're hearing talk within the CLCPA of encouraging communities that are walkable and more proximate to mass transit, ways to get cars off the road. As you know, the LIRR and Metro-North corridors are very congested, and consumers more and more -- residents have been more interested in taking mass transit as opposed to having to jump in a car.

So that's something we're trying to encourage from a policy perspective. And I think just to be very clear, what we see our role in this year is to consult with a range of agencies and localities to generate basically guidelines that the local counties and of course municipalities can choose to

1	adopt to streamline the process of making
2	these denser housing opportunities proximate
3	to the rail lines.
4	And something from a policy
5	perspective I think is going to be helpful.
6	But ultimately it's not something we're
7	telling communities to do, or counties, it's
8	something that we're providing as an option
9	to those that seek to opt in.
10	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: I see.
11	Each year I ask you this question; I'm
12	going to ask you again. Does the DEC have

Each year I ask you this question; I'm going to ask you again. Does the DEC have the staffing resources necessary to fulfill its permitting and oversight obligations?

And I know you've asked for seven FTEs for the CLCPA. If you could, tell us how that additional staff would be assigned.

DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay. So I will say that we do have the staff we need at DEC. We've had extraordinary support from the Governor and the Division of Budget for the last six years. Slightly up since I took over. And this year we learned the extent to which the DEC can continue to manage its core

operations even when faced with, you know,
loaning a thousand staff to the pandemic
response and being able to keep up with our
core mission demands. A fairly astounding
year in that sense.

So we have made adjustments over the years when needed. We go to DOB and ask the budget director for assistance where we think we have some real programmatic needs. This year happens to be in the work of the CLCPA. So adding expertise -- attorneys, professional staff, technical staff -- to support the work that we see coming our way through the work of the CLCPA.

We can get to the end of the scoping plan with the staff that we have, but I think what we are going to see is an increase in the number of regulatory proceedings, the permanent applications that are going to be coming our way, the coordination with other agencies as renewables are built around the state. So that's mainly what the seven FTEs are designed to get us ready for.

CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.

1	So we'll go to the Senate. And, Chair
2	Englebright, you'll have an opportunity to
3	have a second.
4	Senate?
5	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Sorry about that.
6	Thank you very much.
7	We're going to go to our ranking
8	member of the committee, Senator Stec.
9	Are you there, Senator Stec?
10	SENATOR STEC: I'm here. Can you hear
11	me? Excellent.
12	Commissioner Seggos, good to see you.
13	Happy New Year.
14	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,
15	Senator, good to see you.
16	SENATOR STEC: Yup. And like my
17	colleagues, the chairs of EnCon, said before,
18	I'll also say thank you for the work you're
19	doing, you and your department on the
20	pandemic. I had the opportunity to be in
21	Plattsburgh the other day, and I saw some DEC
22	people, along with DOH and DOT, getting ready
23	for a vaccination site up there at the
24	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: You know what,

1	Senator Stec? This is Liz again. Are you
2	the ranker on EnCon or
3	SENATOR STEC: Yes.
4	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: You are the
5	ranker on EnCon.
6	SENATOR STEC: Yes.
7	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Great, you're
8	just fine. Please continue. Thank you.
9	SENATOR STEC: Okay, no problem.
10	Thank you.
11	And I was delighted that my new chair,
12	Senator Kaminsky, asked about the Adirondack
13	trails. As you know, that's near and dear to
14	my heart. You can see over my left shoulder
15	I've got my 46er plaque hanging up there.
16	I want to tell you, I just want to
17	agree, for those that were paying attention
18	to the Senator's questioning, I agree with
19	your direction there as far as your take on
20	the permitting and what needs to be done. We
21	certainly need more infrastructure money
22	spent in there.
23	Can you update us, very briefly, on
24	where we stand with all the projects that are

1	going on in the High Peaks, both the I
2	know some of them are tied up with some
3	litigation efforts. But the tree cutting,
4	the constitutional amendments to be prepared
5	for the World University Games that are
6	coming in 2023, and obviously the associated
7	work with the trailheads and trail
8	maintenance and, you know, what timber and
9	all that that the lawsuit's doing there.
10	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Sure. Well
11	as you know, the lawsuit impacts some of our
12	work, some of our ability to create
13	additional parking, some trails that might
14	help to connect certain areas in the park.
15	But we also understand that we are
16	able to apply NY Works funds to improve
17	parking conditions and improve a number of
18	the trailheads across the park, the
19	high-volume trailheads within our plans in
20	the coming year, plans that we had last year
21	that we weren't able to undertake because of
22	COVID. We aim to improve a number of those
23	very high-volume areas.
24	We've seen, again, really good input

from stakeholders as well as the High Peaks

Advisory Group on locations that are of

particular concern.

The shuttle service that we're going to be working on with the Town of Keene and others, again, getting people from centralized parking locations into trailheads on a reliable basis.

I expect that to begin in earnest this year. The investments that are being made into the ORDA facilities are remarkable, not just at the Mount Van Hoevenberg site but really at Whiteface and across the board, those investments. Some of which, of course, require constitutional amendments, but some don't. As I'm sure you've seen the work at ORDA, it is proceeding fairly aggressively.

So we are constrained in some sense by the litigation when it comes to some of the recreational enhancements that we wanted to make in the Adirondacks, but we understand that in terms of overuse we have some tools available to us now that I'm confident this year we'll be able to undertake.

1	SENATOR STEC: I appreciate that. And
2	I know my time is limited, so I apologize for
3	jumping around a little bit.
4	I want to thank you and congratulate
5	the Executive; some of the things I've seen
6	proposed I'm very supportive of. The EPF
7	generally, where we are maintaining that
8	level of funding, given everything, all the
9	pressures that we have, I think is important.
10	Specifically the commitment to aquatic
11	invasive species, all our waterways, Lake
12	George specifically, but others in the North
13	Country.
14	The hunting age, proposal to lower the
15	hunting age, I know that that's a little
16	hot-button issue for some of us on this call.
17	But could you just talk briefly you know,
18	how does New York's hunting age rates compare
19	to other states?
20	And with this proposed move, that will
21	be a revenue enhancer; that might soften the
22	blow for some people. How does that put us
23	in line with what other states are doing?
24	And what statistics might be out there

1	that would point to whether or not, you know,
2	teenagers hunting is a safety issue or not
3	relative to other states' experiences?
4	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good
5	questions.

So we are the last state in the U.S. that does not allow juniors, age 12 and 13, to hunt big game, deer and bear. Our proposal is, I believe, a very responsible one. It gives those-aged individuals a chance to go in the woods, get a license, but only when supervised by an adult. And that's typically the -- what we see in other states across the country.

It happens to be the safest population of hunters out there. Why? Because they're being supervised, they're learning, they're fresh out of the course. And it's a chance to really generate the next generation of hunters. As you know, the hunting population is aging nationwide. License sales have been dipping nationwide. We've been doing all we can to sustain this incredibly important sport, which is a big part of the upstate

1	economy, and have seen really strong returns
2	particularly in 2020 with people heading
3	outside and hunting in record numbers.
4	Juniors already hunt, that's the
5	important thing. Individuals aged 12 and 13
6	are already allowed to hunt small game. So
7	this merely extends it to big game. We will
8	see enhanced revenue, it's about 10,000
9	additional licenses that we expect to sell
10	every year. Those are 10,000 hunters who are
11	possibly going out of the state and spending
12	money elsewhere.
13	So for us it's a chance to get those
L 4	kids before they go into, you know, careers
15	and sports or Xbox or whatever, get them
16	interested in conservation. And it's a very
17	important conservation tool for us.
18	SENATOR STEC: Well, I appreciate
1 9	that And as a general rule, anything we can

that. And as a general rule, anything we can do to prevent anything from leaving the state to go have a better positive experience elsewhere I think is a good idea. So I think this is an example.

If I could, one more very brief

question. I always asked every year when I was the Assembly ranking member on EnCon for eight years whether or not -- and I know the answer, because I understand that we all have bosses and, you know, that we've got to carry the water for. But I get concerned about how much we're tasking your department more and more every year with newer and newer initiatives without additional staffing and additional resources. So it continues to be a general concern of mine. I won't put you on the spot and ask you to answer the question whether or not the boss's budget is good enough for you.

But specifically, you know, in the High Peaks in particular, but in the North Country -- and as many of you know, I'm the son of a retired Forest Ranger, in full disclosure. I'm a DEC guy and I'm in the corner, generally speaking, of the Rangers because I grew up with one, I was raised by one. The numbers on Forest Rangers in the Adirondacks and in the state is relatively consistent today with what it was when I was

Τ	a teenager and my rather was an active hanger
2	in the Adirondacks. But yet we own a lot
3	more public land now, we have a lot more
4	people recreating in the Adirondacks. I
5	mean, I've seen the numbers and it's been an
6	exponential growth. We've been talking about
7	I say high use, I don't like to say
8	overuse in the Adirondacks. But there is a
9	need for more Rangers. And again, given this
10	climate, I understand that there's real
11	challenges with that. But I also get very
12	concerned and I'd like to see if you could
13	comment on there's been some discussion off
14	and on over the years about consolidating
15	titles and merging Rangers with ECOs. And
16	again, growing up, I'm familiar with the ECOs
17	as well. My dad worked side by side with
18	them. Different missions
19	THE MODERATOR: Sorry, Senator, your
20	time has expired.
21	SENATOR STEC: different skill
22	sets. So if you could comment on that
23	quickly, Basil.
24	And I apologize, Chairwoman, I'm done.

1	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay,
2	assuming I have the time to comment on that,
3	absolutely, the Rangers have been doing
4	incredible work. Of course all of our
5	divisions do incredible work, and we do have
6	the resources we need.
7	We have made adjustments with the
8	Ranger force over the years. Since I've been
9	here, we've had three classes. So the Ranger
10	force in general is up. When it comes to
11	managing the high use in the Adirondacks, we
12	have brought in the expertise of a range of
13	other divisions and agencies, including State
14	Police, DOT, to improve safety. It's a major
15	issue for us. We always look to adjust the
16	force as needed. And certainly if the
17	economy improves and our budget picture
18	improves statewide and the hiring freeze is
19	lifted, we'd look to hold an academy in the
20	foreseeable future.
21	But, you know, we need to apply the
22	best possible sort of science to how we to

how we police those areas. I tip my hat to

the work that the Rangers have done, but I'm

23

1	grateful also to the work of DOT and many
2	other agencies that are pitching in around
3	the edges and really making an effort for us.
4	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
5	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: I am not
6	interested in a merger at this time. You
7	raised that point. Right now we're looking
8	at enhancing the roles of both divisions
9	separately.
10	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you,
11	Commissioner.
12	SENATOR STEC: Thank you.
13	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Assembly.
14	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes.
15	Before we go to our ranker on EnCon,
16	quite a few members have joined us since we
17	started: Assemblymember Lupardo, chair of
18	our Agriculture Committee; Assemblyman
19	Cusick, chair of our Energy Committee;
20	Assemblymembers Mamdani, Williams, McMahon,
21	Buttenschon, Seawright, Cymbrowitz.
22	Assemblymember O'Donnell, chair of our
23	Tourism Committee, and Assemblymember Cook.
24	And now we go to our ranker on EnCon,

1	Assemblymember Smullen.
2	I just want to remind members to keep
3	an eye on the clock because the time is both
4	for your question and for the commissioner's
5	answers. Thank you so much.
6	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: And if I could,
7	before the clock starts I'm sorry I
8	should introduce Senator Anna Kaplan, Senator
9	Brad Hoylman, Senator José Serrano,
10	Senator Sue Serino, Senator Daphne Jordan. I
11	think those are the Senators who joined us
12	since last. Senator Kevin Parker. Senator
13	Pete Harckham.
14	Thank you. Excuse me for
15	interrupting.
16	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Sure. Now we
17	go to Assemblyman Smullen for five minutes.
18	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Thank you, Madam
19	Chair.
20	Mr. Seggos, it's great to see you here
21	this morning, my friend.
22	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good to see
23	you again.
24	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Thank you for

1	your service to our state, thank you for your
2	service to our country. I see over your
3	right shoulder your souvenir of your Afghan
4	adventures. It's good to see you.
5	I'll keep it, in the interests of
6	brevity, rapid-fire questions here so we can
7	get to what we need to talk about.
8	Clean water, EPF, Superfund, you know,
9	lots of money for infrastructure. Has the
10	pandemic affected the rate of build of that
11	infrastructure in 2020, and how is it going
12	to affect 2021? Very briefly.
13	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Very
14	briefly. Obviously we saw major impacts to
15	construction across the state particularly at
16	wastewater level, in the last year there's an
17	enormous pent-up demand. We've made good
18	strides, invested up to \$5 billion over the
19	last five years. But 2020 was a blip, and we
20	need to obviously get our men and women back
21	to work at wastewater, and that's what the
22	Governor hopes to do with these grants.
23	I will note that while grants didn't

go out in 2020, we did make over \$2 billion

1	in loans out of EFC for wastewater
2	infrastructure. So that was a very important
3	set of loans that we put out.
4	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Good. And it's
5	good to see updating hundred-year
6	infrastructure like the Conklingville Dam,
7	and the state bearing that share as opposed
8	to the five counties that benefit from the
9	flood protection in that area. So that's
10	very heartening to see.
11	Mr. Stec has hit a little bit on
12	Forest Rangers and EnCon Officers. Recently
13	we passed body cams for state police
14	officers. Do we need body cams for our
15	workforce in the forests and byways?
16	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good
17	question. I'm not sure how that would work
18	with many of our back-country areas. You
19	know, as you know, we have a limited amount
20	of cell coverage in the back country. It
21	hasn't been something we've discussed. It's
22	something that, of course, pursuant to the
23	Governor's leadership on public safety, we
24	would fall under that guidance.

1	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Sure. Yeah, I
2	know we need more cellphone coverage in rural
3	areas so we have universal cellphone
4	coverage. We need universal broadband. We
5	need universal cellphone coverage in New York
6	State so the Rangers can do their jobs, so
7	the ECOs can do their jobs. That would be
8	very important going forward.
9	So a couple of technical questions
10	about DEC itself. Were you contacted
11	involving the automatic voter registration
12	effort and whether DEC could be involved in
13	that? There's almost a million hunters, you
14	know, fishermen, people that interact with
15	DEC every year, wouldn't that be a great way
16	to encourage people to participate in the
17	democratic process?
18	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So I am not
19	certain about the automatic voter
20	registration, whether we were contacted on
21	that. We certainly have a huge list of
22	hunters and anglers in New York that are
23	regular purchasers of licenses, but I'm not
24	aware of a connection there.

1	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Sure. Sure.
2	And then a separate question, separate area.
3	You know, we're in the budget we're
4	going to legalize marijuana and we're going
5	to get 20 million to you know, a few
6	hundred million into the outyears. Has any
7	thought been put back I mean, last year we
8	enacted a ban on fracking. Has there been
9	any thought within DEC as far as costing out
10	what the benefit to the state would be if,
11	instead of Pennsylvania doing it, that we
12	were able to do it ourselves here and take
13	that economic benefit and then, you know,
14	kind of patch the hole in the COVID-19
15	economic budget crisis?
16	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So you're
17	saying have we explored the potential
18	benefits of fracking in New York?
19	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: What the
20	economic benefits would be if fracking were
21	not banned.
22	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: No, I not
23	since we not since I've been at DEC. We
24	have certainly and are looking very

1	aggressively at the potential benefits of
2	renewable energy buildout in New York, costs
3	and benefits of a transition of our economy
4	to lower-emitting technologies. Certainly
5	the what you'll hear from NYSERDA today,
6	and DPS, is the result of our investments in
7	offshore wind and solar, you know,
8	potentially bringing us 150,000 jobs here in
9	New York.
10	So I know that our the bulk of our
11	efforts are focused on how we transition away
12	from some of those traditional sources into
13	the new ones, and where we can really
14	generate long-term sustainable jobs.
15	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Great. And
16	along the lines of Chair Englebright's
17	question, is there anything that the
18	department, you know, could need, you know,
19	looking forward and forecasting for this
20	coming year to help with the pandemic?

Is there anything that the department

parks.

21

22

23

Anything temporary that needs to be --

because we've had some great usage of the

1	would need temporarily to be able to nelp
2	with that coming out of this COVID crisis?
3	People are going to recreate this year, and
4	that's a good thing. We need to keep them
5	for the long-term. But how can we help?
6	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: No doubt.
7	Thank you for raising that, Assemblyman.
8	I mean, I think we are very well
9	covered when it comes to our preparedness for
10	the coming year from a recreational
11	perspective. If we need any help with
12	anything, it's frankly, you know, getting
13	Washington to help bail out our the state
L 4	and local impacts to our economy. And I
15	think that's really, to my perspective, what
16	will change the playing field for DEC and
17	most of our executive agencies.
18	THE MODERATOR: Time has expired.
19	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Thank you very
20	much for the time today. I really
21	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good to see
22	you, sir.
23	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Good to see you,
24	sir.

1	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thanks.
2	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Senate?
3	THE MODERATOR: Chair, you are muted.
4	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go to the
5	Senate for
6	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Oh, I'm sorry, I
7	didn't have my voice on. Excuse me.
8	I want to explain that when you raise
9	your hand, you go into the list, but it's
10	actually giving chairs and rankers top
11	priority. But I'm actually going to be
12	following it's Helene's choice for the
13	Assembly the time that I saw you actually
14	raise your hand or you had texted me that you
15	had a question.
16	I'm not going to stay in the order you
17	might be seeing it on your screen, because
18	that would prioritize people just because
19	they're a ranker or chair on one of four
20	different committees.
21	So with that in mind, so that people
22	don't go "Why did you skip me?", I'm not
23	skipping you. The first person who asked was
24	Pete Harckham.

1	SENATOR HARCKHAM: Thank you,
2	Madam Chair.
3	Commissioner, terrific to see you.
4	Thank you for
5	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good to see
6	you as well.
7	SENATOR HARCKHAM: I'm sorry, I know
8	we've been trying to reach each other these
9	past few days. I look forward to speaking
10	with you in detail about some of these
11	issues.
12	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Me too.
13	SENATOR HARCKHAM: I only have three
14	minutes, so I'll get right to it.
15	First, I want to say your team in the
16	Hudson Valley, Kelly Turturro and her team
17	are fabulous, they are absolutely fabulous,
18	so kudos there.
19	I want to talk about water. In my
20	district, water, water, water. You know,
21	I've got East of Hudson Watershed in my
22	district. Almost all my communities are
23	living with enhanced MS4s for phosphorus
24	reduction. We also have local reservoirs,

1	neighborhood	lakes.	So	water	is	really	top
2	of mind.						

The absence of infrastructure, aging septics, not only is an environmental issue, it's an economic development issue, it's an affordable housing issue, yadda yadda yadda.

We have legislation that both houses passed that would have monitored 40,000 miles of streams, which the Trump administration had deregulated. So the veto message was we didn't have the personnel in DEC to do that.

We're bringing on 47 people to deal with climate change and resiliency issues, which is fabulous. I don't have a problem with that, I applaud that. But could we not have maybe put 40 folks on climate change and seven people onto the water side of the shop?

DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good question. So I think conceptually we agree that we'd like to improve protections for our streams and watersheds. It's something we've been talking about for several years.

As you know, we had proposed an effort last year in the budget that unfortunately

1	wasn't successful. And then when we saw
2	your the Legislature's effort during the
3	session on streams again, conceptually,
4	certainly not a bad idea. But it gave us
5	pause as we looked at it. It could have
6	demanded dozens of staff, as we began to be
7	unpack what that would have meant for the
8	agency, right in the middle of the pandemic
9	when we were in a hiring freeze and people
10	were working from homes and shelters. That,
11	for us, was a reason why we I think put a
12	hard look on that.

Can we improve our already aggressive watershed protection rules and regs? Yes, we can look into that, and we'd be happy to talk with you about it. But I think it's really important to understand that that would have layered onto our staff an enormous burden in the context of a very challenging economy.

SENATOR HARCKHAM: Okay. In my 10 seconds left, I just want to put on your radar streamlining funding for lake protection and cleanup. It's -- you know, you have some of it, the State Department has

1	some of it, EFC has some of it. So we need
2	to find ways to streamline that, and be happy
3	to speak with you.
4	And also enhanced treatment unit
5	decentralized septic regulations, we'd love
6	to speak with you about that. About a third
7	of the cost of a conventional sewage
8	treatment plant.
9	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Got it.
10	Let's get a call going on that. Be happy to
11	talk with you more about it.
12	SENATOR HARCKHAM: Terrific. Thank
13	you.
L 4	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thanks. I
15	appreciate it.
16	SENATOR HARCKHAM: Thank you, Madam
17	Chair.
18	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Assemblymember.
19	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: I just needed
20	to unmute. Next on the Assembly side, for
21	three minutes, Assemblyman Burdick.
22	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: Trying to unmute
23	here.
24	THE MODERATOR. You are unmuted.

1	Assemblyman.
2	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: Okay, thank you.
3	So thank you, Madam Chair.
4	And thank you, Commissioner, for your
5	work.
6	With the CLCPA mandate to move
7	entirely to renewably sourced electricity,
8	some advocate simply prohibiting the issuance
9	of permits for new fossil-fueled power
10	plants. I'd like your thoughts about that
11	and, more broadly, how we can disincentivize
12	new fossil-fuel plants and incentivize
13	renewably sourced plants.
14	And if we can get to the question,
15	East of Hudson Watershed Corporation, which
16	Senator Harckham mentioned highly regarded
17	entity. Would you favor money for water
18	quality improvement projects to go to the
19	corporation, which as you know is compromised
20	of many municipalities in the Hudson Valley?
21	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay, two
22	great questions, Assemblyman.
23	Let me take the first one on climate
2.1	and fossil fuel infrastructure. As you know

1	the Governor has put extraordinary emphasis
2	on building out renewables in New York. That
3	is our emphasis. You'll hear about that from
4	DPS and NYSERDA today, the billions of
5	dollars that will be moved into those
6	technologies that ultimately are now becoming
7	extremely cost-competitive with traditional
8	sources of energy.

So I think in some respects you're going to see the marketplace nationwide, with some pronouncements coming out of Washington now. The marketplace will further incentivize the buildout of that infrastructure, whether it's wind, solar, bringing in hydro more effectively, improving our transmission lines, the work that NYPA is going to be doing on reducing constraints within the grid. All of that will have an extreme impact on bringing cheaper sources of energy, cheaper and cleaner sources of energy to New Yorkers. And that, in a way, might edge out some of the more traditional sources over time.

We don't have the authority to say no

1	to a particular type of industry or
2	energy-producing business. We certainly
3	through the CLCPA, though, will be looking
4	for ways to hit our emissions targets or beat
5	our emissions targets, and that's going to
6	involve, you know, breaking down barriers and
7	finding ways to incentivize the types of
8	emissions-reducing technologies that we all
9	need.
10	In terms of East of Hudson
11	Watershed really New York City DEP
12	waters we're absolutely committed to
13	helping DEP build out its watershed
14	protection efforts. As you may have heard,
15	we were able to get \$200 million to the city
16	just last week for out of the Clean Water
17	Infrastructure Act, and that will be applied,
18	I know, to some of these municipal projects
19	within their watershed.
20	And the Environmental Facilities
21	Corporation is always available to help make
22	grants. The only question would be is
23	whether or not the loans they're able to make
24	are going to be cost-competitive with the

Ţ	rates that the city can get itself.
2	But we understand that it is the
3	largest source of unfiltered water with
4	highest quality in the world, and we need
5	to do everything we can to avoid any kind of
6	filtration on that work spot.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: Last question,
8	if we can get to it, reducing our waste
9	stream. Deposits on wine and liquor bottles.
10	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Uh quick
11	answer.
12	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: I'll deal with
13	it offline. Thank you very much,
14	Madam Chair.
15	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
16	Thank you so much. We'll go to the Senate.
17	Just before we go to the Senate, if
18	you don't have time to ask a question, if
19	it's really important and you need it done
20	publicly, you can include send me if
21	you're on the Assembly side, send me email.
22	But we certainly can ask, post-hearing, the
23	commissioners for responses that will
24	circulate to all members. Thank you.

1	Senate?
2	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Same thing for
3	Senators. Thank you, Helene.
4	We were also joined by Senator Jim
5	Gaughran.
6	And our next question is Senator
7	Michelle Hinchey.
8	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
9	You're still muted, Senator.
10	SENATOR HINCHEY: Turn on the video,
11	not the mute.
12	Hello. Thank you, everyone. I will
13	jump in. Commissioner, thank you so much for
14	being here.
15	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,
16	Senator.
17	SENATOR HINCHEY: We talk a lot about
18	the Adirondacks, but many of our DEC lands
19	outside of the Adirondacks, specifically in
20	the Catskills, don't get as much attention
21	and are facing the same problems with
22	significantly less resources.
23	Many of the DEC-maintained parks in
24	the Catskills were overutilized this summer,

T	as we've talked about and we saw everywhere.
2	This was particularly apparent in my district
3	in places such as Platte Clove in Greene
4	County. How can we support places currently
5	designated as wilderness with the needed
6	infrastructure to handle the new population?
7	They need things like safe walkways, parking,
8	Forest Rangers and stewards, and other
9	infrastructure, both for the safety of guests
10	but also for the protection of the land and
11	resources, which are currently unavailable in
12	part due to their designations.
13	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Great
14	questions.
15	I think the Adirondacks only gets more
16	attention in the press. We're giving it a
17	great deal of attention here at DEC. We have
18	two regions that cover the Catskills, and it
19	is part of our history.
20	So we are very well aware of the usage
21	issues in the Catskills, in particular last

year but really for the last few years,

incredible visitorship, we had to move into a

places like the Blue Hole, which saw

22

23

permit system in this very narrow corridor.

We've been making investments in the Catskills to drop people to centralized locations to help them get to places. I'm sure you've seen we have money in the budget for the visitor center in -- the Hinchey Visitor Center there on Route 28. Again, we're using locations like that to help educate visitors to all the various places that they can go in the Catskills.

We have dedicated staff and stewards at fire towers in all of the various locations around the region. We expect to put at least \$2.6 million in NY Works into trailheads and improving parking lots.

We also convened this year the

Catskills Advisory Group, so -- last year we
convened the High Peaks Advisory Group in the

Adirondacks to help us deal with high-usage
issues there. We then appointed, a few

months ago, the Catskills version of that,

which is going to look at broader issues

within the Catskills to help advise me on

ways in which we can better manage tourism in

1	the Catskills again, a good thing for the
2	hamlets but a tough thing for the back
3	country in some respects.
4	Very important for us to link
5	communities all across New York to these
6	wonderful places. These are our
7	constitutionally protected lands, and we
8	understand our obligation to protect them.
9	SENATOR HINCHEY: Thank you. And with
10	my 20 seconds left, Assemblyman Englebright
11	touched on the cuts to the EPF Farmland
12	Protection Program, which I really
13	appreciate. But additionally, in 2020 the
14	Environmental Facilities Corporation did not
15	accept any new applications or award any new
16	grants for the Water Infrastructure
17	Improvement Act. In my district much of the
18	water infrastructure is almost 100 years old.
19	As we've heard already on this call, it's
20	across New York State, and in urgent need of
21	upgrades and repairs.
22	Understanding we're facing financial
23	hurdles, but when will a request for
24	proposals be issued and grants to start

1	again?
2	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Great
3	question. As I said earlier, we're intending
4	to move ahead this year with our planned \$500
5	million program for clean water. We
6	obviously have last year where we hit the
7	pause button on the spending in the RFP, and
8	it's a question right now as to how the
9	economy recovers as to whether or not we can
10	look back at 2020 and see if we can address
11	some of those needs.
12	But again, we did make \$2 billion of
13	grants of loans, I'm sorry, out of EFC
L 4	last year. Grants and loans go best
15	together. Hopefully 2021 will be better than
16	2020.
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
18	Assembly.
19	SENATOR HINCHEY: Thank you very much.
20	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thanks a
21	lot.
22	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
23	Now we go to Assemblymember
24	González-Rojas.

1	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: I think
2	you're on mute still.
3	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GONZÁLEZ-ROJAS: Hello.
4	Can folks hear me and see me? Great.
5	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Gotcha.
6	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GONZÁLEZ-ROJAS: Thank
7	you to the chairs.
8	And thank you to the commissioner for
9	the update that the Climate Justice Working
10	Group, established by the CLCPA to identify
11	disadvantaged communities throughout the
12	state, is up and running.
13	My district includes the Queens
L 4	neighborhoods of Jackson Heights, East
15	Elmhurst, Corona and Woodside. We're just
16	south of LaGuardia Airport. We're just east
17	of several peaker plants in Astoria and Long
18	Island City. And we have Northern Boulevard,
19	which is essentially a highway that tears
20	through the center of our district. So we
21	have obvious pollution concerns and harms to
22	our neighbors.
23	We're a very dense working-class
24	community that lacks green space. And I want

1	to ensure that impacted communities like mine
2	have a voice.
3	So could you provide more color to the
4	ways in which the communities will be engaged
5	by the working group and the timeline for the
6	working group to complete its work? I think
7	I heard you earlier say December 2021. But
8	if you can provide a confirmation of that.
9	And I want to know if it will be done in time
10	to inform the Climate Action Council's draft
11	scoping plan.
12	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay. Good
13	questions.
14	So yes, it is the objective of the
15	Climate Justice Working Group to provide that
16	direction on really what a definition of a
17	disadvantaged community is. It may sound
18	simple, but it is somewhat complicated: What
19	data sets do you use, and then how do you
20	ensure that that definition then comports

That work is underway in parallel.

The two -- effectively, the two bodies, if

you want to call them that -- are

with the work of the CAC?

1	communicating with one another. We are
2	narrowing the definition right now, the
3	definition of disadvantaged, down to
4	something that we believe is going to be
5	workable. And this is obviously being done
6	not just by DEC and NYSERDA, but by the input
7	of the working group itself, and in
8	consultation with the many members of the CAC
9	and its various panels.

But it also is between me and Doreen. It's our mission to ensure that once we do the scoping plan and get that rolling, that we exceed the targets, frankly. I think we have to, based on everything we've known about the disproportionate impacts in communities of color and other disadvantaged communities, that we have to ensure that this incredible law, which will impact the entire economy of the state, that the benefits are being felt in an equitable way.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN GONZÁLEZ-ROJAS: Thank you so much. And will it be done in time to inform the CAC?

1	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Yes, it
2	should be.
3	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GONZÁLEZ-ROJAS: Okay.
4	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Yup. We
5	expect to take public comment on the
6	definition within the next few months.
7	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GONZÁLEZ-ROJAS: And,
8	sorry, will there be language accessibility
9	for those who are not English-dominant?
10	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Yes. We
11	will make that as we do with most of our
12	programs, we have language accessibility
13	options, and certainly for this one we would.
14	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GONZÁLEZ-ROJAS: Great.
15	Thank you so much, Commissioner.
16	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
17	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
18	We go to the Senate.
19	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you. New
20	State Senator John Mannion, from Syracuse.
21	SENATOR MANNION: Thank you. I
22	appreciate the time.
23	Very quickly, so I represent parts of
2.4	the Finger Lakes, including Owasco.

1	Skaneateles, and Otisco, and of course this
2	is an issue that's of great concern as it
3	relates to harmful algal blooms.

I'm wondering -- I read over the summer about the Army Corps of Engineers and that they have new emerging technologies related to addressing these. Is there any funding or planned set-aside for the state to purchase something like what the Corps of Engineers have, which are these habitats or ultrasonic wave systems that could be deployed in New York State and moved from lake to lake to address when we are either suspecting that a bloom will occur or that -- or preemptively?

16 Thank you.

DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Senator,

great question. I'm glad you asked it.

We're actually partners with the Army Corps

on that. We started out that in Lake

Chautauqua, that particular device. We also

tested it down on Long Island at Lake Agawam.

We have also been developing, in conjunction with SUNY ESF in your district,

1	as well as Cornell and Clarkson, our own
2	technologies. We've been developing that.
3	It's somewhat akin to the approach of the
4	Army Corps habitat project. We've been
5	testing it, as I think I put out a release in
6	sort of mid-to-late summer, testing it on
7	Lake Neatahwanta near Rochester and Oneida.
8	That is underway right now. We put a
9	little over \$11 million into HABs research
10	and response last year. All of the Finger
11	Lakes have some level of coverage for HABs.
12	We talked about those kinds of devices.
13	Those are devices that address the problem
14	after it's already happened.
15	We're also putting our resources into
16	fixing the problems in advance and trying to
17	reduce the frequency of HABs. Skaneateles,
18	Otisco, Owasco, we put money into Owasco
19	wastewater and drinking water intakes so that
20	hopefully we can get out of the business of
21	having to respond over time and more into

protecting the watershed itself. But it's --

for us, in that part of the state, that's our

number-one issue.

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Τ	SENATOR MANNION: Great. That's great
2	to hear. I'm glad to hear that we are ahead
3	of it in that regard. I appreciate it.
4	And I don't know how much time I have,
5	I am not timing myself, so please, any of the
6	leaders of the hearing can cut me off
7	THE MODERATOR: Thirty seconds,
8	Senator.
9	SENATOR MANNION: Thank you, really.
10	Can you speak to the status as far as
11	Class 3 streams? I know that there was
12	legislation last year that was vetoed by the
13	Governor. Thank you.
14	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Sure. Happy
15	to talk about it. We have we do have
16	among the most protective protections for
17	streams in New York of any state.
18	That legislation, as it came to us
19	last year, had a fairly extreme fiscal to it.
20	We projected probably dozens of staff that we
21	would have needed to apply to it.
22	So I think as I said earlier, we're
23	willing to work with the Legislature on ways
24	in which to improve our stream protection

1	program. We're totally committed to clean
2	water across the state.
3	We've been putting lots of money into
4	protecting watersheds through the EPF as well
5	as through the Clean Water Infrastructure
6	Act. It's a core priority. And if there are
7	regulatory loopholes, we want to close them.
8	SENATOR MANNION: Thank you.
9	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
10	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
11	Assembly.
12	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, we go to
13	Assemblywoman Woerner.
14	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Hi.
15	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Hi, there.
16	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you,
17	Madam Chairwoman.
18	And thank you, Commissioner, for your
19	testimony. As always, there's a million
20	things that we could talk about with respect
21	to the work of DEC, and I appreciate your
22	thoroughness.
23	I want to drill down on the
24	sportsmen's programs that are in the policy

1	section of the budget this year. And I know
2	that Senator Stec asked you questions earlier
3	as well, so I want to follow up on that.
4	You mentioned both crossbow
5	expanded crossbow hunting and youth hunting
6	as an important conservation tool for DEC.
7	Can you speak quickly to the habitat benefits
8	that these proposals are anticipated to have?
9	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Of course.
10	It's a great question. I mean, hunting is a
11	very important conservation tool, certainly
12	for us. You see deer populations if you
13	just talk about deer, deer can wreak havoc in
14	forests, they can wreak havoc in our
15	certainly in our urban and suburban areas as
16	well. They accidents with deer on roads,
17	there's about 70,000 accidents a year,
18	incredibly.
19	So there are real issues that we need
20	to contend with when it comes to managing the
21	deer population.
22	Increasing the number of hunters in
23	New York and making sure the sport of hunting
24	is viable over time, that is a very important

1	objective of ours as we see the hunting
2	population largely aging. Kids who get into
3	hunting perhaps are exposed to it too late,
4	and their interests have gone elsewhere,
5	they've gone into computer games, they've
6	gone into other kinds of sports. And I think
7	the opportunity we can give youth hunters
8	ages 12 and 13 again, supervised, safe
9	bring them into the sport of hunting, expose
10	them to the sport of hunting, and make them
11	lifetime hunters.
12	It's only a good tool for us to help
13	manage the landscape better. The
14	predator/prey balance is out of whack in New
15	York when it comes to our deer populations,
16	and we need to have a viable hunting economy
17	in order to control the landscape.
18	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you.
19	And since this is a budget hearing,
20	you had mentioned that 10,000 additional
21	licenses are anticipated as a result of this.
22	How much is that, in terms of dollars, is
23	that estimated to add to the conservation
24	funds?

1	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good
2	question. I can't tell you the exact number.
3	I know that we were looking just at the
4	license figures. Ten thousand licenses is
5	a it's a big number. And in conjunction
6	with crossbow, expanding the crossbow and
7	allowing crossbow to be used during the bow
8	hunting season, again, another boost to the
9	conservation funds with the number of
10	individuals that would seek to enter the
11	season at that time.
12	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you.
13	And then, just finally, for people who
14	don't know, how are those conservation funds
15	used?
16	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS:
17	Conservation funds are used not just on the
18	landscape but also to support key staff that
19	are doing conservation work, our ECOs as well
20	as some of the wildlife biologists that are
21	helping to manage the herds.
22	But we also apply some of those
23	conservation fund dollars right back into the
24	landscape and into hunting opportunities.

1	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you very
2	much, Commissioner. That's all I have.
3	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
4	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Senate.
5	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
6	Senator Rachel May.
7	SENATOR MAY: Thank you.
8	And it's great to see you,
9	Commissioner.
10	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good to see
11	you, Senator.
12	SENATOR MAY: I wanted to follow up on
13	my wonderful new colleague John Mannion's
14	question about harmful algal blooms. And
15	I've got to tell you, ESF is in my district,
16	not his.
17	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: My bad.
18	SENATOR MAY: But that's okay, I'm
19	willing to share.
20	What does DEC do to monitor thermal
21	pollution in our lakes and streams? Because
22	that's one cause of the harmful algal blooms,
23	or factor.
24	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: No doubt.

1 We apply a science-based approach to 2 all the lakes and particularly the lakes that 3 were part of the Priority Water Bodies List when we launched the harmful algal blooms 5 initiative. We wanted to get a sense of what was happening on the lakes, so it involved 6 7 exploring the nutrient levels as well as exploring the temperature levels and how that 8 changes over time. 9

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So we're well aware that there is a connection between temperature and algal blooms. There's also a connection between nutrient inputs. And also there are some mysteries out there as to what triggers these blooms, and also what triggers them to become not just a bloom, which isn't necessarily itself a bad thing, but when it becomes toxic it certainly is.

No doubt climate change is playing a role in this. We're having milder winters. We're having more severe storms. The July 4th storm a few years ago put a huge amount of nutrients in a short period of time into Skaneateles Lake, for example, and

1	triggered a bloom for the first time in
2	memory. So there's no doubt that these
3	things are happening.
4	And whenever we have a permittee, for
5	example, that's discharging into one of the
6	Finger Lakes or nearby water bodies, and if
7	it's a hotter discharge, we're requiring
8	monitoring on that. So there is a connection
9	there.
10	SENATOR MAY: Good. Thank you.
11	And I also want to talk about oil and
12	gas industry waste. We passed my bill to
13	for DEC to monitor that or to declare that as
14	hazardous waste, but there's still oil and
15	gas industry waste being used for deicing and
16	controlling dust on roads in New York. And
17	how do we get to the point of banning that
18	practice?
19	I have a bill to do it. Is DEC in
20	support of that?
21	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So we are
22	working on the regulations pursuant to the
23	law that was passed last year. We expect

that to go to the public this year.

1	You're referring to in terms of the
2	brine that's applied to roads, salt applied
3	to roads in the winter as a deicer. That's
4	something that certainly communities have
5	relied upon. It ends up being somewhat less
6	if applied correctly, potentially less
7	polluting than just rock salt. So I defer to
8	some of my DOT colleagues on the better
9	applications between the two. But we're
10	aware of the issue. There's a limited
11	universe of oil and gas operators here in
12	New York, and that's where that material is
13	likely coming from.
14	SENATOR MAY: All right, thank you
15	very much.
16	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
18	Assembly.
19	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We have next
20	we go to Assemblyman Otis.
21	ASSEMBLYMAN OTIS: Hi, there,
22	Commissioner. How are you doing? Good to
23	see you.
24	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good to see

1	you, Assemblyman.
2	ASSEMBLYMAN OTIS: So I want to talk a
3	little about clean water and certainly
4	compliment the folks at DEC and EFC
5	especially for, even during the pandemic,
6	getting the 2019 grants processed and getting
7	the 2020 loans out the door, which has been
8	very efficient, very helpful. They have not
9	missed a beat.
10	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good.
11	ASSEMBLYMAN OTIS: So thank you for
12	that.
13	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: I'll let
14	them know. Thank you.
15	ASSEMBLYMAN OTIS: Thank you.
16	So we have, with the Governor's
17	multiyear commitment of clean water, the most
18	robust clean water program in the country.
19	We took a year off last year because of the
20	pandemic, and I think everybody understands
21	that. The expectation is we're going to have
22	a new round of clean water funding, a new
23	round of WIIA grants out the door.
24	Can we look at a situation where,

1	since we took a year off we have the
2	\$500 million commitment. But if the
3	applications come in to be more robust than a
4	normal year, can we look for other kinds of
5	funding sources to do better than the
6	\$500 million, to do better than the
7	\$300-plus-million that probably gets spent on
8	WIIA, to try and meet those applications if
9	they come in? Do we have contingency plans
10	to try and make that happen?
11	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: It's a good
12	question, and certainly something we're aware
13	of and are thinking about. It's premature
14	for me to answer at this time where we might
15	be in a few months when the CFA does go out.
16	Hopefully we'll be in a better place
17	economically. I know the Division of Budget
18	and the the Budget Director is aware of
19	the importance of the program and fully
20	supports it. If there's more we can do,
21	obviously we always want to.
22	We are able to move somewhat
23	creatively when we need to. So in terms of
24	the expediency of enhancing the program,

1	that's something we can look at later in the
2	year.
3	ASSEMBLYMAN OTIS: That would be
4	great. That would be all that I can ask.
5	And I think there's an opportunity; there's a
6	lot of pent-up need.
7	The last question, different topic.
8	On EPF, some of the EPF funding from
9	2020-2021 has been spent, other lines have
10	not been spent. I think it would help the
11	whole budget process if we can get a rundown
12	of what money actually has been and or will
13	be disbursed line by line within EPF, and it
14	would help us round out how we prioritize our
15	part of the budget discussions for EPF going
16	forwards. I think that would be a great
17	assist.
18	And again, thank you for the great job
19	that you do, everyone at DEC during the
20	pandemic. And New York will continue to lead
21	in a lot of these areas with all of us
22	working together.

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DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,

Assemblyman. We'll work with you on the EPF

Τ	spending and get that out to you.
2	ASSEMBLYMAN OTIS: Great, thank you.
3	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: And
4	Commissioner, if you could share that with
5	both myself and Chair Krueger.
6	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Will do.
7	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Now we go to
8	the Senate.
9	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
10	Senator George Borrello.
11	SENATOR BORRELLO: Thank you so much.
12	And Commissioner, thank you very much
13	for your service and thank you for being here
14	today. Also I want to thank you for what you
15	have done with harmful algal blooms. You
16	mentioned Chautauqua Lake. That's in my
17	district. And there's some great
18	ground-breaking stuff there this year with
19	Army Corps, so I appreciate that very much.
20	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Absolutely.
21	Thank you.
22	SENATOR BORRELLO: My question
23	pertains to the fast-tracking of green energy
24	projects. You know, I think in addition to

1	silencing local opposition and also cutting
2	out local governments and local regulations,
3	it also seems to be in direct conflict with
4	DEC's mission to protect the ecology and
5	environment of our area as well as protecting
6	our natural resources.

You know, you've been able to fast-track projects that have bypassed protecting natural habitats and endangered species. So that's really my concern, is that this, quote, unquote, fast-tracking is also bypassing the normal DEC due diligence that we have when it comes to green energy.

There's also probably no greater representation of that than the

Thruway Authority and their fast-tracking of those industrial wind turbines that they placed at Thruway exits in Western New York that now stand as a symbol of government waste. But also there were no public hearings, there was no -- they did not adhere to any of the DEC rules. And now, because they are inoperable because they were purchased by a foreign company that's now

1	bankrupt and can no longer get parts, they
2	stand as really a symbol of what happens when
3	you fast-track something and and in the
4	end to something that's critically important
5	to preserving the integrity of our ecology
6	and environment.
7	I'm very, very concerned, particularly
8	when you start talking about offshore wind in
9	our freshwater lakes. And I understand that
10	there's a need and push for renewable energy.
11	But how will DEC ensure that we are not
12	causing more damage than we are doing
13	anything beneficial?
14	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good
15	questions. And I can tell you that DEC is
16	very much in the mix on all of our efforts to
17	fast-track renewables here in New York. We
18	helped to create the Office of Renewable
19	Energy Siting last year. It went through the
20	Legislature and ultimately, with DPS and DEC,
21	creating the regulations that will govern
22	that.
23	We are thoroughly involved in that.
24	We understand our role is to protect the

1	ecology of the state, to ensure that
2	permitting takes place during any projects.
3	And I know we can accomplish that with a
4	degree of urgency because the climate crisis
5	is an urgent matter.
6	We know that we have to reprioritize
7	the way we do business in New York, and
8	certainly within DEC to be able to respond to
9	some of these applications that are coming
10	across. I know we can do it. I know that my
11	staff is empowered to do that. That's why
12	we're asking the Legislature for support to
13	increase our staffing levels within the
14	Climate Office. That will then help us
15	address some of the concerns you raise on the
16	ecological impacts.
17	SENATOR BORRELLO: Thank you.
18	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
19	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
20	Assembly.
21	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go to
22	Assemblyman Carroll.
23	ASSEMBLYMAN CARROLL: Good morning,
24	Commissioner Seggos. And thank you so much

1	for	being	with	us.	And	thank	you,
2	Chai	r Weir	nstein	and	Chai	r Krue	eger.

I want to go back to a question one of my colleagues had asked before. Considering the aggressive goals of the CLCPA and the Governor's words in his State of the State that we must replace fossil fuel plants with clean energy, no ifs, ands or buts -- that's a quote from the Governor from two weeks ago -- do you agree that the state should stop allowing for the construction of any new significant fossil fuel projects and that the DEC should use its permitting authority to block any such projects?

DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good question. I do agree with the Governor, we need to transition away from fossil fuels and into a renewable energy economy. And by the way, it happens to be a fantastic economic opportunity.

That's exactly what we're doing with the CLCPA CAC, is finding a way to create this economy-wide scoping plan which will then reduce those emissions.

1	We do not have the authority to say no
2	to projects when they come to us. We have to
3	process applications. Do we give it a hard
4	look? Absolutely. The CLCPA now gives us a
5	hook, with Section $7(2)$ , where we can begin
6	to ask more rigorous questions of the
7	applicant about both the existing and
8	proposed and then downstream impacts from a
9	climate perspective on on our
10	ASSEMBLYMAN CARROLL: Commissioner,

let me just cut in here, because I have
limited time. If the State of New York -- if
most of our non-carbon energy -- I think
40 percent of our state energy is produced by
non-carbon sources, but the vast majority of
that is nuclear or hydro, all of which was
built decades and decades ago.

Why does the DEC not have authority — and if you really don't have authority, what does the Legislature need to do to make sure that we turbo-charge the production of renewable energy like solar and wind and stop the production of dirty fossil fuel pipelines and power plants that keep us addicted and

1	keep the economic incentive for the State of
2	New York to keep using natural gas and other
3	carbon sources? What do we need to do? How
4	does that get there?

DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Assemblyman, this is exactly why the Governor -- after he said those words, he then went into an incredible speech about the investments that we are going to make in our renewable economy: Offshore wind, onshore wind and solar, \$4 billion of investment, 150,000 jobs. You know, hitting our targets within the CLCPA. And that's also why we created the Office of Renewable Energy Siting, fast-tracking those projects.

Again, as I said earlier, we will get to the point where those technologies can out-compete the traditional energy technologies. Now, I will direct you to DPS and NYSERDA for some of the details on that because, again, I'm not an energy expert.

But, you know, being part of the administration and the work that we're trying to do on it, I'm confident we can get there.

1	ASSEMBLYMAN CARROLL: Thank you.
2	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
3	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Assembly.
4	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
5	Senator Pat Ritchie.
6	SENATOR RITCHIE: Commissioner, I
7	first want to say how much I appreciate your
8	responsiveness and your staff's
9	responsiveness to issues that are important
10	to all of us in our districts.
11	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,
12	Senator.
13	SENATOR RITCHIE: One of them has been
14	the flooding issue, which you certainly are
15	well aware of, and the \$300 million that the
16	state committed to the REDI Commission.
17	I'm just wondering if you could give
18	us a status update on the progress, what
19	money has been disbursed, approved, any
20	additional projects that are identified. And
21	is there a way for us to actually view where
22	we're at in that process, given the water was
23	down this past year? I'm just wondering if
24	that was helpful in getting more projects

1	done	

2	DEC	C COMMISSIONER	SEGGOS:	Good
3	question,	Senator.		

Yeah, the water was down. And that did give us a chance to both get in there from a permitting perspective as well as the applicants to get in there and do the work.

We have about 91 percent of the permits already awarded. There's been 9 percent that submitted incomplete applications or deficient applications. So we've made great progress on that. That's corresponded to a lot of the work that's already taken place. We did ribbon cuttings up and down the coast of the St. Lawrence River and the lake itself.

We'll be happy to give you a more detailed accounting on that, but that work was really vital in 2020. It was able to continue, and it was able to provide some early protections to potentially future floods. So I think we are right now on a course toward a more moderate year -- that's my hope, at least -- that will enable some of

1	the projects that we announced the year
2	before last to get to completion.
3	SENATOR RITCHIE: Thank you very much,
4	Commissioner.
5	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,
6	Senator.
7	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
8	Assembly.
9	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: So we go now to
10	Assemblywoman Fahy for three minutes.
11	THE MODERATOR: The Assemblymember
12	appears to not be present.
13	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay. So we
14	will skip her and go to
15	ASSEMBLYWOMAN FAHY: I'm here. Hello.
16	Hello, I'm here. Sorry.
17	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay, Pat,
18	you're on.
19	ASSEMBLYWOMAN FAHY: Couldn't get the
20	muting/unmuting.
21	Thank you so much, Chair. And thank
22	you, Commissioner. Thank you for your
23	service to the state and to our country, as
24	well as to your staff.

1	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,
2	Assemblywoman.
3	ASSEMBLYWOMAN FAHY: Just a couple of
4	comments and then two questions.
5	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay.
6	ASSEMBLYWOMAN FAHY: I want to
7	reiterate so many of the comments in terms of
8	your work on environmental justice. Really
9	appreciate your staff work with the Lafarge
10	Cement Plant. We've had a number of
11	conference calls and we plan to do a couple
12	more on the tire burning there, so really
13	appreciate your responsiveness as well as on
L 4	plastic bags, as well as your earlier
15	comments on the environmental bond.
16	We would like to see that still be put
17	back in play this year so that we don't lose
18	time, especially with some resiliency issues
19	that are so important.
20	As well as your earlier comments on
21	PFOAs and emerging contaminants. I don't
22	think we can be aggressive enough.
23	Two questions, then. Electric
24	vehicles. You spoke a little bit earlier

1	this morning about some electric vehicles and
2	that can you talk a little bit about
3	replacement?
4	As you know, on electric vehicle sales
5	we are not even in the top ten of states in
6	this country, and nowhere near where
7	California is. Is there an effort to move
8	with replacing your fleet and encouraging
9	more on electric vehicles?
10	And then I have one other question
11	on if we can watch time. Thank you.
12	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay. So
13	absolutely, there's a huge emphasis on EVs
14	within state government right now. As I
15	mentioned earlier, the Governor is making a
16	major investment to get enough charging
17	stations out there. We're 7,000 stations
18	now, getting up to 50,000 stations by 2025.
19	So it's a fairly quick buildout.
20	It's the so-called Make Ready
21	initiative; we need to make ready the
22	infrastructure to enable enough charging
23	stations for people to actually plug in.
24	We have sold, in New York, 75,000 EVs

1	since 2013. That does keep us ahead of the
2	curve. But absolutely, we need to be able to
3	do more. We can lead by example with
4	transitioning our fleets for sure first to
5	hybrid, if there are no alternatives, and
6	then certainly into EVs over time, leading by
7	example.
8	ASSEMBLYWOMAN FAHY: Okay. Okay.
9	Thank you. And I look forward to working
10	with you more on that.
11	A lot of talk this year, I think after
12	the last couple of years, about marijuana
13	legalization. And it looks like timing is a
14	little bit better this year with some
15	movement on that. We've seen in some other
16	states that they're just now catching up on
17	recycling efforts as well as energy use. And
18	in fact in I think it's in Seattle where
19	they're actually having brownouts because
20	energy usage is much more intensive with
21	electricity as well as water use.
22	Are you involved in those discussions
23	with the Governor's office to make sure that,

one, we're ensuring there's recycling in

1	deposits, especially because there's a lot of
2	single-use on marijuana again, assuming we
3	are legalizing. Can you just talk about are
4	you involved in those discussions,
5	Commissioner?
6	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So I'm not
7	personally involved with it, Assemblywoman,
8	but we are one of the involved agencies in
9	the buildout of that industry. And certainly
10	when it comes to flagging issues that need to
11	be addressed as that industry is built out,
12	we will approach it as we do all other
13	agricultural industries, in partnership with
14	our friends over at Ag & Markets and
15	elsewhere. So we will be at the table.
16	ASSEMBLYWOMAN FAHY: Okay. Thank you.
17	I look forward to more on that.
18	Thank you, Chair.
19	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
20	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
21	We go to the Senate now.
22	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
23	Senator Sue Serino, who couldn't have
24	her hand up for some reason because Zoom

1	wouldn't allow her to.
2	Hi, Sue.
3	SENATOR SERINO: Good morning,
4	Chairwoman. And thank you so much. I'm
5	sorry, I don't know why it wasn't working.
6	And thank you, Commissioner, for
7	taking our questions.
8	And those who know me know that I'm
9	always talking ticks. So as you know, Lyme
10	and tick-borne diseases are a major problem
11	in the state. I actually live in the
12	epicenter. While I know the limited amount
13	of funding that the state has dedicated to
14	this issue in the past often goes through the
15	Department of Health or it's provided through
16	direct Aid to Localities, I'm incredibly
17	disappointed to once again see no real
18	funding lined out anywhere in this year's
19	budget proposal.
20	So I'm wondering if you can comment on
21	the scope of the problem from your
22	perspective and whether you believe the state
23	needs to do more to effectively address this

issue.

1	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So I will
2	ask you to raise that with the Department of
3	Health, because that is largely within their
4	purview.
5	You know, we see managing the natural
6	environment as something crucial for us. We
7	have a limited amount of land in Long Island,
8	downstate, certainly much more upstate,
9	working with Parks, working on the types of
10	things we can do to reduce the likelihood of
11	any tick-borne infections with visitors.
12	That's something that we stress with any of
13	our facilities.
14	We also need to do what we can to
15	control the populations of deer in the
16	suburban area. I mean, that is a major
17	vector, it's a major problem for us across
18	the state. And if we have an ability to
19	better manage the deer population, that will
20	take us a long way to addressing the tick
21	issue as well.
22	SENATOR SERINO: Yeah, and like I've
23	said, I'm always talking ticks, so I've

talked to the Department of Health about

1	this, and I talk to everybody about it,
2	because it's always a very big disappointment
3	for me that we don't have money dedicated in
4	the budget every year.
5	But it sounds like you are
6	acknowledging that you are aware of the
7	issues with ticks and Lyme disease, right?
8	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Absolutely.
9	I had Lyme disease myself, so I'm well aware.
10	SENATOR SERINO: You know. You know.
11	I mean, I have people talk to me all the time
12	like they can't function. It's just
13	devastating. Some people get so, so sick.
14	So I thank you, commissioner, for
15	acknowledging this, and thank you for taking
16	our questions today.
17	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,
18	Senator.
19	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
20	Assembly.
21	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
22	We go to Assemblywoman Lunsford.
23	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUNSFORD: Thank you so
24	much. Commissioner, I really appreciate you

1	being	here.

24

2	My district includes the High Acres
3	Landfill, which I'm sure you are well-versed
4	in. We have a solid waste disposal problem
5	in this state. It's at crisis levels. I'm
6	seeing here in the Executive Budget that
7	there's a \$40.6 million line item for solid
8	waste disposal programs. I'd like to know
9	specifically how the DEC is going to use
10	those funds to promote waste reduction and
11	also how to divert things from landfills.
12	I'd also like to know when the DEC's
13	SNM value for 2030 is going to be released.
14	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay, good
15	questions.
16	There's no question in New York we do
17	have we do produce too much waste. When
18	we produce it downstate, we've got to truck
19	it upstate or out of the state. We've got to
20	get to the point where we're just landfilling
21	less, burning less, recycling more.
22	So the EPF has been a powerful tool

for us over the years in helping us to

provide those grants. This year we are going

1	to continue that program. Controlling gas at
2	landfills, improving recyclables, the
3	recycling rates we've had a total downturn
4	in the recycling economy worldwide because of
5	some changes in China's acceptance policies,
6	which has caused us to struggle. Be happy to
7	give you breakdowns on where we're heading on
8	that with the EPF.

I will call your attention also to the organics legislation that we passed with you a couple of years ago that is set to go into effect on the first of 2022. We'll be making announcements about that soon. That will dramatically reduce the amount of organics waste going into landfills, including

High Acres and elsewhere. That's going to go, you know, into recycling as well as to food banks, reducing the amount of that food waste.

So happy to talk more about that with you. We can provide all the information we have on the process of reducing waste in New York and how we're going to address this crisis.

1	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUNSFORD: Thank you so
2	much.
3	I would like it if you could forward
4	some of those breakdowns to my office.
5	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Great.
6	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUNSFORD: Also, is
7	there any additional funding or legislation
8	that we could provide to help foster waste
9	reduction and landfill diversion?
10	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Well, as I
11	told the Senate chair earlier, you know, we
12	will work with you on any of the EPR
13	initiatives that you're discussing. It's not
L 4	in the Executive Budget, but we're very
15	familiar with the concept and how to make it
16	work, and we're doing it with electronic
17	waste right now, and we're doing it with
18	paint stewardship and other issues.
19	So I think that certainly, in terms of
20	reducing waste, is one of the more effective
21	ways to do it.
22	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUNSFORD: Thank you so
23	much.
24	And with my remaining seconds, I'm

1	going to ask you which of the DEC funds are
2	classified as clean energy funds, such that
3	they would be subject to that 35 percent
4	provision in the CLCPA?

DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay, good question. We don't make as many investments, if you will, in energy infrastructure as some of the other agencies might do, or we don't channel those types of dollars.

That said, we have a regulatory role and we will be involved in creating the regulations which then guide those investments from other agencies or private entities or quasi-public authorities.

We also, as you may know, we drafted the RGGI regulations this year, the update to the original greenhouse gas initiative, which then controls emissions from power plants.

We put in a 35 percent requirement into that, that investments within RGGI need to go pursuant to where we will end up with the CLCPA. So we're trying to get ahead of the spending on that and where we may land with the overall scoping plan.

1	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUNSFORD: Thank you
2	very much.
3	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
4	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
5	We go to the Senate now.
6	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
7	I just a little technical
8	assistance. Some people are saying that they
9	can't see the clock, so I want to point out
LO	if you take your mouse and you go to the box
11	that has the clock, you go to the top right,
12	three little dots will pop up. You hit that,
13	and choose that box to stay on the first
L 4	screen, so the clock will always stay on the
15	first screen of the hearing.
16	If you're losing Helene or me and you
17	find that sad, you can do the same thing for
18	our boxes, although we won't take offense if
19	you don't want to look at us today.
20	With that, Senator Tedisco.
21	(Pause.) Senator Tedisco, are you
22	around?
23	SENATOR TEDISCO: Yup.
2.4	CUNTOMOMAN POHECED. Obox

1	SENATOR TEDISCO: Can you hear me?
2	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: There you are.
3	SENATOR TEDISCO: Okay.
4	Commissioner.
5	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Senator.
6	SENATOR TEDISCO: You're looking good,
7	Commissioner. Thank you for your service.
8	You're looking healthy and youthful. The
9	stress isn't impacting you at all.
10	(Laughter.)
11	SENATOR TEDISCO: So congratulations.
12	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: I have a
13	filter. I have a Zoom filter right now
14	making me younger.
15	(Laughter.)
16	SENATOR TEDISCO: I want to ask you
17	about clean water and sublevel maintenance,
18	sewer, water, gas lines, sanitary lines. The
19	Comptroller says 30 to 35 to 40 billion of
20	maintenance. Now, we're not only talking
21	about roads and bridges, we're talking about
22	the sublevel. You've heard already some of
23	these lines are a hundred years of age. Just
24	validate this very quickly. Some are

1	actually made of wood.
2	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: I've heard
3	that. I'm not sure which ones, but I've
4	heard that.
5	SENATOR TEDISCO: It's true, though.
6	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Yup.
7	SENATOR TEDISCO: Okay? That's where
8	we are. You talked about grants, you talked
9	about loans. They take a while to get out
10	there. Rensselaer, Albany, Saratoga,
11	Amsterdam, every county across this state
12	Amsterdam had sewage going into the Hudson
13	River, was it last year or the year before?
14	Very bad situation out there. These are
15	emergencies.
16	We have a bill in place we passed when
17	we were in the majority in the Senate called
18	SWIAP, Safe Water Infrastructure Action Plan.
19	We have a CHIPS program, roads and bridges,
20	beautiful program based on a formula for
21	villages and towns. They fix their roads
22	with it. It's about a half a billion

dollars, 450 to \$500 million. The problem

with that, Commissioner, is they're putting

23

1	down beautiful roads now, and guess what's
2	happening? They're collapsing because of the
3	sublevel, and we're throwing good money after
4	bad because they don't have the funding to
5	fix the sewers and the sanitary and the water
6	lines.

Now, I know you can't cut a ribbon on a sewer line. Who's that fellow with Jackie Gleason? He worked in the sewers. Maybe he could put a ribbon there. It's not really big for the politicians.

It's unbelievably important for our constituents, not only in safety and health for the water -- the financial cost when you put down a line, a beautiful road or a bridge and it collapses because you can't maintain -- you know, we have the technology. We put visuals through the source. We can tell which ones are beginning to fail.

Before they put those new roads down with that CHIPS programs, shouldn't we have a program that we can really help them to evaluate the sublevel so they're not putting good money after bad?

1	And in an emergency, those grants and
2	loans are great, into the billions of
3	dollars. They take time. When it takes
4	time, that's a health concern when you can't
5	get that break fixed. Can you talk about
6	would you support something like that, a
7	sister program called SWIAP for sublevel that
8	we do for roads and bridges before we put
9	down great roads and they collapse because
10	the sublevel collapses underneath them?
11	Costs twice as much for local municipalities
12	and the state.
13	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Well,
14	Senator, I totally agree with you on the need
15	to prioritize water infrastructure. I will
16	disagree in that I would do a ribbon cutting
17	on a sewage project
18	SENATOR TEDISCO: All right.
19	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Let's do
20	those.
21	We do have a very robust program here
22	in New York. I mean, thanks to working with
23	you in the Assembly, now in the Senate, and
24	we've done this now every year since I've

1	been here, 2015 Clean Water Infrastructure
2	Act, the WIIA money. I mean, those programs
3	do take some time to get off the ground, but
4	those are billions of dollars that didn't
5	exist prior to 2015. Billions of dollars.

So what we've used is those huge infrastructure funds, the knowledge that we have of facilities around the state that are noncompliant, and the expertise that we have within the agency, trying to do a -- what we did in the '70s, which was a real buildout with those federal dollars -- which, by the way, we only get about 4 percent federal now of what we got in the past. Those federal dollars that we moved into rebuilding our infrastructure.

We're doing that now here at the state, clean water money, and the loans. And any of the emergencies that we've had, we've had emergencies, as you know, in Amsterdam, sewer line breaks where we've had to go in there and provide emergency dollars to get in and rebuild certain lines.

We're all in on this. We see this as

1	critical infrastructure. I think it's part
2	and parcel to the economic restoration of the
3	state when you have, you know, water lines
4	that are reliable and sewage plants that
5	aren't failing. It's easily half of my work
6	right now is in thinking about how to address
7	the water problems of the state.
8	SENATOR TEDISCO: Thank you,
9	Commissioner.
10	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
11	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
12	Assembly.
13	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, we go to
14	Assemblyman Palmesano.
15	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: Yes. Thank
16	you very much, Commissioner, for being here.
17	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,
18	Assemblyman.
19	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: I do see this
20	on three minutes. I'm supposed to have five
21	minutes, I believe.
22	But anyway, Commissioner, I did want
23	to start off I'm a supporter of clean
24	energy and renewable energy. I think it's an

1	important part of our portfolio. But I have
2	been a critic of the CLCPA, primarily because
3	New York only contributes 0.5 percent of the
4	total carbon emissions in the world,
5	3.3 percent of the total carbon emissions in
6	the United States.
7	And we know, from a portfolio
8	perspective, reliable, affordable and, yes,
9	clean should be a part of that portfolio.
10	Wind and solar is not reliable because it's
11	intermittent. It needs to be balanced with
12	conventional means. And our storage capacity
13	is not where it needs to be yet.
14	And I've been concerned, watching the
15	DEC and this administration stop interstate
16	pipeline projects for natural gas, further
17	impacting the supply and impact of the
18	overall market, affecting reliability and
19	affordability.
20	I really believe natural gas should be
21	a part of this portfolio. We know even
22	NYISO's own reports showed that the reason

carbon emissions have dropped over the past

two decades is because of natural gas. And I

23

1	get relatively concerned when I see our
2	business manufacturers, who need a reliable
3	source of energy and electricity to produce
4	their products, this is something I think is
5	a hindrance to that, not having that ability

And I've even witnessed firsthand in New York City where they're converting oil boilers, millions of homes' oil boilers to natural gas in one breath, but then wanting natural gas out in the next breath.

So I guess part of my question on this process is why the hostility it seems like always for these — to not approve these interstate pipeline projects when they're federally approved, and compromising affordability and reliability, but — probably in business development and growth, but probably more importantly on the cost side of it.

Are there any plans to do any cost analysis, detailed cost quantitative analysis, of the impact of the CLCPA, how it's going to have on everybody, from consumers, from ratepayers to businesses --

1	you know, actually delving down into the
2	impact this is going to have on electricity
3	rates, wholesale prices, delivery rates,
4	total bills, the costs it's going to cost for
5	businesses and homeowners to convert over
6	their homes from natural gas to other means
7	of electric I mean, I've seen estimates of
8	tens of thousands of dollars per family. I
9	mean, I've seen estimates of billions upon
10	billions of dollars a year.

Are there any plans to do any detailed analysis, cost-benefit analysis, especially on the cost side in dollars, real dollars, what it's going to cost the people of this state through their increased electricity rates, through impact on the manufacturing sector — to really delve into this? I think that's an important part of the transparency that we need. Is there any plans for that?

DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Yes, there is. And in fact in the work of the CLCPA this year we will undertake a detailed analysis of the benefits and the costs of all the proposals that we're coming up with.

1	We have, you know, all the state
2	agencies involved thinking about that now,
3	all the various panels thinking about that
4	now. We're taking input from the regulated
5	community. We have, you know, outspoken
6	members on the council who have been raising
7	this.
8	So absolutely we will. We need to
9	look at it as part of the overall economy
10	and, you know, see what the opportunity is
11	both for ensuring reliability, ensuring
12	impacts to ratepayers, but also opportunities
13	for the new industries that are coming and
14	ensuring that we're taking advantage of the
15	huge boom in renewable energy construction
16	internationally.
17	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: Any thoughts
18	on the pipeline projects?
19	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So we look
20	at every pipeline as we look at every single
21	project, we scrutinize it. And the big
22	projects that come in front of us that pose a

potential impact to water quality -- and

generally our jurisdiction is limited when it

23

1	comes to looking at an application like that.
2	There's not a veto or approval for a
3	particular type of material being moved in a
4	pipeline, there's merely what impacts it may
5	or may not have with the environment that it
6	will travel through.
7	So we scrutinize it, and ultimately
8	we're left with an analysis pursuant to our
9	water quality standards analysis, and we'll
10	approve or reject applications based on that
11	alone.
12	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: All right,
13	thank you, Commissioner.
14	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,
15	sir.
16	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you,
17	Commissioner, Assemblyman.
18	We go to the Senate now.
19	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
20	Finance Ranker Tom O'Mara.
21	SENATOR O'MARA: Thank you.
22	And good morning still, Commissioner.
23	Thanks for being here
24	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good

1	morning, Senator.
2	SENATOR O'MARA: with us today.
3	I want to commend you certainly on the
4	Clean Water Infrastructure Act work that's
5	been done over the years.
6	Can you give me a quick status on
7	since we started this clean water
8	infrastructure and I'm drawing a blank on
9	how many years it's been how much we have
10	allocated from the state towards clean water
11	infrastructure, how much of that has been,
12	you know, spent already, and how much is
13	already spoken for, so to speak?
14	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay, good
15	question. I think we're in our fifth year of
16	it right now, Senator. And I'll get you the
17	exact dollars. It's well over it's well
18	over 4 billion total, in total project costs,
19	so somewhere between 1 and 2 billion spent.
20	That's just on the grants, not on the loans
21	that have been triggered as well.
22	As we talked about when I first took
23	office, we were making about 30 percent of
24	our available loans out of EFC because

1	communities didn't want to take up the amount
2	of financing. Now, because of the grants,
3	they're taking the loans. And as I mentioned
4	even last year, there was so much interest in
5	the loan program that we put out \$2 billion
6	in loans for projects across the state.
7	So we can do a more detailed analysis
8	line by line on it, but it's been a very
9	successful program.
10	SENATOR O'MARA: Yes, it has. And
11	I've been happy to be a part of that and am
12	very thankful that that's continuing in the
13	budget this year.
14	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,
15	Senator.
16	SENATOR O'MARA: I want to applaud you
17	for putting the youth hunting and crossbow in
18	the Executive Budget this year. Has that
19	ever been proposed in an Executive Budget
20	prior to this year?
21	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: It has not.
22	This is the first time we've proposed it.
23	SENATOR O'MARA: Well, great.
24	Hopefully we can get some momentum behind

1	that and actually get it done for once.
2	On Lake Ontario and the REDI projects.
3	And the state certainly has done, I think, a
4	very good job in coming to the relief of
5	municipalities along the lakes in that
6	effort. And I think the IJC and the Water
7	Level Control Board is finally looking at it
8	a little more proactively to hopefully lessen
9	those issues going forward.
LO	But I think the state and it's a
11	problem with using state funds for private
12	property. There's been really a lack of I
13	think a shortcoming in what we've been able
L 4	to do for private property losses along the
15	lake.
16	Are there any efforts underway or is
17	the state looking into potential litigation
18	on this to recover some of these costs from
19	either the federal government or the IJC?
20	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good
21	question.
22	As you might know, we are involved in
23	litigation against the IJC on this very

point. I don't want to get into details

1	about it since the case is still pending, but
2	we're mindful of the impacts to shoreline
3	property owners.

The Governor, as part of the \$300 million directed to projects, a portion of that also is, as you know, \$30 million for businesses and homeowners who sustained losses over that time. So while many projects in homes we can't directly fund, we can certainly fund economic losses and have done so over the last two years.

It's been a very successful program,
lots of really good buy-in, a bipartisan
program where we've worked up and down the
coasts to address some of the worst problems.
And the projects that we selected were all
selected based on public input. So that's
something that I know will help to sustain
the --

SENATOR O'MARA: Well, I certainly thank you for your attention on that and, as we discussed just last night, the issues of the cormorants and taking efforts to lessen that population as they -- it has grown

1	exponentially in recent years, from my
2	personal observations, anyways, and I just
3	know how those birds go in and gobble up all
4	the fish that we spent so much time and
5	effort and expense to stock into the lake.
6	So I appreciate the efforts on that.
7	On the CAC, to follow up on
8	Assemblyman Palmesano's questions, is there
9	going to be an independent analysis of the
10	cost/benefits of what these projects are
11	going to cost, what the impact of the utility
12	bill on the ratepayer is going to be, and
13	exactly what we're gaining from it? Because
14	while certainly we're a leader in New York
15	State on all of these climate change
16	initiatives, you know, we can virtually zero
17	out everything in New York State and have nil
18	of an impact nationwide or globally.
19	So, you know, how much are we looking
20	at how this is going to make us more
21	expensive in New York State compared to what
22	we're really getting out of it and what
23	overall impact we're going to have?
24	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Well, I

1	think, Senator, part of the brilliance of the
2	CAC well, the CLCPA and of course the
3	bodies that it created, is that it empanels
4	independent actors. And we're having vibrant
5	discussions right now about these very
6	points. All of our meetings, certainly when
7	we sit down, we get the recommendations from
8	the panels themselves. It comes to us as the
9	CAC. We then have to work on a scoping plan
10	which then goes out to the public. It's due
11	at the end of this year, it goes out to the
12	public for comment.

We absolutely expect independent input in this process. I view the members as independent. They can raise flags as they see them. It's an important part of the process ending up where we need to end up.

You're absolutely right, we need to be a leader, but we need to do it the right way. I think we are on that path right now. And ultimately when we get public input on the overall project, that's going to enhance the work we've already done. But I think you'll be impressed with the depth of expertise

Τ.	that's already being applied to these very
2	questions.
3	THE MODERATOR: Time has expired.
4	SENATOR O'MARA: Thank you. Thank
5	you, Commissioner.
6	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,
7	Senator.
8	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Assembly.
9	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go to
10	Assemblyman Byrne.
11	ASSEMBLYMAN BYRNE: Thank you,
12	Mr. Commissioner.
13	First I want to echo some of the
14	comments that were said by my colleagues
15	earlier about Region 3 and Kelly Turturro and
16	the team that have been very helpful. We've
17	had some issues with some of our local lakes
18	and Lake Mahopac, and they've always been
19	accessible, so I wanted to make sure I gave
20	that a little shout-out.
21	Many of the same challenges with the
22	East of Hudson Watershed, MS4, phosphorus
23	reductions. I have a very specific
24	question and this would typically be

1	geared towards maybe the Secretary of State,
2	but because I think the program is
3	administered by the Department of State, but
4	I don't believe she participates in these
5	hearings. So I'm going to forward this to
6	you, and maybe you can be helpful.
7	One of the types of bills we've passed
8	in the Legislature quite frankly is the
9	inland waterway legislation where we
10	designate various local water bodies as
11	inland waterways, and there's supposed to be
12	funds accessible through the Environmental
13	Protection Fund, which we're hearing a lot
14	about today for waterfront revitalization.
15	And my question is it's really
16	more again, the Department of State's
17	website talks about some of the benefits of
18	communities that have LWRPs: Direction,
19	technical assistance and financial
20	assistance. How much money from our previous
21	budget actually went towards these
22	communities, and how much do we expect in
23	this budget to be geared towards communities
24	with inland waterways?

1	I bring that up because I know it can
2	be somewhat cumbersome to go through this
3	process and I'm wondering if your department
4	can work with the Department of State to try
5	to review that process and maybe make it a
6	little more accessible for these communities.
7	But I'm not sure if you have details on that
8	program at all, but I would like to just pose
9	that question to you.
10	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: I think my
11	other regional directors are jealous that
12	Kelly's gotten two shout-outs in this
13	hearing, so that will have to be addressed
14	offline.
15	But I will talk to the Department of
16	State, to Secretary Rosado about this
17	program. It is within DOS, but, you know,
18	we're a no-silos government, we'll talk to
19	her and see if we can get back to you quickly
20	on this.
21	ASSEMBLYMAN BYRNE: I appreciate that.
22	And just a follow-up to that, as we
23	have a new administration at the federal
24	level and they're talking about stimulus,

1	infrastructure dollars, I would think that
2	infrastructure for clean water would be part
3	of that. And I think infrastructure for
4	probably waterfront revitalization would be
5	part of that. And should the state access
6	more dollars from the federal government, I
7	don't want it to be swallowed up to fill some
8	other budget gaps. If it's for waterfront
9	revitalization, it should go towards
10	waterfront revitalization.
11	Perhaps this program could be one such
12	mechanism and if we can make it more
13	accessible, I think that would be helpful.
14	Thank you, Mr. Commissioner.
15	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Absolutely,
16	Assemblyman, we agree with the new interest
17	in the environment at the federal level. I
18	expect more dollars to come to New York and
19	all states on waterfront spending, water
20	infrastructure spending. Four percent of our
21	spending on the waterfront in New York is
22	federal. So that needs to change to go back
23	to the days where the feds took a real
24	interest in seeing this hidden infrastructure

1	rebuilt.
2	ASSEMBLYMAN BYRNE: Thank you.
3	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
4	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Senate. We go
5	to the Senate.
6	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
7	Senator Brad Hoylman.
8	SENATOR HOYLMAN: Thank you,
9	Madam Chair.
10	Nice to see you, Commissioner.
11	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good to see
12	you, Senator.
13	SENATOR HOYLMAN: I want to ask you
L 4	about an incident I'm sure you're familiar
15	with. Back in December a number of employees
16	of New York Waterway had claimed in a federal
17	lawsuit that the company for years dumped
18	hundreds of gallons of raw sewage, oil, fuel,
19	coolant, as well as batteries, aluminum
20	shavings and other pollutants into the Hudson
21	River, the East River, Upper New York Bay,
22	Lower New York Bay, and Raritan Bay.
23	Obviously this is a federal suit. But
2.4	I wanted to know if you could tell us what is

1	New York State's involvement thus far in this
2	investigation which I assume will be
3	conducted given that we have partial
4	jurisdiction, as does the State of New
5	Jersey, over the Hudson River.
6	And secondly, do you think that we
7	need to revisit the fines that we levy
8	against polluters? I mean, given the sad
9	history of the Hudson River in connection
10	with that an issue I know you've worked or
11	for decades and these egregious violations
12	by NY Waterway, if proven to be true.
13	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Well, I
14	can't comment on the extent to which we're
15	involved in the investigation on that because
16	it is a really serious matter. But as we do
17	with most joint federal-state criminal
18	investigations or civil investigations, we do
19	have extensive authorities. The Clean Water
20	Act, the federal Clean Water Act itself has I

So there are very -- actually very

proven of a criminal act.

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think a \$37,000 per day per violation and the

possibility of jail time if there is evidence

1	significant penalties can be assessed. I'm
2	not sure they need to be adjusted.
3	When it comes to, you know, our
4	involvement in these matters, as it
5	progresses and we can make public
6	pronouncements, I'll certainly bring you up
7	to speed on it. But any intentional
8	discharge from a vessel or a stationary
9	source like this would be certainly a
10	violation of state and federal law.
11	SENATOR HOYLMAN: Thank you.
12	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
13	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
14	Assembly.
15	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Assemblyman
16	Walczyk, you had raised your hand before.
17	I'm not sure if I don't see it now. Do
18	you want to ask
19	ASSEMBLYMAN WALCZYK: Yes, ma'am, I'm
20	here. Thank you, Madam Chair
21	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: You're on.
22	Okay.
23	ASSEMBLYMAN WALCZYK: I very much
24	appreciate it.

1	And Commissioner, awesome to speak
2	with you today. Thanks for your service to
3	our state, as always.
1	Toward to build on the second of

I wanted to bring up a couple of issues. Senator Patty Ritchie hit on the REDI Commission, so I just want to double down on that.

Anything that you think that you need from us as a Legislature, I would love to see the Assembly put forward in our one-house, a renewed investment in that. I think the Governor has, rightly so, invested in hardening our shoreline. He's putting good money into that and not, you know, dumping it into the river or the lake, as some things in the past had done. So thanks for the continued investment there, and I hope we continue to step up.

I also wanted to sort of preface something in the bigger picture. Now that the Keystone XL pipeline has been canceled by the Biden administration, Canada is still looking at producing those 800,000 gallons or barrels per day that were scheduled on going

1 through that pipeline upgrade.

My concern is that when you look at their capacity, some of that oil and that crude oil is going to end up on the St. Lawrence Seaway. Twenty percent of the world's freshwater we know goes through our Great Lakes and out our seaway, an area that you love to enjoy yourself.

I'm wondering what can the Legislature do to help you, and what is your agency doing right now to prepare for any possible disasters that might result from that increase in dependence on our shipping lane?

DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Yeah, you hit on a really core concern when it comes to moving that crude from Canada into the U.S. and beyond. You remember the Lac-Mégantic spill and explosion up in Canada a few years ago that devastated the village, killed a number of people.

And we've had a number of derailments.

I mean, chiefly that product is being moved

by rail. If it's not a pipeline, it's by

rail, more so than by boat. Nonetheless,

1	you'd see the crossings, a number of water
2	crossings with this product, and it does pose
3	a risk. If the rail network or the tank cars
4	are not up to federal regulations, then
5	there's a higher risk. If the rail lines
6	themselves, other than having been monitored
7	by CSX or any of the big rail companies, then
8	there's a higher risk.

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We take it very seriously. The Governor signed Executive Order 125 back in I believe 2015, which directed all state agencies to increase their awareness and activities to prepare for this. Now you've seen a downturn in the amount of crude that's traveled by rail in that period, but nonetheless we are more prepared for it. I wouldn't necessarily tell you that there's something the Legislature needs to do to enhance the protections. We even as a state are somewhat limited in terms of the Commerce Clause as to what we can -- what burdens we can put on the industry. But we can certainly get ready as a state for the worst-case scenario.

1	ASSEMBLYMAN WALCZYK: Thanks,
2	Commissioner. Good to see you.
3	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good to see
4	you as well, Assemblyman.
5	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: To the Senate
6	now.
7	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
8	I think we're back to come to my turn.
9	I always try to sort of bat cleanup for us.
10	Let's talk a little bit about plastic
11	bags, Mr. Commissioner. So many stores are
12	not yet complying with the plastic bag ban,
13	and I've already read that you have not yet
14	assessed a single fine for failure to comply.
15	Is that accurate? And have you been sending
16	out warnings? How is the department ramping
17	up for enforcement of our plastic bag ban?
18	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So we have
19	ramped up, Senator. We have ramped up our
20	activities. Our environmental conservation
21	police officers have been making visits to
22	noncompliant businesses.
23	We have seen a very good level of
24	compliance with the big box stores, as we

1	expected, and some of the larger companies
2	around the state. And there are always
3	holdouts. Right? You make the great
4	progress with 95 percent of the businesses,
5	and there's always that 5 percent that you're
6	chasing.
7	I don't know that it's accurate that
8	we haven't assessed a fine yet, but we
9	certainly are prepared to do so. And we've
10	been receiving tips from concerned citizens
11	for the last few months.
12	And really what we where we want to
13	start is as educational as possible. That's
14	why we had an education period to the fine.
15	And now we've moved into the enforcement
16	period, and we really need businesses to
17	adhere to this. It's an important law that
18	is designed to help protect the environment
19	and frankly protect our health.
20	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Can you clarify
21	the intent of your proposed changes that
22	would set up definitions of film plastic and
23	reusable bags, and what do you mean by that?

DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Sure. Well,

1	the law itself needs some clarity because the
2	reality in the field is that some reusable
3	bags many reusable bags, I should say,
4	have some level of plastic content. So we
5	need to make a distinction between the film
6	bags, the ones that end up in city streets
7	and up in trees and in our parks and
8	waterways that are really single-use and that
9	deteriorate immediately, and then from the
10	ones that are reusable, that have a long life
11	span that are made available, readily
12	available now to consumers across the state.
13	So that's what this that's what our
14	proposed language does, it makes that
15	distinction. It exempts those truly durable,
16	reusable bags that are think about that
17	are bags that are woven, that look like nylon
18	that you know will last you when you pack it
19	away and go to the store, from the ones that
20	are kind of fake recycled, fake reusable.
21	Those are the film plastic bags.
22	And that's not something we are not
23	promoting, the expansion of plastic in
24	New York. We are promoting the types of

Τ	alternatives that are readily available to
2	consumers right now at fairly affordable
3	rates, and ultimately, you know, get the
4	nasty film bags out of circulation.
5	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
6	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
7	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
8	Have you done any collection of data
9	on how many stores have changed to paper bags
10	or how many more paper bags are being used
11	now? Because of course our goal was to not
12	shift people from plastic to paper but rather
13	to renewable products that they would bring
14	with them to the store.
15	On the other hand, you know, we did
16	allow paper bags, even though there are
17	environmental concerns for those as well. So
18	I'm wondering if we're able to track what the
19	increased volume of paper is to see how well
20	we're doing with true {inaudible} cloth bags.
21	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So I'm not
22	sure we have reliable data yet on paper.
23	It's something we want to look at. We want
24	to move people, as you exactly say that's

1	part of the reasons that we're making these
2	clarifications in the law. We do not want to
3	drive consumers into paper, because paper is
4	a single-use. Yes, paper can be recycled.
5	Paper can also deteriorate quickly and be
6	contaminated. We need to drive people toward
7	the right alternatives.
8	And I would not want the outcome of
9	this law to effectively put consumers who
10	might be on tighter budgets into the realm
11	having to either decide between a \$10 canvas
12	bag or, you know, a 20-cent paper bag.
13	But we'll get the data for you when
14	it's available.
15	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
16	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Shifting to some
18	Article 78 language involving adjustments to
19	the Brownfields Law, the proposed budget
20	would extend brownfields development credits
21	for old deals that were certified between
22	2010 and 2012. Why are we doing this?
23	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So part of
24	the Brownfields Law we amended a few years

1	ago has resulted in an accelerated number of
2	projects heading toward completion. The
3	pandemic presented a bit of a hurdle in some
4	of the work out there that was being
5	conducted, slowed down some of the work. So
6	we want to give a little bit more time to
7	some of these authorities to get out there
8	and finish those projects.
9	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: So these are
10	projects that were certified to have
11	completed the cleanup back in '10 through
12	'12.
13	But we're talking about the
14	redevelopment credits, I believe, only in the
15	budget. So they didn't get around to
16	completing the projects since '10-'11, and
17	now we think there will be a rush to finally
18	do those projects?
19	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Well, there
20	has been an uptick in the number of projects.
21	In fact, we'll be announcing a wrap-up of
22	this fairly soon. About a thousand projects
23	have gotten into the system, and we've
24	completed about 500.

1	But as of right now, you know, we
2	with the construction boom happening and a
3	number of these projects, you know, stymied
4	last year, we want to give the developers a
5	chance to benefit from the tax credit as they
6	complete these projects. Again, the public
7	policy being let's clean up our land but
8	let's also reuse that land, as opposed to
9	doing greenfield projects around the state.
10	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: So you think
11	there's up to 500 projects that are
12	potentially eligible for this?
13	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Yeah, we've
14	seen more than 500 projects go through
15	already. So it's about a intent of about
16	a thousand have indicated interest, and about
17	500 have gone through the system.
18	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: So I would like
19	you to provide us with a master list of what
20	those projects are
21	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Sure.
22	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: and where they
23	are.
24	Follow-up question: How much is this

1	going to cost the State of New York in New
2	credits?
3	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Do we have
4	the actual numbers on that? No. I'll talk
5	with the Department of Tax and Finance and
6	get you the numbers on cost on that, Senator
7	It should be readily available.
8	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I appreciate
9	that. Because I think somewhere in the
10	Governor's budget materials it said the
11	answer was zero. And that would be
12	inconsistent with the new projects coming up
13	to spec and being able to draw down the
L 4	credits. So
15	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: It might be
16	the additional cost is zero. But I'll get
17	the number for you.
18	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: All right, I
19	appreciate that.
20	And I was curious, the '10-'11 deals,
21	are they under the old brownfields formula,
22	which had an exceptionally generous credit
23	for redevelopment, or on the new brownfields
24	formula?

1	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So it should
2	be under the new brownfields formula. They
3	had a window in which to complete their
4	projects under the old formula or opt into
5	the new system. And that was 2014-'15, I
6	believe, that we made those changes.
7	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: So nobody back
8	from the old is allowed to use those
9	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: I don't
10	believe so. I'll double-check for you, but I
11	believe that the decks are cleared of those
12	projects.
13	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
14	Assembly.
15	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
16	We have so many more Assemblymembers
17	than Senators, and a lot of them are very
18	anxious to ask questions. So we're going to
19	go to Assemblyman Tague for three minutes.
20	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Thank you,
21	Chairwoman Weinstein.
22	Good morning, Commissioner. It's
23	always a pleasure to speak with you.
24	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Great to see

1	you,	sir.

2	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: And I want to
3	thank you for your time this morning. Also I
4	want to thank you for your service and your
5	staff's service to our state, and your
6	service to our country.

7 DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you, 8 Assemblyman.

thank you for you and your staff's service during the COVID crisis, especially in part of my district -- Kaaterskill Falls,

Platte Clove -- all the work that your folks did. We had many new visitors to the area during the COVID crisis. We had some issues where we needed the Rangers, a couple of rescues. So I just want to say thank you.

Most of it was on the weekends, and your staff stayed in close contact with my office and I, and I think some serious problems were averted because of the communication and the hard work of your people. So thank you again.

24 DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.

1	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: I have like three
2	or four quick questions. I think I'm going
3	to group it all into one, Commissioner,
4	because of my time.
5	Number one and you and I have
6	spoken about this in the past is there any
7	money in this year's budget for maintenance
8	and public safety in areas like
9	Kaaterskill Falls and Platte Clove, areas
10	where your department has invested money over
11	the years to make improvements?
12	My concern is that if we don't
13	continue to put money in the budget for
14	maintenance and public safety, we are going
15	to lose these very wonderful and heavily used
16	parks. Go ahead, I'm sorry.
17	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Sorry. Good
18	questions.
19	I mean, we are fortunate to have
20	sustained support in the NY Works program.
21	NY Works historically has given us about
22	50 million a year. This year we're up to 75.
23	And that's designed to help us address the
24	backlog of work at some of these locations,

1	including	places	like	Kaaterskill.

So yes, we do have support on that, both on our operations funding through the EPF stewardship line and through NY Works.

And my staff have been working really hard to make some of these places safe.

You're flagging a few spots that have been very dangerous over the years, and we've seen that, made those investments to steer people away from danger. I think we've seen some good results. But last year we saw really high use, almost unsustainable. I mean,

Kaaterskill we saw was 40,000 visitors in a few short weeks.

So it certainly needs to change, and that's part of the -- part of the work is on us to communicate alternative locations.

ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: In the last decade New York has lost hundreds of thousands of acres of farmland under tillage. Large-scale solar projects are threatening remaining farmland, since farmland is used for these projects and they cannot be made tillable again. And there's also concerns that there

1	are environmental concerns regarding
2	decommissioning.
3	Does the department see this as
4	problematic, as many of our local rural
5	residents and rural farmers do, Commissioner?
6	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Well, it's
7	certainly something we need to balance.
8	There's no question about it, we've seen a
9	dramatic loss in our farmland nationwide, and
10	certainly here in New York as well. We need
11	to fight for our farmers. I know
12	Commissioner Ball will have some thoughts
13	about this particular point coming right
14	after me.
15	We do provide funding for farmland
16	preservation within the EPF, very important
17	dollars that Ag & Markets administers to
18	protect farming. And I stand very closely
19	with him when it comes to either ag or
20	forestry, to ensure that these lands are
21	protected.
22	And when we're talking about adding
23	wind or solar, there needs to be a balance.
24	If there's viable farmland that's being used,

1	obviously that's not where we're going. If
2	there's fallow land that clearly isn't going
3	to be used anytime soon, that's where we
4	would proceed to incentivize some of these
5	projects.
6	But we will have to balance that,
7	right. There's projects that need to happen
8	from an energy perspective, and by the same
9	token we need to protect our foodshed. And I
10	think we can accomplish both these things; we
11	just need to be aware of it.
12	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
13	Thank you.
14	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: I I was
15	under Chairwoman, I
16	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Excuse me,
17	Assemblyman, your time is up.
18	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: I thought I was
19	allowed five minutes. I'm a ranker.
20	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: That's when
21	Commissioner Ball will be here.
22	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: All right. thank
23	you.
24	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay? We'll

1	give you your time then. It's just for the
2	respective committees that you're a ranker
3	on.
4	So next we go to Assemblyman Mamdani
5	for three minutes.
6	ASSEMBLYMAN MAMDANI: Hello. Thank
7	you so much, Chairwoman. I'm just trying to
8	start my video, but it's not allowing me to
9	do so.
10	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: I can hear
11	you, though.
12	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Oh, just speak
13	and oh, there we are.
14	ASSEMBLYMAN MAMDANI: There we go.
15	Hi, Commissioner. It's very nice to
16	meet you.
17	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Likewise.
18	ASSEMBLYMAN MAMDANI: I wish it was in
19	person, but this is a great start.
20	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Next time,
21	hopefully.
22	ASSEMBLYMAN MAMDANI: Next time.
23	My name is Assemblymember Mamdani. I
24	represent the 36th Assembly District that

Τ.	covers Astoria, Ditmars-Steinway, and parts
2	of Astoria Heights.
3	I'm going to jump straight into the
4	questions to try and make use of the time.
5	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay.
6	ASSEMBLYMAN MAMDANI: Thank you so
7	much for all the time that you're putting in
8	here. I know that
9	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
10	ASSEMBLYMAN MAMDANI: this is very
11	difficult to get through all of it.
12	So despite our passage of the CLCPA in
13	2019, there are still companies attempting to
L 4	build new fracked-gas power plants in our
15	state, including right here in my district.
16	And as of yet there does not seem to be a
17	clear regulatory framework for applying the
18	CLCPA in a way that will prevent the
19	continued construction of these polluting and
20	climate-destabilizing projects.
21	So my question my first question,
22	hopefully is will you consider putting in
23	place air permit frameworks before the
24	finalization of our state Climate Action

1	Council plan that can provide regulatory
2	clarity and prevent a last-minute rush to
3	construct these projects?
4	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good
5	question.
6	So we are in this sort of interim
7	phase right now between the passage of the
8	law and ultimately what comes out of the law,
9	which will be a suite of recommendations that
10	govern how we operate as a state.
11	We have the ability to ask even now
12	we have the ability to ask questions of
13	project proponents pursuant to CLCPA. That's
14	the so-called Section $7(2)$ . And we are
15	applying that. And we're making sure that
16	we're asking the important climate questions
17	so that we don't have a regrets scenario,
18	effectively, when we get to the point where
19	we have the regulations in place and we will
20	have made decisions as a state that would
21	have been contrary to the CLCPA.
22	So that is underway right now.
23	There's a few applications, as you know.
24	There's one in Astoria. There's several

1	there's one in Mid-Hudson. And there are
2	other projects around the state where we are
3	beginning to apply Section 7(2) and getting
4	from the applicant the answers on climate.

The Astoria project and some of
those -- they're still within the
environmental review phase. The projects, as
any big project, takes time to get through
not only permitting but the environmental
review. And I'm confident that we'll have
the time that we need to fully scrutinize
these projects from a climate perspective.

ASSEMBLYMAN MAMDANI: Thank you for your answer. And I will absolutely hope for exactly that, of taking as much time as is needed and, personally, eventually stopping this project from happening.

I will try and squeeze in an additional question in the 22 seconds I have, which is that offshore wind leases have been awarded to Equinor and Ørsted. Both are state-owned energy companies owned by the governments of Norway and Denmark, respectively, both of which are out of my

1	district. But my question is why shouldn't
2	the New York Power Authority or any or
3	another state entity, for that matter, be
4	permitted to bid on, build and own offshore
5	wind? What are the obstacles to that?
6	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So I will
7	ask you to raise that with Doreen Harris,
8	when she comes in the next I think two
9	panels from now. That's really in her
10	wheelhouse, Assemblyman.
11	ASSEMBLYMAN MAMDANI: Okay. Well, I
12	have more questions, but I'll save them for
13	another time.
14	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: You can
15	always call us.
16	ASSEMBLYMAN MAMDANI: Absolutely.
17	Will do. Thank you so much.
18	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
19	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: If members do
20	have questions, additional questions, you can
21	forward them to me and we can compile a list
22	for the commissioner.
23	So there are no other additional
24	Senators, so we're going to just go straight

Τ	through the who have questions, so we're
2	going to go straight through the
3	Assemblymembers.
4	Next we have Assemblywoman Griffin,
5	for three minutes.
6	Judy, are you here?
7	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GRIFFIN: You can hear
8	me now?
9	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes.
10	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: I hear you.
11	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GRIFFIN: Okay, thank
12	you.
13	Good morning, Commissioner.
14	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good
15	morning.
16	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GRIFFIN: I have a
17	question Assemblymember Englebright asked
18	this, but I wondered if you could expand on
19	it, on the proposal for the commissioner of
20	the DEC to establish the standards and
21	conditions to expedite the residential
22	rezoning on the railroad and Metro-North.
23	And I just wondered if you could
24	expand and tell us if you are incorporating

Τ	these communities and the local governments
2	in these communities in this decision.
3	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So,
4	Assemblywoman, certainly as we create the
5	guidance we'll be doing outreach on exactly
6	how the language should be structured.
7	Again, this is something that we'll seek
8	expertise from many other agencies and
9	authorities, as not all of this is expertise
10	within DEC's purview.
11	These are, again, local options, so
12	the county and the municipality would have to
13	decide that they want to pursue rail
14	advantaged housing. This is not something
15	that we would be telling them. This is
16	merely something that we see coming out of
17	the climate work that we're doing as part of
18	the CAC, that there's an interest in
19	promoting this type of housing walkable
20	housing, transit-oriented housing.
21	So we look forward to doing this in
22	conjunction with many other parties.
23	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GRIFFIN: Okay, thank
24	you very much.

1	And another question I have is
2	regarding the plastic bags, has there been
3	any additional consideration on also banning
4	the paper bags? Because that would really
5	serve the environment much better and would
6	be something most people are interested in.
7	And I just wondered, are there any other
8	thoughts to that?
9	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So we did
10	consider a full range of options. The
11	Governor created the Plastic Bags Task Force
12	back in 2017, he directed us to look at every
13	single entity in the world that had a ban of
14	some kind.
15	And what came out of it was the bans
16	that work are the bans where you have a fee

And what came out of it was the bans that work are the bans where you have a fee on plastic -- or a ban on plastic and a fee on paper. And a clear distinction between what's recyclable -- or what is reusable and what is clearly single-use. So where we landed with the law and I think where we will land with the regulations is exactly where we need to be.

I certainly want to provide the option

1	for somebody who arrives at a checkout and
2	all of a sudden doesn't have a reusable bag
3	on them, doesn't feel like spending \$1.50,
4	wants to spend 10 cents on paper. I think
5	the usage rate will be somewhat low on this,
6	which is good. But, you know, we'll look at
7	the data and have the data effectively drive
8	any amendments we need to make over time.
9	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GRIFFIN: Thank you very
10	much. I appreciate it.
11	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
12	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go next to
13	Assemblywoman Buttenschon.
14	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: Good
15	morning, Commissioner. It's a pleasure to
16	see you again.
17	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good
18	morning. Likewise.
19	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: Thank you
20	for being here this morning.
21	As you know, I'm from Region 6, and I
22	can identify that your staff does a
23	phenomenal job also up here, so they clearly
24	deserve the accolades that you've heard from

1	other regions.
2	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Great
3	region. Don't tell anyone it's my favorite,
4	but it is.
5	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: Of course
6	it is.
7	(Laughter.)
8	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: And I have
9	a few questions. My colleagues have brought
10	up these topics, but they're important. As
11	you know, the Sauquoit Creek has devastating
12	effects on the community members in my area.
13	And it seems that every time there is a
14	holiday is when the creek decides to cause
15	havoc. And I just wanted an update on what
16	progress we're seeing within there.
17	Secondly, my second question talks
18	about educational programs. My colleagues
19	talked about sportsmanship, talked about the
20	importance of recycling and understanding the
21	issues with ticks. And you talked a little
22	bit about the deer population. All of these,

I believe, is so important. It starts with

the individual, so your programs that remind

23

1	individuals and enhance knowledge on now to
2	respect our environment as well as to work
3	within it in a positive manner.
4	So your education programs are ones
5	that are so significant, and community
6	programs, to include all of these areas of
7	topics specifically, the sportsmanship,
8	ticks.
9	And I know that we had passed
10	legislation about boating and boating
11	licenses and looking to ensure that we
12	educate our community members and get those
13	licenses in their hands for safe summer
14	recreation.
15	So I just wondered, number one, the
16	inland waterways, what type of funding will
17	be coming forward for the Sauquoit Creek.
18	And number two, has there been
19	specific funding requested in this budget for
20	community education programs to enhance those
21	areas that remind individuals how to respect
22	the environment and work with it?
23	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Great
24	question.

1	So on the Sauquoit, we remain
2	laser-focused on finishing that work. We
3	started it a couple of years ago, the
4	benching project to reduce the impacts of
5	various holiday floods that we've seen over
6	the years. And had a great announcement last
7	summer with OGS and DOT on that very project
8	and the buyout program that we're working on
9	with the federal government to take some of
10	those homes out of that really flood-prone
11	area. That's part of the project.
12	Working closely with CSX, getting that
13	water from that creek under those railroad
14	tracks and out into the Mohawk is a real
15	engineering challenge, but it's just simple:
16	Just make more room. I think we are there
17	with the design of it, and we'll see some
18	progress on the rail tracks in the coming
19	year.
20	So there's a significant amount of
21	state money and federal money that's going
22	into that project.
23	As far as other waterways that flood,

24 we have priority water bodies around the

1	Mohawk Watershed and elsewhere in the state,
2	41 in total, where we're trying to reduce
3	those kind of flooding incidents.

On the education side, I put a huge premium here at DEC on communications. That starts with everything that I say and talks about everything that we put out in writing, and of course all of our educators and even the school programs and the work of the conservationists. We try to make very clear to the public what's coming, whether it's a plastic bag ban or the organics legislation, and certainly the opportunities connected to the sporting economy and boating.

And we do so in conjunction with the Office of Parks and Recreation. Parks and Recreation does the boating licenses. But we are, again, as I'd mentioned earlier, sort of no-silos government. I work very closely with Erik Kulleseid on that,

Commissioner Kulleseid.

And I think, you know, of all the states committed to the environment, I think we do a very good job of letting people know

_	about the importance of the outdoors. And we
2	do so certainly in Region 6, when I'm up
3	there, at least.
4	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
5	Thank you, Commissioner.
6	We go to Assemblyman Epstein now.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: Thank you. And
8	I think they'll get my video started soon.
9	But they won't let me great.
10	So thank you, Commissioner. Thanks
11	for your time.
12	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good to see
13	you.
L 4	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: You too.
15	Just on the electric charging
16	stations, you said there's 7,000 available
17	right now in New York, trying to get to 50.
18	Of those 7,000 and the proposed 50,000, how
19	many of those are going to be publicly
20	available or are currently publicly
21	available?
22	Because an example is like I can
23	charge my plug-in car in the LOB, but, you
24	know, there's no place in New York City with

1	publicly available charging stations. There
2	are lots of charging stations that are
3	privately available, but nothing for the
4	public. And if we want to encourage people
5	to have plug-in cars, we need them publicly
6	available.
7	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So I'll ask
8	NYSERDA to give you the detailed breakdown as
9	to where those stations are.
10	But you're absolutely right, these
11	need to be public charging stations, which is
12	why we're putting public dollars into it.
13	They need to be accessible, affordable, they
14	need to be located places where people
15	actually drive, not randomly where people
16	aren't.
17	So that's part of the Make Ready
18	initiative that we announced last summer, is
19	building out 50,000. I mean, that will
20	involve a detailed analysis of exactly every
21	corridor where we have drivers and the places
22	that are sort of charging deserts right now,

To truly get EVs in New York, you're

and there are several.

1	going to need
2	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: So can I get a
3	commitment yeah, no, I need to get a
4	commitment that we can have publicly
5	available charging stations. And
6	unfortunately we don't have those now.
7	So like for people who want to do it,
8	it's just we just it's too tough. Even
9	on the Thruway, even though there are
10	charging stations, those charging stations
11	aren't available for all cars. I've stopped
12	at Thruway stations down the Thruway on the
13	way home, and none of those I can plug my car
14	into. So I really think if we
15	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Yeah, no
16	question, it's got to change.
17	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: If we really
18	want people to move in that direction, then
19	it has to change. And if we're going to roll
20	out this plan with 50,000 stations and people
21	still can't plug in their cars, it doesn't
22	work.
23	And it's great maybe for our city and
24	state fleet, we can have those available. But

1	if there are city charging stations that
2	aren't being used, or state charging
3	stations, why can't we let regular
4	New Yorkers have access to those as well so
5	they can feel like they can be part of the
6	situation of getting their own plug-in cars?
7	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: You're
8	absolutely right. That's exactly the
9	direction that the Make Ready program is
10	going, and that's the objective of that
11	program.
12	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: Great. Well,
13	I'm happy to be a partner, whatever I can do
14	there.
15	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
16	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: On composting,
17	obviously we want to get a lot of compost out
18	of our waste stream, but we don't really have
19	a statewide composting initiative. We know
20	obviously in municipalities there's costs to
21	composting.
22	I really would love to work with your
23	office to try to encourage more composting
24	across the state. Here in the city we've

1	reduced our compost (audio/video frozen).
2	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Did we lose
3	you?
4	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: composting.
5	And finally you lost me there?
6	Yeah, state composting would be great.
7	And just a final point is around the
8	plastic bag ban, if we could really move
9	towards a full ban. I think we've seen a lot
10	of abuse in the city and people saying, Well,
11	we're you know, I have food, takeout too,
12	so I'm using plastic bags.
13	Whatever we can do to really move
14	towards a full ban, I'd really appreciate it.
15	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay, got
16	it. And I take your point on composting.
17	We are moving toward statewide
18	organics legislation which will incentivize
19	the composting of food waste. That will go
20	into effect as of January 1, 2022. And as a
21	component of that, we're also moving as much
22	as possible into food reuse to help the
23	hungry in New York. It's something we've
24	been funding to get off the ground this year

1	and last.
2	We will be putting in regulations
3	actually today on that in the State Register,
4	so you should see some of that moving ahead.
5	And I don't know if I'm out of time
6	here on this answer okay.
7	THE MODERATOR: Yes.
8	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: All right,
9	thank you, Assemblyman.
10	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: Thank you.
11	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: we'll be
12	very happy to circulate that information to
13	members.
14	We now go to Assemblyman Colton.
15	Bill, are you here?
16	THE MODERATOR: You are muted,
17	Assemblymember.
18	ASSEMBLYMAN COLTON: All right. Can
19	you hear me now?
20	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Gotcha.
21	ASSEMBLYMAN COLTON: Okay. I wanted
22	to thank you, Commissioner, for your time
23	here. You've spent quite a bit of time.
24	This is a very important topic, and you do

1	very well in answering the questions and
2	providing information, so thank you.
3	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
4	It's my favorite day of the year.
5	(Laughter.)
6	ASSEMBLYMAN COLTON: I have a couple
7	of questions dealing first of all, in
8	Brooklyn we have the Sunset Park Wind
9	Turbine. And also in the matter in terms of
10	charging stations, I would join with the
11	comments of Assemblymember Epstein in terms
12	of the need for charging stations.
13	I note that the Office of Renewable
14	Energy Siting is probably going to play a
15	very important role in dealing with certainly
16	things like wind turbines and other siting
17	issues, renewable siting.
18	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Yes.
19	ASSEMBLYMAN COLTON: So could you give
20	us a little bit of detail in terms of how
21	that is coming along? And also how it's
22	coming along in relationship to things like
23	the Sunset Park Wind Turbine. Has that been
24	sited yet? What stage is it at? Is it going

1	to open? Is there a particular detailed
2	plan, one that will be in operation? And,
3	you know, what steps have to be taken?
4	And also I would just like to
5	indicate, as an aside, I do support a
6	clean-fuel standard either by legislation or
7	if possible, by the budget. I think that
8	would help us in terms of moving along in
9	terms of non-fossil fuels and in terms of
10	reducing carbon imprint on our energy
11	programs. And I think that the wind
12	turbines, I think that some of the charging
13	stations are things that we need to do in
14	order to advance that.
15	So if you could give us a little
16	detail about our progress made on those
17	issues.
18	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Sure, we'd
19	be happy to.
20	So the Office of Renewable Energy
21	Siting, as I mentioned, we've done the
22	regulations on that in conjunction with DPS,
23	which you can ask also some of these
24	questions of DPS later.

1	But I'm proud to say that we're moving
2	some projects out of Article 10 into the ORES
3	process, which again will be fast-tracked and
4	more streamlined.
5	I believe there's something in the
6	range of 30 to 50 projects that will be
7	moving into ORES in the coming year, which is
8	a good thing for the buildout of renewables
9	in New York. I'm confident that our
10	concerns, the concerns being management of
11	protection of open space and watersheds and
12	wildlife, will be managed accordingly.
13	DPS may know better than I do where
L 4	the Sunset Park project is in terms of its
15	process. I'll flag that for them to get to
16	you today later. But we're optimistic about
17	that project.
18	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
19	Thank you, commissioner.
20	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Good to see
21	you, Assemblyman.
22	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go now to
23	Assemblywoman Septimo.
24	ASSEMBLYWOMAN SEPTIMO: Hey, there.

1	I'm just waiting for folks to turn my video
2	on. Wonderful.
3	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: There you go.
4	We see you.
5	ASSEMBLYWOMAN SEPTIMO: Thank you.
6	So hello, Commissioner. Again, thank
7	you for taking the time to be here.
8	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Happy to be
9	here.
10	ASSEMBLYWOMAN SEPTIMO: It really is
11	admirable. I'm new to the Assembly but
12	certainly not new to interest in your work.
13	I'm from the South Bronx, represent a lot of
14	environmental justice communities, and
15	appreciate your work.
16	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
17	ASSEMBLYWOMAN SEPTIMO: First I'm
18	just going to kind of fire through these, to
19	be respectful of people's time I wanted to
20	know if the Executive Budget, as it stands,
21	adheres to the mandate that at least 35
22	percent of clean energy spending be dedicated
23	to the benefit of environmental justice and
24	disadvantaged communities right now.

1	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So we the
2	aims of the CLCPA in regards to the
3	35 percent renewable and 40 percent target,
4	frankly, that is what the Climate Action
5	Council is scoping out right now. So the
6	work the draft will be done in December.
7	We are mindful of where we're heading
8	on that obligation and embrace it. That's
9	why just a few weeks ago we put out the RGGI
10	regulations, which then which is a very
11	important package of regulations governing
12	power plant emissions that hit that 35
13	percent mandate. So we're directing those
14	power plant investments then into
15	communities, disadvantaged communities.
16	We don't have that definition yet of
17	disadvantaged. As I mentioned earlier today,
18	that's what the Climate Justice Working Group
19	is deciding upon and will be then working
20	with us on the investment plan as far as the
21	CLCPA is concerned.
22	So the good side, we're moving in that
23	direction. So later this year we'll have the

full scoping plan, which will then be made

1	available to you and the public to ensure
2	that we're hitting all our marks.
3	ASSEMBLYWOMAN SEPTIMO: Okay. So as
4	it stands, it's not yet up to 35 percent, but
5	you're working to get there.
6	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Correct.
7	ASSEMBLYWOMAN SEPTIMO: Are there
8	mechanisms in place to see to it so that that
9	35 percent gets put aside so that it can be
10	later invested into these communities? I'm
11	worried about capturing the 35 percent of
12	spending this year, however long it takes to
13	define the communities, knowing that there is
14	potentially spending that's going to occur
15	that then doesn't get allocated because of
16	the kind of lapse in timeline.
17	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Well, again,
18	we passed the law, signed it a year and a
19	half ago, we got the CLCPA started last year.
20	The law requires us to have it done and up
21	and running, from a draft perspective, the
22	end of this year, public comment, and then in
23	full force and effect next year.

So we are moving toward that. But I

1	told my stail, and certainly other agencies
2	have been doing the same, to not wait for
3	those. If we think we can make investments
4	that comport with where the CLCPA is trending
5	in terms of EJ investments, we should do
6	that. And again, that's exactly why the
7	regulatory package is structured in such a
8	way as to guarantee those investments locally
9	in those communities.
10	ASSEMBLYWOMAN SEPTIMO: Sure. So I
11	appreciate that. I think you know that
12	communities like the South Bronx are on the
13	front lines of impact as it relates to the
14	effects of climate justice, and so I'd
15	appreciate your partnership in making sure
16	that our communities aren't left out or left
17	behind as it relates to the details of it
18	all.
19	Thank you.
20	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Top
21	priority. And that's what makes this law the
22	best law in the country.
23	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
24	We now go to Assemblyman Manktelow.

1	Assemblyman?
2	ASSEMBLYMAN MANKTELOW: Can you hear
3	me?
4	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes.
5	ASSEMBLYMAN MANKTELOW: Oh, okay.
6	Hi, good afternoon, Commissioner.
7	Good to see you.
8	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Afternoon.
9	ASSEMBLYMAN MANKTELOW: And first of
10	all, I truly want to thank you for your
11	service to our country, and not only our
12	country but our state. Very much
13	appreciated, thank you.
L 4	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
15	ASSEMBLYMAN MANKTELOW: Just a couple
16	of quick questions I have for you,
17	Commissioner.
18	First of all, I'm hearing rumors out
19	there as we continue to go green for our
20	state that we're hearing about recyclables
21	going into our landfills and not being
22	treated properly by the trash haulers or the
23	individuals picking them up.
24	Is that something that you, your

1	agency would help enforce or oversee that?
2	And if so, do you actually have enough staff
3	members to do that, boots on the ground? I
4	hear that constantly from some of our DEC
5	officers that I talk to, there's just not
6	enough people to go around. And if not, what
7	do we need to do as legislators to make sure
8	you have those staff members?
9	And the third thing is, just to finish
10	up, I'm so thankful that we're moving forward
11	with big game for our 12- and 13-year-olds.
12	I completely agree with your points on that,
13	and very well taken.
14	I just want to know if you could
15	expound on the crossbow possibly moving
16	forward for our veterans, our senior citizens
17	or individuals that have disabilities.
18	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay, good
19	questions. Let me see if I can get them all.
20	On recycling, we are aware of the
21	rumors. In fact, we often get reports of
22	noncompliance. Please bring them to us, I
23	would say that. We have an active tip line.
24	If there's recycling going into landfills, we

1	should	know	ahout	i+
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2	We do have a very robust staff.
3	Obviously we've been challenged by 2020 and
4	the pandemic and the need to be in many
5	places at the same time on pandemic matters.
6	But in terms of the recycling markets, we're
7	totally there. And in terms of ECO levels,
8	it's something again, once the economy
9	rebounds and our budget improves, that, you
10	know, I'm committed to have a discussion
11	about the next academy.
12	On crossbows, it is part of our
13	there is crossbow hunting right now to people
14	who can get a license. Part of opening up
15	the bow hunting season to crossbow is to

there is crossbow hunting right now to people who can get a license. Part of opening up the bow hunting season to crossbow is to facilitate the growth of licenses but also to get seniors and veterans out there, and disabled hunters out there as quickly as possible. We see about a \$1.5 million potential increase into the Conservation Fund by the expansion of the crossbow initiative.

ASSEMBLYMAN MANKTELOW: Okay, I appreciate that. And you said you do have a tip line.

1	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: We do. And
2	I probably have the thing on me somewhere. I
3	should have it in my mind, I've been here
4	long enough. We'll put that online. Any
5	tips, just please come to DEC's website,
6	dec.ny.gov.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN MANKTELOW: Okay, I
8	appreciate that.
9	And if I have a minute left, I again
10	want to thank you for your work on
11	Lake Ontario, the shoreline there. I'm
12	constantly engaged in Wayne, Cayuga and
13	Oswego counties there. And as we move
14	forward, I'll be in contact with your office
15	to make sure we can still streamline some
16	things there; we do have a few minor issues
17	going on.
18	But if we need funding or we need
19	something in the budget, please let us know
20	and we'll do that. Okay?
21	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Great,
22	sounds good. Good to see you.
23	ASSEMBLYMAN MANKTELOW: All right,
24	thank you, Commissioner.

1	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thanks.
2	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you,
3	Assemblymember.
4	Now we go to Assemblymember Kelles.
5	ASSEMBLYWOMAN KELLES: Thank you so
6	much. It's such a pleasure to meet
7	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Pleasure.
8	ASSEMBLYWOMAN KELLES: you,
9	Commissioner Seggos, finally. At least
10	online, for starters.
11	I'm going to jump right into my
12	questions. I'm from Tompkins and Cortland
13	counties.
14	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay.
15	ASSEMBLYWOMAN KELLES: These are
16	statewide, though, these questions.
17	So jumping to the first one, the DEC
18	is responsible for promulgating new water
19	quality standards for PFOA, as you had talked
20	about earlier, PFOS and 1,4 dioxane, now that
21	you have established the drinking water
22	standards for these three toxic chemicals.
23	And I'm curious when that might happen and if
24	those are going to be put into place for

1	promulgati	ng those	water	quality	standards.

progress right now. We were happy to be part of the team with the Department of Health to set the MCLs, and now it's on us to take that, put it into our water quality standards program. That's underway. From a regulatory perspective, there will be public comment on it, and certainly we'll let your office know when those are ready to go.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN KELLES: Great, thank you so much.

And also, in December you established or put out the document for the value of carbon, increasing the estimated social cost from the 47 -- around \$47 to \$125. And I understand that the guidance defers from existing regulation and there was the quote that it does not propose a carbon price fee or compliance obligation.

So could you describe how agencies will use this guidance in their decision making process and how the DEC will apply the value of carbon?

1	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Absolutely.
2	So we are we put this guidance out to help
3	agencies make decisions about their
4	investments. So to understand, based on a
5	particular project, what its costs may be but
6	what its value may be in terms of avoiding
7	emissions down the line and what in fact
8	those costs are.
9	Those costs are measured globally.
10	That's how the value of carbon works. But we
11	understand that the federal government will
12	be moving in this direction as well, and
13	there may be some alignment in these costs.
14	So we basically understand, you know, and can
15	justify from a climate perspective why a
16	certain investment or enhancement to a
17	project may make sense and may make that
18	project more beneficial from a climate
19	perspective over time.
20	And I know that once we get through
21	the CLCPA scoping process, that will become a
22	major concern of most of the agencies that
23	make investments in the state.
24	ASSEMBLYWOMAN KELLES: Thank you.

1	And with my last, I wanted to just
2	touch on, really quickly, in the past and
3	I think this year as well there's a
4	proposal to move or transfer some of the RGGI
5	funds to the General Fund. But this fund is
6	used for projects that reduce greenhouse gas
7	emissions, support climate change adaptation
8	projects, provide funds for low-income
9	weatherization assistance programs, for
10	example, and all of those are really
11	necessary for reaching the CLCPA goals.
12	So I'm curious if these funds are
13	continuously diverted, what mechanism the
14	state the Governor has planned to fund
15	efforts to reach the CLCPA goals.
16	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So I don't
17	believe what you're referring to is part of
18	the budget this year. I can get some clarity
19	for you.
20	But, look, the RGGI has been a
21	fantastic program, helping us to not only
22	reduce emissions but putting those dollars
23	back into carbon reduction goals in-state,
24	huge health benefits to New York and all the

various parts of the states.

2	But the specific question about are
3	RGGI funds being used for other purposes, I
4	don't believe so this year.
5	THE MODERATOR: Time.
6	ASSEMBLYWOMAN KELLES: Thank you so
7	much.
8	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
9	We now go to Assemblyman Conrad.
10	ASSEMBLYMAN CONRAD: Thank you, Chair.
11	And thank you, Commissioner, for your time.
12	First of all, I just have a couple of
13	quick questions. I'll go as quickly as I
L 4	can.
15	Number one, with the DEC online
16	hunting course, did you see a dramatic
17	increase in any safety issues or so on with
18	the course and revenue, is the first question
19	I had. I saw that DEC went to an online
20	hunting course. I have to say myself I took
21	advantage of it. Was there any concerns with
22	it going to an online format, and were there
23	increased revenues from that?
24	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So I'm sorry

1	about the Bills also.
2	(Laughter.)
3	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: It was a
4	fantastic year for hunting in New York. We
5	very quickly pivoted during COVID to the
6	online format, saw a huge uptick in the
7	number of folks going through the program. I
8	think it went very, very well. It was a very
9	well run program. And some of the early
10	skeptics I think were true converts on it.
11	We then sold more licenses, we're up
12	10 I think maybe 10 to 15 percent more
13	licenses this year as a result of the
14	interest in hunting and the ease in which we
15	were able to bring new hunters into the
16	field.
17	Correspondingly, very good safety
18	statistics. We continue to be among the best
19	states on hunter safety because we require
20	this level of training in advance, and safety
21	awareness. So in all, this has been a bit of
22	a renaissance year for hunting in New York.
23	ASSEMBLYMAN CONRAD: I'm glad to hear
24	it.

1	And really quickly, in my community
2	you're well aware of the Tonawanda Coke
3	struggle and battle. Recently in our
4	community some groups were fighting for a
5	community advisory group, and I'm glad to see
6	the DEC agreed to that. Is that an impedance
7	on these brownfields? I know it's something
8	more reserved for a Superfund site. Do you
9	think that's going to be an impedance for
10	your work in remediating that site?
11	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: No, I don't
12	at all. I think it will go very well.
13	You know, when the public wants to be
14	involved in a particular project, we want to
15	make every effort to get them involved. We
16	value the input of neighboring communities
17	around brownfield sites.
18	I know that the project itself most
19	of the brownfields projects, certainly in
20	Western New York, and Superfund projects, are
21	moving very well. You know, we have an
22	exciting opportunity to turn Tonawanda Coke
23	around. That was such a heavily impacted
24	site. I saw it myself, walked it a few

1	times.
2	And now that we can envision a
3	buildout and some economic value, as well as
4	environmental protection at that site, as
5	well as community input, I think we have a
6	real winner in Western New York in that.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN CONRAD: I appreciate your
8	time. Thank you.
9	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
10	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
11	We go now to Assemblyman Zebrowski.
12	ASSEMBLYMAN ZEBROWSKI: Thanks, Chair
13	Weinstein.
14	Good afternoon, Commissioner, great to
15	see you.
16	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Afternoon.
17	ASSEMBLYMAN ZEBROWSKI: So many
18	important environmental issues to talk about.
19	I just want to focus on one, and follow up on
20	what my colleague Anna Kelles was just
21	talking up in terms of PFOA and PFOS,
22	specifically in relation to a local issue
23	we're having here in Rockland County, with
2.4	CHE7 which is our major water supplier a

1	private company.
2	So in response to our recent bill,
3	which lowered the levels and required
4	testing, it's been found that several wells
5	in Rockland County are above the 10 parts per
6	trillion level, one as high as 19.
7	And my question is I know that the
8	Department of Health is the lead agency, I

And my question is I know that the

Department of Health is the lead agency, I

believe, right, on this and on drinking water

in particular. But obviously there's an

environmental factor here. So my question is

both I guess globally and also in this

specific situation, is your agency partnering

on this?

I've got a lot of, you know, concerned residents. It's obviously at levels far less than the 70 parts per trillion that was the federal regulations, but there seems to be a lot of evidence that perhaps that was set way too high. It's not as high as some of the other situations like in Hoosick Falls.

But, you know, I'm unable to give my constituents a whole lot of information about any health effects of low-level -- long-term,

1	iow level exposule. I m not able to give
2	them much information as to where and how
3	this got into the drinking water, whether
4	it's still coming into the drinking water.
5	So, you know, I would just ask you to
6	comment a little bit globally on what you're
7	going to be doing going forward, and
8	particularly whether you're looking at this
9	situation with SUEZ in Rockland County.
10	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Okay.
11	Listen, absolutely, we're taking what
12	happened in SUEZ very seriously, in
13	Rockland County. We are, with DOH and with
14	the county, working very closely on that. We
15	came in right away when we got the report.
16	Our role, as you know, is to
17	investigate the potential source of the
18	contamination, whereas DOH is managing the
19	supply and quality of the drinking water. So
20	I'll let Dr. Zucker weigh in on quality
21	issues.
22	But we were able to move quickly to
23	identify the potential areas or the potential
24	wells where this material may be coming from.

1	It's not the entire system. United Water,
2	SUEZ, operates a system with a number of
3	wells, I think it's over a dozen, maybe 14,
4	15 wells, and they're supplying that water to
5	the county. So what we're trying to do is
6	determine exactly how PFOA may have gotten
7	into the system.
8	As far as we know at this point, there

As far as we know at this point, there are no discernable plumes of PFOS, unlike what you saw in Gabreski or in Stewart Airport or up in Hoosick Falls. So you're talking about micro-issues that need additional tracing.

Now, I'm confident that the water supply can be managed to a safe level below the MCLs, but we still need to find what caused it in the first place. I'm confident we will find it. I think we did out in Mayfield recently, out in Western New York, we were able to find a single well that had a local issue, really localized to the pipe itself. It may be some of that.

It may be now our awareness of these problems over time has given us a better

1	insight into just the manufacturing process
2	of the wells themselves and the systems that
3	operate around them.
4	So as soon as we know something, we'll
5	be communicating that to the public and
6	certainly to your office.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN ZEBROWSKI: Thank you very
8	much.
9	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
10	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
11	We go to Assemblymember Barrett now.
12	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BARRETT: Thank you.
13	Thank you, Chair.
14	And thank you, Commissioner. It's
15	always good to see you. And I join my
16	colleagues in thanking you for all that you
17	do and your team does, and particularly want
18	to just flag your help on Outdoor Rx, which
19	has just got off to a fantastic start and is
20	breaking down all the silos that state
21	government is notoriously famous for. So
22	thank you for that.
23	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,
24	Assemblywoman.

1	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BARRETT: I just wanted
2	to flag an issue in my district. You know,
3	very proud to support the CLCPA, but I'm very
4	concerned about the community preservation
5	piece of this. And we have, you know, a huge
6	solar initiative that's, you know, kind of on
7	track in the very rural, very bucolic,
8	beautiful part of my district.
9	What I'm just wondering is, how are we
10	looking to balance those kinds of sitings
11	with very available nearby grayfields,
12	parking lots? We're not doing a great job
13	with rooftops of state buildings, of
14	warehouses, of so many other places, but
15	we're ready to possibly destroy the economy
16	and the viewsheds for a very pastoral, rural
17	part of the state.
18	And it just troubles me that I don't
19	feel that I have an understanding of a plan
20	to make sure that all of that that climate
21	Leadership and community preservation is in
22	balance.
23	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Well,
24	certainly, Assemblywoman, it needs to be in

1	balance.	We need	to	balance	all	of	the
2	economic	interests	of	the sta	ate.		

When you talk about the viewsheds in the Hudson Valley, I mean, there are few better ones in the world. So that will be and is part of the work of the Climate Action Council. It's also being considered in the ORES, or the Office of Renewable Energy Siting.

We do need a plan on this. We obviously didn't move as quickly as possible in the renewables to help meet those goals. But there's a balance with all of the unintended consequences that we need to be aware of up-front so we don't make those kinds of mistakes. I know that the folks on the CAC with me -- not just Doreen Harris, but the other commissioners -- are mindful of this. Richard Ball is mindful of farmland impacts.

So we handle these issues front and center with the various panels and certainly will be in the coming year when we put the scoping plan together.

1	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BARRETT: Okay, thank
2	you.
3	And is there a way that we can shift
4	in some communities to places like, you know,
5	abandoned shopping centers or you know, I
6	understand these are private ventures, but
7	can the state help incentivize some of those
8	grayfield or other properties?
9	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Yeah, I
10	think we need to look at that. And I think,
11	you know, what we have done in the past with
12	SEQR, for example, we've tried to incentivize
13	industrial land for the use of solar. You
14	know, we have as a policy objective hitting
15	that mark. And, you know, DPS will have some
16	responses to that.
17	But I think ultimately we do need to
18	prioritize underutilized land and land that
19	meets the energy needs, meets the energy
20	capacity of a particular site, but also is
21	going to conform with the local zoning and
22	local desires.
23	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BARRETT: Okay, thank

you very much.

Τ	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
2	And I just want to I do want to
3	clarify something that Assemblywoman Kelles
4	asked on RGGI. So we are bringing in money
5	from RGGI, \$5 million from RGGI into the EPF,
6	but only for renewable energy purposes, so
7	comporting with the purposes of RGGI.
8	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
9	We now go to Assemblywoman Seawright
10	for three minutes.
11	ASSEMBLYWOMAN SEAWRIGHT: Thank you,
12	Chairwoman Weinstein and Chairwoman Krueger
13	and Commissioner.
14	I'm very impressed with the ambitious
15	Reimagine, Rebuild and Renew initiative in
16	the Governor's 2021 agenda. Will these new
17	green initiatives be working to include
18	MWBE contracts? I represent the Upper East
19	Side of Manhattan and Roosevelt Island, and I
20	know on other projects there's been a lack of
21	the goals being met with the MWBE
22	construction projects on Roosevelt Island.
23	And then my second question, Roosevelt
24	Island's been facing a lot of weather-related

1	damage. The seawall at South Point is
2	currently being repaired. But what are some
3	of the weatherization projects that can help
4	Roosevelt Island and other parts of Manhattan
5	from flooding during major storms like
6	Superstorm Sandy?
7	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Great
8	question.
9	So on MWBE, yes, it is the goal of the
10	investments in this Reimagine approach to
11	clean energy to prioritize MWBE. It is
12	inherent to most of our contracts on the
13	energy side, as is the project labor
14	agreement, so support of labor and use of
15	labor on these projects. So that will be
16	part of how that program rolls out.
17	In terms of Roosevelt Island
18	weatherization, I know that the city has a
19	role to play in this, as potentially does the
20	Army Corps. We are very busy downstate on a
21	number of large projects with Army Corps
22	for example, Staten Island, Long Beach, and
23	elsewhere on improving the shorefront,
24	making it more resilient.

1	I'd say if there's a particular
2	stretch of Roosevelt Island that needs
3	attention, please reach out to my office.
4	We'll see if we have a role, if we have
5	jurisdiction on it, if we have any funding
6	sources for it. If not, we can work with you
7	and the city and Army Corps to see if there's
8	a role for those other agencies to play.
9	But we get it, we understand it's an
10	important part of making New York City
11	resilient in the face of increasing storms
12	and sea-level rise.
13	ASSEMBLYWOMAN SEAWRIGHT: Thank you,
14	Commissioner.
15	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
16	Good to see you.
17	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
18	So I believe I have we're getting
19	near the end, Commissioner. I have a
20	question, and it's similar to the question I
21	asked last year about updating us on the
22	status of the various components of the
23	Clean Water Infrastructure Act of 2017,
24	including encumbrances or disbursements made

1	so far, and what you anticipate in the coming
2	year, which programs were put on hold as a
3	result of the pandemic and which have
4	continued to advance.
5	And I will say that I thank you for
6	the response last year, afterwards, as we
7	found it very helpful. So I wanted to repeat
8	the request this year to see what we've been
9	able to accomplish this past year. Now
10	understanding, of course, because of the
11	pandemic.
12	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Well,
13	certainly we'll be happy to work with you on
L 4	that.
15	I know last year one of the issues
16	that you raised and even last I believe it
17	was December you asked me about the New York
18	City money. Now that the Division of Budget
19	has approved moving that those dollars,
20	that will be going, the \$200 million will be
21	going down to the city.
22	I told Commissioner Sapienza that a
23	few days ago; he was elated, talked about how

those projects are going to start flowing,

1	those municipal projects within the
2	watershed. So that's great news.
3	We can provide a more detailed
4	breakdown of how the spending has happened.
5	Obviously we had limited spending on out
6	of the Clean Water Infrastructure Act last
7	year because of the pandemic in 2020. It
8	will happen this year.
9	We did prioritize emerging
10	contaminants using those dollars, those
11	program dollars in 2018 and '19, a total
12	project cost of \$255 million. Again, helping
13	us to get ahead of where we knew we were
14	going to land on the MCL levels that we set,
15	1,4-dioxane and PFAS.
16	That will remain a priority, no doubt
17	about it, as the state and localities and
18	water districts continue to contend with
19	emerging contaminants. A major issue, and
20	obviously major investments that need to
21	made. We want to be supportive of that.
22	But as far as the actual breakdown
23	line by line, dollar by dollar, we'll

certainly get that to you as soon as

1	possible my staff are taking notes on it
2	right now and we'll send you a report on
3	it. And ultimately look forward to a robust
4	2021, hopefully, as far as water
5	infrastructure spending is concerned.
6	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Great.
7	I think you're about to be released.
8	I just need to clarify with Assemblyman
9	Englebright if he he didn't request to
10	make use of his opportunity for seconds. Not
11	that I'm looking to extend anybody's
12	extend your time, since I'll be here till
13	the many of us will be here till late into
14	the evening after we dismiss you.
15	So I think, not having heard
16	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Can you hear
17	me?
18	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, Steve.
19	Yes. Do you have a few follow-up questions
20	for the Commissioner?
21	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: I do. I'll
22	try to be
23	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay, so five
24	minutes on the clock for Assemblyman

Τ	Englebright to conclude the hearing.
2	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: And
3	Senator Kaminsky, you need to tell me now if
4	you want the same thing in five minutes.
5	Thank you.
6	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay.
7	Assemblyman Englebright, go ahead.
8	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Thank you
9	very much.
10	Basil, I just have a couple of
11	questions as a follow-up. You mentioned
12	earlier there was enough funding available
13	for land acquisition projects. Does that
14	include the Shoreham property? And what is
15	the current status of that?
16	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So we're
17	working to meet our deadlines on Shoreham.
18	In touch with your office, actually, on some
19	components that will help us more effectively
20	and quickly close on that property. It
21	remains a top priority. It's not something
22	that we're funding, I believe, out of the
23	EPF. Is that right, Jane? Yeah, we
24	identified other funds on that.

1	So that's a big priority, the Governor
2	announced it, so we want to get it done, and
3	it's going to be a real gem down in your part
4	of the state.
5	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Yes, it
6	certainly will. And thank you for your
7	follow-through on that.
8	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you.
9	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: The budget
10	includes authorization for an easement over
11	state forestland in three state forests in
12	six towns related to the construction of a
13	wind project. While renewable energy
14	projects are certainly something that we all
15	agree are essential, I am concerned regarding
16	the use of protected state lands as what
17	appears to be a first choice for siting.
18	I am, within that context, interested
19	in learning more about where your thoughts
20	are on how to protect state lands even as we
21	search for ways to expand our renewable
22	portfolio.
23	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Well,
24	Assemblyman, we have to be mindful of it and

1	balance the clean energy production needs
2	with the protection of state land. I
3	completely agree with you on that.

We will entertain this in a limited number of circumstances. We've done so in the past, where we've given easements for wind turbines across state land and gotten valuable land in exchange.

In terms of this particular set of parcels, we would be looking for absolutely fair market value for this land, plus \$100,000, plus 20 percent. And then apply those funds to generate a corresponding set-aside in land acquisition for the area that would be as valuable if not more so than what we may be giving away.

Of course this is the burying of a cable in limited areas. We would expect the forest to largely recover around that construction site. But I do want to be able to accelerate the projects to the greatest extent possible. And, you know, if there are alternatives that are potentially more impactful or potentially more damaging to

1	local communities, we need to take that into
2	account as well.
3	But we will use this on a very limited
4	basis.
5	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: And I have
6	one final question. California recently
7	announced that they would be requiring
8	increased air monitoring for emerging
9	contaminants such as PFAS. I sense that the
10	DEC is lagging in the air monitoring of
11	emerging contaminants relative to water, that
12	certainly has been pressed into the center of
13	the field of vision by some terrible events
L 4	of recent years.
15	So I am concerned, though, that we
16	have equal vigor in both the air and in the
17	water monitoring. And I'm just wondering if
18	the DEC is taking steps to increase air
19	monitoring in a manner similar to California.
20	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: So I will
21	say this. I don't believe we're lagging at
22	all. When it comes to air monitoring, we

actually, on that, have pushed the EPA to

develop more rigorous protocols on this.

23

1	So one of the things that we've done
2	around the state obviously not just with
3	the CLCPA, but with a few local community
4	projects is to enhance our ability to
5	sample on a realtime basis. We did this
6	Albany South End program where we armed
7	volunteers with backpacks and did an
8	incredibly intensive science- and
9	community-based air monitoring program.

We are funding our air monitoring network around the state extensively and have really fantastic air monitoring staff that have been able to help us address point sources where we know that there are issues.

So over the coming year we'll certainly look at what California has proposed, but we see New York's air monitoring program as being very robust. And frankly it's only going to get better when we move through the CLCPA program, because as you know, that requires enhanced monitoring around the state by the end of 2022. We're going to roll out a program on that that will go beyond where we need to get on just the

1	carbon emissions and methane emissions, but
2	really look at all kinds of potential
3	vectors, sources.
4	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Thank you.
5	As I sign off today, and as you sign off, I
6	just want to say thank you, and please pass
7	along to the Governor appreciation for his
8	continued focus on the environment. We see
9	many aspects of that in his budget
10	presentation. And your attentiveness to
11	these issues is appreciated. I look forward
12	to working with you and Senator Kaminsky
13	and all of my colleagues, indeed as we go
14	through this difficult time. But we keep our
15	eye on the horizon and our respective goals.
16	Thank you again for your time here
17	today.
18	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,
19	Assemblyman. It's great to see you, as
20	always.
21	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
22	Commissioner, before you go, we have a
23	late starter with a question, Assemblyman
24	Simpson, for three minutes. (Pause.)

1	Matthew Simpson, I saw you raised you
2	hand. Are you looking to ask a question?
3	Let's just wait a moment
4	ASSEMBLYMAN SIMPSON: Yeah, I'm sorry
5	Chairwoman, I was on a call. I didn't mean
6	to hit my raised hand.
7	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay. So
8	then just before we go to the Senate to
9	introduce our next commissioner, I just want
10	to say thank you, Commissioner Seggos, for
11	being here.
12	And some time ago we were joined by
13	Assemblywoman Linda Rosenthal and
L 4	Assemblywoman Pam Hunter.
15	And now to the Senate.
16	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you very
17	much, Helene.
18	And Basil, thank you very much for
19	being with us today
20	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Thank you,
21	Senator.
22	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: and for your
23	continued work on behalf of all
24	New Yorkers and of course your service in

1	duty to this country, but tell them you're
2	too busy here at home to go off on any other
3	trips right now.
4	(Laughter.)
5	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: We kept you quite
6	a bit today, but we'll be doing follow-up
7	with you as well. Thank you.
8	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: Sounds
9	great. Great to see you all. Thanks so
10	much.
11	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
12	DEC COMMISSIONER SEGGOS: All right,
13	be safe.
14	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: And now we're
15	going to be calling up our next commissioner,
16	Erik Kulleseid, New York State Office of
17	Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation.
18	And again, the chairs change to be the
19	two chairs of that committee. And we will
20	allow our guest to speak for 10 minutes and
21	start again with people who oh, look at
22	that, people are raising their hands.
23	They've got into the rhythm of this. So
24	there will be more hands by the time you've

1	finished, Erik.
2	Welcome.
3	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you
4	very much. Good afternoon to this whole
5	new crazy Hollywood Squares format, right?
6	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Yes, indeed.
7	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So good
8	afternoon, Chairwoman Krueger,
9	Chairwoman Weinstein, Senator Serrano,
10	Assemblyman O'Donnell, and members of the
11	State Legislature. Thank you for inviting me
12	to testify today.
13	Of course I am honored to represent
14	Governor Cuomo on behalf of the State Parks
15	system, which includes, as many of you know,
16	250 state parks, historic sites, golf
17	courses, boat launches, recreational trails,
18	a whole range of recreational activities.
19	These facilities are essential to societal
20	health and well-being for people from all
21	communities, and really perhaps never more
22	important than the year that we're still in
23	the middle of, in the past year.
24	Amid fear and uncertainty we all

1	recall last March, at the onset of the COVID
2	pandemic, Governor Cuomo saw the need to keep
3	state parks open so New Yorkers could find
4	some relief from the crisis. Our parks
5	and our incomparable parks staff welcomed
6	a record 78 million visitors, while
7	implementing new health and safety measures.
8	Simultaneously, several parks set up COVID
9	testing sites, vaccination sites, and 350
10	State Parks employees volunteered to serve on
11	COVID response missions.

We saw unprecedented visitation this year, as I mentioned, and it was year-round, as the shutdowns left people with more free time and fewer things to do. The record attendance in 2020 follows nine years of steady growth, an overall increase of 34 percent since 2011.

We expect that robust visitation to continue, hopefully -- definitely -- in the future, and the Executive Budget provides a solid foundation for the challenges ahead. It provides stable funding for core agency functions, continues the Environmental

1	Protection Fund at its historic high, as
2	we've been discussing, and provides
3	\$110 million for capital projects. However,
4	I think we all know it's critical that the
5	federal government deliver the assistance we
6	need to maintain a solid budget.
7	Fortunately, we've made progress in
8	the past year to welcome our surging
9	visitation. The Governor's NY Parks 2020
10	initiative invested \$1.25 billion since 2011
11	in more than 800 projects across more than
12	200 facilities. Even with the COVID
13	challenges in the past year, we made
14	far-reaching enhancements to outdoor
15	recreation last year, including we completed
16	the second phase of Shirley Chisholm State
17	Park, the largest state park in the City of
18	New York; we opened new visitor centers at
19	Minnewaska State Park Preserve and the
20	Purple Heart Hall of Honor in New Windsor; we
21	cut the ribbon on the Jones Beach Energy and
22	Nature Center at the west end of Jones Beach;
23	and December 31st we opened the Empire State
24	Trail, a 750-mile bicycling and walking trail

1 spanning New York State	1	spanning	New	York	State
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To build on this momentum, the

Governor has proposed NY Parks 100, a

\$440 million capital investment over

four years to mark the centennial of the

State Parks Act in 2024. That means in 1924

the state system that we've come to know

today was set up, and we'll be marking that

anniversary.

This investment will focus on addressing overcrowding, promoting visitation by underserved communities, enhancing local recreation and tourism, and protecting environmental and historic assets.

Additionally, this next year New York will transform Pier 76 in Manhattan from an NYPD tow pound to a 5.6-acre expansion of Hudson River Park. And I don't need to tell all of you that 5.6 acres on the island of Manhattan is a pretty phenomenal amount of new parkland. In the short term, it can become a magnificent public space while the Hudson River Park Trust plans for the pier's long-term future.

This past year also underscored that
much work remains in ensuring equality for
all. New York's state parks and historic
sites belong to all New Yorkers and should
always reflect our diversity. Some of our
important work in this regard will include
renovating Marsha P. Johnson State Park in
Brooklyn, rededicated to honor LGBTQ+ civil
rights activist Marsha P. Johnson.

Designating the first state historic site in the state dedicated to Black history by re-focusing Philipse Manor Hall in Yonkers, downtown Yonkers, on the 400-year experience of African-Americans in New York as part of our new "Our Whole History" initiative to tell our state's untold stories.

In western New York we're going to open the Autism Nature Trail at Letchworth State Park, to invite those with autism spectrum disorder and other developmental disabilities to push their boundaries and develop new skills.

By fully funding the EPF, the

1	Executive Budget will enhance our stewardship
2	and protection of natural and cultural
3	resources and better connect parks to people.
4	The EPF includes funding for such programs as
5	the Connect Kids, an initiative to bring more
6	youth to parks, and the Friends Groups
7	Capacity Grants program, which provides
8	grants to friends groups that support our
9	parks.
10	As always, I welcome all of you to
11	visit in the coming year, and to see in
12	person the amazing service we provide and the
13	amazing upgrades we've made. Thank you for
14	your support for New York's magnificent
15	natural and historic places and the millions
16	who benefit from them. I look forward to
17	working with you to make the park system the
18	best it can be.
19	And I'm finishing early, and subject
20	to your questions, that is my testimony.
21	Thank you.
22	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you very
23	much.
24	And the first questioner will be

1 Senator	José	Serrano.
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2 SENATOR SERRANO: Thank you, Senator

3 Krueger.

And Commissioner, it's great to be with you, it's good to see you. Thank you very much for your testimony.

As we've spoken before many times, I'm very enthusiastic about how transformative our parks are, and we have such wonderful state parks. And we saw during the pandemic how critically important they were as they provided a safe place for folks to recreate and do it while socially distancing.

So I believe that the sort of year over year increase in park visitorship, which we saw increase during COVID, will probably continue to increase over time. So that's why I'm so excited to hear about these additional capital funds moving forward, the Parks 100, and the additional sort of targeting of those funds to areas of high use, such as Bear Mountain and others, that we know really target in many ways or provide a great opportunity oftentimes for

1	underserved communities, given their
2	proximity to places like New York City. I
3	certainly go hiking there.
4	So I'm certainly excited about it. I
5	wanted to ask you a little bit about the
6	timetable for the implementation of some of
7	these capital projects.
8	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So obviously
9	when you come off a big year, you know, with
10	the ones I mentioned so this coming year
11	we will be opening, we expect to be opening a
12	new park in the Hudson Valley in Kingston.
13	We open it for passive recreation towards the
L 4	middle of the year. And then we will be
15	opening we've got some work on Hudson
16	Eagles, what we call Hudson Eagles, which is
17	a new water-based park in the Hudson Valley.
18	The work that you and I, that we bond
19	on we can talk endlessly about
20	Bear Mountain and Harriman. As you can see
21	in the plan, our plan is to you know, that

park deserves flagship park attention, and we

are this year really focusing on design for

some major projects. As you know, it's a

22

23

1	park that over the years has seen facilities
2	shuttered rather than and we need to
3	address that.

But we will be laying the groundwork and lining up some projects to begin rolling out improvements to those parks as soon as we can. But probably in the next year we start rolling things out. That's a -- like

Jones Beach or like Niagara Falls, where we've been working for, you know, seven, eight years, these are parks that require a long-term investment and a long-term strategy. And we look forward to that.

Look forward to working and getting in with your support for it. And since you're our most expert patron there, we get -- {inaudible; mic out}.

SENATOR SERRANO: Well, I'm so excited to hear about Sebago Beach. I know that that's been closed for a while. And yourself being a former lifeguard at Lake Welch, if I recall correctly, you know how important it is to have more beaches up there so we don't have overcrowding. So I'm very excited to

1	hoor	about	+ h - +
⊥	Hear	about	tilat.

But sort of hand in hand with those questions, I wanted to talk a little bit more about overuse. I know that the previous commissioner was talking about overuse at the DEC parks. I know it's an issue everywhere. But I look at it as sort of a good problem to have, because you and I have talked about how transformative and wonderful our parks are. Obviously we want more people to use them, more people to have that wonderful experience.

But on the other side of the coin, it presents challenges, whether it be litter, whether it be overuse on trails.

So the question is, how do we get park patrons to sort of think outside the box, maybe go to areas that they don't normally go. How do we use technology to sort of encourage people to try new areas of the parks? And number two, how do we help educate park patrons to become stewards of the parks that they enjoy, to have more of a vested feeling so that they fully understand

1	ways that they can help not only enjoy the
2	parks for themselves, but be good stewards
3	for the parks for generations to come?
4	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you f

COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you for your questions.

The answer to the first question is obviously, as we were just discussing, you know, the Bear Mountain and Harriman plan is an effort to create more amenities within a park that actually has great capacity, but we've shrunk the number of entry points. And so by expanding the options at a place like Bear Mountain and Harriman, that's one way to spread people out and allow more people to be in there.

And we're also very pleased with the app that we've introduced. We have an app now that allows -- that everyone should be downloading, it's New York State Parks

Explorer. Everyone should have it. It gives you realtime updates on when parks are filling up so that you have the opportunity to make alternative choices. You're totally right, we have to use that.

1	And I will say, you know, on
2	Long Island we use signage and road signs
3	very heavily to direct people and to tell
4	them when places like Jones Beach are full
5	up.

You know, on the stewardship side, you know, we've had -- clearly a bit of what we do is signage. And some of our parks are carry in, carry out parks, and those in some ways work well. Obviously at some of our big parks we can't do that. People come and they really bring -- you know, they bring huge picnics and we need to accommodate that. It's a matter of public education, it's a matter of signage.

We actually find that our signage

program on COVID and social distancing this

year has been really fantastic and has worked

very well, and we might consider converting

some of that to, you know, sort of

stewardship and park management needs.

Because the people are going to keep coming,

and we have to sort of make sure that these

parks are beautiful for them.

1	SENATOR SERRANO: I could foresee like
2	wonderful educational opportunities for
3	youngsters to be to feel a lot more vested
4	in the parks that they love and become
5	stewards and sort of lifelong good friends to
6	the parks, insofar as keeping them neat and
7	clean and allowing them to thrive, to
8	continue to thrive.

I really don't have too much more to ask. I know that there is a proposed budget cut, a modest budget cut of about 3 million on the operational side. But at the same time, you know, the amount of usage is going up. How will you absorb this modest cut to be able to maintain the work that you're doing?

COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Well, you know, we've been under a hiring freeze since -- for the fall, and we have really focused on the core services to make sure that we are delivering the services that the public -- obviously a lot of our services are provided through seasonals. You know, in the summer we expand, we quadruple in size in the

1	summer, or triple in size in the summer. And
2	that is when and those seasonal staff, we
3	expect to get a full-throated seasonal
4	workforce in there for the summer to welcome
5	the public once again. But I appreciate the
6	question.
7	SENATOR SERRANO: Got it.
8	Well, Madam Chair, I will yield back
9	my time. I'm all done with questions.
10	Commissioner, always great to speak
11	with you. Be well.
12	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: See you out
13	on the trail.
14	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
15	Everyone else who would like to, you
16	know, cede some of your time back, it just
17	decreases the number of hours we will be here
18	to a little less than midnight. So thank
19	you.
20	I'm next handing it over to
21	Assemblymember Danny O'Donnell, the chair for
22	the Assembly of the same committee.
23	ASSEMBLYMAN O'DONNELL: Senator
24	Krueger, you look way too happy, let me just

1	say that to you.
2	(Laughter.)
3	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Check me out in
4	10 more days, thank you.
5	ASSEMBLYMAN O'DONNELL: Commissioner,
6	it's very nice to see you and hear from you.
7	I'm going to begin my questioning
8	about COVID and COVID impacts. Right? You
9	had an increased surge in attendance, is that
10	correct?
11	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: We had an
12	increase in attendance last year, correct.
13	ASSEMBLYMAN O'DONNELL: Okay. And do
14	you know how much that was, that surge?
15	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: It was it
16	was about a million. It was about a million.
17	We went from 77 last year to 78.
18	And that was really so much you
19	know, we actually had less visitation in
20	places like Jones Beach this summer, because
21	we had social distancing regulations in place
22	where we limited the amount of parking, we
23	limited the amount of people who could be in
24	there.

1	But where we've seen it, Assemblyman,
2	is in the shoulder seasons, in our trails and
3	people walking, because even in the winter
4	even in the winter, even in January you'll be
5	seeing our parks are filling up, because
6	people are just looking for that outlet.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN O'DONNELL: So when you
8	have more people some of your parks, you
9	have to pay to get in, like Jones Beach,
10	correct?
11	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Correct.
12	ASSEMBLYMAN O'DONNELL: And some you
13	don't, correct?
14	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Yeah. There
15	are also seasonal changes in there. Some
16	parks we only charge during the summer,
17	sometimes not. I think Jones Beach we may
18	not charge in the winter. I'd have to look
19	into that for you. It depends a little bit
20	on the season.
21	ASSEMBLYMAN O'DONNELL: Well, you
22	don't charge in the winter at Robert Moses
23	State Park, where I grew up, so you probably
24	don't at Jones Beach either.

1	So my question is, does that money
2	if you get more money in, is that money
3	coming directly to you? And do you get to
4	control what that money goes for?
5	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So we have
6	multiple sources of revenue in the state,
7	right? We have what we call the vehicle use
8	fee, what you're referring to. We have
9	revenue from Jones Beach, you know, from the
10	theaters and the concert venues. We have
11	revenues from concessions. And those do go
12	into what we call and our golf revenues,
13	golf fees, those things go into what we call
14	our patron services account and are used for
15	park purposes, yes.
16	ASSEMBLYMAN O'DONNELL: So you have
17	more money.
18	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: I have
19	we the agency has actually for a long time
20	depended on what we call, again, patron
21	services, just the operations. It's always
22	been a complement of our operating budget.
23	So it's not new, that's all I'll say.
24	ASSEMBLYMAN O'DONNELL: Okay. There

1	has been some controversy about naming of
2	parks in the last few years. Well, I believe
3	the last time we spoke we talked about the
4	naming of the Hudson River Park, the newly
5	acquired one. Have you gotten through that
6	process?
7	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: That has not
8	been acquired. Right now obviously we have a
9	working title of Hudson Cliffs, and that is a
10	process that we will engage as we get closer
11	to that. We have a working name for that.
12	But you're right, we do have a
13	we're actually quite proud of the naming
14	we've been doing in recent years. You know,
15	the Marsha P. Johnson Park in Brooklyn is the
16	first park, we think in the country, named
17	after an LGBTQ transgender person of color.
18	And we have Shirley Chisholm State Park in
19	Brooklyn. And we've been putting statues of
20	Sojourner Truth we put a statue of

So we take that responsibility very seriously, because we believe it's an

Sojourner Truth on the Walkway Across the

Hudson.

1	opportunity to recognize many communities.
2	ASSEMBLYMAN O'DONNELL: I know you do,
3	and I would have been thrilled to have been
4	invited to both of those openings. Sadly,
5	the invitation was lost in the mail.
6	Having said that, there's also
7	controversy around the name Robert Moses
8	State Park and around Donald Trump State
9	Park, and there's a movement afoot to change
10	those. Do you have any opinion about that?
11	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So I am very
12	aware certainly these days I get a bit of
13	correspondence on Trump State Park, and I'm
L 4	aware that there is legislation pending in
15	the Legislature. And like I said, we have
16	changed the names of parks in the past. Like
17	I said, Marsha P. Johnson used to be East
18	River State Park, so it's not without
19	precedent.
20	But it's something we're looking at.
21	You know, there are you know, when you
22	look at the agreements of the donor and

things like that. But that is something we

are reviewing right now.

23

1	ASSEMBLYMAN O'DONNELL: Well, as it
2	relates to the former president, I don't
3	think he'll have the resources to care, when
4	the time comes, about that. But maybe he
5	would. You know, he's sufficiently a
6	narcissist that he probably does.
7	So but I would like to move on both
8	of those issues and allow people to have a
9	voice. I would certainly hope in the
10	Hudson River Park, the newly acquiring one,
11	that you take heed to what local people would
12	like, because that is very, very important.
13	You know, the people who live right adjacent
14	to those parks have to see that name every
15	day, right, in contrast to the people who go
16	there once a year.
17	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Yup, I
18	appreciate that.
19	ASSEMBLYMAN O'DONNELL: In COVID,
20	sadly, we've had, all across the nation, an
21	increase in suicides. And we have in
22	New York City unfortunately seen some notable
23	places having to close because they're too
24	accessible for people attempting to kill

And so I wonder whether or not that
has happened in the state parks, and have you
had to take any action in terms of limitation
of places or closing portions of places in
order to preserve people's lives?
COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thanks for

that question. You know -- and I think
you're referring to the Vessel in
Hudson Yards, right? I think that is the
case.

So, you know, we have -- that is certainly something, a phenomenon that does happen in the parks. But the way we address that, we know which parks attract that, and we do our best with signage and emergency phones to have facilities resourced, on hand at those parks, to manage those kinds of circumstances. And, you know, Niagara Falls.

And by and large, you know, we are pretty expert, we have got -- we devote resources to make sure that we are able to address it, stop those as many times as possible. And I think we have a pretty good

1	success rate. I'm pretty pleased that we are
2	pretty good at cutting those things off,
3	because we're pretty good at anticipating
4	them, that's what I would say.
5	ASSEMBLYMAN O'DONNELL: Well, you're
6	clearly not part of OMH, and I'm not putting
7	that on your shoulders. I'm just wondering
8	whether or not there has been an uptick in
9	behavior at the parks that you're aware of.
10	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: You know, I'd
11	have to check that out. But I don't think
12	we're seeing a big uptick on that. I think
13	it's been pretty you know, at the kind of
14	pace we normally get on that. Which is,
15	again, very low. This is not this is
16	not it's not a high-volume thing.
17	ASSEMBLYMAN O'DONNELL: All right.
18	Well, I will yield the rest of my time
19	to make my best friend Senator Krueger happy.
20	I will be calling you in the next few days
21	about other unrelated issues. And it's been
22	a pleasure. I spoke to you yesterday. Every
23	day I learn something new about you, and I
24	enjoy that.

1	Meanwhile, continue doing a good job.
2	I think you do a great job. Thank you.
3	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: And I look
4	forward to getting you up to Thacher.
5	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you,
6	Assemblymember. And thank you for ceding the
7	minutes.
8	And the next Senator up is
9	Senator Serino, who is the ranker for the
10	committee.
11	I know it's been taking her a little
12	time each time to get her system going. Sue,
13	are you there? Well, you know what, if she's
L 4	not there, I will come back to her next
15	round, and so no one should take offense. So
16	it would be Senator Brad Hoylman.
17	SENATOR HOYLMAN: I have to okay.
18	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: There you are.
19	SENATOR HOYLMAN: Hi, good to see you.
20	Thank you.
21	Good to see you, Commissioner. Again,
22	let me add to my colleagues' statement of
23	support for the work you do and the way you
24	do it. It's really been a pleasure to work

1	with you, and I want to thank you
2	specifically for your efforts in the Hudson
3	River Park on Pier 76, moving the NYPD tow
4	pound. After 20 years of efforts, we're
5	going to have new open space for Manhattan.
6	I wanted to thank you for that.
7	I want to go back to the Trump State
8	Park, because the legislation you reference
9	is the bill that I carry with Assemblymember
10	Nily Rozic. And just you know, I have
11	here this agreement that was signed back in
12	2006 between Trump and the Parks commissioner
13	at the time. And I wanted to know, is it
14	still in effect? I mean, this was not
15	none of us were party to this agreement.
16	Certainly the Legislature wasn't.
17	And you've already said that you have
18	statutory authority to change names. And I
19	want to thank you for recognizing the
20	diversity of our state through the Marsha P.
21	Johnson State Park and Shirley Chisholm State
22	Park and the monument to Sojourner Truth.
23	Isn't it time that we changed Trump
24	State Park?

1	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So I think
2	that, you know, the agreement you're
3	referring to precisely the thing that we're
4	evaluating right now. Right? That is the
5	thing, is what is the defining nature of
6	that. It's not in the deed but was, you
7	know, an agreement signed by staff at Parks
8	at that time. That's the type of thing we're
9	sorting out right now as we figure out what
10	our options are.
11	But we very much appreciate the public
12	input. Like I said, I get lots of I get
13	emails, I get tweets, certainly there's a lot
14	of excitement and energy around this issue.
15	SENATOR HOYLMAN: Well, I think you'll
16	be hearing from Senator Pete Harckham, my
17	colleague who represents that area that
18	borders Westchester and Putnam.
19	You know, it's a 436-acre state park.
20	It's mostly undeveloped. And of course it's
21	currently named for a president who was
22	impeached an unprecedented two times and is,
23	as we speak, on trial in the U.S. Senate for
24	inciting insurrection at the U.S. Capitol

1	three weeks ago. So I do think we should
2	evaluate this sooner rather than later.
3	I will note to you that the bill that
4	I carry with the Assemblymember not only
5	removes the name and asks the community to
6	provide input, but is also contingent on
7	additional funding for the park's upkeep. Is
8	that something you'd be open to, seeing that
9	park be resurrected as an open space?
10	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Yeah, very
11	much so. I mean, obviously, you know, these
12	parks, as most of you know, are along the
13	Taconic Parkway. They are mainly with
14	trails. They're also situated in residential
15	neighborhoods. You know, the access to these
16	parks is really going through subdivisions in
17	western and southern Putnam County. So you
18	want to do the right thing for that
19	community.
20	But we've actually been investing
21	you know, it's in two sections, and this

summer we actually have been improving -- or

last summer, last fall, last year, we were

improving the trail system on what we call

22

23

1	the French Hill unit.
2	And then the northern unit, the
3	Indian Hill unit, gets lots and lots of trail
4	walkers. It's actually quite a lovely spot
5	because you can get with very little
6	effort you get on top of the hill and you can
7	see forever. So it's kind of a lovely spot.
8	But no, very much so, keeping in mind,
9	obviously, the context of the election.
10	SENATOR HOYLMAN: And I have visited
11	the park with Assemblymember Rozic, and we
12	had a nice walk. I should have invited
13	Senator Serrano.
14	(Laughter.)
15	SENATOR HOYLMAN: But if we moved
16	first in the Legislature to rename the park,
17	would you support that effort?
18	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: You know, we
19	support a robust debate on this. This should
20	be a you know, I think everybody should be
21	weighing in on this.
22	SENATOR HOYLMAN: Thank you very much.
23	I cede my time, Madam Chair.
24	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Assembly.

1	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: So we go to our
2	ranker for five minutes, Assemblyman Smullen.
3	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Thank you very
4	much, Madam Chair.
5	Commissioner, it's great to see you.
6	Thank you very much for inviting me out to
7	the Delta Lake State Park renovation ribbon
8	cutting. That was when you first took
9	office. Very much appreciate it. It's in my
10	district, it's a lovely spot, like all of our
11	parks are in New York State. And sorry to
12	have missed you at the Caroga Arts Collective
13	Music Festival this summer. Unfortunately,
14	it was only online, so maybe next summer.
15	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: I look
16	forward to it.
17	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: It'll be
18	awesome.
19	So I'd like to talk I know we've
20	talked a little bit about, you know, the
21	politics of state parks, but I'd like to talk
22	a little bit about the financing and the
23	business end of them. I'm very interested in
24	how these parks can be self-supporting.

1	I went on and I pulled out the
2	executive summary of the report that you had
3	had done, I think it was a little bit before
4	your time, but I assume the finances are
5	about the same. And it has to do with
6	economic benefits of the state parks and
7	specifically state spending versus job
8	supported.
9	You know, we spend it says,
10	according to the report, 543 million, you
11	know, supports total spending of 5 billion
12	which is 1 to 10, that's great. But it
13	supports 54,000 jobs. So that comes out to
14	somewhere about a subsidy of about \$10,000 a
15	year for the jobs that state spending
16	supports.
17	With the COVID-19 and the uptick in
18	attendance and has our revenue situation,
19	has it actually improved this year from a
20	state parks perspective?
21	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So revenue
22	was down, actually, last year because for
23	about three months in the beginning, we
24	suspended the parking fee. The Governor took

1	the in order to give people a place to go,
2	right, he didn't want anyone to have the
3	disincentive not to go. So we didn't have
4	the parking fee in place for a while.
5	And then one of our big revenue
6	sources, our concert venues, where there was
7	no concert season last year, and then some of
8	our big food venues just didn't get we
9	couldn't get as much.
10	So actually our revenues were lower
11	last year. But we expect them to rebound.
12	And we have been focusing very much in
13	recent years on expanding our partnerships,
14	expanding concessions. Especially as our
15	operating budget remains relatively flat, the
16	more we can do through private partners, the
17	better.
18	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Yeah, you're
19	doing a very good job and we appreciate the
20	operation, the operational aspect of State
21	Parks and Recreation and how they operate
22	these venues.

A lot of the campsites in the

Adirondacks are run by the DEC, and they're

23

1	actually fairly expensive on a per-night
2	basis for residents to be able to use them on
3	an aggregate. You know, the feeling of
4	people is that it's expensive to stay there.
5	Has any thought been given to, you
6	know, State Parks taking over those campsites
7	to run them you know, DEC is a regulator,
8	fundamentally to actually you know, to
9	lend some efficiency to it and to lend the
10	same, you know, management practices that are
11	out there in your facilities?
12	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Are you
13	trying to start a fight between me and Basil?
14	(Laughter.)
15	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Yeah, that might
16	do well for not only the taxpayers but the
17	citizens that really enjoy these things. You
18	know, everyone wants free stuff.
19	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So we
20	actually we coordinate very closely with
21	the DEC. But that is those are DEC
22	loves those campgrounds in the Adirondack
23	Park and does a great job with them, so I
24	would hesitate to venture into that ground.

1	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Very well. So
2	maybe that's a legislative proposal or
3	something that we can work on along with name
4	changes.
5	Well, thank you very much,
6	Commissioner. I really appreciate you being
7	here today, and thank you for your service to
8	our great state.
9	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you.
10	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
11	Back to the Senate.
12	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
13	And I think Sue Serino, our ranker,
14	has been able to get back on. I just saw her
15	for a minute. Sue, are you there?
16	SENATOR SERINO: Yes, Chairwoman.
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Oh, there you
18	are. Hello.
19	SENATOR SERINO: Hi. Thank you.
20	Thank you, Commissioner, for being
21	here today too.
22	So I have a couple of questions, but
23	there's so I'll be quick. There's a
2.4	proposed \$112.5 million appropriation for the

1	NY Works infrastructure program, and I'm
2	wondering what needs these programmatic
3	grants will go towards exactly.
4	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So what
5	you're referring to is the capital budget for
6	State Parks, so not 110 million. Two and
7	a half million of that is suballocated to
8	ORDA for projects at the Olympic Regional
9	Development Authority. The rest are really
10	our capital budget. So as sort of lined out
11	in the budget, that's where our major capital
12	investments come from. So in the coming
13	year, it's really funded that is the line
14	that's funded all of our work. They're not
15	grants.
16	And they are and those are the
17	things that we will start a new visitors
18	center in Niagara Falls with, we'll be
19	opening two parks in the Hudson Valley, and
20	we will be really as I discussed with
21	Senator Serrano, we're looking at
22	rebuilding building in the future at

Harriman and Bear Mountain. So that's not a

grant fund, it's really the fund we use for

23

1	<u>L</u>	investing	in	our	parks

SENATOR SERINO: So in my district, as you know, we have Breakneck Ridge. It's a very famous but also pretty dangerous state park. With the drastic increase in visitors this year, the local emergency services personnel were very worried about safety, not just there but along the roadway too, because parking has been an issue. So it gets jam-packed with cars and traffic.

So has Parks considered any way to improve the safety there, especially as it relates to the parking situation that I mentioned? And I also know that there's a shared responsibility with the municipalities in this regard. But could anything in the budget help improve that situation?

COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So I'll just say that -- and I would say we are grateful for the support we get from police forces and emergency management services. They are great partners for us and our Park Police force.

24 And I think -- so what we've done --

obviously, during the height of the pandemic
when the fear factor was high, we worked with
the local crews to shut the Breakneck Trail
for a while. And we are always looking for
ways to more efficiently get people in there.

Obviously, long term, I'm sure you're aware of initiatives like the Hudson Fjord

Trail initiative, which is an effort to get people off the road and create a waterfront esplanade from Beacon to Cold Spring. When that is built, that will transform kind of this corridor.

But even in the interim, we are going to take steps -- that corridor, Route 9-D there, State Route 9-D there, does need improvements, and we are looking at even a shorter-term project in the context of Hudson Fjord to regularize that, make parking better, and increase opportunities for public transit in there.

I mean, you know, what we'd love to do -- I'd love to have some entrepreneur come and say, listen, I want to shuttle people from the Metro-North stations in Beacon and

1	Cold Spring, right? That could be a great
2	way to sort of manage that.
3	But no, we're very, very acutely aware
4	of that. It's a phenomenal place. And
5	during with social media and everything
6	it's become very popular. And of course, you
7	know, it's one of those few on the other
8	hand, obviously, as you appreciate, right,
9	it's one of the few places available for mass
10	transit. And so it's a very special place
11	where we need to figure out a way to both
12	welcome the public and manage them safely.
13	SENATOR SERINO: Oh, yeah, I agree.
14	And you mentioned the Park Police,
15	which is another question that I have,
16	because yesterday the Governor announced that
17	New York's hosted a new record number of

outside.

But I know that the State Police have administratively taken over operational control of the New York State Park Police.

But according to the Park Police members, they're kind of dying on the vine, and it

visitors. Of course, everybody wants to be

1	seems	that	there's	s no p	olan	to r	eplace	members
2	that a	are l	eaving,	maybe	e thr	ough	retire	ements.

So I'm just wondering what the agency's plans are to make sure that the Park Police have the resources and personnel necessary to protect the parks that now have a high record attendance.

COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you for that question as well.

And so, yes, so our Park Police force has been under the command of the State Police since December of 2019. So it's been about 15 months. And I will say, you know, in the past year we've had increased assistance from State Police. I think actually last year we had in some ways a great police force because we're able to rely on the State Police for many of our needs.

Right now our work is to -- is on integrating our police force into the State Police force to make for the most seamless kind of management of the public possible. And so that's really the path we're going, is to -- is further integration

1	and increasing our you know, deepening our
2	ties and our integration with the State
3	Police force.
4	SENATOR SERINO: Thank you.
5	And, Commissioner, Senator Helming had
6	a question. There's a significant need for
7	21st-century infrastructure improvements. Do
8	you think you need additional resources from
9	the state to make that a priority?
10	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: You know, we
11	are grateful for we are grateful for the
12	NY Works funding that the Governor has
13	proposed to put in. That is a way to really
14	make sure that the parks system is in
15	excellent shape in 2024.
16	Thanks to Senator Helming, I thank her
17	for the funding that she's secured for us at
18	two of our upstate parks in her district, at
19	Sampson and at Fair Haven State Park, and
20	actually we've also benefited from resiliency
21	funding out of the Lake Ontario Resiliency
22	and Economic Development Initiative.
23	So we will continue to be looking out
24	for other funding, but we are very happy with

1	the funding level we've got.
2	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
3	Assembly.
4	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go to
5	Assemblyman Byrne for three minutes.
6	ASSEMBLYMAN BYRNE: Yes, thank you.
7	It's the first time I've been able to
8	participate in this particular budget hearing
9	as a member of the Ways and Means committee.
10	So just by introduction, I'm very
11	proud to represent four state parks. I
12	represent portions of Westchester and
13	Putnam County. FDR State Park in Yorktown,
L 4	Clarence Fahnestock State Park, where I
15	actually worked during the summers as a
16	college student, Wonder Lake State Park in
17	Putnam, and the one we've heard much about
18	recently: I am the sole representative, the
19	one representative that represents the entire
20	park together in Westchester-Putnam, and
21	that's Donald J. Trump State Park.
22	So my first question to you, sir, is
23	why is the Donald J. Trump State Park not
24	officially listed on the department's website

1	when we have other passive parks listed as
2	well?
3	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: I don't have
4	a good answer to that. I will get you that
5	answer. I mean, I think it's it's
6	certainly on our maps, it's on our state
7	maps. I'd have to look at that. It should
8	be.
9	But it's a modest park. Obviously not
10	all our parks we list our parks
11	differently. We have parks like
12	Bear Mountain and Harriman where we have
13	capacity to welcome an enormous number of
L 4	visitors, and some others are more passive,
15	like a Wonder Lake or a Trump State Park.
16	So but let me look into that and
17	get back to you. I'm not quite certain why
18	that is.
19	ASSEMBLYMAN BYRNE: I appreciate that,
20	Commissioner.
21	I have a limited amount of time, so
22	I know that was the answer to pass, passive
23	parks may not be listed. But Wonder Lake
2.4	State Dark is listed and that's why I wanted

1	to bring that up.
2	My priority, my main interest is
3	keeping preserved space, keeping it protected
4	land. I know some colleagues have taken
5	exception with the name, I understand that.
6	But I think it's important to note this was
7	from 2006. It wasn't named after a former
8	president, it was named after a private
9	citizen who donated the land, so that's a bit
10	different.
11	Do you would you believe or agree
12	that by changing the name without negotiating
13	it with the previous donor would increase the
14	risk of potentially losing this as preserved
15	open space?
16	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: You know,
17	like I said, this is something we've taken
18	under advisement, and we are hearing from
19	people.
20	I've not I think we are trying to

23 others that play into the conversation.

24 I -- the space itself is dedicated --

21

22

understand our options and what the -- how

the -- whether there's any legal issues and

Τ	(200m interruption) the people of the
2	State of New York, so it will continue as
3	parkland regardless of the decision on the
4	name.
5	ASSEMBLYMAN BYRNE: Well, I appreciate
6	that answer, sir. I would just make sure the
7	priority is to keep it preserved space.
8	And this is a clarification and
9	this may have changed. People's opinions
10	change throughout time, particularly probably
11	after the confirmation of the Electoral
12	College vote. But my colleagues talked about
13	local interest and the people that live in
14	the area. In 2016, Yorktown and the town of
15	Putnam Valley both voted for Donald Trump,
16	and in 2020 Putnam Valley voted for Donald
17	Trump and Yorktown did not vote for Donald
18	Trump. But that is the local community that
19	is there. It's a state park. It's for all
20	New Yorkers, so everyone has an input.
21	That's important.
22	But I do think as you're talking as
23	we talk about the name, that should be at
24	least pondered. And I think that the first

1	<u>L</u>	priority is maintaining its open space,
2	2	maintaining its accessibility. I've walked
3	3	it, it's a beautiful open space. And for me,
4	1	that's the first and foremost priority is to
5	5	keep it preserved for all New Yorkers to
6	5	enjoy.
7	7	Thank you, Mr. Commissioner.
8	3	(Overtalk.)
9	9	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: And thank
10	)	you. I very much appreciate it.
11	L	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Did everyone
12	2	freeze?
13	3	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: No, I think
14	1	we're okay.
15	5	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: All right, thank
16	5	you. I want to now turn it over to Senator
17	7	Michelle Hinchey.
18	3	SENATOR HINCHEY: Okay. Hi. Sorry,
19	)	it didn't seem like I could control those
20	)	tools there. Thank you.
21	L	Hello, Commissioner. Thank you so
22	2	much for being here with us. I have a
23	3	question that is related to something that
24	1	Senator Serino was talking about.

1	New York Park Police and Forest
2	Rangers have seen their raises held for the
3	last several years. This year particularly
4	we've seen increased need for their services.
5	As New Yorkers flocked to parks across the
6	state, there was increase in
7	search-and-rescue operations and an increased
8	general need for assistance to those new
9	visitors.
10	Can you speak to some of the work
11	these vital members do and the need for
12	increased funding and support so that we can
13	keep them to protect our lands?
14	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: We our
15	Park Police force has been a great assistance
16	to us. They are members of our team. And
17	obviously, with the transfer in command, it
18	has we've been in a position where we have
19	to seek many of those resources, more than
20	from the State Police.
21	That has been the State Police have
22	been great partners in picking us up. And
23	it's actually this issue is forcing us to
24	rethink how we police, and it's actually

1	we've actually innovated and we're making
2	like I said, focusing on core service,
3	focusing on the parks where we really need
4	the Park Police force there, just to sort of
5	adjust to this future, to adjust the
6	situation.
7	SENATOR HINCHEY: Great, thank you.
8	That's my only question.
9	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you.
10	And I look forward to getting
11	(Inaudible; overtalk.)
12	SENATOR HINCHEY: Great. Same here.
13	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Now we go to
14	Assemblyman Carroll.
15	Assemblyman Carroll, are you
16	connecting? Otherwise we'll he seems to
17	have a little difficulty.
18	ASSEMBLYMAN CARROLL: I can I can
19	yield my time back.
20	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Oh, okay, here
21	you are.
22	ASSEMBLYMAN CARROLL: Thank you,
23	Chair. I can yield my time back, though. I
24	don't need to ask my question. I know that

1	we're on a
2	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Great. Much
3	appreciated.
4	So let's go to Assemblyman
5	Englebright. Steve, you're up. You have to
6	unmute yourself also.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Ah, there we
8	go. Thanks very much.
9	First, I just want to express
10	appreciation for how you've done as
11	commissioner. I know you from your prior
12	years when you were an advocate for the
13	parks. You've dedicated your life to the
14	parks. Now you're appropriately a very
15	capable commissioner, and it's very
16	heartening to see that trajectory through
17	time and the benefits to the people of the
18	state. So thank you for that, Erik.
19	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you,
20	Assemblyman.
21	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: I have just
22	a couple of questions relating to some
23	Long Island parks. Half of state park
24	attendance has been, in this past year, on

1	Long Island, and yet the Walt Whitman
2	Birthplace has seen a loss of visitorship,
3	primarily due to COVID, that's about
4	two-thirds of what it been. So I just wonder
5	if you had any thoughts on how to adjust for
6	that going forward at the Walt Whitman
7	Birthplace.

you've identified an issue with parks of ours that have interior spaces, where interior spaces are a big part of the way that people experience them. You know, there are others in the system, the Riverbanks, many of our nature centers and things like that.

And, you know, what we've been forced to do -- and I think, you know, we've been forced to learn during the pandemic -- is to provide a lot more online education. We do a remarkable amount through social media and online interpretation. That's actually been kind of exciting to see our staff do a lot more on video. Obviously video is not what we want to be, right. It's not the future. And obviously as soon as this pandemic is

1	over, we will be back in full force in these
2	facilities.
3	But we've actually learned something
4	about continuing to expose people to the
5	richness of our environmental and cultural
6	resources without being able to engage them
7	in person.
8	So I anticipate the minute you
9	know, the minute that the minute it's
10	safe, you know, we'll be right back there.
11	And we are actually thinking about some
12	long-term improvements there to improve
13	access, you know, to increase capacity to
14	welcome the public.
15	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Thank you.
16	I have just one more question. It's
17	about York Hall, which is in Kings Park, the
18	state park area. That building has great
19	potential if it can be prevented from further
20	deterioration, and I'm just wondering if it's
21	on your radar screen as a priority.
22	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: It very much

is. As you know, really we are pleased to be

engaging in a master planning process for

23

1	Nissequogue State Park. Right? It's a rare
2	piece of enormous parkland on the North Shore
3	of Long Island. It offers the opportunity to
4	link the Nissequogue River with Sunken
5	Meadow. It's really an extraordinary place,
6	obviously with lots and lots of
7	infrastructure left over from the Kings Park
8	facility.
9	So yes, we are looking at York Hall.
10	York Hall rises to the top of those buildings
11	that people would like to see preserved
12	within the park going forward. And we are
13	looking at measures to put in place to keep
14	that facility from deteriorating further.
15	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
16	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: So as I
17	just want to
18	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I think we're
19	over on time.
20	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: I just want
21	to say I look forward to working with you. I
22	know that I'd like to continue to work with
23	Danny O'Donnell toward getting a bond act
24	before the voters and to pass it and have

1	some resources for you to put to work with.
2	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you.
3	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
4	We now go to the Senate.
5	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you. I
6	apologize, Steve.
7	Pete Harckham is our next Senator.
8	SENATOR HARCKHAM: Thank you. Thank
9	you, Madam Chair.
10	Commissioner, good to see you. Thank
11	you for all you do. And just want to put in
12	a plug for the Hudson Valley team you have;
13	they do a remarkable job.
14	I just want to follow up on what
15	Senator Hoylman was talking about with Trump
16	Park, which is in my Senate district. And I
17	worked with him to put the funding component
18	into the name change. And the reason is
19	you know, you mentioned it, it's a beautiful
20	spot, and there are kind of the semblance of
21	two trail systems. But for a couple of
22	decades now people have been promised that
23	the real buildout of the trail system, the
24	full plan would be developed.

1	And you're right, there's been work
2	done there over the years, but it's not been
3	the robust, you know, let's build this out
4	and make it a real community amenity.

And I'm glad to see that, you know, there's 140 million in capital, new capital for our parks. So, you know, regardless of the name -- I'm talking about just the amenity of making this a community asset -- would you support using a portion of that 140 million to finally finish the trail buildout in that facility?

COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Yeah, and I should say we are actually -- I mean, you know, as you know, right, the park has two units. And I don't know if you've been down -- we continue to do work there.

I mean, we've been working all last year at the French Hill unit, you know, down the southern piece and have had our trail crew out there. So that's work that we expect to continue, because it is -- those are very nice, actually, community parks. As you say, regardless of the name, regardless

1	of your feelings about the name, they're nice
2	community parks. They're easy access from
3	those local streets. So very much so.
4	SENATOR HARCKHAM: Great. And we just
5	want to see that finished, that's all.
6	All right, thank you.
7	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you. We
8	go now to Assemblywoman Glick for three
9	minutes.
10	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GLICK: Thank you.
11	I just well, first of all, it's
12	great to see you, Commissioner. And thank
13	you very much for Pier 76. And also you
14	and the Governor.
15	And I also appreciate very much the
16	renaming for Marsha P. Johnson and Shirley
17	Chisholm. Those are great women. In too few
18	places are women recognized in the parks
19	around the state, so thank you very much.
20	A quick question. I know that it's
21	great that we have this, you know, four years
22	of \$110 million. I'm just wondering we've
23	had several huge storms across the state,
24	whether it was Irene or Lee, obviously Sandy.

1	And there are some places not that far from
2	New York City, up near Long Mountain, that,
3	you know, have been closed since Sandy.
4	And I'm just wondering whether that's
5	enough money for you to make the kind of
6	upgrades and recovery that is so essential.
7	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Yeah, I mean,
8	I think you know, as we build, we are
9	building smart. Right? We built a new
10	Jones Beach Energy and Nature Center on
11	Long Island, and we built it high enough to
12	be above, you know, sort of sea-level rise.
13	And we're taking into account those impacts
14	to rebuild these places.
15	I'm not familiar exactly with
16	Long Mountain. I'm wondering, is that a DEC
17	or is that us?
18	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GLICK: Well, I think
19	it's a park. It's Sebago Beach.
20	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Oh, it's in
21	Sebago. Oh, yeah, I know it. That's what I
22	was talking to Senator Serrano about, right?
23	That is Sebago is on our list of
24	those parks. Not only do we need to rehab

1	that for because of damage done during
2	those storms, but also, you know, it's one of
3	those parks that's close to New York City,
4	it's within 30 miles. It's a place where it
5	would be packed on a weekend, normally, in
6	the summer. And those are the kinds of
7	places we're actually prioritizing in this
8	\$450 million.
9	So very much appreciate your
10	support you know, both these chambers'
11	support for this program. Because, you know,
12	your constituents I think have really seen
13	the benefits of these improvements.
14	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GLICK: And just to
15	close, one last item. In some of the smaller
16	parks, like Robert Riddell outside of Oneonta
17	and some of these others, it doesn't seem
18	like those need a great deal of help. I'm
19	just wondering, that's something like
20	350,000 acres. Where are you? Are you
21	halfway done, are you a quarter of the way
22	done with whatever improvements are on your
23	wish list?

COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: You know, the

1	great thing that's happened under this
2	Governor, under Governor Cuomo, is that we
3	are now really a rock-solid part of the
4	capital budget. Obviously, we have one of
5	the most heavily developed park systems in
6	the country, so there will always be a need
7	for, you know, significant capital.
8	We have really when you look at

We have really -- when you look at
the -- I think, as I said to Senator Serrano,
I see Harriman as a flagship park because it
has so many amenities that we need to
address. But you look at where we've been -you know, at Jones Beach we focused a lot of
capital in our biggest parks. Niagara Falls
has gotten, I think, now close to \$70 million
in capital; Jones Beach, a hundred million in
capital; and Roberto Clemente in the Bronx,
100 million in capital.

So I think we've been really tailoring our investments, heavy investments to those parks where we know they are the most visited and the most necessary to the broadest, broadest spectrum of people. So it's totally strategic.

1	We do see that you know, it's been
2	a great program, there's still more out
3	there, but we are making great progress in
4	improving the system.
5	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GLICK: Thank you very
6	much.
7	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
8	We go to the Senate.
9	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Sorry, I'm back.
10	Excuse me. Trying to balance a phone call at
11	the same time. How rude of me.
12	Senator Rachel May.
13	SENATOR MAY: Yes, thank you.
14	And thank you, Commissioner. I have a
15	few comments, one about the Empire Trail.
16	I'm so grateful for that being completed. It
17	now runs about two blocks from my house, and
18	one of these days I hope to bike to work in
19	the Capitol from Syracuse.
20	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: I'll join you
21	on that. I love the Empire State Trail.
22	SENATOR MAY: Oh, tremendous.
23	So on that note, the Chittenango
24	Landing Canal Boat Museum on the Erie Canal

1	had a you all did a wonderful promotion
2	last summer where kayaking and bicycling was
3	free from that facility on weekends. And it
4	was incredibly successful. And I hope that
5	you'll consider reupping that in this coming
6	summer, because that's a facility that
7	deserves more people to get to discover it.
8	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: I have to say
9	it's a great program. I should give credit
10	where credit is due. That program was
11	actually run by the Canal Authority.
12	SENATOR MAY: Oh, okay. I'll bring
13	that up with Matt Driscoll.
14	So I also wanted to talk about
15	Letchworth State Park, which isn't in my
16	district, but it is an amazing gem of our
17	State Parks system. I visit there
18	infrequently because it's pretty far from my
19	home, but frequently enough to be aware that
20	way finding is a little bit difficult in that
21	park, especially because there's no GPS
22	coverage, apparently. So you can't use GPS
23	to find your way around.
24	So for people in cars, just to pay

attention to that, to think about a little
bit better steering people toward the real,
you know, view sites and things like that,
because the roadways are a little confusing

But my favorite place in that park is the monument to the Civilian Conservation Corps, which had 3,000 men stationed there in the '30s to build the beautiful structures in that park, but also elsewhere in the region.

And I have a bill for a Civilian

Conservation Corps in the 21st century right

now, when we have so many people out of work

and so much that could be done. And I hope

that you will consider that if funds are

forthcoming from the federal government or

something like that. I think reviving that

idea that getting people involved in building

something beautiful that people can use for

centuries is a really great idea and an

important way that we can give back, I think.

COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: I appreciate that. And we do have an Excelsior -- we've sort of taken advantage of the Excelsior Conservation Corps, which is sort of a

1	smaller CCC writ smaller, a program
2	initiated by the Governor. And we actually
3	benefit from just that kind of workforce
4	you know, in for a year or so, that come and
5	work and do work in the parks on
6	environmental restoration projects and all
7	kinds of things.
8	So those programs are obviously very
9	strong, and much of our parks system is a
10	result of that CCC legacy for sure.
11	SENATOR MAY: Right. Thank you very
12	much.
13	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you.
14	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
15	We go to Assemblyman Otis.
16	ASSEMBLYMAN OTIS: Hi, there.
17	Hey, Erik. How are you doing,
18	Commissioner?
19	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Hello,
20	Assemblyman.
21	ASSEMBLYMAN OTIS: A very simple
22	question in terms of how State Parks is
23	dealing with the increased attendance,
24	especially in some of your parks that got new

1	attendance because of COVID, more remote
2	parks that maybe getting more people coming
3	through than was the case before COVID, and
4	increased visits to parks in the off-season,
5	and how you're handling staffing for those
6	situations, garbage removal, the kinds of
7	functional things that increased visits
8	naturally bring.

COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So obviously, you know, I think that most of our staff is -- are excited always to show off their parks. And so the increased visitation has really been pretty gratifying, I think, for all of us. Right? You know, we were able to serve a need during this pandemic that it's really an honor to have for us.

Yeah, so I think that it is -- you know, the destinations, the places that people have gone during the pandemic are a lot of our walking and hiking parks, right?

I mean, our huge visitation parks are those like Jones Beach on Long Island where we have lots of picnic grounds and lots of people out there, lots of {inaudible}.

1	So our hiking trails obviously, the
2	good thing about a lot of the usage you're
3	seeing is for people who are walking. A lot
4	of it's local. We've encouraged people to
5	recreate locally so they're not generating
6	the same kind of trash as normal. But, you
7	know, we have you know, we have our
8	seasonal staff and we're at things like maybe
9	bringing on seasonals earlier this year to
10	sort of accommodate what we anticipate will
11	be another swell in attendance coming on. So
12	we're making adjustments to all that.
13	But and I think, as we've talked
14	earlier, signage, education, getting people
15	to sort of be better stewards and to take
16	care of this stuff, and I think we're seeing
17	good response on that.
18	ASSEMBLYMAN OTIS: Great. Well, thank
19	you for everything that you and everyone at
20	State Parks is doing. I know you've done
21	well with the increased visits, and getting
22	great reports, so congratulations on
23	everyone's success in embracing that.
24	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you for

Т	your support.
2	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
3	We go to the Senate now.
4	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
5	Senator Diane Savino.
6	Diane, are you there? Hello, there?
7	SENATOR SAVINO: Thank you. Thank
8	you, Senator Krueger.
9	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Great.
10	SENATOR SAVINO: Good afternoon,
11	Commissioner.
12	First I would like to reiterate the
13	comments that Senator Hinchey made about the
14	importance of the Forest Rangers and the
15	Park Police, and I really hope that we
16	resolve the issue of their outstanding pay
17	bill and we do it as quickly as we possibly
18	can. You know how hard they have worked to
19	help us get through this pandemic.
20	But I want to talk about something in
21	the budget itself that I'm a little concerned
22	about, in the Parks and Recreation budget.
23	There is a \$3 million cut to the ZBGA
24	program, the zoos, botanical gardens and

1	aquariums. I happen to represent the area in
2	Brooklyn that has the is the Aquarium in
3	Brooklyn, the Staten Island Zoo and the
4	Botanical Gardens in Brooklyn I don't
5	represent, but it's close enough to where I
6	am.
7	As you know, the vast majority of the
8	expenditures in the zoos and the aquariums
9	are the animals, and you can't furlough the
10	animals. You know, so you really can't
11	reduce expenditures that way.
12	And I just got off the phone with the
13	head of the Staten Island Zoo, Kenny
14	Mitchell, and I asked him, "How much money
15	did you lose this year as a result of the
16	loss of school trips?" Because that's where
17	they derive a lot of their revenue. When the
18	schools close and you don't have school
19	trips, you lose most of it.
20	The Staten Island Zoo alone which
21	is the smallest of the little zoos lost
22	\$1.2 million this year. So if you just take

is the smallest of the little zoos -- lost
22 \$1.2 million this year. So if you just take
23 another \$3 million out of the ZBGA budget,
24 you're going to cripple these zoos.

1	And that literally costs lives. When
2	we talk about, you know, agency cuts costing
3	lives, sometimes we're a little hyperbolic.
4	But in this instance, Commissioner, we really
5	will. It will hurt animals. We're going to
6	wind up losing staff, senior staff there,
7	they're not going to be able to maintain the
8	lives of some of these animals who are really
9	dependent upon the zoos.
10	So I would seriously hope that you
11	would reconsider this, advocate to the
12	Division of Budget that this \$3 million cut
13	is unsustainable to the zoos, botanical
14	gardens, and the aquariums.
15	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you,
16	Senator.
17	You know, obviously the ZBGA is not
18	something we fund directly, it's funded
19	through the Environmental Protection Fund.
20	We are the agency that administers those
21	grants; obviously, they come through us.
22	And as Commissioner Seggos said
23	earlier today when asked this question,
24	obviously every year the EPF is allotted

1	and there's you know, we're pleased with
2	the EPF overall, it's \$300 million, and there
3	are adjustments made. And this year it was
4	decided to take the number down, but I think
5	that, you know, obviously over the course of
6	budget negotiations we'll see where that
7	goes.
8	SENATOR SAVINO: And my time is short.
9	And I understand that; I've been around a
10	long time. But you're the person who's
11	closest to the end-use of that money. So I'm
12	saying please, you know, indicate that
13	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Yup, it's a
14	great program
15	SENATOR SAVINO: great demand for
16	money. This actually will save lives, and
17	little furry lives that really depend upon
18	us. Thank you.
19	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: (Laughing.)
20	Thank you.
21	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
22	Assembly.
23	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go to
24	Assemblywoman Woerner, three minutes.

1	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you so
2	much, Chairwoman.
3	And thank you, Commissioner, for your
4	testimony today.
5	I've got three areas I want to ask
6	about. One has to do with the Historic
7	Preservation Tax Credits. This has been a
8	very successful program at encouraging
9	private investment in our particularly our
10	upstate historic town centers, village
11	centers.
12	I've been working on, with your staff,
13	on some small a version for small
14	projects. I'm wondering if you could comment
15	on how the program is going from your
16	perspective and whether you are supportive of
17	expanding this to or coming up with a
18	version that will work for smaller projects.
19	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you,
20	Assemblywoman.
21	And as you know, that program, the
22	Historic Preservation Tax Credit program, is
23	a major industry that we run out of our State
24	Historic Preservation Office. Those tax

1	credits stimulate investment in our historic
2	upstate downtowns, and actually it also it
3	ranges, right? It ranges from our upstate
4	towns to the big megaprojects in New York
5	City, right, from the recent Moynihan Station
6	and other projects in the city that have
7	benefited from the tax credit.
8	So we see the tax credit as having

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So we see the tax credit as having been enormously valuable. There's billions and billions of dollars in economic activity generated by that tax credit. So we are always interested in ways to make that program work better, more smoothly, and really work to everyone's benefit. So very interested in that conversation.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Great, thank you so much.

My second question is that America is approaching its 250th anniversary, and at the federal level the federal government is offering four-to-one matching dollars for states that stand up a commission to celebrate our 250th anniversary as a nation. This would be a great way for -- to get local

1	grants to communities to do historic
2	interpretation projects and other historic
3	tourism. I'm wondering, is this on your
4	radar screen as an agency?
5	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: The 250th is
6	on our radar. I think there's no state in
7	the country that has a better story to tell
8	about the American Revolution, when you think
9	about it. You know, Massachusetts likes to
10	think they started it and Virginia likes to
11	think they finished it, but the most critical
12	battles were fought here in New York, from
13	Saratoga to Long Island to Brooklyn to
14	Oriskany, all over the place. This is the
15	place where it happened.
16	So and we actually as a state have
17	an amazing {inaudible} of that cultural
18	history. Right? A lot of our state historic
19	sites related to that.
20	So we are very interested in the 250th
21	upcoming, and very much look forward to
22	conversations about this Rev War Commission.
23	It sounds like it's a great initiative and
24	well

1	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you so
2	much.
3	And then my final question is, you
4	talked a lot about the record attendance in
5	our state parks, and certainly my district is
6	home to two of them, Moreau State Park and
7	Saratoga Spa State Park, and we certainly saw
8	an uptick in visitors this year, myself among
9	them.
LO	So my question is in this year's
11	budget are you confident that there is
12	sufficient budget for Parks Police to have
13	the resources and personnel that they need to
L 4	protect our parks and the visitors that come
15	from around the state and around the country
16	to enjoy our state parks?
17	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: I think, you
18	know, obviously it's no longer policing
19	service is no longer provided solely by Parks
20	anymore and our police force, it's also
21	provided by State Police. You know, they are
22	now team members and part of our team.
23	So with State Police, we are confident

that we will be able to provide a totally

Τ	safe experience for everybody in our parks
2	this season.
3	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
4	We go to the Senate now.
5	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you.
6	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
7	Senator Tom O'Mara.
8	SENATOR O'MARA: Thank you.
9	And thank you, Commissioner, for
10	spending time with us today on this important
11	part of the budget.
12	There is in the budget I see a
13	\$20 million, I believe, appropriation of
14	federal funding for expansion and rehab of
15	state parks, as well as a \$112.5 million
16	appropriation for the NY Works infrastructure
17	program.
18	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Right.
19	SENATOR O'MARA: Can you kind of
20	outline for us the distinction in those
21	two what the uses of those two sums of
22	money will be? Are they going to be combined
23	together? How is that going to work?
24	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So NY Works

1	is the 112 million, of which 110 comes to
2	this agency, has been our bread and butter
3	for our capital program for the past 10
4	years. And it is the lifeblood of our
5	capital program.
6	There is a federal program there
7	are a couple of federal programs which we
8	benefit from. One is the Land and Water
9	Conservation Fund, which is a capital fund
10	funded by offshore actually offshore
11	revenue from the federal government that we
12	use that is eligible for us to use for
13	capital projects, land acquisition.
14	We also get other federal dollars from
15	the Highlands Conservation Act. So we get
16	money from a couple of places in the federal
17	government. Depending on what's eligible,
18	that's the purpose we use it for. But it
19	is and we will blend it, yes. We will
20	blend land and water money with our NY Works
21	as we see fit, yes.
22	SENATOR O'MARA: Okay. Then both
23	for
24	(Inaudible overtalk.)

1	SENATOR O'MARA: Both for the 112
2	NY Works money and that federal money, have
3	projects been identified and will they be
4	lined out for us prior to final passage of
5	this budget on where it's going to be spent?
6	Or is that yet to be determined?
7	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: You know,
8	that's one of those things obviously it
9	depends on the funding that's available. And
10	we will I think in keeping with our
11	practice, you will get that over the course
12	of sometime later this year we will be
13	distributing that memo, distributing that
14	list. And I think we make that list
15	available every year.
16	SENATOR O'MARA: I don't recall, is
17	that list available prior to our passing the
18	budget?
19	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Generally
20	it's been something we release at the
21	beginning of the fiscal year. So it's
22	generally been after the budget negotiations.
23	That's when we really are able to make
24	those lock in those plans.

1	SENATOR O'MARA: Okay. It would be
2	nice to have it before. But thank you.
3	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: And you'll
4	see it, there are and there's some
5	obviously listed in the budget message,
6	right, there's some big obviously Niagara
7	Falls and Hudson Cliffs and Hudson Eagles and
8	Bear Mountain are some of the ones that are
9	lined out in the proposal.
10	Appreciate it. Appreciate the
11	comment.
12	SENATOR O'MARA: Thank you.
13	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
14	Assembly.
15	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go to
16	Assemblyman Tague.
17	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Good afternoon,
18	Commissioner. I just want to thank you for
19	your dedicated service and also your great
20	staff, who I've had an opportunity to work
21	with on several future projects in my
22	district.
23	Especially I want to thank you for the
24	work that's being done in Coxsackie, Athens

_	and Catskill in Greene County. Great
2	projects, and that's going to revitalize that
3	area for years to come.
4	You know, I thought today was a budget
5	hearing and not a national political debate.
6	And I appreciate your patience and your
7	answers earlier on some issues. And I
8	promise you that my questions pertain only to
9	your budget.
10	So I wanted to ask you, does your
11	budget reflect the current need for
12	infrastructure projects, maintenance projects
13	and upgrades at our state parks?
14	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: It does, yes.
15	I mean, I think like I said, as I said
16	earlier, having our capital budget included
17	in NY Works and in the state's capital plan
18	has been a huge boon to us, and it's allowed
19	us to do the kind of long-term planning that
20	we couldn't, really, before this
21	administration.
22	So yes, we are able to plan being
23	able to plan ahead. And I think the fact
24	that we've got a multiyear commitment or a

1	multiyear program now identified really
2	allows us to plan. And that's the most
3	important thing we need right now, is to be
4	able to plan for things like, you know,
5	redoing the boat launch at Coxsackie and
6	making that a gateway to one of the most
7	extraordinary water landscapes we have in the
8	state. Right? I am very excited about that
9	project and excited to carry it forward.
10	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: And so am I, and I
11	think a lot of people in that area are as
12	well.
13	I want to touch on the Park Police
14	issue as well that Senator Savino and
15	Assemblymember Woerner and Senator Hinchey
16	and many others have talked about, because it
17	seems to be an issue {audio glitch}. We
18	need to look into this moving forward.
19	And if you remember, I had written a
20	letter to you earlier this year about an
21	individual that lives in my district that's a
22	member of the Park Police that was looking
23	for transfer back to the Capital Region.
24	This individual has an apartment in New York

1	City because he's working in a park there and
2	then comes home on weekends. He was told two
3	years ago when he got his position that he
4	would be early transfer when it came about,
5	and two years later he's still working in
6	New York City.
7	And that just concerns me. It throws
8	a little caution to the wind that maybe we do

have a little bit of an issue.

So, you know, my question to you is would it be worthwhile for us as legislators, between the two houses, to do some research and some investigation to see what can be done moving forward? Because I agree with Senator Hinchey, especially in rural upstate New York, in our park areas, we -- you know, the State Police cover an awful lot of distances in rural areas. And are they going to have the time to get somewhere in time of emergency?

So I will leave you with that.

COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: I appreciate that. And I think that, like I said, we are still -- you know, it's an adjustment we make

Τ	more every year.
2	We are working well with State Police.
3	I don't think coverage is an issue. But
4	there are you know, we are clearly have
5	to take the steps to integrate our force into
6	theirs better, and with those kinds of
7	opportunities. Because there are you
8	know, right now they are under our control
9	for personnel and other matters, but they're
10	under State Police for others. So there's
11	integration that we have to take on going
12	forward.
13	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Thank you, sir. I
14	appreciate your time today. Thank you very
15	much.
16	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you.
17	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
18	We go to Senator Krueger.
19	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you, Erik.
20	I'm just going to do quick cleanup. And
21	trust me, this sentence will finish with you.
22	So today is International Holocaust
23	Memorial Day. It's also Tu BiShvat, the
24	Jewish Holiday of Trees. And I grew up

1	learning that I was supposed to plant trees
2	in celebration of the need for trees in
3	Israel, and also in memory of those who died
4	in the Holocaust.

We've been talking a bit about the pandemic today and how important parks are when things aren't going great and people need to get outside. Is there a chance that we should be starting some kind of program where people are asked if they want to contribute to our parks by buying trees, planting trees, some other thing? Because I think people would really actually get excited about that. And they would get excited about going out to our parks and participating.

So I'm wondering whether Parks has any kind of program like that, or you think it's worth exploring.

COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So, you know, obviously -- and I'm glad you touched on this, because our park system benefits actually greatly from philanthropic dollars over the years.

1	Obviously, as Assemblyman Englebright
2	said earlier, and Senator Serrano, this was
3	my career before I came to State Parks, was
4	to help raise money for parks.

And I think in many of our parks we do have places where you can buy a bench -- you know, a memorial bench. You can buy a bench. We do have some tree planting and other kinds of things out there. Making it more -- expanding it wouldn't be a bad idea. But we're actually -- we're very happy with -- we have the National Heritage Trust, obviously which is the state's public benefit corporation, which allows us to raise money, private dollars into benefiting our programs.

So any effort to help build philanthropic support for the state parks would be welcome for us, there's no question.

CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: All right, well,

I will -- just one more. But what I see as

attractive about the planting of a tree, the

children really get into the physical action

of planting the tree. And of course it's low

cost enough for many New Yorkers to be able

1	to participate, where they perhaps couldn't
2	participate at the level of, you know, buying
3	a park bench in honor of something.
4	So, you know, I think there's
5	something there to potentially tie this in to
6	help the parks, to remind people how
7	important they are, particularly at this
8	time, because everybody does understand how
9	much the green space means to us and how
10	government's in trouble for itself right now.
11	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Very much so.
12	And we also should need to be plugging I
13	mean, the more we get you know, we have
14	friends groups in many rural parks, right,
15	and those friends groups are immensely
16	valuable. They do volunteer labor.
17	And tying them into this I mean,
18	they're often the ones who bring us this kind
19	of program and say, we have someone who wants
20	to do this. So I think the more we
21	integrate, the better, and it's a great idea.
22	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you very
23	much.
24	Assemblymember, the Senate is done.

1	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay. We do
2	have a few more.
3	Three minutes for Assemblyman Burdick.
4	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: Thank you.
5	Commissioner, thank you so much for
6	the great work that you're doing and
7	especially for the work of your Hudson Valley
8	team.
9	My question has to do with SHPO work.
10	And I'm wondering if there ever have been
11	SHPO grants or loans to preserve public or
12	private historic buildings or historic
13	sites you know, other than state-owned, of
14	course. It's just been a tremendous struggle
15	to maintain them. Westchester County has
16	worked mightily but can't cover all of them,
17	and many of these are dilapidated and in
18	desperate need of restoration.
19	Also, if you point me in the right
20	direction for finding the funding levels for
21	the state historic sites or buildings in my
22	district, such as the John Jay Homestead. So
23	if you could address that, I'd appreciate it.
24	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: On the

1	latter, let us get to you. I think we can
2	get you what information we have, we can help
3	you get information on the John Jay and some
4	of the budget for those places.
5	And I assume when you say assistance,
6	so obviously the tax credit program, and I
7	don't know if you're familiar are you
8	familiar with the tax credit program?
9	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: Yes.
10	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So that is
11	the best vehicle we provide, right, to
12	incentivize private protection of historic
13	resources.
14	We also do have, obviously, if they're
15	nonprofit, we have a grants program run
16	through the Environmental Protection Fund, a
17	municipal matching grants program. We
18	have it makes grants of up to a
19	half-million dollars available to nonprofit
20	endeavors.
21	But for actual just funding of
22	conservation of privately owned historic
23	resources, that's not that's not
24	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: No, I'm sorry, I

1	meant not-for-profits.
2	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Oh,
3	not-for-profits? Oh, very much
4	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: Yes,
5	not-for-profits such as the Jacob Purdy House
6	in White Plains, that kind of thing.
7	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Yes, we have
8	a robust capital program, and it's
9	sometimes depending on the census block,
10	it is either up to 50 percent or up to even
11	75 percent, depending on the location of the
12	property. So that's very
13	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: And what are the
L 4	funding levels for that? Are they being
15	maintained at previous levels?
16	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: The overall
17	pot for that has been I think it was
18	16 million last year. It's proposed to be
19	about the same in this year's Environmental
20	Protection Fund, and it is distributed
21	through the state's annual CFA, you know, the
22	Consolidated Funding Application program,
23	every year.
24	So watch out for that once the

1	budget gets passed, those grants usually get
2	put out on the street pretty immediately
3	after. And then I think generally the cycle
4	is the applications are due by the end of
5	July, typically. I mean, it varies from year
6	to year, but that's often the
7	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: That's very
8	helpful. Thank you so much for the work
9	you're doing.
10	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you.
11	Thanks for the question.
12	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
13	We go to Assemblywoman Fahy for three
14	minutes.
15	ASSEMBLYWOMAN FAHY: Thank you. I
16	think I'm here. Let's see, start my video.
17	Okay, I am. Hi.
18	And thank you, Commissioner, and thank
19	you for your staff, thank you for all the
20	responsiveness you have shown us.
21	I want to echo a couple of comments
22	from the last speakers and the last
23	questioners. The really pleased with the
24	Empire State Trail. Just it's so great to

1	see that moving along in such a rapid pace,
2	and I really think it's such a game changer.
3	So thank you for all you have done on that.
4	As you know. I also had the bill abou

As you know, I also had the bill about statewide trails, updating that plan, which hadn't been updated in 10 years. We had a great town hall on that a few months ago.

And if you could give us the date on when you think that we might see the first draft of that, I'd appreciate it.

But I'm going to get another question in here while we're doing that. I also want to say love Senator Krueger's idea of upping the Buy a Tree. And Senator Krueger, if you're listening, I would love to work with you on that. I bought a tree for an elderly aunt in a convent in Houston, and it was one of the nicest gestures I could have made to the convent. So there you go. And it is Shvat today, so it's just good all the way around.

Let's see. Then following up on Senator May's comments, Senator May and I carry a bill on WPA, a new WPA or Works

1	Progress Administration, to create temporary
2	
2	jobs. And yesterday was National Tourism
3	Day, or New York's Tourism Day. Fifty
4	percent of those tied in the tourism industry
5	are out of work. The numbers are 48 percent.
6	The numbers are pretty astounding.
7	So in our WPA it is about creating
8	temporary jobs as we try to come out of this
9	COVID economic upheaval. And I wondered, is
10	there just to follow up on some of the
11	questions that Senator May raised about
12	environmental-type jobs, park jobs. We
13	know we keep talking about trail overuse.
14	I think it's the best problem we have in this
15	state, is the trail overuse. To me and
16	I'm not trying to oversimplify it,
17	Commissioner, but let's expand the number of
18	trails, let's use some of these temporary
19	workers as we did in the CCC, as Senator May
20	referenced.
21	So any if you could address any of
22	those, we would appreciate it. And again,
23	thanks for all you're doing. But I think
24	temp workers could do a lot. Overuse is

1	not it's the best problem we have in this
2	state.
3	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So,
4	Assemblymember, I'm very much pleased to be
5	partnering with you on the statewide trails
6	plan.
7	I think the Empire State Trail is a
8	place where I recreate now, regularly, and I
9	think it's kind of a miracle that you can go
10	from Manhattan to Buffalo or to Montreal on a
11	bike trail, on a seamless bike experience.
12	And there's something magical about that, and
13	we ought to spread it around the whole state.
L 4	So I really am very grateful to you
15	for your having put that on helped to
16	bring us to expanding that plan.
17	So I think, as I said earlier, you
18	know, we have a program, we have programs
19	that we use, things like the Student
20	Conservation Association and the Excelsior
21	Conservation Corps. We have programs built
22	to provide people experience working on trail
23	projects or and sometimes it's trail

projects, sometimes it's invasives

1	management, it's natural resource projects.
2	And we said earlier, you know, our
3	park system is a legacy of those kinds of
4	programs. So I think that if such a program
5	was stood up, we could definitely take
6	advantage of it.
7	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you,
8	Commissioner.
9	ASSEMBLYWOMAN FAHY: Thank you, Chair.
10	Thank you, Commissioner.
11	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We move on to
12	Assemblyman Walczyk.
13	ASSEMBLYMAN WALCZYK: Commissioner,
14	thanks for taking the time.
15	I've listened to some of your answers
16	today about the Park Police issue, and I'm
17	just wondering, do you support a full merger
18	with the State Troopers?
19	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Well, last
20	year right now we are integrating. All
21	I'm focusing on, really, is integrating them
22	into our integrating them into the
23	State Police and making sure that our members
24	are taken care of and that we have the

1	services that we need in our park. That's
2	really been my focus.
3	And I think, you know, by and large
4	we've been very we've been totally happy,
5	the police have been great, they've stepped
6	up to this. So I think I'm not you know,
7	I have to focus on what I have, and what I
8	have is focusing on integration.
9	ASSEMBLYMAN WALCZYK: Okay. So
10	integration could include a merger in the
11	near future? I'm just trying to see from the
12	30,000-foot view, where are we headed with
13	this thing?
14	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Well, I mean,
15	last you know, last year the Governor
16	proposed an age waiver in the budget last
17	year, but it was not included in the final
18	budget package, which would have allowed a
19	transition, it would have allowed a
20	transition there on a number of mechanisms,
21	you know, just working just making
22	assistance so we could work side by side.

24

That transition was not in the final

budget, so right now our -- my focus is

Τ.	rearry on integration and taxing care or our
2	force.
3	ASSEMBLYMAN WALCZYK: Okay. Do you
4	have an academy? I know you've seen some
5	attrition throughout the pandemic in the
6	Park Police, I've seen different numbers on
7	that. I know that your force in Park Police
8	has dropped quite a bit.
9	Do you have an academy scheduled, or
10	do you anticipate that there will be one
11	soon?
12	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: We do not
13	have an academy scheduled.
14	But what we're doing, like I said, is
15	you know, the State Police have picked up in
16	some of our parks, and we are focusing Park
17	Police resources on the flagship parks where
18	they really know what they're doing, they
19	know how to manage those better than
20	anything.
21	ASSEMBLYMAN WALCZYK: Okay. Well, as
22	you can imagine, and I'm sort of trying to
23	read the tea leaves with what you're
24	saying and maybe not, to a certain extent

1	As you can imagine, we have many Park Police
2	that we represent. They do a great job for
3	you. And, you know, we I know that many
4	of them are just looking for clarity about
5	what their jobs look like in the future, and
6	where they're going to be.
7	So I appreciate those answers. Look
8	forward to having some clarity in the future.
9	And thanks for all you're doing.
10	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you.
11	Thanks for the question.
12	ASSEMBLYMAN WALCZYK: Thanks,
13	Madam Chair. I'll submit the rest of my
14	time.
15	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
16	We go to Assemblyman Ra for five
17	minutes.
18	ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Thank you,
19	Madam Chair.
20	Commissioner, thank you for your
21	answers today. I do want to quickly, before
22	I ask a question, thank you and all your
23	staff. You know, as a representative on
24	Long Island, I know, you know, in a

Τ	particular place like Jones Beach that was
2	utilized early on for testing and now
3	vaccination despite all that, it was able
4	to be enjoyed by our residents, as they do in
5	the summer and even in the holidays, with the
6	holiday light show.
7	So I'm sure it is through, in no small
8	part, a lot of hard work by all of your staff
9	down there. So thank you.
10	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you.
11	I'll pass that along.
12	ASSEMBLYMAN RA: My question was in
13	terms of you mentioned the parks app
14	earlier, which I think that's a great tool to
15	be able to, you know, decide what parks
16	you're going to utilize, whether there's a
17	lot of people there, and maybe make other
18	choices.
19	But I'm just wondering, are there
20	other partnerships that are being sought?
21	Because this is as we go into, you know,
22	another spring and summer, hopefully people
23	will be utilizing our parks that maybe aren't
24	traveling you know, normally would be

1	traveling further, and trying to just make
2	sure there's a synergy there that perhaps,
3	partnering with regional tourism groups and
4	things like that to you know, that maybe
5	somebody comes to a park and goes into a
6	downtown that's close by and has lunch and
7	does a little shopping and is able to benefit
8	not just the parks, but our local downtowns
9	and their economic recovery.
10	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: So I think
11	I mean, if you're talking about Long Island
12	in particular, I think we are very closely
13	integrated. And I think what's the name
14	of the tourism authority? Discover Long
15	Island?
16	ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Discover Long Island,
17	yes.
18	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Yeah, so
19	and I we work closely with leadership
20	there. I think we actually sit on that
21	council or sit on its advisory board. So
22	very much you know, I think Long Island,
23	more than any other place, really, you know,
24	we are Long Island, Long Island is us.

Ţ	Right? We couldn't be more integrated with
2	any place in the state.
3	So very much treat that seriously to
4	try and promote stuff. And I think and
5	promote other use. So, no, very much open to
6	that and very much tied into that community.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Okay, great. And
8	just one other question.
9	You know, we all saw recently for the
10	first time, with the Buffalo Bills, the
11	Governor had kind of the pilot program to get
12	people into the stadium. And obviously now
13	as we get into the spring, when you start
L 4	talking about baseball, certainly something
15	that comes to mind on Long Island is
16	Jones Beach Theater and concerts there. And
17	hopefully we are in a far better place by the
18	summer with regard to vaccinations and
19	things.
20	But are there conversations starting
21	about how some of those things that were
22	piloted might be able to be utilized for that

COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Very much so,

type of venue?

23

1	yeah. And I think that you know, it's
2	I think you're aware of the Governor's
3	initiative around the arts to bring back the
4	arts, because obviously New York New York
5	City and the entire state, really, is so
6	dependent on a robust arts economy.
7	So we are right now inventorying

So we are right now inventorying ourself for large and small kinds of places. Since we have, obviously, the Jones Beach Theater and we have Saratoga Spa, Saratoga Performing Arts Center, we have the park around Buffalo. We have some very big venues. But we also have a lot of small venues where I think we can offer dispersed arts programming. So we're excited about that.

Yes, very much interested in seeing if there are lessons from the Bills experience that can be brought to the Jones Beach

Theater to offer that -- give us the ability to offer that again. And we are very much -- we are engaged in that conversation, yes.

ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Great. Thank you very much. And thank you again to you and

1	all of your staff for {inaudible}, during a
2	tough time, the ability of our residents to
3	enjoy our parks.
4	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you.
5	I'll pass that along. It's been an honor.
6	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Our final
7	member for questions, Commissioner, is
8	Assemblywoman Griffin.
9	Judy, you're on.
10	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GRIFFIN: Okay. Hello.
11	Good afternoon, Commissioner. Thank you,
12	Helene.
13	I just wanted to thank you. I
14	represent Hempstead Lake State Park is in
15	my district. And it's a great park, and I
16	really appreciate the investment that's being
17	made there. Also Jones Beach is very close
18	to my district, and the renovations, projects
19	and events have been outstanding and also
20	it's been extremely helpful to have that as a
21	site for testing.
22	I just had one question about the
23	Empire State Pass. I have gotten the Empire
24	State Pass each year for, God, as long as I

1	can remember. And I just wondered I never
2	really see a lot of marketing about getting
3	that pass. And I wondered, has that ever
4	been looked into? Like would it is it
5	would it help the parks financially if more
6	people got that, or is it better that people
7	just pay a fee whenever they go?
8	Because I think a lot of people really
9	aren't aware of you know, you put that
10	investment in and once you go about, I guess,
11	10 visits, you know, you make back your
12	investment.
13	So I just was curious if that was ever
14	looked at, like how much they market it and,
15	you know, would it be more profitable if they

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you know, would it be more profitable if they got more people to buy that pass each year.

COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Oh, I mean obviously the Empire State pass is a huge -it's a great thing for us. Right? especially with the changes we've made in that in the last few years. You know, now you get a card, right, you don't put the sticker on the window anymore. The card allows us to track you much better.

1		So in terms of, you know, tracking
2	visits	and building a database of people, the
3	Empire	State Pass is hugely important to us.

Obviously it's a balance between that and the people who don't want to make that kind of commitment. I think we feel like we've got the right balance with it. And we do a pretty heavy push on it through email and our social media. That has been pretty effective for us for expanding that.

And we do advertise it. You know, people coming into our parks are able to see it. I think we've got a pretty good balance there. I think we have the right price on it, and it's been a great thing to sort of —to help — you know, for some people they want to have the convenience to just be able to go into the park. So it's been a great program for us.

And I wouldn't -- we're not thinking of any major tinkering or major changes to make to it. But I think that what we're looking forward to is additional technology so that -- we put out the Parks app recently.

Ţ	You know, if you can have your I can't
2	remember if they're there yet, but if you
3	have the Empire Pass on your phone, right,
4	imagine, then you don't need to carry in a
5	card. And it needs to become part of, you
6	know, the shared economy. So very exciting
7	innovations happening with that.
8	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GRIFFIN: Well,
9	terrific. Thank you. Those sound like great
10	ideas.
11	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thank you.
12	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Great. Assembly,
13	you're done? Helene, you're on you're
14	muted, Helene.
15	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: I see that.
16	Yes.
17	Thank you, Commissioner. It's been a
18	pleasure having you here.
19	And we turn back to the Senate for the
20	next witness.
21	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you very
22	much.
23	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: Thanks,
24	everyone. Thank you all for your

1	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you for
2	your time with us today. People love parks.
3	You're a popular destination.
4	COMMISSIONER KULLESEID: That's good.
5	Because it's gratifying, it's good.
6	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you. Thank
7	you for doing this work.
8	Next up we have Richard Ball, the
9	commissioner of Agriculture and Markets.
10	Just pointing out to people, we're
11	only on the third testifier for this hearing
12	today. Get yourself settled in and arrange
13	to have somebody get dinner for you, because
14	we're going to be here through the evening.
15	And Commissioner Ball's probably had
16	the time, I don't know, to sow a field or
17	something while he was waiting for us. We'll
18	find out what he was doing up until now.
19	Are you with us, Commissioner?
20	COMMISSIONER BALL: I am with you. In
21	mind and spirit.
22	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Welcome.
23	COMMISSIONER BALL: Well, thank you.
24	Are you ready?

1	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I'm ready 11
2	you're ready.
3	COMMISSIONER BALL: Okay.
4	Well, good afternoon,
5	Chairwoman Krueger, Chairwoman Weinstein,
6	Senator Hinchey, Assemblywoman Lupardo,
7	members of the agricultural committees and
8	also elected officials.
9	I'm honored to present my testimony on
10	the fiscal year 2022 Executive Budget for the
11	Department of Agriculture and Markets.
12	The Executive Budget recommends nearly
13	\$179 million for the department, allowing us
14	to continue our core functions and implement
15	initiatives to drive New York agriculture
16	forward.
17	As you know, this past year has been
18	incredibly difficult for all of us, including
19	the agricultural industry. I am proud of
20	what we have accomplished during the COVID-19
21	crisis, working together with our many
22	partners, to ensure that our food supply
23	chain remains open and that our agricultural
24	community continues to operate safely. From

1	developing critical guidance documents and
2	advocating for federal relief dollars to
3	providing face coverings and hand sanitizer
4	to tens of thousands of farms and
5	agribusinesses, our priority has been to help
6	New York agriculture navigate this
7	unprecedented public health crisis and
8	continue its essential work.

The Great New York State Fair, while not able to execute its 2020 plans because of COVID-19, has also been imperative to helping New Yorkers during the pandemic. The fair has hosted critical socially distanced events like Nourish New York distributions and blood drives, and most recently is working as a state vaccination site.

This year's State of the State and
Executive Budget supports the state's
continued efforts to recover and rebuild from
the pandemic. As part of that, the Governor
has announced \$25 million for a third round
of the Nourish New York initiative. This
will allow us to continue connecting
New Yorkers to fresh, local food and

protecting the stability of our agricultural
economy.

So far, Nourish New York has helped food banks to purchase 21 million pounds of products from New York producers and deliver them to more than 1.3 million families in need across the state. It has helped reach more than 4,100 farms as they have struggled with the loss of markets and a surplus of products.

The Executive Budget proposes
\$27.4 million in local assistance to ensure
the future of the industry. This is in line
with last year's Executive Budget, and the
third consecutive year that we've seen this
historic commitment to agriculture. This
funding will support key programs focused on
research, agricultural education, workforce
development, marketing initiatives, and more.

This year's budget also supports our efforts to further several recently announced initiatives to strengthen New York agriculture. The Produce Traceability Blue Ribbon Task Force, for example, is focused on

1	advancing our food safety tracking systems
2	across the supply chain. The group is made
3	up of New York farmers and representatives
4	from produce distributors and retailers and
5	facilitated by Cornell University. I'm
6	excited about their work and what it will
7	mean for the industry and for our consumers.

The Diversity and Racial Equity
Workgroup will also move us forward, aiming
to foster a more equitable agricultural
industry and provide recommendations for
systemic reform. Racial discrimination is an
extremely urgent issue that we must tackle
across all sectors. I am proud that this new
workgroup has begun to have some crucial and
difficult conversations in order to make
much-needed change.

The hemp industry will also benefit

from a workgroup as part of the Governor's

2021 State of the State agenda. The

workgroup will build from our accomplishments

in cultivating this sector and make

recommendations for the further development

of hemp as a multi-use agricultural

1	commodity. The hemp workgroup will explore
2	opportunities for New York growers and
3	manufacturers, and for the development of
4	safe New York products.

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Lastly, we also continue to aggressively tackle climate change, which is a critical component of the Governor's Executive Budget. His plans to bolster the state's green economy builds on the groundbreaking work of the Climate Leadership and Community Protection Act, and I am pleased that agriculture is at the table in these discussions. With the Governor's aggressive climate agenda and strong support in the Executive Budget for critical environmental programs such as the Climate Resilient Farming Grant program and our Soil and Water Conservation Districts, agriculture is playing an important role in achieving our state's climate goals while protecting our natural resources.

We continue to work to strengthen and grow New York's agricultural industry, and we're proud of the proposed Executive Budget.

1	We look forward to hearing your priorities
2	and working with you in the year to come.
3	Thank you.
4	(Pause.)
5	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: So we're going
6	to go to the Senate for their agricultural
7	chair.
8	Senator Krueger, or do you want to
9	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you. I
10	thought I was talking who knew I was on
11	mute? I apologize. We'll try it again.
12	I want to introduce our brand-new
13	Agriculture chair, Michelle Hinchey.
L 4	You're also on mute, Michelle.
15	SENATOR HINCHEY: Every time. It's
16	going to be every time.
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I know. It
18	happens to us all.
19	(Laughter.)
20	SENATOR HINCHEY: Thank you, Senator.
21	And thank you, Commissioner Ball, for
22	being with us here today and for taking our
23	questions.
2.4	Tim evaited to be the new chair of the

1	Senate Agriculture Committee, and I'm
2	planning to focus our work on making sure we
3	sustain our family farms and increase access
4	to healthy food for all New Yorkers across
5	the state. As a farmer yourself,
6	Commissioner, I'm very much looking forward
7	to working with you on these critically
8	important issues.
9	To start, the average age of a
10	New York farmer is 60 years old, and many are
11	looking for ways to retire in the coming
12	years. These farmers own and operate almost
13	2 million acres of farmland in New York.
14	Troublingly, research shows that over
15	90 percent of these senior farmers do not
16	have someone working alongside them, poised
17	to take over their farm. In my district in
18	Greene County, senior farmers outnumber
19	farmers under 35 at a rate of six to one.
20	Farmland for a New Generation funds
21	critical programs to get new farmers into
22	farming and connects them to land, yet the
23	Governor cut it from his Executive Budget.

Do you agree this funding is critical? And

1	what other programs can we fund to get new
2	and diverse individuals into farming?
3	COMMISSIONER BALL: Well, thank you,
4	Senator. It's good to see you without a mask
5	on. And appreciate your leadership position
6	on this committee. It's an important one.
7	A couple of thoughts jump into my
8	head. One, you mentioned the average age of
9	a farmer. There is a benefit to that; I was
10	able to tell my mother that her son was
11	finally above average.
12	But to that point, American Farmland
13	Trust worked very closely with us at a
14	program we started at the department, it was
15	a Beginner Farmer Workgroup looking to
16	address some of those very issues you
17	articulated very well. And American Farmland
18	Trust played a key role there.
19	I think certainly the Farms for a
20	New Generation program is a great one. As
21	you noted, that was a legislative add in the
22	budget last year. We work with American
23	Farmland Trust oh, gosh, if we don't talk

once a week, then it's an odd week for

certain. They've been great partners.

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2	We identified early on that to
3	accomplish those goals of getting younger
4	farmers on farms, that we needed to figure
5	out access to land as well as access to
6	capital and access to education and
7	understanding and training that was needed.
8	And then, most importantly, how do we
9	navigate all those pots of money and various
10	resources to help people who are entering the
11	field of agriculture get to where they need
12	to go whether they have money and need
13	land, or vice versa. So we have kind of a
14	one-stop shop for that here at the
15	department.
16	But I think we have some opportunities
17	here. Times of great challenge certainly
18	present times of great opportunity as well.
19	So appreciate that, and look forward to
20	working with you on that.
21	SENATOR HINCHEY: Thank you. We do as
22	well.
23	My next question stems from that we're

very concerned about the cuts to the Cornell

1	Vet Diagnostic Program. This is a big hit to
2	farmers because those programs reduce the
3	cost of testing for their animals. For the
4	record, it was this lab that did COVID
5	testing in animals, and it was the only lab
6	in New York State with the capabilities to do
7	so.
8	Farmers depend on this lab and its
9	lower cost to keep their animals and our food
10	supplies safe. How can we ensure that
11	testing stays affordable for farmers so that
12	the public can stay protected?
13	COMMISSIONER BALL: Great question.
14	And you're talking about a great asset here
15	in New York State.
16	I've been very fortunate Dean
17	Warnick of the college, Cornell College of
18	Veterinary Medicine, asked me to be on his
19	advisory board, so I get to have interactions
20	with Dr. François Elvinger on a regular
21	basis. In fact, the dean had asked me to
22	help interview Dr. Elvinger when he first was
23	considered for the position.
24	Been to the lab many times. Great

1	asset for New York. They do incredible work.
2	They work very closely with our state vet,
3	and frankly they work very closely with our
4	whole veterinary team here at the department.
5	We've worked with them on their fees
6	and making sure that it stays affordable for
7	New York farmers. We've looked at ways to
8	help them do their job, because they will
9	help agriculture do their job.
10	So I would agree with you that that's
11	a very critical component of New York's
12	agricultural system. We need to keep it
13	alive and growing, and very happy to have a
14	conversation with you about the details of
15	just doing that.
16	SENATOR HINCHEY: Great, thank you.
17	As we've seen in the COVID-19
18	pandemic, mental health crises are
19	skyrocketing across the board. FarmNet,
20	while not in the ag budget, plays a critical
21	role in providing mental health support to
22	our farmers. The Governor has again cut this

program. And I would love to hear your

thoughts on its merits and the support that

23

1	we can provide to farmers in this area.
2	COMMISSIONER BALL: Again, we're going
3	to look to the Legislature for conversations
4	about this. FarmNet is very important. I
5	have close and very personal relationships
6	with the FarmNet team. They've done a great
7	job. They're also very helpful in the
8	transfer of farms from one generation to
9	another as well.
10	And this COVID-19 pandemic has really
11	affected so many of us socially,
12	professionally, and our farms in a very big
13	way have had a very hard time with this. So
14	I would agree with you, it's critical that we
15	look at this issue, and happy to discuss that
16	with you.
17	We do have funding in our budget for
18	FarmNet. I think about \$664,000 comes from
19	our line. The balance came from the
20	Legislature. So look forward to that
21	discussion.
22	SENATOR HINCHEY: Great, thank you.
23	Us too.

I have two other questions. There's

Ι	\$1 million in proposed cuts to Agribusiness
2	Childhood Development Centers. This cut
3	covers childcare services specifically for
4	farmworkers and migrant workers, operated
5	through 13 centers across New York State.
6	These centers are one of the only places that
7	provide multilingual childcare and
8	information to farmworkers and their
9	families.
10	What would this cut mean for the
11	existing centers, and does the Executive
12	propose this as a cut across the board, or
13	will the centers be closed?
14	COMMISSIONER BALL: Well, you're
15	talking about a subject that's very near and
16	dear to my heart. Certainly I'm in my office
17	now and I'm looking up at a framed photograph
18	of the children at an agribusiness ABCD
19	daycare in New York State. There's about
20	18 locations around the state. They do
21	incredible work.
22	I've been able read to them in
23	Spanish, I've been able to visit many of
24	their facilities. This is a very important

effort here.
In the Governor's Executive Budget on
our line they get some funding from two
different agencies. But our line in Ag &
Markets and the Governor's Executive Budget
funds that, as it did last year. So we have
to look to the other agencies and make sure
they get covered the way they need to.
SENATOR HINCHEY: Okay, thank you.
And, Commissioner, you're the chair of
the Agriculture and Forestry Advisory Council
that provides recommendations for the state
to meet the goals of the CLCPA.
Can you tell us the status of the work
being done by the Agriculture and Forestry
Advisory Panel and how farms can be a part of
the climate change solution?
COMMISSIONER BALL: Well, sure. And
thanks for that question.
Obviously climate is front and center
for the whole country and certainly New York
State especially. I get a seat, as

commissioner of Ag, on the Climate Action

Council, and I'm also chair of that Ag &

23

1	Forestry Advisory Panel. We've met seven
2	times. We have six subgroups that continue
3	to meet on a very frequent basis. And we're
4	looking at all the options that we can put on
5	the table about how agriculture and forestry
6	can become part of that solution.

It's not a timid group at all, as you can imagine. They're very informed. We've got professional scientists, researchers, a number of farmers, a lot of people with environmental interests that are at the table. DEC has a full cadre of support there. It's been exciting to look at some of the options we have.

I'm reminded of Senator Krueger's remarks about trees. I would add that, you know, certainly looking at forestation and reforestation, trees are an excellent source of carbon sink and an important part of the picture as we look at the workgroups and their plans.

I would add, Senator, and Senator

Krueger as well, that my grandfather's

observation about trees was that the best

1	time to plant a tree was 10 years ago, but
2	the second-best time is today.
3	So it's been a rewarding panel to be a
4	part of. We're looking forward to coming up
5	with recommendations to the full Climate
6	Action Council here, I think very shortly in
7	a few months. So we have a lot of work to
8	do, but the work is progressing really well
9	and I'm encouraged.
10	SENATOR HINCHEY: Thank you very much.
11	And I appreciate you being with us today.
12	COMMISSIONER BALL: It's a pleasure.
13	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you,
L 4	Senator Hinchey.
15	Assemblymember.
16	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, we go to
17	chair of Agriculture, Donna Lupardo, for
18	10 minutes.
19	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: Thank you very
20	much.
21	Hello, Commissioner.
22	COMMISSIONER BALL: Hi.
23	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: It's nice to
24	see you.

1	COMMISSIONER BALL: Haven't seen you
2	since Binghamton.
3	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: We talk.
4	COMMISSIONER BALL: That's right.
5	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: And we email.
6	COMMISSIONER BALL: That's right. And
7	we text.
8	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: We do.
9	Well, as you know, we had an earlier
10	budget hearing where we focused on food chain
11	supply issues. And so there's no point in
12	delving into that, but I just want to sort of
13	discuss with you for a second that as a
14	result of the food supply chain report that
15	we expect to come out of Cornell University,
16	and as we look to "Build Back Better"
17	agriculture and in some ways build back
18	different I'm assuming that, you know,
19	we're going to have to confront some big
20	spending, whether it's on building out
21	processing or building out refrigeration or
22	trying to figure out aggregation or a whole
23	host of issues, as you know, that were
24	exposed by the COVID pandemic. That, you

1	know, t	there	will	be	an	opportunity	for	us	tc
2	discuss	s some	lar	ger-	-tic	cket items.			

However, we find ourselves in the same position we're in every year, where we're looking to do basic restorations to programs that the Legislature has been concerned about.

So, you know, with that in mind, I
want to back up Senator Hinchey on two major
items to flag that will be very high
priorities for us, and the one is the
New York State Veterinary Diagnostic Lab. I
think people would be surprised to know the
vast amount of responsibility that they have
before them -- diagnostic services, animal
testing, the entire forensic piece regarding
animal abuse. And systematically, over the
last few years, at least, they have received
less funding.

And I was just curious if you were concerned, like we are, about their ability to do the -- what the state has basically requested them to do, by law.

24 COMMISSIONER BALL: Well, I think you

1	can't we can't overstate the impact that
2	COVID-19 has had on everything financial in
3	our state.

I can't -- I can't overstate how important I think the diagnostic lab is. You and I have talked about it. And again, I just have to point to our state vet and our whole team of vets work with them on a daily basis. They're very competent. They're a critical part of agriculture.

We certainly were excited to see that their funding from our line was flat, the same as it has been the last couple of years. The Legislature has helped out there. That's been great. But I think that as we get firmer footing underneath us, as we see what's happening in Washington, get a feel for those finances, we'll continue to work together with you to deal with that issue in a big way.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: Yeah, I think the public will probably become more vocal as they learn more about how they are the primary lab to address animal disease

outbreaks, now that people are far more aware

of what the consequences of that can be.

Also, I want to back her up on the FarmNet concern. And if you wouldn't mind, we'd love to have some confirmation on where their current contracts might lie. It's not clear whether they've received the funding for the last budget year or not, and as well as the Office of Mental Health funding that they received, I don't believe they have gotten contracts for that either. But we'd love to have you look into it.

There's money that has come from the federal government to assist state ag departments like yours, to assist farmers with mental health programs, some \$28 million. Are we in line to receive some of that? And could we direct some of that toward FarmNet to help at least get farmers through this difficult time?

COMMISSIONER BALL: Happy to look into that. Our director of fiscal management here at the department and I and our whole team meet quite regularly along with our partners

1	at Department of Budget. All of the
2	contracts are being honored, and we're
3	managing it like every farmer does, at the
4	end of the week, at the end of the month,
5	looking at how much cash flow is available
6	and what the needs are.
7	We have prioritized the FarmNet,
8	certainly; they're high on the list. I can
9	give you an updated status on today's
10	situation with them as soon as I talk with
11	fiscal.
12	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: Hopefully
13	there's some federal funds that we can divert
14	over there, at least for this coming year, if
15	possible.
16	COMMISSIONER BALL: Sure.
17	And I'm going to put on my
18	commissioner hat, my role at the state
19	departments of agriculture around the
20	country. We've been working very hard in
21	Washington, D.C., to advocate for state
22	departments of ag broadly. All 50 states and
23	four territories support this. I'm currently
24	the vice president of that organization.

1	This is front and center for us, and there's
2	a critical need, because it's not just
3	New York but every state is facing some real
4	challenges with the things that support
5	agriculture in their states.
6	And so we're optimistic. We feel a
7	different tone coming out of USDA and
8	Washington right now towards the states. So
9	we remain hopeful, and we'll stay on top of
10	that.
11	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: Let's talk
12	about Nourish New York real quick. People
13	really very much appreciated that program,
14	and many of our colleagues downstate in
15	particular, their food banks received a lot
16	of food and have a better understanding, I
17	think, about the food supply chain and how
18	important upstate farmers are and those on
19	Long Island and other places.
20	Where exactly is the new \$25 million
21	in the budget? I have not been able to
22	locate that yet.
23	COMMISSIONER BALL: Well, Nourish
24	New York, what a fantastic story. And it's

1	story that came together in about one week.
2	Just to kind of set the stage and we all
3	remember it very well, but the first couple
4	of weeks of the pandemic
5	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: Don't take
6	time to tell the whole story.
7	COMMISSIONER BALL: I won't give you
8	the whole story. I won't give you the whole
9	bale of hay, as we say.
10	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: I've only got
11	a few minutes left.
12	COMMISSIONER BALL: We put together
13	that whole program in one week. Really proud
14	of the effort here at the department, the
15	Department of Health and the other agencies,
16	and the Governor's office. Twenty-five
17	million dollars. We added another
18	\$10 million in November. Right now, the
19	intention going forward is to extend the
20	contracts that are currently in place so
21	there will be no gap in service. And as such
22	we're utilizing a centralized contingency
23	appropriation to fund Round 3.
24	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: Gotcha.

1	COMMISSIONER BALL: So that's how
2	we're continuing to operate January,
3	February, March.
4	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: Can I switch
5	to another subject before you
6	COMMISSIONER BALL: Yes.
7	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: We love to
8	talk about Nourish.
9	Renewable energy. And I think we're
10	all pretty interested in the Governor's
11	aggressive climate goals and what we're
12	looking for from the CLCPA, his discussions
13	about expansion of solar and wind projects
L 4	and the transmission lines downstate.
15	How can we work better together to
16	ensure a balance is achieved between
17	competing priorities, between developing our
18	farmland, protecting our farmland, and these
19	aggressive climate goals which we all
20	support? Because I feel that we're getting
21	caught between these two priorities and I'm
22	not entirely sure how to navigate that. How
23	is your department approaching this?
24	COMMISSIONER BALL: Well, we've been

1	pretty aggressive. And we've had fortunately
2	a great relationship and great working
3	relationships with NYSERDA in particular. I
4	have on my wall a plaque that was given to me
5	when then Governor Mario Cuomo presented an
6	award celebrating 25 years of Ag Districts
7	Law in New York State, and he delivered that
8	at my farm.

The idea of taking my farm or any prime farmland and turning it into something other than that is scary for me, so in talking with NYSERDA, we've been working very hard to make sure that we locate our new renewable energy facilities in the right place. We've got a memorandum of understanding with NYSERDA now. We want to make sure that we avoid, minimize and mitigate if we have to use farmland, prime farmland, which we identify as land being currently farmed or land that represents the top four tiers of soil in New York State.

So I know that the president of NYSERDA shares our thoughts. I think our two agencies are working really well together.

1	And this is in our background always as we go
2	forward with siting of renewable energy
3	projects.
4	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: Commissioner,
5	I have another minute. I notice that in the
6	EPF a million dollars there's a million
7	dollars less for farmland protection,
8	speaking of which, yet there's a
9	million-dollar increase in the Soil and Water
10	Conservation Districts. Is that the same
11	million dollars?
12	COMMISSIONER BALL: Did it come from
13	the left pocket and went to the right pocket?
14	They're two separate programs, of
15	course, obviously. Farmland preservation,
16	we've done a great job of that over the
17	years. The Governor has consistently funded
18	that either at \$17 million or \$18 million
19	for since I've been here.
20	I would add that on farmland
21	preservation, we've also done some great work
22	with reappropriations. The dairy transitions
23	program, \$30 million, and then an additional
24	\$14 million for non-dairy transition

1	preservation efforts. So we've been pretty
2	faithful to that.
3	The soil and water guys, every time I
4	turn around, we're asking them to do yet one
5	more thing for us. They've helped us with
6	all the ag non-point work. They do all the
7	environmental climate-resilient farming work
8	around the state. The contracts flow through
9	them. So they really need that support to
10	keep the climate goals going the way we want
11	them to.
12	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: Well, my time
13	is up. Thank you very much for your service,
14	and thank everyone in your agency for how
15	much they've done during this pandemic and on
16	behalf of New York agriculture and farming.
17	Thanks.
18	COMMISSIONER BALL: Well, thank you
19	for your support. It's much appreciated.
20	And for asking fast questions.
21	(Laughter.)
22	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: I'm getting
23	hetter

COMMISSIONER BALL: And I'm trying to

1	talk faster.
2	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: Yeah, I
3	noticed.
4	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
5	We're going to go to the Senate, to
6	the Agriculture ranker, Senator Borrello.
7	SENATOR BORRELLO: Thank you very
8	much.
9	And Commissioner Ball, thank you so
10	much for being here today.
11	I just want to say that when I became
12	the Ag ranker last year, one of the first
13	things I did was went on a statewide tour of
L 4	farms. And I was very it was a great
15	experience, but was able to visit Schoharie
16	Valley Farms and {inaudible}
17	COMMISSIONER BALL: Wow.
18	SENATOR BORRELLO: and I know
19	Chairwoman Lupardo was there, we had a and
20	of course this was all together with
21	Assemblyman Tague.
22	It was a great experience, and I think
23	it was a great eye-opener for our colleagues
24	across the state. So we're looking forward

1	to the next tour that that Assemblyman
2	Tague does also.
3	What I wanted to ask you a couple
4	of things. We touched a little bit on the
5	food supply chain and the issues that we had.
6	You know, in your opinion first of all,
7	we I think we all know agriculture was
8	under tremendous stress long before the
9	pandemic, and this only exacerbated it.
10	Where are the choke points there, and why did
11	we see this massive breakdown in our food
12	supply chain in New York State?
13	COMMISSIONER BALL: Sure. Well, you
14	know, this is well, first of all, thank
15	you for visiting the farm. And you got to
16	meet the smarter part of our family, my son.
17	(Laughter.)
18	COMMISSIONER BALL: You have a
19	standing invitation, all of you, and I will
20	feed you, because it's all about the food.
21	You know, you bring up a really a
22	broad question. When I was first asked by
23	this Governor to consider taking on this job,
24	what we talked about was how we have this

1	incredible agricultural community in New York
2	State, ranked top 10 on 30 different
3	commodities. We have the biggest, most
4	marvelous marketplace in the world in our
5	state as well. And we talked about how we
6	can connect the dots there. And it wasn't
7	just getting more food to people who can
8	afford food, but it was about getting more
9	food to people who maybe didn't have access
10	to our food system.
11	So this has been a big focus. I think

So this has been a big focus. I think the COVID-19 pandemic highlighted some of the challenges with that food supply chain. But I have to look back and think we've taken a number of steps to bring us closer, you know, over the last seven or eight years, certainly.

We have a Hunger and Food Policy

Council the Governor asked me to chair and

put together. We have farmers there, we have

the agencies there, we have the food banks

there, we have farmers there, and we talk

about how we get more New York State

agricultural products into our emergency food

1	system. That was what enabled us to put
2	Nourish together in such a quick way.
3	I would just say that the second to
4	last link in the food supply chain are the
5	restaurants, the people who feed people.
6	They know the farmers, they know their
7	customers. They can be a great asset to us
8	as we look towards building back better here.
9	Chef Andrés was just a superhero, a great
10	ally of us and the whole country, really.
11	So I think that if there is a silver
12	lining here in this pandemic it's that we've
13	highlighted the importance of our food supply
14	chain, that we've highlighted the need for
15	our emergency food system, that we've
16	highlighted the need for our agriculture, for
17	our growers, and that consumers in New York
18	appreciate that we need to have that capacity
19	in New York, not rely on another state or
20	another country for that. So
21	SENATOR BORRELLO: Couldn't agree
22	more. Couldn't agree more. Thank you very
23	much.

Obviously my time is ticking down

1	here. Obviously one of the issues with this
2	pandemic is the vaccine, and we certainly
3	consider our farmworkers front-line workers.
4	I'm just wondering your thoughts on, you
5	know, moving up farmworkers, you know, into
6	the 1(b) section for vaccinations so we can
7	get those folks safely vaccinated and able to
8	work with confidence that they can deliver
9	for the food supply chain.
10	COMMISSIONER BALL: Yeah. Well, thank
11	you for that concern. I really appreciate
12	it. It's important for us as well. As you
13	know, we have about 7 million people
14	currently in that 1(b) category. And as you
15	know, last week we got 250,000 doses of the
16	vaccine.

So we really need to keep the pressure on Washington to get more vaccine coming into our state. We've set up, we're talking with our ag community, we're talking with the industry, Department of Health on an everyday basis. We're ready to distribute there as the vaccine becomes available.

So it's an ever-evolving situation.

1	And we tell everyone to keep an eye on the
2	Governor's announcements and that website
3	with highlighting when that's coming. But
4	certainly we have a pretty good record here.
5	All summer when we had hotspots showing up on
6	our farms, we responded very aggressively
7	with the Department of Health and with county
8	departments of health, set up testing for
9	farmworkers. We tested hundreds of farms in
10	Central New York, over a thousand farmworkers
11	were tested in a short period of time. So we
12	care very much about our farmworkers.
13	SENATOR BORRELLO: Thank you very
14	much. I'll just end. My time is up. I want
15	to say thank you very much for your service
16	and look forward to working with you and with
17	our new chair, Michelle Hinchey.
18	COMMISSIONER BALL: Thank you so much.
19	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
20	Assembly.
21	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: We go to the
22	ranker on Agriculture, Assemblyman Tague, for
23	five minutes.
24	COMMISSIONER BALL: That name's

1	familiar to me.
2	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Good afternoon,
3	neighbor. How are ya?
4	COMMISSIONER BALL: I'm well, thank
5	you. And thanks for organizing the tour and
6	bringing a bunch of folks along, including
7	our chair.
8	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Well, and you're
9	right, we did visit with the smarter half in
10	your family.
11	COMMISSIONER BALL: Thank you.
12	(Laughter.)
13	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: But listen. First
14	of all, Commissioner, I just want to say
15	thank you to you and your staff. Always
16	being responsive, helping come up with
17	solutions, especially during the COVID
18	crisis. I was on the phone with you and Jeff
19	and other members of your staff several
20	times, seven days a week, all different hours
21	of the day. And I can't thank you enough.
22	It shows your commitment and dedication to
23	our state and to agriculture. And couldn't
24	ask for a finer individual to be leading as

1	commissioner	of	Agriculture.

And I also want to thank Chairwoman

Lupardo, an excellent person to be working

with. And respect her and appreciate

everything that she does.

commissioner, I have -- there's not enough time in this day for all the questions I have to ask. But if you don't mind, I'm going to go down through the questions because my time is limited, and you can answer what you can. And actually Chairwoman Lupardo helped me out because she already asked one of the questions on the Nourish New York. Which, by the way, I think is an excellent program and fully support it.

But one of the problems that our

New York farmers face is a lack of meat

processing capacity. The last commercial

processor left New York in the 1990s, and a

lot of that is due to our regulatory

environment. As a result, our farmers have

to rely on out-of-state processing. Some

could be hundreds or thousands of miles away,

you know. And as COVID has shown, the

1	ability	of sup	ply	chains	to	cross	state	lines
2	is not a	always	guar	anteed.				

I'm just wondering if the department has considered ways to streamline processing regulations and/or minimize the bureaucratic overlap to encourage processors to come back to New York and strengthen our in-state supply chain.

And then secondly, Commissioner, I'm wondering if the department has a position on refunding our Veteran Farmers Grant program.

And this perhaps may be a more comprehensive effort to strengthening our agriculture sector and help both our veterans and farmers.

Thirdly, I had a couple of farmers reach out to me today, they knew I was going to be in this hearing, and they had a concern with regard to fluid milk going into New York City from New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Connecticut. I'm wondering if you may have a thought on that.

And then finally, kind of hitting on what Chairwoman Hinchey and Chairwoman

1	Lupardo touched on it's something that's
2	near and dear to my heart, especially living
3	here in the Schoharie Valley, as you do.
4	New York acreage under cultivation has
5	declined by 320,000 acres since 2012.
6	Large-scale renewable projects, especially
7	solar, appear to pose a direct challenge to
8	efforts to maintain or improve New York's
9	agricultural sector, since land use for
10	renewable projects cannot always be
11	repurposed.
12	Does the department have a position on
13	renewable project siting and the potential
14	problems this poses for agricultural land
15	use? And I know you touched on that in your
16	discussions with NYSERDA, but I was hoping
17	you might be able to go a little further.
18	And with that I'll turn it over to
19	you. And thank you, as always, for your
20	time, Commissioner.
21	COMMISSIONER BALL: You bet. Thank
22	you.
23	Well, I did address part of that with
24	the solar siting. I will add that this is a

1	big concern for us at the department, and for
2	farmers broadly, because approximately 60
3	percent of the land that's currently under
4	cultivation in New York is leased land. It's
5	land that's rented by a farmer from an owner
6	who may not be farming. So, you know, that
7	puts us at risk if solar happened without
8	regards to some of those considerations.
9	Which has prompted those serious
10	conversations with NYSERDA and the Office of
11	Renewable Energy Siting. So I'll stop there
12	right now.
13	As far as veterans, the veterans are a
14	very important workforce element, I think,
15	for agriculture in a big way. First of all,
16	46 percent of our military is from a rural
17	community. That's a statistic a lot of
18	people don't know. We only represent about
19	18 percent of our population, but almost half
20	of our military currently serving are from
21	rural communities. So they understand rural
22	communities, they probably know agriculture.
23	They would be excellent candidates.
24	They're used to working long hours in

1	difficult situations. I think they're
2	perfectly suited for agricultural work,
3	therefore.
4	We included them in our Beginner
5	Farmer Workgroup. And I agree that that's a
6	very important ingredient going forward with
7	our workers on farms and management on farms.
8	As far as slaughterhouse capacity in
9	New York, this has been a concern for quite a
10	number of years. We've seen consolidation in
11	the industry. It has moved largely to
12	Western states, closer to the supply of
13	livestock.
L 4	We are working with a lot of our
15	processors currently in the state who have
16	custom licensing. Many of them are very good
17	operations and could be transitioned over to
18	USDA licensing without too much effort.
19	They're good, they just need to do a few
20	things, supply some paperwork. We've been
21	talking with USDA about this because we do
22	want USDA-certified meat to be able to move
23	around the state.

I think that's a good answer, a good

1	program, a good pathway. It's not going to
2	answer it tomorrow. But we also have, in our
3	back
4	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Commissioner, 1
5	hate to interrupt, but perhaps you could
6	follow up with Assemblyman Tague and the
7	committee in writing with those answers.
8	COMMISSIONER BALL: Sure, absolutely.
9	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We've gone
10	quite a bit over the time.
11	COMMISSIONER BALL: Okay.
12	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: I just wanted
13	to remind members that the time is both for
14	questions and answers. I know a number of
15	people have been trying to sneak around
16	that our request.
17	So now we'll move on to the Senate.
18	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you. Thank
19	you, Helene.
20	Yes, when you ask a question when you
21	have 10 seconds left, you know you are doing
22	something wrong. Just reminding people.
23	Senator Rachel May.
24	SENATOR MAY: Yes, thank you. And

1	nice to see you, commissioner.
2	COMMISSIONER BALL: Good to see you,
3	Senator.
4	SENATOR MAY: Yeah. I want to follow
5	up on one thing Senator Hinchey asked about,
6	the Farmland Protection Fund.
7	I'm just wondering, in terms of the
8	budget, the fact that that money was in the
9	DEC budget, is there are there
10	agricultural interests that might fall
11	through the cracks or is there
12	cross-communication between the agencies that
13	happens where, you know, you're taking into
14	account the environmental impacts and the
15	agricultural impacts of a cut like that?
16	COMMISSIONER BALL: Yeah. It's
17	actually it's a line of ours in the EPF
18	fund, which is of course largely dominated by
19	DEC. But that is Ag & Markets' line. So
20	yeah, no funny business there.
21	SENATOR MAY: All right. That makes
22	sense.
23	And following up to Senator Borrello's

question about the 1B vaccine pool, like

1	having farmers and farmworkers in that
2	essential worker pool, it seems like the
3	Cooperative Extension would be a good way to
4	get the vaccine out to farms if we can
5	include them. I strongly advise that we
6	should include them in that vaccine pool.
7	COMMISSIONER BALL: Thank you.
8	SENATOR MAY: I did want to move on,
9	though, and say just as a little bit on a
10	lighter note, but tomorrow I'm going to
11	introduce a bill for to add animal and
12	plant fiber to the Grown & Certified Program.
13	And I hope that that's something that you
14	will support. And I'm thinking it would be
15	great to draft our Governor to go toe to toe
16	with Bernie Sanders, who's sporting those
17	Vermont-made mittens. If we can have, you
18	know, New York-made mittens and hats and
19	things that our Governor would proudly wear,
20	it would be a great thing.
21	So I hope that you'll support that
22	effort to include plant fiber and animal
23	fiber in that program.
24	COMMISSIONER BALL: Absolutely. We

1	see New York Grown & Certified as being the
2	premier marketing program for all of New York
3	State's agricultural products. So done.
4	SENATOR MAY: Great, thanks.
5	COMMISSIONER BALL: We need to come up
6	with some criteria for it, what separates it,
7	you know, from somebody else's food fiber.
8	But yeah, we'll do that.
9	SENATOR MAY: And then this is a more
10	serious question, but I'm a strong proponent
11	of raising revenue from the very wealthy in
12	the state. And I feel like when it comes to
13	agricultural cuts, that they're hurting
14	people who are not the very wealthy. Farmers
15	on average make 40,000 to \$60,000 a year.
16	And I'm wondering if there was
17	discussion of the trade-offs between that
18	you know, the cuts to people who can barely
19	afford it, if at all, and asking the very
20	wealthy to do more than the Governor is
21	asking them to do in the budget.
22	COMMISSIONER BALL: That squarely
23	rests on the Department of Budget and the
24	Governor. I have been a part of no

1	Conversation about that.
2	You know, we focus on how can we help
3	our farmers grow, be more profitable, connect
4	to markets that they may not have access to.
5	But
6	SENATOR MAY: I appreciate that.
7	Thank you very much. And thanks again
8	for the great work you do.
9	COMMISSIONER BALL: Thank you. Good
10	to see you.
11	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go to
12	Assemblyman Jones for three minutes.
13	ASSEMBLYMAN JONES: Hello?
14	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We hear you.
15	ASSEMBLYMAN JONES: Okay.
16	Commissioner, thank you, as always,
17	for giving us your time. And thank you for
18	being a friend and an ally to the farming
19	community. You truly are a great advocate
20	for the agriculture community.
21	Every year we see in this budget in
22	other areas, but especially in agriculture,
23	where there's many cuts to great programs
24	you know, maple, ag development, Cornell, you

1	know, gets completely wiped out some of
2	those programs and then we have to come
3	back with these legislative adds. It just
4	seems in the annual budget dance, agriculture
5	gets shortchanged with the two-step every
6	year. And that's getting very frustrating.
7	And, you know, that's something that we do
8	have to overcome.
9	I have two quick questions on the
10	Nourish New York program. I know
11	Chair Lupardo went over this. Great program,
12	love it. Farmers like it. Our residents
13	like it. It just was a very good program.
14	Congratulations for the work that you did on
15	that.
16	I'm not quite sure what you said about
17	the 25 million. Is that going to be
18	appropriated on top of when we pass the
19	budget, is that going to be further
20	appropriated, that 25 million, or is that
21	already money there that we have to that
22	we're using?
23	Another quick question, I know
24	Chair Hinchey mentioned this as well, are we

1	losing a generation of farmers? Our senior
2	farmers are getting older. It's not that
3	they don't have an opportunity to hand it off
4	to family members or to, you know, younger
5	farmers. I myself being in that position,
6	we you know, it was there's just been
7	so many things put on farmers as far as
8	impractical mandates. I know many years we
9	don't have the money to give to our farmers
10	these programs that they depend on, we
11	shortchange them on them.

But I would just like you to give us a few of these mandates. We talked about the labor mandate that was put in last year; that's just unfair to our farming community. But some other mandates that we could take off, take off from our farmers, that would encourage people to get into farming.

I know myself this hits close to home.

I know many family members, they want to join the farming community and they want to be a part of it, it's just an uphill battle. Not only do they have to deal with the pricing of everything, they have to deal with some of

1	these mandates that New York State puts on
2	them. Maybe we could just relax a few of
3	those.
4	So two quick questions about the
5	25 million for Nourish New York. I would
6	advocate for that program going even further.
7	And what mandates can we take off from our
8	agriculture and farming community that could
9	help them and future generations?
10	COMMISSIONER BALL: Okay. I'm looking
11	at the clock a little bit here, and I don't
12	want to have to stop the car on you.
13	But I think, you know, with regards to
14	Nourish, we are utilizing a centralized
15	contingency appropriation to keep the program
16	going. I think how much funding that's going
17	to take, that's a subject for negotiation
18	between the Legislature and the Department of
19	Budget, I think, as we go forward.
20	But we're able to keep that program
21	going through that financial vehicle, and
22	much appreciative of it.
23	With regards to regulations, you know,
24	a few years ago when I first met you in the

1	North Country, I think we may have talked
2	about and before you were an Assemblyman,
3	we might have talked about our Silo
4	Workgroup. And the Governor said to me:
5	"Let's look at all the agencies that regulate
6	agriculture, and let's bring them all in the
7	room and bring in agriculture in the room."
8	So I appointed eight farmers and I
9	invited all the commissioners from every
10	agency that regulated agriculture in some
11	fashion, and we talked. And we discovered
12	lots of overlaps. We discovered that for
13	example, we had two different state agencies
14	regulating farm housing to three different
15	standards. Okay, well, let's figure out
16	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Commissioner,
17	I'm going to ask you to stop because I don't
18	want this to continue through the rest of the
19	evening that Senator Krueger and I are here.
20	So you can follow up in writing, and we'll
21	circulate it to the members.
22	And I'll turn it over to the Senate,
23	again, reminding members to leave enough time
24	for at least the commissioner to start his

1	answer before the clock runs out.
2	Senate.
3	ASSEMBLYMAN JONES: Thank you,
4	Commissioner.
5	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you. I
6	think I'm going to call on Senator Sue
7	Serino.
8	SENATOR SERINO: Thank you,
9	Madam Chairwoman.
10	Commissioner Ball, it's so nice to see
11	you again.
12	COMMISSIONER BALL: Long time. Good
13	to see you too.
14	SENATOR SERINO: Yeah, it's good to
15	see you.
16	So I know you know my district well,
17	and I'm really hoping that you can partner
18	with us in advocating to the Governor's
19	administration for the local and county fairs
20	to resume and safely, of course. But to
21	give them enough lead time to actually and
22	adequately plan to open, because you can't
23	just say, Okay, you can open, and next day it

happens, as you know.

1	And the Dutchess County fair is like
2	an institution here, so but they're
3	worried that if they don't operate this year,
4	that they're going to be done for good.
5	And it's interesting talking to
6	people, and talking to Andy from the fair
7	I actually had a conversation with him
8	today how they're frustrated because they
9	go by, they see farmer's markets, flea
10	markets I know I've seen that. It's all
11	outside, tons of people. This fall I was
12	at in another county, there was like
13	another like a market going on, but they had
14	pets there, they had food. Same things like
15	you would have at a fair. And hundreds and
16	hundreds of people.
17	So just wanted to see your thoughts on
18	that, and have you any conversations about
19	it?
20	COMMISSIONER BALL: Yeah, it's
21	something we talk about a lot. The county
22	fairs are, you know, really a very important
23	connecting point talk about connecting
24	dots between our people in New York and

1	our farmers in New York. So, you know,
2	Andy's doing a great job. He's taken me
3	around the Dutchess County Fair. It's a gem
4	of a fair, no question. And the number of
5	people who pass there in a short period of
6	time is incredible.
7	This is where we get into
8	conversations you know, for a while there
9	at the beginning of COVID-19 I felt like we
10	were the Agriculture, Markets and Guidance
11	because we had to write so much guidance and
12	try to figure out how we could do things, and
13	in some cases why we needed to not do things.
14	And so we were talking hourly with the
15	Department of Health. Their concern wasn't
16	about agriculture or agricultural events,
17	their concern was crowd size, social
18	distancing. And so that drove the decision
19	for so many fairs to simply downsize or
20	cancel operations.
21	Having said that, you know, we've got
22	a pretty strong commitment. Andy is part of
23	the state group of county fairs, and

typically are in here talking to us about

1	funding for improvements on the fair. I am
2	fully hoping that this year we'll see that
3	funding and see what they have done with that
4	funding to improve their fair. And hopefully
5	we get people back though them. So we'll
6	stay in touch on that one. But we'd very
7	much like to see the county fairs get back to
8	work.
9	SENATOR SERINO: Yeah, I said to him
10	today whether you're 5 years old or 50 years
11	old, everybody loves a fair. And boy, we
12	need it more than ever right now for
13	everybody's mental health.
14	So thank you so much, Commissioner,
15	for everything that you do. Greatly
16	appreciate it.
17	COMMISSIONER BALL: Good to see you.
18	Thank you.
19	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you,
20	Senator.
21	Assembly.
22	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go to
23	Assemblywoman Glick now for three minutes.
24	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GLICK: Thank you very

1 much. Good to see you, Commissioner.

I hope that Nourish New York will be something that we will institutionalize going forward, because I think that even after we recover it will be a positive thing for both farmers and folks who are food-insecure. So I put my oar in the water for that to continue.

I also am very concerned about the

Cornell Lab. And in general, many of the

Governor's cuts reflect adds that the

Legislature makes. That's kind of a standard

thing -- the Governor cuts, and then we have

to fight to bring it back.

I would suggest to you, as the commissioner and maybe someone in a position to talk directly to the Governor, that farmers have to deal with the vagaries of the weather; they shouldn't have to deal with the vagaries of the budget, at least this year. And maybe many of those items that have been cut that are really quite critical, that we don't have to have the minuet and that the farm communities could be assured that they

And the final item, again, the

Governor did not include the Companion Animal

Matching Grant Capital Fund, which has been

very helpful to allow humane societies and

shelters to upgrade their facilities. And in

this year when, sadly, too many people had to

surrender their animals, I think it would

be -- obviously we will fight to put it back

in the budget.

But it seemed like there's a lot of areas where capital was included, and I'm just wondering if there was a reason. Is there money still sitting there and that's why the Governor did not include it in his budget?

COMMISSIONER BALL: Well, thank you.

It's good to see you again. I think the last time I saw you may have been at the Cornell, at the dedication of the expansion of the veterinary college, in fact.

But anyway, with regards to Nourish, thank you so much. Appreciate the support there.

1	On the Companion Animal Capital
2	Improvement Grant Program, that was funded by
3	the Legislature for three years. I think
4	they skipped last year. I think it was not
5	funded last year, if I recall. But I will
6	tell you that over \$12 million worth of
7	investment went out to shelters around the
8	state, a lot of projects, very well
9	subscribed.
10	Very quickly, I would add and I
11	know you're going to hear from your friend
12	and mine, Libby Post, probably later tonight
13	on that subject in a big way, and she will
14	carry the weight on that. So thank you.
15	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GLICK: Well, we do
16	think that it's and thank you. I think we
17	made some language clarifications so that it
18	would be more broadly available.
19	Thank you very much for everything you
20	do.
21	COMMISSIONER BALL: Thank you.
22	Appreciate it.
23	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
24	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GLICK: I yield back my

1	seven seconds.
2	(Laughter.)
3	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Great. We go
4	to the Senate.
5	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
6	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: And we ended
7	going over by seven. Thank you.
8	(Laughter.)
9	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I think it's just
10	me left on the Senate side, and we won't take
11	too much time.
12	SENATOR O'MARA: No, I'm here,
13	Chairwoman, I'm here still.
14	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Oh, you want to
15	speak? I'm sorry. I'm sorry.
16	So let me allow the ranker to go
17	first, please. Senator Tom O'Mara.
18	SENATOR O'MARA: I don't mind waiting
19	if you'd prefer to go first.
20	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: No, no, no, you
21	go first. I like to bat cleanup.
22	SENATOR O'MARA: Okay. Thank you.
23	Thank you, Commissioner, for being
24	here. I've really enjoyed the working

1	relationship	with	you	over	the	years	since
2	you've been h	nere.					

3 COMMISSIONER BALL: Appreciate that.

SENATOR O'MARA: You know, I need to echo Assemblywoman Glick's and Senator
Hinchey's comments on these ag programs.

Senator Hinchey, this is her first year, but she's learning already this is a perennial issue that we go through every year with these cuts to all these ag programs that we fight to restore. Thankfully there seem to be a lot less this year that we have to fight to restore than in prior years, but still it seems to be a waste of our time to go through this every year. And I'm not asking for a response from you on that.

But I do have concerns over the amount of money that we continue to spend on the State Fair and, you know, \$10 million more this year being appropriated. Since the 2012-'13 budget we have spent \$122 million on the State Fair, with very little going to our county fairs over that period of time. And really what I consider and have considered

1	for years excessive spending at the State
2	Fair. I mean, we didn't even have the State
3	Fair this past year. And hopefully that
4	returns and returns strongly with it. But
5	that's a concern of mine, and the spending
6	here.

I want to thank you for your positive comments on the Soil and Water Districts throughout the state and the great work that you do with Ag and Markets and working together. It's just a phenomenal resource, and I think some of the best agencies in the state do so much with so little. And we really should be looking to do more in our budget for our Soil and Water Conservation Districts.

My real question here for you,

Commissioner, is in regards to hemp. We've

had a couple of difficult years on hemp, but

we got off to I thought a strong start. I

was a strong proponent of that. And now we

appear to have a crop for a couple of years

now that has been grown and has no market

because the state continues to lack a

1	regulatory	program	to	get	that	production
2	into place.	•				

So can you update us on what the efforts are right now at the state to get this hemp going? I mean, it continues to get bogged down with recreational cannabis. It's completely unrelated, and it should be treated separately. So what are we doing to get this moving?

COMMISSIONER BALL: Yeah. Well, thank you for your support with regards to that, and especially in an important part of New York State. Your support of the Soil and Water guys has been noted. They appreciate it, and we certainly do too.

With regards to hemp, this has been just a -- I talk to the other state departments of agriculture; we're not unique. Kentucky -- you know, the commissioner there is a good friend, an ally -- and Oregon, Colorado, we talk often about industrial hemp and CBD and the processing capacity. And all across the country we saw such a hit, you know, last year when there was just -- the

1 market just fell apart for any of the CBD
2 products.

A lot of it had to do with the industry getting ahead, I think, of the federal government. Certainly at FDA they were putting the brakes on. They're science-based, research-based. They didn't have any information really to go on and make decisions about. We pushed them as hard as we could. At USDA they came out with an interim final rule, as you recall, which would have made it almost impossible for New York State to advance our plan going forward. We told them so. It kind of called the question, and they went back to Congress and got an extension of the 2014 farm bill so we could keep operating the way we were.

But basically the requirements that DEA and the Justice Department were putting on USDA for the way forward on industrial hemp made it unworkable for all the states.

That was -- given some time, they've come out with a new version of the interim final rule, I think the second-to-last day of

1	this administration in washington. We're
2	going through it right now. I think it's
3	going to be it was always our intention to
4	have a New York plan. It was always our
5	intention to go ahead and do what we need to
6	do here in New York. But that made it
7	unworkable. We're looking at it. They made
8	some accommodations. I'll be able to let you
9	know probably within a few days where we
10	stand on that new rule.
11	But I think that we've got to continue
12	to push FDA a little bit. Everything CBD
13	revolves there.
14	But on the industrial side, I think
15	there's you know, we've got great optimism
16	there for the fiber, for that side of things.
17	So we're going to continue to hold that in
18	our department. The CBD parts will be over
19	at Department of Health where they belong.
20	And I think we're going to work our way out
21	of this. But we were kind of clogged down
22	largely by the stagnation at USDA.
23	SENATOR O'MARA: Thank you very much.
24	COMMISSIONER BALL: You bet.

1	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
2	Assembly.
3	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go to
4	Assemblywoman Buttenschon.
5	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: Good
6	afternoon, Chairs.
7	And it's good to see you,
8	Commissioner Ball.
9	COMMISSIONER BALL: Another neighbor.
LO	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: I
11	appreciate all you do.
12	As you know, I represent the great
13	area of the Mohawk Valley that has many
L 4	prosperous agricultural opportunities. I
15	appreciate Chair Lupardo and Chair Hinchey
16	bringing up many different points today, as
17	well as my colleagues had brought up concerns
18	regarding farmland. And we all are for a
19	positive green environment, but we want to
20	ensure that it's done in a balance.
21	And I've heard from many of the
22	different farms in my area, specifically the
23	largest, DiNitto Farms, that has lost close
24	to 50 acres of farmland this year due to, as

1	they define it, solar industrial parks
2	they do not even want the word "farm"
3	utilized in there because they see the
4	concerns and are asking the request to look
5	at various land that would not infringe on
6	the agricultural properties that they need to
7	ensure that they can continue with the dairy
8	farming that they have.

And I know you addressed that, but I had advised them that I would reconfirm it.

I also have heard the significant points that were brought up by my colleague Jones in regards to regulations specific to meat packaging, that products are shipped out of state and then returned into state.

I see that the concerns of the various programs where there were cuts, specifically to the farmland of New Generation Resource Center, which is so important to initiate future programs. The Nourish New York, which many of my colleagues have spoke of, is a viable program that I consider so important.

And when we talk about the agricultural programs that can help support

1	future farmers, I find that that has to	be
2	one of our most significant priorities a	ıs we
3	look into this future budget.	

So my question I pose to you is, where do you see we can help you in those areas of support with my fellow colleagues and I?

COMMISSIONER BALL: Well, I think you do a great job at being partners with us. I feel very fortunate to be a commissioner right now. It's an incredibly challenging time. But as I've heard from so many of you a general recognition of the importance of agriculture in New York State, we're going to need to keep that in mind as you look at all kinds of things that are going to come in front of you.

I'm an optimist. And as you know, to be a farmer, you really have to be pretty excited when spring rolls around or you may not make it through the rest of the year.

But, you know, I get to get around the state quite a bit. Terri DiNitto and her husband have a marvelous operation, do a great service to the community with their bringing

_	the public in and bringing schools in to see
2	what they do.
3	And this is something that keeps me up
4	at night. And we just need to, as we look at
5	whatever comes in front of you as a
6	Legislature, you know, keep farmers in the
7	background. That's or I should say front
8	of mind, but in mind all the time.
9	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you,
10	Commissioner.
11	COMMISSIONER BALL: Okay.
12	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: I'm being
13	cut off. Take care.
14	COMMISSIONER BALL: Okay.
15	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: You can follow
16	up offline.
17	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: Yes.
18	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go back to
19	the Senate. Senator Krueger.
20	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
21	Okay, so now I think I will bat
22	cleanup. Nice to see you again,
23	Commissioner Ball.
2.4	COMMISSIONED BALL. Nico to soo you

1	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: And, you know, my
2	view as a Manhattanite is we want to eat
3	whatever New York State will grow and send
4	down to us. So keep growing, keep our farms
5	bigger and healthier and get more new farmers
6	on the land.
7	But when I listen to the discussion
8	today, I start to worry that people think
9	there's this unresolvable almost war between
10	renewable energy and changes in environmental
11	policy and the ability of New York farmers to
12	be successful. And I don't believe that.
13	And I don't think you believe that.
14	So tell me how New York's going to do
15	a better job at making sure that you know,
16	that old song "Why can't the farmers and the
17	rangers be friends," whatever it is. Farmers
18	and
19	COMMISSIONER BALL: Ranchers.
20	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: somebody
21	should be friends.
22	COMMISSIONER BALL: Oklahoma.
23	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
24	Oklahoma, yes.

1	There's no way that we can't all do
2	this together, because if we don't do it
3	together we won't have a planet to keep
4	growing things on. So help me understand
5	how, from your perspective as the Agriculture
6	commissioner, we can make sure we are moving
7	forward with our green agenda being better
8	for everyone. Because everything I've read
9	tells me that good farming and good practice
10	on our land actually helps our environment.
11	So, you know, whatever the problems are,
12	can't we figure them out?
13	COMMISSIONER BALL: Well, thank you
14	for your optimism. I share it.
15	And I have to say my optimism kind of
16	stems from the first conversation I had with
17	the Governor. He sought me out, wanted to
18	talk about agriculture. When he and I talk,
19	it's about agriculture. It's not about
20	politics, it's not about other issues, it's
21	about agriculture. So that gives me great
22	confidence and optimism going forward. He
23	asks lots of questions, as you know.
24	So that's one thing that gives me

1	optimism. The other one, involving the green
2	economy I think we had kind of a hard
3	situation. The solar industry in particular
4	kind of got here before we were ready to
5	figure out what to do about them. There were
6	no solar regulations in zoning in any town in
7	New York that I was aware of. Farm Bureau
8	did not have any policy regarding solar
9	siting on farms.
10	And I remember getting a
11	solicitation I was commissioner for about
12	a couple of months and I got four
13	solicitations personally, as a farmer, to
14	install hundreds of acres of solar array on
15	my farm. Which was in Ag District No. 1 of
16	New York. And I mentioned the plaque that I
17	have on my wall commemorating the Ag District
18	No. 1 in Schoharie County, New York. And so
19	that got my attention and it got me on the
20	phone with NYSERDA, it got me on the phone
21	with the developers, it got me on the phone
22	with Farm Bureau saying, We need to catch up.
23	So they kind of got a head start on us.
24	But as a result of the conversations

1	that I've been able to have with President
2	Harris over at NYSERDA, her understanding of
3	agriculture, I'm encouraged there that they
4	get it. That we don't want to meet New York
5	State's energy goals by robbing our
6	agricultural community or our ag goals. The
7	Governor has challenged us me
8	personally to grow agriculture in our
9	state, to feed you better in Manhattan. We
10	want to do that.
11	And, yes there's a way to do it. We
12	have to make sure we avoid our top four tiers
13	of soil as we consider renewable energy. We
14	have to make sure we find ways to be
15	compatible with energy renewal. And frankly,
16	as we look at the broader issue of greenhouse
17	gases and climate change, our farms can be
18	part of the answer here. There's a lot of
19	things that good soil health practices
20	we can encourage, that can help us advance
21	the goals of the climate.
22	So I'm excited that agriculture has a
23	seat at the Climate Action Council. I'm

excited that there's an Ag and Forestry Work

1	Panel that I get to chair. And I'm excited
2	by the interaction with the other seats on
3	the Climate Action Council. So I'm excited
4	that agriculture is being listened to, and
5	that gives me that optimism.
6	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
7	And a couple of Senators already
8	brought up the issue of the age of farmers
9	and the goal of New York to bring more people
10	onto our farmland and want them to be
11	farmers. And we have programs to provide
12	technical assistance, et cetera. You and I
13	have talked about starting maybe when you
14	first started, now the idea of a program
15	to encourage new Americans who had farm
16	histories in their original country to come
17	to be farmers in the farming areas of our
18	state. Because they usually come to New York
19	via New York City, and they want to be
20	farmers but have no idea how they would head
21	down that road in New York State.
22	Have we had any success with that
23	program?
24	COMMISSIONER BALL: Yeah, we do,

1	through our Beginner Farmer work and most
2	recently with our Diversity and Racial Equity
3	Workgroup, BIPOC farmers. So many as you
4	point out, so many in the Office of New
5	Americans, who we talk to on a regular basis,
6	at the Secretary of State's office so many
7	people come to New York coming from other
8	countries, whether it be the Caribbean,
9	whether it be South America or Africa or
10	wherever, so many of them agrarian roots.
11	They have agrarian foods that they miss. And
12	they have that technical understanding of
13	agriculture.
14	So we have to look to make sure, with

So we have to look to make sure, with this workgroup, frankly, that -- we saw some disturbing things in the ag statistics in the last national survey. We saw farm numbers changing. We kind of saw that coming. We saw more women involved in agriculture. We saw that coming. But it was mostly because they started counting women where they hadn't counted them before.

But we saw a decline in, for example, Black farmers, brown farmers. And that was

1	very disturbing. Some of that's a long
2	history at USDA, a sorry history. But let's
3	make sure that in New York State we're doing
4	things to make sure that our agriculture
5	community represents our population.

The conversations are hard, as you can imagine. But I think we're going to find some ways that we can reverse that trend here in New York State. And of course the time nationally has never been better than right now to do that.

talked about when you look at New York City's population and where they're from, and the diversity -- and again, my argument New York City wants to eat whatever New York State will grow -- that we talked about wanting to help educate farmers to potentially grow different crops that our Asian-American community might be desperate to buy if it was sold in New York. Or, again, people from Central America and the diet that they eat and prefer, people from Southeast Asia.

I am constantly amazed at the prices

1	people are willing to pay for their native
2	foods in the markets in New York City, when I
3	know we could figure out I mean, okay,
4	we're not going to become a tropical island
5	and grow tropical plants. But for example,
6	the radishes and the cabbages of Asia and
7	almost all of Central Asia I know we can
8	grow those.

I'm just curious whether we have been able to develop some of those markets for ourselves through our own farms.

COMMISSIONER BALL: We have. And I want to turn around your statement, which you did, but New York needs to grow what New York City wants to eat.

So yes, we -- the Governor asked me a couple of years ago -- as you know, he likes summits. We've had dairy summits and craft beverage summits and we've had wood products summits. I like summits too. And he asked me to put on an upstate/downstate summit. We talked about so much of the things you've articulated here -- you know, What does

New York City need and want, how does it move

1	around, how do they want it, how does it need
2	to be packaged and presented? Where do we
3	have that capacity upstate?
4	So that is an ongoing effort here at
5	the department to work on connecting those
6	dots in a better way. But there are
7	incredible opportunities for New York
8	agriculture in those diverse marketplaces
9	that, you know, most farmers don't have a
10	clue exist. So that's going to be a
11	continuing effort. Working with New York
12	City's school system is one way we can get at
13	that. Building the Food Hub in the South
14	Bronx is one way we can get at that. Having
15	an office in New York City, which we now have
16	for the department, with very talented people
17	who just keep an eye on what's going on in
18	the marketplace every day, is a way to get at
19	that.
20	COVID-19 really interrupted some of
21	our work. But on the other hand, it really
22	highlighted the importance of that work.
23	So
24	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Oh, I would

1	agree. I think COVID-19 is a crisis that
2	gives us an opportunity to do more for
3	ourselves because now we understand why we
4	need to.
5	So thank you very much for your time
6	today and for all your hard work. I view it
7	as on behalf of the farmers of New York State
8	and everybody else who wants to eat what they
9	grow.
10	Thank you, Assemblywoman. The Senate
11	is closed now.
12	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We still have a
13	number of Assemblymembers who would like to
L 4	ask questions.
15	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Good.
16	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We have more
17	than double the numbers of Senators, so it
18	makes sense.
19	We next to go to Assemblywoman
20	Woerner.
21	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you,
22	Madam Chairwoman.
23	And thank you, Commissioner, for once
24	again joining us today and for all of the

amazing work that you and your team have done
over the last year.

I have just a couple of questions,
sort of following on some of the themes that
Assemblywoman Lupardo and Assemblymember
Tague introduced earlier, having to do with
expanding our production capacity in New York
State, particularly around meat production
but not exclusively meat production.

I'm thinking about ways that we can provide some financial incentive in this sort of moment of crisis to encourage farmers to expand their capacity, and specifically looking at the tax waiver that's in Sections 483 and 483-a of the Real Property Law. It explicitly excludes structures for processing agricultural or horticultural commodities, which would mean that it's going to exclude structures for meat processing particularly. But it also excludes some of the more modern controlled-environment agriculture capacities that we might see in urban farming, so vertical farms, other kinds of CEA installations that might not be on

4		
7	+ 22 4 1 + 1 222	1 farmland
		l farmland.

And I'm wondering if in your what
your thoughts are about whether these kinds
of expanding these kinds of incentives
would provide a greater opportunity for
farmers to make investments in this time, to
expand their capacity.

8 COMMISSIONER BALL: Yeah, thanks for 9 that suggestion.

That came into focus recently when we had the big snowstorm that hit New York a couple of weeks ago and hit the Southern Tier especially hard, and sections of your county as well very hard. We lost some barns, lost some buildings, and it came to our attention that, you know, some -- for example, controlled- environment greenhouses that weren't able to properly insure themselves because of their concerns on the tax situation left them out of agricultural building, et cetera.

So that whole issue, I think there's opportunities there in that tax law. I'm not an expert at that, but it -- we put our

1	intergov folks on looking at that. There's a
2	menagerie of local/county concerns and
3	there's state concerns. I think the
4	Department of Ag took a run at this 10 or
5	15 years ago, but I'm willing to take another
6	run at it and just see what can be done
7	there.
8	Because we do have a great connection
9	with our partners at Empire State
10	Development. Eric Gertler is doing a great
11	job over there and takes my calls always when
12	I have a new business interested in
13	expanding.
14	With regards to the meat processing in
15	particular, though, it starts with the
16	customer. So we're working very hard to get
17	customers in Manhattan and New York City
18	schools and our schools to use New York meat.
19	When we have that customer, then we can
20	justify expanding our capacity upstate. You
21	don't build a plant and hope that you're
22	going to be able to sell something.
23	So I think cultivating the consumer
24	and the customer is an important part. We've

1	been doing that. But thank you. You know,
2	we'll look into that tax law thing. I'll see
3	what we can find.
4	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Great. I look
5	forward to working with you on that.
6	And I would just say that, you know,
7	certainly from the go ahead. Am I out of
8	time?
9	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We are six and
10	a half hours into the hearing, and this is
11	our third witness. So if you could have some
12	offline conversations, that would be helpful.
13	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Can I ask one
14	other question, just different from the
15	topic?
16	So, Commissioner
17	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: No, no, no,
18	Carrie
19	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Oh, sorry.
20	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: I'm sorry,
21	we need to move on.
22	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Oh, sorry,
23	okay.
24	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay, thank

1	you. I'm sorry to cut you off, but we need
2	to move on.
3	Next, Assemblyman Englebright.
4	Steve, are you there? (Pause.)
5	Assemblyman Englebright, are you
6	there?
7	Why don't we, since we seem to be
8	having some issue, move to
9	Assemblyman Burdick. Can you
10	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Ah. Helene?
11	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes. Are you
12	here, Steve?
13	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: I'm here,
14	and I will pass. Thank you.
15	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Oh, okay.
16	Assemblyman Burdick.
17	Thank you, Steve.
18	Chris Burdick, you're next.
19	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: Thank you very
20	much.
21	Thank you, Commissioner, for your
22	excellent work.
23	Earlier you referred to your
24	conversation with the Governor about

1	coordinating all the agencies dealing with
2	agriculture. So my question relates to DEC
3	and your department. And I'm concerned about
4	moving away from chemicals, pesticides and
5	herbicides harmful to waterways, wetlands, as
6	well as to honeybees and insects so important
7	to agriculture. And I wanted to know whether
8	your department is working with DEC to
9	strengthen its regulations of these
10	substances.

COMMISSIONER BALL: So I have constant text contact with the commissioner at DEC.

DEC was a part of that early workgroup in a big way, and frankly quite a lot of the streamlining of regulations involved agriculture and DEC. So yes, we talk about these issues quite a lot.

I will say that we have to balance some of our work here. We've got -- today's agriculture world is really an IPM world.

IPM stands for integrated pest management. I was asked once what that really meant, and I said "That really means common sense." We need to have tools, but we need to know how

1	to harmonize those tools in the right way so
2	that we minimize the impact on certainly
3	people and the environment.

So I've been very satisfied with the work we've done with DEC, particularly on the pesticide front. The right materials, getting them available for New York farmers, worrying about the wrong materials.

You mentioned pollinators there, and one thing that I think the state has a great deal to be proud of is that many states, the federal government included, looked at a pollinator plan. We saw things going the wrong way with pollinators, and New York stepped up to the plate. The commissioner at DEC and I cochaired a pollinator workgroup, we invited all the stakeholders -- farmers, environmental groups, the whole nine yards. And we sat in there, and it was difficult but we came up with a plan for best management practices for landowners, for farmers and for beekeepers.

And I think we've got a good plan.

Our numbers in New York are better than the

1	national numbers. And the research that we
2	put into it at Cornell, the pollinator plan
3	funding, about a half a million dollars, is
4	really yielding excellent results. So that's
5	something we're going to continue to look at,
6	continue to brag about, and continue to see
7	success.
8	Cornell has a brand-new IPM director,
9	nationally recognized, so I'm excited about
10	our opportunities going forward there.
11	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: Thank you.
12	Appreciate it.
13	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
14	We move on to Assemblymember Kelles.
15	ASSEMBLYWOMAN KELLES: Oh, there I am.
16	Thank you so much.
17	And thank you, Commissioner, it's
18	really exciting to finally meet you and work
19	with you. I'm from upstate New York, the
20	Ithaca area, Tompkins and Cortland, so
21	definitely farm country up here, so it's near
22	and dear to my heart.
23	I'm going to just jump right into two
24	comments and then a question that I had. I

1	wanted to add my voice to support for the
2	Cornell Lab. I'm concerned for that funding.
3	I think it's an amazing thing that we have in
4	the state, that we have a lab like this that
5	we require.
6	I know they originally, when they
7	opened you know, a hundred years ago we
8	started working with them, 80 to
9	100 years ago, and they were fully funded.
10	And as of a couple of years ago, it was about
11	33 percent. I think this year it's about
12	26 percent, estimated.
13	Particularly right now, given that
L 4	they are so important for COVID testing, but
15	also other infectious diseases like foot and
16	mouth, African swine fever, high-path avian
17	influenza and even, like someone mentioned
18	before, Lyme disease, I think it's so
19	important that they're fully funded.
20	And I also wanted to put a plug in for
21	Nourish New York. So glad to see that it is

being funded. But wanted to mention at least here, the small farmers that we really want to preserve and allow them to remain

1	farmers which was part of the intention of
2	the program couldn't afford to participate
3	in the program because the prices that were
4	being offered for the produce was not enough
5	for them to be able to participate.
6	So locally a program was created,
7	Nourish Tompkins, that created a tier system
8	for the smaller programs. And I'll share
9	that with you offline, but I would
10	recommend I would love to see a tiered
11	system so that the smaller farmers could
12	participate.
13	And then to my question, we know that
14	current large-scale agriculture with the
15	high-till practices, no cover crops,
16	rotation, and high usage of pesticides and
17	herbicides, are
18	(Zoom interruption.)
19	ASSEMBLYWOMAN KELLES: I'm not sure
20	what that is about. I think Chris is
21	unmuted, so it's cutting into my time. If
22	that's possible thank you.
23	Pesticides and herbicides are
24	depleting soil quality and creates a positive

feedback loop, needing more inputs to retain soil quality. And we know that this has also depleted one of the natural carbon sinks in the world, which is our soils.

But the problem is that farmers, even if they wanted to transition to sustainable farming practices, aren't able to because they have so much money that is invested in large equipment and infrastructure.

So I wanted to know if there were any programs, and funds, any system in place that we could actually support farmers who want to integrate sustainable farming practices, to transition where they currently are unable to do that because of the large cost that it would be to the farmers to make that kind of transition.

COMMISSIONER BALL: All right, there's a lot to unpack there. And I may not get to all of it, but I do want to say yes, there's a great effort underway to look at soil health again. It's in -- I think 40 years ago there was some arguments to be made about too much chemical pesticide use on farms.

1	But I go to the organic conference
2	every year, sometimes virtually, I go to the
3	vegetable conferences and fruit conferences
4	every year. And the most exciting, dynamic
5	meeting going on is soil health workshops.
6	Because that understanding is foundational.
7	And you'll see that showing up in our
8	Climate Action Council work as well.
9	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
10	We now move on to Assemblyman
11	Palmesano for three minutes.
12	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: They're not
13	letting me on. There we go, sorry.
14	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We can hear
15	you.
16	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: Sorry about
17	that.
18	Thank you, Commissioner, for being
19	here. And thank you for what you and your
20	staff do to help support agriculture and our
21	farmers all across this state, the number-one
22	industry in our state.
23	I don't have a lot to talk about.
24	There's really one particular issue I wanted

1	to get your take on, if I could. It's
2	relative to our educational institutions. I
3	know this would probably be a good question
4	for the SUNY chancellor as well.
5	But, I mean, obviously in New York
6	we're very fortunate to have four colleges
7	like SUNY Cobleskill, SUNY Morrisville,
8	Alfred State College and Cornell, to have
9	really diverse agricultural educational
10	programs to help bring about the next
11	generation of our farming and agricultural
12	community.
13	I was reached out to by a local farmer
14	who had heard that SUNY Morrisville was
15	ending their agricultural program. I know
16	the New York Farm Bureau has been very active
17	in this issue, it's trying to bring attention
18	and awareness to this.
19	I just wondered, what is your have
20	you been involved in any discussions with
21	SUNY and with the administration on doing all
22	we can to preserve these important

agricultural programs at these schools?

Because again, it's critically important to

23

1	have the next generation of farmers and next
2	generation of individuals who could take on
3	this mantle to support a very critical and
4	vital industry in our state.
5	So I just wondered about any feedback
6	you might have on that perspective, and what
7	you've been doing and what we can do more to
8	kind of help preserve and save these
9	programs.
10	COMMISSIONER BALL: You bet, yeah.
11	I think you know, I've had
12	conversations recently with the president of
13	SUNY Morrisville. I talk regularly with many
14	of the SUNY deans and presidents about
15	agriculture.
16	They are looking at their dairy
17	program. But they have a very strong equine
18	program, a very strong hops program, a very
19	strong fisheries program. And I've been
20	there a number of times; it's not too far

school. We have the best land grant system
for education in the country in our state.

I think what Morrisville is looking

21

away from my home. That's such a great

1	at and part of the, I think, cause for
2	your concern is that they're looking at their
3	dairy program and whether maybe it makes
4	sense for them to focus in a different part
5	of agriculture due to enrollment. I know
6	they have some questions around that.
7	They have put together a workgroup
8	with includes Farm Bureau, some prominent
9	dairy alumni, and are looking at that issue.
10	But they're not going to exit agriculture at
11	all. And they're also talking with SUNY
12	Cobleskill about sharing programs, perhaps,
13	and strengths.
14	I think the chancellor, Jim Malatras,
15	I know him very well. He's well apprised of
16	that and will help them make the right
17	decisions. We'll certainly support them as
18	well.
19	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: Thank you,
20	Commissioner. Appreciate your time.
21	COMMISSIONER BALL: Good to see you.
22	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: You too. Be
23	well.
24	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.

1	Now we go to Assemblymember Linda
2	Rosenthal, three minutes.
3	ASSEMBLYWOMAN ROSENTHAL: Okay. Here
4	I am. Okay, great.
5	Hi, Commissioner. Good to see you
6	again.
7	COMMISSIONER BALL: Hi, good to see
8	you.
9	ASSEMBLYWOMAN ROSENTHAL: So I have a
10	couple of questions about some of my favorite
11	subjects. But first I want to say that I
12	don't I haven't seen if maple is properly
13	funded in the budget, but I just want to put
L 4	in my two cents. We love maple here in the
15	city, and we love maple around the state, so
16	I hope there's adequate funding for that
17	program.
18	So now a couple of questions about per
19	stores and inspectors. I see that the number
20	of employees is kept constant in the budget,
21	but it seems to me, and as we've talked about
22	in the past, that you don't have actually
23	enough inspectors to cover all of the
24	responsibilities that are given to Ag &

⊥	Mai Necs.
2	So during COVID, pet stores were open,
3	but as we learned the puppies were not first
4	cleared by the USDA. So have your inspectors
5	had a chance to go back and make sure that
6	the ones that were being sold and are still
7	being sold are meet all the requirements?
8	And then in terms of live markets,
9	those also I believe there are quite a few
10	here in the city. They may not have been
11	inspected as well during COVID.
12	And so my and then a third thing is
13	that we have to FOIL, actually, to get
14	information about the different inspections
15	of live markets or pet stores. Can that be
16	put online? Because people deserve to know
17	without too much digging whether the places
18	where they buy their food, especially their

So can you put those online? The pet stores, how many inspectors do you have, how often do they inspect? For live markets, if

butchered live animals, are -- meet all the

criteria for safety and health. And it's

very -- you know, it's not online.

1	there are violations, how do we know that
2	they're corrected, because of your lack of a
3	robust staff? Which is of course not your
4	fault, but these are places that need to be
5	inspected properly.
6	COMMISSIONER BALL: Okay. Well, thank
7	you.
8	First of all, maple is funded.
9	ASSEMBLYWOMAN ROSENTHAL: Okay, good.
10	COMMISSIONER BALL: Yes, 75,000 for
11	research and 150,000 for the association.
12	And I need you to eat more maple so that we
13	can become number one
14	ASSEMBLYWOMAN ROSENTHAL: Yes. Yes.
15	COMMISSIONER BALL: rightfully so.
16	ASSEMBLYWOMAN ROSENTHAL: Good.
17	COMMISSIONER BALL: We do have, as you
18	observed, a hiring freeze currently. And as
19	soon as we we're working with DOB on that
20	on a regular basis. But as soon as we have a
21	firmer sense of Washington
22	(Zoom interruption.)
23	COMMISSIONER BALL: we'll do more.
2.4	We do inapost the live hird markets

_	on the average of eight times a year. If
2	there is a violation or concern, then they're
3	reinspected immediately.
4	As you know, and you mentioned USDA,
5	USDA handles the more or less wholesale
6	breeding of dogs that are imported. We
7	handle pet stores, pet retailers. We inspect
8	them every year. We reinspect if there's
9	ever an issue. And there is a record of
10	that. I know you sent us a request for
11	information. I think there was around 50
12	questions. I don't know if you didn't get
13	it. We did send it out to you. We can
14	resend it
15	ASSEMBLYWOMAN ROSENTHAL: No, I don't
16	believe we got it.
17	But the USDA was not doing inspections
18	of the animals that were sold in pet stores
19	during
20	COMMISSIONER BALL: They're
21	required for an animal to come into
22	New York State from another state requires a
23	certificate from a veterinarian within
24	30 days of that animal being moved to New

1	York State. That's a USDA regulation.
2	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you,
3	Commissioner.
4	ASSEMBLYWOMAN ROSENTHAL: All right, I
5	will follow up with you. Thank you.
6	COMMISSIONER BALL: You bet.
7	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
8	Thank you, Linda.
9	We have next Assemblywoman Zinerman
10	for three minutes.
11	ASSEMBLYWOMAN ZINERMAN: Good evening,
12	Commissioner.
13	COMMISSIONER BALL: It is almost
14	evening, isn't it?
15	ASSEMBLYWOMAN ZINERMAN: It is almost
16	evening. I want to thank you for your
17	testimony, and I want to thank you for your
18	hard work on behalf of the state's farmers.
19	And I'd like to introduce myself, and I look
20	forward to meeting and working with you.
21	My name is Stefani Zinerman, and I
22	represent Bedford-Stuyvesant and
23	Crown Heights, which is home to over
24	30 community farms and gardens. I am myself

an urban gardener and farmer. In my district we have bees and we have chickens and we have vegetable gardens. And we have a number of people who volunteer to work in gardens on a daily basis.

In the upcoming session, we are hoping to fund those institutions so that they are able to actually get paid for the work that they do. Most of those gardens are individuals who grow food that of course helped us throughout the COVID pandemic, but they also provide fresh produce to our local schools and to our restaurants.

You may know that my district was labeled the "Fourth Coolest Neighborhood" in -- I think it's the world. But I just want you to know that part of the reason that we have that designation is because what the 56th Assembly District grows, the world wants to eat. And so we want to continue to support those local farmers so that we can build capacity in the upcoming season.

And some of the things that we are embarked on right now -- I don't know where I

Τ	am with time, so I m going to go quickly
2	is that we really are looking for some
3	dedicated technical assistance for them to
4	continue to grow and build capacity.
5	Especially as in disasters you can't always
6	count on the supply chain, we want to make
7	sure that our schools can continue to support
8	the hydroponic labs that have already been
9	funded. And of course, as I mentioned
10	before, funding for paid workers.
11	So the two questions that I have for
12	you, one having to do with the task force
13	that I just cosponsored, what your thoughts
14	are on the work that that committee would be
15	able to do. And then also if you could just
16	speak a little bit about what your
17	administration could do to support those
18	farmers.
19	COMMISSIONER BALL: Great. Well, I'll
20	look forward to visiting your district when
21	we're moving about the country again, and
22	certainly invite you to visit upstate
23	New York and Schoharie Valley Farms as well.
24	I want to connect you with our office

1	in Brooklyn. We've got a great team there.
2	They've got some of the technical expertise.
3	We have desks there for Cornell Cooperative
4	Extension to help with a number of the things
5	you've been talking about, and staff that can
6	help with some of the marketing issues.
7	We've been involved, as you're probably
8	familiar, with Vital Brooklyn in a big way,
9	and that's where our staff is located and
10	just doing a fantastic job.
11	The urban gardening, community garden
12	work, there's a workgroup here that we host.
13	It does great work and helps with an awful
14	lot of those issues. We certainly want to
15	work with you to extend all those
16	opportunities. That's a very important point
17	of connecting between people who need food,
18	people who have food, people who need to
19	learn how to grow food, and expands horizons
20	for the people in your neighborhood in such a
21	big way.
22	So we're going to get you the

connections to our New York City office in

Fort Greene and the good people there who can

23

1	help you get through that.
2	Tell me about your task force, please.
3	ASSEMBLYWOMAN ZINERMAN: The task
4	force legislation. Well, it's a piece of
5	legislation that was wait, she's on
6	here that I cosponsored to actually have
7	the to I'm sorry, I'm new. It's to do
8	a study on the local task force so that you
9	can come up with recommendations about how we
10	can sustain the work that they do.
11	COMMISSIONER BALL: Yeah. Happy to
12	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Wait,
13	Commissioner, maybe you can give a response
14	to the committee that we could share, because
15	I'm sure we'll all be interested in the
16	answer. But our time is running has long
17	since run out. Being a little bit more
18	considerate
19	COMMISSIONER BALL: (Inaudible.)
20	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you,
21	Assemblywoman.
22	Our last speaker on the Assembly side
23	is Assemblyman Ra.
24	And I just want to remind members to

1	keep an eye on the clock, though I don't have
2	to remind Assemblyman Ra about that.
3	Now we can go to
4	ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Thank you.
5	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, go ahead.
6	ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Thank you,
7	Commissioner. Just a couple of questions.
8	In terms of the Nourish New York
9	program, which I know was talked about
10	earlier and is a perfect example of kind of,
11	you know, circumstance necessitating action
12	and coming up with something that created a
13	great synergy between the needs of
14	individuals for the food and the farmers
15	needing someplace to go with it.
16	Any ideas or suggestions on kind of
17	the program side of it? Continuing the
18	funding is great, but on changes or
19	improvements that might need to be made?
20	COMMISSIONER BALL: You know, as
21	I'm sure that's going to be a conversation
22	that's coming for all of us. I have to say
23	it has been so heartwarming for us at the
24	department to be a part of it and to see the

1	success that it had in the agricultural
2	community and to see the corresponding
3	success in the communities.
4	I think we're going to have a kind of
5	a decompression point at some point where we
6	look at, okay, we learned a lot of things.
7	We learned the importance of relationships.
8	Fortunately, we had forged many of those
9	relationships with the Hunger and Food Policy
10	Council. We already knew all the food banks,
11	they already knew all their clients. They
12	already knew the pantries.
13	There seems to be opportunity there
14	for, I think, the food banks to know more
15	about what's happening in some of the
16	communities, particularly in the city.
17	Because we got calls from churches and
18	community workgroups that wanted to connect
19	with Nourish New York, and we had to

Administratively, I think this was a miracle that it came together so well. It got Department of Health and Department of Ag

introduce them to the food banks. So I think

there's some more work that can happen there.

1	talking to each other every day. We already
2	talked a lot, but it really heightened that
3	relationship. I think, going forward, we're
4	going to see that continue. We had to
5	respond as one state government, not a bunch
6	of agencies. I think we're going to see some
7	benefits from that.

But I certainly look forward to having that conversation where, okay, now let's look and make sure that New York State agriculturally has the capacity in the kinds of crops and in the way that people need them. Because when we saw the food service world shut down -- the restaurants, the institutions, schools -- you know 50 percent of what we grew in New York went there.

And so families didn't need a 50-pound bag of potatoes. They didn't need a large container of anything. They needed family-sized. And one thing we did hear from our food banks were family-sized portions and shelf-stable things.

I think there's an opportunity here as we go forward to say to our ag community and

1	our food processing plants, Hey, let's
2	consider, you know, if we find ourselves in
3	another pandemic situation, how do we produce
4	food in a shelf-stable way that families can
5	utilize quickly and easily and have access
6	to? Let's look at those kinds of things.

I'm anxious to have that conversation with Empire State Development, our investor arm in New York State, and with our ag community.

So those are some ideas that we're already starting to foster. But, you know, we think sometimes we're in the food business -- and certainly getting food to people is the food business -- but we're in the relationship business.

ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Well, it certainly was good work, so kudos. And I think it was a lesson to a lot of us in the Legislature of how much our -- you know, even in districts that are very different from each other, how much they can tie together and benefit one another. So thank you and the agency for your work on that.

1	Just one other thing, if and
2	certainly this is a complex issue, perhaps.
3	And, you know, if you have any information
4	that could be provided offline, I'd
5	appreciate it. But I'm just wondering what
6	the agency has seen in terms of benefit or
7	impact from the United States-Mexico-Canada
8	agreement and its implementation, what impact
9	that it's had on the agricultural industry in
10	New York State.
11	COMMISSIONER BALL: Yeah, well thank
12	you. That's a half hour answer. I'm happy
13	to talk with you offline.
14	I represent New York State at the
15	Tri-National Accord, which is a conversation
16	between the three countries. All the
17	commissioners in the U.S., the ministers from
18	Canada and the secretaries from Mexico, we
19	meet every year. And love to highlight that.
20	It's an important issue for New York State.
21	ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Okay. Maybe we could
22	catch up with yourself and our ranker,
23	Mr. Tague, and we could speak further about
24	it. I appreciate it.

Τ	COMMISSIONER BALL: Happy to do that.
2	ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Thank you.
3	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
4	We actually have one more member,
5	Assemblyman Epstein, who would like to ask a
6	question for three minutes.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: Thank you,
8	Madam Chair. I don't know when my video is
9	going to be open, but oh, there it goes.
10	Commissioner, thank you. I know
11	you've been on for a long time, so I'll be as
12	quick as we can. Just three issues.
13	One is I know Assemblywoman Zinerman
14	talked about urban farming. As you probably
15	know I've mentioned this in the past we
16	have 53 community gardens in my district, and
17	one of the, you know, really active urban
18	gardening issue. I represent the
19	East Side of Manhattan and most of the
20	Lower East Side, not in Liz's part of my
21	district, but mostly in Brian and Brad's
22	portion.
23	And, you know, we'd really love to
24	figure out how we can expand that. We don't

really have any connection to farming in our
schools. We don't have you know, there
are other parts of the city and the state
that have stronger connections. We'd love to
be able to have our students really connect
to that. I worked on getting rooftop gardens
in schools, and such an issue around climate
and climate resiliency to have our young
people talking about farming and urban
farming.

And I would love to figure out how the state can be a much more active player in encouraging urban students and urban young people to get involved in farms and farming. So I'd love to have a conversation and a partnership around that.

The second issue, about animal rights. We've seen a huge increase in adoption of animals over the last year. With COVID, as people are home more often, we've seen more animals. And there's a real concern around increases in animal abuse and better oversight. And I'm wondering how in that environment, with so many more, you know,

1	dogs and cats in New York City and you
2	know, how we're managing with the same number
3	of resources on your side. Just concerned
4	that it's sufficient.

And finally, I know this has been an issue around growing New York and using

New York local and trying to -- especially in our Thruway stops and our schools, making sure that we buy New York. I'm wondering how you are in the expanded relationship with the New York City School District and how you are with -- because, you know, I stop on the Thruway rest stops. And those New York -- "Made in New York" vending machines and "Made in New York" store, actually little shops, there aren't a lot of made-in-New-York things that we would be happy to buy. And I'm wondering how you're doing about expanding that.

COMMISSIONER BALL: Sure. We'll continue that conversation, I think, in person. But great questions. The community garden stuff is stuff that we take very seriously. We have a statewide committee on

1	that. The issues are common, but I I've
2	been very fortunate to bring some schools,
3	third-grade and fifth-grade classes from New
4	York City, Brooklyn, PS 32, up to my farm and
5	actually connect some dots there.
6	New York Thursdays is one way we're
7	going to work to accelerate that work. We do
8	talk with New York City School Food. They're
9	a pretty big partner in helping us with
10	New York Thursdays.
11	And we'll look into the issues that
12	you have in your neighborhoods around more
13	pets than normal. But I'm watching the clock
14	tick down; we'll follow up with you, sir.
15	Thank you.
16	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: Thank you.
17	And thank you, Madam Chair.
18	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Sure.
19	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Is the Assembly
20	done?
21	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: No, actually
22	one of the members some of the members
23	have been having problems with the
24	raised-hand function. I think they need to

т	update their 200m sortware.
2	But we have Assemblyman John Lemon
3	Lemond
4	ASSEMBLYMAN LEMONDES: Lemondes.
5	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Lemondes, okay.
6	ASSEMBLYMAN LEMONDES: Can you hear
7	me, Madam Chairwoman?
8	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, we can
9	hear you.
10	ASSEMBLYMAN LEMONDES: Thank you very
11	much, I appreciate it.
12	And Commissioner, very nice to see
13	you.
L 4	One simple question; I promise it
15	won't take long. I am a huge proponent of
16	the Health Assurance programs, and I'm just
17	wondering if there's anything if you think
18	that we should try to grow participation in
19	them. And if so, if there's anything we can
20	do to help with that.
21	COMMISSIONER BALL: Good to see you
22	too, at least part of you.
23	ASSEMBLYMAN LEMONDES: There we go.
24	Sorry.

1	COMMISSIONER BALL: When am I going to
2	get an invitation to your farm, by the way,
3	huh?
4	ASSEMBLYMAN LEMONDES: Sure, tonight.
5	You can help me feed animals in about an
6	hour.
7	COMMISSIONER BALL: Okay. I may be
8	late.
9	(Laughter.)
10	COMMISSIONER BALL: What specifically
11	would you like some help with, John?
12	ASSEMBLYMAN LEMONDES: I don't know
13	that we necessarily need any. I just am a
14	huge proponent of the Health Assurance
15	Program, and I don't think that enough people
16	participate in it.
17	COMMISSIONER BALL: We're a big fan of
18	it as well. And as you know, with as we
19	look at New York Grown & Certified, this is
20	one way that animal agriculture can
21	participate in a big way.
22	As you know, with most food we're
23	looking at food safety, we're looking at
24	environmental stewardship. But I think that

Δ,	that stewardship of animals is a very
2	important ingredient, so that we can go to a
3	marketplace and say, you know, here's another
4	reason why you need to look at Grown &
5	Certified, and New York being the principal
6	part of that.
7	So yeah, happy to work on that.
8	ASSEMBLYMAN LEMONDES: Thank you.
9	COMMISSIONER BALL: It's good to see
10	you.
11	ASSEMBLYMAN LEMONDES: Likewise.
12	COMMISSIONER BALL: And
13	congratulations.
14	ASSEMBLYMAN LEMONDES: Thank you.
15	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Now I do
16	believe the Assembly is finished.
17	So Senator Krueger, if you want to
18	call on our next witness.
19	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
20	One, I want to thank Richard Ball. I
21	want to release him from staying here with
22	us. Appreciate all your hard work, and you
23	have many assignments in front of you.
24	COMMISSIONER BALL: (Inaudible.)

1	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: And I would now
2	like to highlight for people that we are just
3	finished with the first three people on
4	today's hearing agenda, and we have one more
5	panel of government representatives. And
6	after that, we are hoping it will start to
7	roll along a bit faster.
8	But coming up together are New York
9	State Public Service Commission Chair
10	John Rhodes and Acting President and CEO
11	(Zoom interruption; discussion off the
12	record.)
13	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I'm going to keep
14	going.
15	Joining John Rhodes, chair of the
16	New York Public Service Commission, is Doreen
17	Harris, acting president and CEO of NYSERDA.
18	And we're going to allow both of them to
19	testify 10 minutes each, and then we'll take
20	questions for both of them as if they were
21	one panel.
22	So are you both here with us?
23	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: I am.
24	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Hi, John.

1	Do you know where Doreen is?
2	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Doreen, you're
3	muted.
4	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Doreen, are you
5	there and muted?
6	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
7	There. Good afternoon.
8	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Good afternoon.
9	And between the two of you, you can
10	decide who's testifying first and who's
11	testifying second.
12	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
13	Great. Thank you. Yes, I will be going
L 4	first.
15	And good afternoon, Chair Krueger,
16	Chair Weinstein, and members of the
17	committees. I'm Doreen Harris, acting
18	president and CEO of NYSERDA.
19	2020 was truly an extraordinary year
20	as we witnessed the impacts of the colliding
21	public health and climate crises
22	disproportionately impacting our most
23	vulnerable citizens.
24	Under his steady leadership, and

1	guided by the state's Climate Act, Governor
2	Cuomo has charted a clear path forward,
3	aligning New York's nation-leading clean
4	energy and climate goals with a new
5	imperative to rebuild our economy back from
6	the devastation of the COVID pandemic.

The Climate Action Council, which I cochair with DEC Commissioner Seggos, is charged with developing a scoping plan to reduce economy-wide greenhouse gas emissions, meet our clean energy targets, and deliver benefits to advantage disadvantaged communities. The work of the council is well underway, and NYSERDA has already taken steps to ensure that we are advancing initiatives that deliver a minimum of 35 percent, with a goal of 40 percent of benefits to disadvantaged communities.

As we look ahead, advances in offshore and land-based wind, solar, energy storage, energy-efficient buildings, and clean transportation will provide new opportunities to make progress as we fight for healthier communities and support workforce development

<pre>1 and community engageme</pre>
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2	Governor Cuomo recently announced our
3	second offshore wind and large-scale
4	land-based Clean Energy Standard awards.
5	This includes two offshore wind and
6	24 large-scale land-based projects, totaling
7	more than 4700 megawatts of clean energy,
8	enough capacity to power nearly 2 million
9	homes. The combined awards constitute the
10	largest competitive procurement of renewable
11	capacity in the nation.

The awards will also launch the first significant in-state manufacturing and assembly operations facilities, located at the Port of Albany and South Brooklyn Marine Terminal, in addition to activity already underway at the Port of Coeymans, Montauk, and Port Jefferson. Coupled with public and private investment in New York port facilities, the projects are expected to spur nearly \$14 billion in direct investments, while creating over 8,600 good-paying short-and long-term jobs.

New York now has a contracted pipeline

1	of more than 31,000 gigawatt hours of
2	large-scale renewable generation projects.
3	Once operational, these projects, coupled
4	with existing renewable generation, are
5	expected to deliver 50 percent of the state's
6	power from renewable sources, in pursuit of
7	the Climate Act's 70 percent renewable by
8	2030 target.

The NY-Sun program has helped make

New York a national leader in distributed

solar. We are well on our way to achieving

our target of 6,000 megawatts by 2025. We

recently crossed the 2500-megawatt mark for

installed projects, and have an additional

2,000 megawatts in the development pipeline.

New York ranks second among states for overall community solar capacity and was ranked first in installed megawatts of community solar in the first three quarters of 2020.

Governor Cuomo recently announced the launch of a new large-scale renewable energy procurement program, known as Tier 4, which will allow New York City to decarbonize its

Τ	electricity supply, promote environmental
2	justice, and support economic recovery.
3	We are similarly proud of our work to
4	increase deployment of energy efficiency and
5	clean heating and cooling solutions.
6	NYSERDA, in conjunction with the state's
7	investor-owned utilities, launched a new
8	initiative to increase access to energy
9	efficiency for low-to-moderate-income
10	households and affordable multifamily
11	buildings. This framework will invest nearly
12	\$1 billion and more than double the number of
13	low-to-moderate-income households and
14	multifamily buildings receiving energy
15	efficiency services. We are pleased this
16	coordinated effort will help more than
17	350,000 low-to-moderate-income households
18	reduce energy costs by developing clean
19	heating and cooling pilot programs and
20	demonstration projects.
21	Clean energy is a vital component of
22	New York's economic future, and these
23	historic actions will generate billions of
24	dollars of investment and thousands of new

1	family-sustaining green jobs. As we build
2	back our economy better with clean
3	infrastructure and consumer-focused
4	investments, I am extraordinarily proud of
5	NYSERDA's leadership in advancing clean
6	energy and climate solutions on behalf of the
7	people of this great state. I look forward
8	to continuing to work with the Legislature on
9	the critical climate and energy issues facing
10	our state and nation.
11	This concludes my opening remarks, and
12	I will now turn it over to PSC Chair
13	John Rhodes for his opening remarks.
14	Thank you.
15	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Thank you,
16	President Harris.
17	And good afternoon, Chair Krueger,
18	Chair Weinstein, and other distinguished
19	members. I'm going to check audio am I
20	good?
21	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: You're good.
22	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Great, thank
23	you.
24	My name is John Rhodes, and I'm CEO of

the Department of Public Service and chair of the Public Service Commission.

The commission's jurisdiction extends over investor-owned utilities, including six major electric/gas utilities, five major gas-only utilities, and three major private water companies. It also has jurisdiction over small telephone companies, hundreds of small water companies, nearly 40 municipal utilities, cable companies, power generators and energy service companies. The department -- the staff arm of the commission -- also provides regulatory oversight over electric utility operations on Long Island.

Doreen Harris has already captured the extraordinarily challenging nature of 2020; now we look ahead.

In FY '21-'22 we are prepared to implement several budget initiatives proposed by Governor Cuomo, including his proposal to require broadband providers to offer internet service for no more than \$15 a month to low-income households. Internet service is

1	becoming as necessary as other basic
2	utilities, but far too many New Yorkers
3	cannot afford access.

Under the Governor's proposal, the department will ensure the providers remain in compliance and will provide consumers with information about available broadband products and pricing. We will also regularly review the speeds offered in the program to ensure that they stay current with federal definitions of broadband and meet consumer needs.

We will also be continuing to advance Governor Cuomo's nation-leading climate plan, which includes a mandate for a carbon-free electric system, modernizing our utility systems, and ensuring affordable energy for all New Yorkers, especially our most vulnerable citizens.

We are proud to have supported the creation of the new Office of Renewable

Energy Siting, which is now up and running and processing applications. And this plan is putting the state on a path to

1	economy-wide carbon neutrality.
2	In FY '21-'22 we will build on our
3	work to hold utilities accountable through
4	rigorous oversight and enforcement actions
5	where those are warranted.
6	There were numerous instances of
7	utility failure in response to Tropical Storm
8	Isaias last August, and Governor Cuomo called
9	on our agency to investigate and remedy the
10	problems quickly. Our newly enhanced
11	enforcement unit immediately went to work,
12	and in November submitted its investigation.
13	Three utilities Con Edison, O&R and
14	Central Hudson now face potential
15	penalties totaling \$137 million, with Con Ed
16	and O&R also facing potential license
17	revocation.
18	And we are supporting LIPA's lawsuit
19	against PSEG Long Island for its failures.
20	In November, the Governor appointed
21	Rory Lancman as the statewide Special Counsel
22	for Ratepayer Protection to represent
23	consumers in some of our enforcement work,

among other things. In the Isaias

1	investigation, for example, the special
2	counsel conducted hearings throughout the
3	affected regions to gather information
4	regarding ratepayer impacts that will inform
5	the commission's final decision on penalty
6	amounts, and he is actively involved in
7	LIPA's ongoing litigation with
8	PSEG Long Island.

Other policy proceedings include
reforming the retail access market served by
energy service companies to protect consumers
and ensure companies are selling appropriate
energy services to customers; enhancing our
low-income affordability programs that
provide utility bill discounts to vulnerable
New Yorkers; modernizing the department's
oversight of the telecom industry to ensure
reliable access to emergency service; and
addressing the need to upgrade the state's
transmission system to reduce congestion and
meet public policy goals.

In addition, the Executive Budget amends existing utility shut-off moratorium provisions, adding small businesses to the

1	customers who are protected, and makes such
2	protections permanent during future emergency
3	declarations, and also makes it applicable to
4	cable companies and internet service. While
5	it's to be hoped that these protections will
6	never again be necessary, having them in
7	place establishes a set of safeguards for
8	residential and small business customers in
9	the event of certain statewide economic
10	constraints.
11	In sum, we are positioned to deliver
12	our core mission and meet the Governor's
13	ambitious agenda and the state's needs.
14	This concludes my remarks, and I welcome your
15	questions.
16	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you. Thank
17	you very much. Good evening to both of you.
18	I know you probably didn't expect to start
19	this late in the day, and that's what
20	happens.
21	And in fact our Energy chair is
22	otherwise committed, so we've asked our EnCon
23	chair, Todd Kaminsky, if he will start off.

And we're going to give him five minutes,

1	because he's not technically the chair of
2	this committee.
3	Todd? You have to unmute.
4	SENATOR KAMINSKY: Thank you very
5	much.
6	I really appreciate speaking with both
7	of you. And the first issue I want to bring
8	up is about American Water, Chairman Rhodes.
9	And, you know, private water, has really
10	plagued my constituents with sky-high bills
11	without justification.
12	And I know you're studying the issue
13	of municipalization, and I unfortunately have
14	the Town of Hempstead that does not want to
15	municipalize. So I'm hoping that one of the
16	facets that you can study and that comes out
17	through this budget process is a study that
18	looks at whether municipalization is possible
19	through a different new entity if the town
20	does not want to take it over.
21	I think that will help us compare how
22	much can be saved one way versus another.
23	And we're really looking, you know, to find

respite from this awful system, and so having

1	that in the study would be meaningful.
2	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: So thank you,
3	Senator.
4	So the answer is yes. Obviously we're
5	very focused on the New York American Water
6	situation and are exploring the feasibility
7	of municipalization. You know we've invited
8	comments, and you know that they've come in,
9	as you describe, with some interest on the
10	North Shore and less on the South Shore. But
11	we are open to all proposals for
12	consideration and would like to have the
13	options as fully developed as possible.
14	There's also on the table the proposal
15	by American Water to sell its system to
16	Liberty Utilities. And we are actively
17	investigating whether that transaction offers
18	a scenario for possible mitigation. And the
19	company is in fact evaluating possible
20	pathways to reduce the property tax burden,
21	which makes up between 30 and 50 percent of
22	the customer bills.

So all options are welcome. All

proposals are under consideration and will be

23

1	under study. And no decision has been made
2	yet, so the timing is good.
3	SENATOR KAMINSKY: Thank you.
4	President Harris, can you tell us
5	whether the new Office of Renewable Energy
6	Siting within the Department of State is up
7	and running, whether they are well staffed
8	and whether applications have shifted from
9	the PSC over there for review? What's going
10	on over there?
11	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Senator
12	Kaminsky, with all due respect, may I answer
13	that question?
L 4	SENATOR KAMINSKY: Of course.
15	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: I can explain
16	later why it's more appropriate.
17	But yes, it is up and running. In a
18	fairly extraordinary 2020, the first order of
19	business was just to get regulations out.
20	The ORES, the shorthand, issued those in
21	September. The comments were closed in
22	December. And the due date for final
23	resolution is early April, April 3, but with
24	a high expectation that we'll beat that

1	-111
1	deadline.

The office and I won't go through
all the work that that entailed, but it was
massive and very challenging under COVID
circumstances. The new office has taken in
three applications already for major
renewable projects as of at least I think
last Friday, and information about those
projects is available on their site.

There are about 35 projects currently in the Article X process that are eligible to transfer to ORES, and it's my latest understanding that about five of those 35 are actively considering doing that. That's obviously not a final number.

And between the staffing up that they have done and their ability to call on partner agencies for staff work, including my own, they are fully enabled to process the processes. So they're -- they're in business.

SENATOR KAMINSKY: Thank you. And to Chair Rhodes, I'm hoping we could work, and with your successor work on what will happen

1	with LIPA going forward. There's a big talk
2	about LIPA wanting to get rid of PSEG and
3	take over the electric grid. I obviously
4	have concern about there not being enough
5	supervision, since PSC does not supervise
6	LIPA.
7	It is a very difficult situation
8	following Isaias, and I just ask for your
9	partnership and guidance as we move forward
10	figuring out how to best protect Long Island
11	ratepayers from whatever comes next in the
12	utility iterations down on the island.
13	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Absolutely. I'm
14	happy to commit my successor.
15	But we have teeth. In the case of
16	Long Island, DPS, the department rather than
17	the commission, actually has a lot of
18	regulatory oversight and is actively pursuing
19	our complaints against LIPA, and is in fact
20	deeply involved in the litigation that's
21	going on.
22	SENATOR KAMINSKY: Thank you. Thank
23	you both. Thank you.
24	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.

1	And our next speaker is the Energy
2	chair from the Assembly, Michael Cusick.
3	There you go.
4	ASSEMBLYMAN CUSICK: Thank you. Thank
5	you, Senator. Thank you so much. Good to
6	see you.
7	I want to welcome President Harris and
8	Chair Rhodes. Thank you for joining us
9	today. I also want to just thank you both
10	for your service to the State of New York.
11	And particularly Chair Rhodes, with
12	your term ending at the end of this month, I
13	want to thank you for your work for the State
14	of New York. And it's been a pleasure
15	working with you these last number of
16	years
17	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Thank you.
18	ASSEMBLYMAN CUSICK: in my capacity
19	as Energy chair. But thank you, thank you so
20	much.
21	I have a few questions. I want to
22	start with Chair Rhodes. In 2016 the PSC
23	established the energy affordability policy
24	to limit energy costs for low-income

l ratepayers to 6 perc	cent of household income.
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Is this policy reaching enough people, do you think? And when do you think PSC will release a white paper on this issue so that amendments to the program can proceed?

PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Thank you for the question. It's an important -- a very important initiative. And we think it's doing a lot of good, but we're also very focused on enhancing it. When it started, it served about three-quarters of a million people. I think last year we got to just under a million and provided about \$240 million of relief.

As you've pointed out, there's a white paper, which is another way of studying the methods by which we will enhance it further.

We are very close on that, and we should be issuing that shortly.

For your colleagues who are not versed in regulatory speak, a white paper means we describe our regulatory plan and then the world gets to comment, so that ultimately the commission can make the best informed

1	decision. So it's a proposal that will be
2	coming out, as I hope, very shortly.
3	ASSEMBLYMAN CUSICK: That's great.
4	And also, I just wanted to ask
5	Chair Rhodes the executive proposal for
6	DPS supports 476 FTEs. This is 52 less than
7	the Executive Budget of 2021, which accounted
8	for 528. Can you explain the decrease? And
9	how does this affect the operations at DPS?
10	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: So I believe
11	that the Executive Budget holds us at current
12	head count.
13	ASSEMBLYMAN CUSICK: Okay. Am I
14	reading it wrong?
15	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: So it is
16	dropped I'm sorry, I'm informed that it is
17	dropped to 476.
18	But we we believe and obviously
19	we're cognizant of the economic distress and
20	the hiring freeze and the fiscal prudence
21	that's required. But we're positioned to
22	deliver on everything that is involved.
23	I know you heard me conclude that our
24	agenda is ambitious, but we actually have

1	concrete plans on how to get it all done.
2	ASSEMBLYMAN CUSICK: Okay. All right.
3	Thank you. Thank you for that.
4	President Harris, I wanted to ask
5	about the Clean Energy Standard. And so in
6	October 2020, as you had stated in your
7	statement, the Clean Energy Standard the
8	PSC published an update to the Clean Energy
9	Standard of 2016 which includes two new
10	tiered programs, as you mentioned, a
11	competitive Tier 2 program, which is for
12	legacy baseline resources, and a competitive
13	Tier 4 program specifically for renewable
14	energy projects for New York City.
15	Can you elaborate on these programs
16	for us and how they will contribute to the
17	goals of the CLCPA?
18	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
19	Certainly, yes. And I'm pleased to report
20	that in fulfillment of the order's
21	instructions, NYSERDA has issued RFPs or
22	solicitations for competitive proposals in
23	both Tier 2 and Tier 4, for both Tier 2 and 4
24	programs.

1	You are correct in saying Tier 4 is
2	advanced with a specific goal to bring
3	renewable energy to New York City, where we
4	have, you know, particular challenges with
5	decarbonizing the grid and improving the air
6	quality in the downstate region. So through
7	that RFP we will be receiving bids in May of
8	this year to bring renewables specifically to
9	New York City.
10	In a different tone, but consistent
11	with the achievement of the Clean Energy
12	Standard, we are advancing also a Tier 2
13	solicitation, which is also now on the
14	street, which is designed to maintain the
15	reliable contributions of what we call the
16	baseline renewable generators in contributing
17	to New York State's CLCPA goals.
18	So together, they bring forth the
19	potential to not only retain significant
20	numbers of renewable generators and
21	generation, but also to bring new generation
22	to our state in the case of Tier 4.

ASSEMBLYMAN CUSICK: Okay, great.

Thank you. And I wanted to also ask you,

1	President Harris, on electrification.
2	In the State of the State that the
3	Governor gave, the proposal includes
4	\$700 million for building electrification.
5	What types of technologies and projects will
6	be prioritized throughout the state based on
7	that proposal?
8	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
9	Sure. Yes. Well, when we look at
10	electrification, we are specifically looking
11	at technologies that can help us to bring
12	forth new methods for heating and cooling
13	specifically.
14	So we at NYSERDA have advanced
15	specific programs in advancement of that
16	goal, such as clean heating and cooling
17	technologies, and others, specifically with
18	the goal of electrifying our buildings.
19	ASSEMBLYMAN CUSICK: Okay. And this
20	question might be for both Chair Rhodes and
21	President Harris.
22	NYSERDA programs are funded primarily
23	from assessments on ratepayers, which
24	generate approximately and correct me if

Τ	1'm wrong \$1.3 billion in fiscal year
2	2021-'22, including through the ZEC program
3	and utility surcharge assessments.
4	How much does this cost the average
5	residential ratepayer on their monthly
6	utility bill? Is there any way to calculate
7	that? Or is that something that you could
8	get back to us on?
9	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Yes
10	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
11	Certainly go ahead, John.
12	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Yes, we can.
13	I'll just when we do that, we'll probably
14	also want to include in the math the benefits
15	that flow from that spending. Certainly in
16	the case of energy efficiency and the like,
17	you're saving money at the same time that
18	you're spending money.
19	But yes, we can do that for you.
20	ASSEMBLYMAN CUSICK: Yes, because that
21	would be very important. Because I know
22	that, along with myself, I'm sure many of my
23	colleagues get that question. People are
24	excited about the direction of the state when

	it comes to energy, but also to their concern
2	about how much they're paying with their
3	bills. So that would be very helpful I'm
4	sure for many of my colleagues.
5	At this point, Madam Chair, I'm going
6	to cede the rest. I think I have a minute
7	left, and I'm feeling generous. I'll cede it
8	back to my colleagues.
9	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay, back to
10	the Senate, then.
11	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you so
12	much.
13	And it's going next to the Senate
14	ranker on Energy, Patty Ritchie.
15	SENATOR RITCHIE: Thank you.
16	My question is for Chairman Rhodes.
17	You touched on, at the beginning, the issue
18	with broadband and also the Governor's new
19	proposal. I continue to get calls pretty
20	much on a daily basis, not just from my
21	district but from underserved areas in the
22	state, from families who especially are
23	trying to get their children on for school,
24	those that are working from home.

1	In the past year we had a couple of
2	projects in my district that were slated to
3	actually be done, and once the utility
4	right-of-way fee went on, the provider has
5	stalled the project because that cost is not
6	feasible.

So my question is with the \$15 a month service that the Governor proposed, what will be done for potential providers to make them interested in serving those areas with no broadband, given that they may not be able to recoup the cost? And that's what I continue to see over and over again in my district, and I assume that's what's going on many places across the state.

PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Well, it's -- I can't comment broadly on the broadband buildout other than to note that, you know, between us and the BPO administered by Empire State Development, you know, the Governor led, you know, the most ambitious broadband buildout, including to rural areas in the country.

Our own focus is on the Charter

1	buildout, which is one of the companies. And
2	as I think you know, a meaningful part of
3	that buildout is a mandate for 145,000
4	passings, customers served, in underserved
5	areas, which does mean those kind of rural,
6	hard to get areas.
7	We are tracking Charter. We are
8	challenging their submissions. Even as we
9	throw out some of their proposed
10	count-this-house, they're tracking on
11	track to get to their goal by I believe
12	September of this year of 145,000. And by
13	the way, they're also passing the speed tests
14	that we're applying in the field.
15	I also know that, you know, there's a
16	proposal in in the bill you mentioned to
17	map. Obviously that's going to be an
18	extremely helpful set of information to have

And also we stand ready to help in any way we can if -- if a local township, you know, just isn't getting the information that it needs, there's some mechanisms we have to

so that we understand where there is access

and where there isn't.

1	help on that.
2	SENATOR RITCHIE: I appreciate that.
3	And we do have some that we've forwarded on,
4	but maybe we'll forward those on again.
5	Thank you very much, Chairman.
6	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Thank you.
7	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
8	Assembly.
9	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Excuse me.
10	Assemblyman Palmesano, the ranker.
11	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: Thank you.
12	Hi, Chairman Rhodes, President Harris.
13	Before I start with my question, I
14	just had a real quick comment to make, what I
15	said to Commissioner Seggos earlier. In the
16	interests of transparency relative to the
17	CLCPA, regarding the comment the chairman
18	made earlier, it's really imperative that the
19	commission works together to provide a
20	detailed cost analysis study of the
21	implications from this act, the impact it's
22	going to have fiscally, on our consumers, our
23	businesses, our seniors, our manufacturers,
24	relative to the electricity rates, wholesale

1	rates, transportation rates, delivery rates
2	and the conversion costs that are going to be
3	part of this program.

You know, we've spent billions upon billions of dollars, so it's really imperative that -- for transparency purposes for the residents, that a report is done and it's released to the public so it can be analyzed.

So my first question really surrounds the definition of "alternative energy production facility." What is the reason or purpose or need for the change in this definition to include facilities such as solar and wind as electric corporations? And what is the benefit of expanding the definition of "electric corporations" to include these alternative energy facilities that generate between 25 and 80 megawatts? Is it for oversight purposes and siting certificates? And if so, isn't the current PSC enforcement provisions in both Article X and the ORES siting law enough to address this issue? So what are the reasons, what

1	are the benefits of making this expansion?
2	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Doreen, do
3	you let me get back to you on that unless
4	Doreen has an answer.
5	I do know that if I can sort of
6	pivot back to the first part of your remarks,
7	we actually endorse both the transparency
8	ethic that you mentioned and also the very
9	strong focus on costs and on minimizing those
10	costs through programs like NYSERDA's. And
11	also the point that when we spend money,
12	we're investing it to deliver benefits, and
13	we want to optimize those.
14	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: All right, I
15	understand that. So if you're going to get
16	back to me if you can't answer that
17	question now, I'd love for you to get back to
18	me. I can put it in writing also.
19	I'd also like to know how this
20	definition change is consistent with the
21	operation of these facilities and the
22	competitive wholesale electricity market. I
23	think that's an important question that needs

to be answered. I think there's some

1	confusion out there that I really think needs
2	to be answered by you all and the
3	administration, because I just think that
4	there's a lot of confusion on this and why
5	this change was needed.
6	But with that, I can go on to some
7	other questions
8	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
9	Thank you.
10	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: if that's
11	okay
12	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
13	Sure. Yeah. Assemblymember, I do want to
14	note I understand I believe your question
15	relates to some I'll call it cleanup
16	changes related to the Office of Renewable
17	Energy Siting. And I would say that it would
18	be best to follow up specifically, given the
19	oversight that doesn't exist, with either of
20	us. Thank you.
21	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: All right.
22	And we can do that, that would be great.
23	I had a couple of other questions.
24	The Governor has commented a lot about

1	his green energy transmission proposal. In
2	his comments he talked a lot about from
3	Central New York down to Rensselaer over
4	to Rensselaer, from Hudson down to New York
5	City. I didn't hear any comments about
6	anything relative to the Southern Tier.
7	I know there are several proposals and
8	projects being discussed in the Southern
9	Tier. Do you have anything that you can
10	comment in regards to that? Are these
11	projects in the Southern Tier being
12	discussed? Because that certainly would be
13	beneficial to the economic activity in the
14	Southern Tier. There's a lot of renewable
15	energy in the Southern Tier, and we need to
16	be able to transmit that energy to where it
17	needs to be going to.
18	But I haven't heard anything about the
19	Southern Tier, so I was wondering if you can
20	comment on that at all.
21	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Sure.
22	So you're right, the Governor has
23	announced or focused all of our attention on
24	about 250 miles of bulk backbone transmission

1	from the North and from the West. And in a
2	recently issued power grid study, you know,
3	we confirm that that plus some other projects
4	under development put us on the path to, with
5	minimal further bulk investments, deliver the
6	energy from where it's being generated to
7	where the customers use it.
8	I've emphasized the word "bulk"
9	because we also need to not just build the
10	highways but the country roads out to
11	capacity. And in the Southern Tier, a lot of
12	the issues relate to what I'll call sub-bulk.
13	So those are under active
14	consideration. We've got several needs
15	identified in the Southern Tier, in Steuben
16	County and the like. And those are the
17	subject of proceedings that are underway
18	in fact, I expect the commission to be
19	issuing some decisions in the next few
20	months. But if those are the projects that
21	you're hearing about, those have not been
22	forgotten. In fact, they're active.
23	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: Okay, great.
24	And then one other question, if I

1	could,	relative	to	the	moratorium	on
2	termina	ation of	serv	/ices	5 <b>.</b>	

certainly we all understand what's going on with COVID and not wanting to penalize people with shutoffs. But certainly there's a great deal, millions upon millions of dollars in arrears that are being accrued by these customers. And how is that going to work, and what plans do you have to assist in that matter? Because obviously these bills are ultimately going to have to be paid, and there's -- you know, there's, like I said, millions upon millions of dollars.

What is the plan? What role do you have in that to address this issue? Because it's certainly something that needs to be acknowledged as we move forward with it.

That is there, it's not going to go away, the obligation continues to rise further and further. And it's going to be a challenge and, for the customers, quite a financial burden that it could take some of them years to pay off.

24 PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: So in the

1	interests of time, 1.11 be willing to follow
2	up with you. But we are very aware of that
3	issue and are actively considering it and
4	entertaining public comments on how best to
5	handle those arrearages, as you point out.
6	So we'll get back to you. But we are
7	very mindful and we believe that there's a
8	thoughtful way to manage that the bill
9	when it comes due.
10	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: Thank you for
11	your time.
12	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
13	Back to the Senate.
14	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
15	Brand-new Senator Brisport.
16	SENATOR BRISPORT: Thank you so much,
17	Senator Krueger.
18	And thank you, Commissioners, for your
19	time. I have three questions. They're all
20	for you, Commissioner Rhodes. Thanks again
21	for considering them.
22	My first question is about residential
23	utility debt. I saw that in the Public
24	Utility Law Project, as of November 2020,

1	last year, there were over 1 million
2	residential utility customers who were in
3	arrears and face over a billion dollars in
4	utility debt.
5	I wanted to know, is there a plan in
6	the budget already to address this crippling
7	level of residential utility debt? I support
8	taxing the rich to cancel the debt. I'm
9	curious if there's a plan already within the
10	budget.
11	My second question is I know you
12	alluded to the CLCPA. I'm curious, I want to
13	double-check. Are we definitively on track
14	to meet the goals of the CLCPA? And if not,
15	do we need new legislation in order to meet
16	those goals?
17	I'm curious about the state revenue
18	that's needed to meet the goals and whether
19	or not we could be expanding the power and
20	budget of public utility companies in order
21	to do that.
22	And my third question is in the

Executive Budget there seems to be a heavy

reliance on public-private partnerships. I'm

23

Τ	curious why there is such a reliance on those
2	and
3	(Zoom interruption.)
4	SENATOR BRISPORT: Okay. I love
5	cocoa.
6	(Laughter.)
7	SENATOR BRISPORT: But I guess, you
8	know, when it comes to the public-private
9	partnerships, you know, I looked at
10	Long Island Power Authority's report, which
11	says that full public ownership and
12	contracting could be more efficient and
13	cheaper. So, you know, I think, you know,
14	NYPA has actually a lower cost of capital
15	compared to private utilities like Con Ed.
16	So, you know, do you think it's
17	reasonable to make an up-front investment and
18	expand NYPA instead of pursuing all these
19	<pre>public-private partnerships?</pre>
20	So I just want to reiterate, with the
21	time I have, again, I asked about what's the
22	plan for addressing residential utility
23	debts. My second question was about the
24	CLCPA, are we on track. And my third

1	question was about shifting over from
2	public-private partnerships into expanding
3	public authorities NYPA.
4	Thank you so much.
5	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Thank you.
6	So can I answer 1 and 3 and ask
7	President Harris to do CLCPA progress?
8	So the utilities have deferred-payment
9	arrangements, which are being heavily
10	utilized as we speak, including in the year
11	for which you're citing the information. We
12	monitor those constantly as to adequacy and
13	their true ability to help. And we believe
14	that financially things are that we
15	probably don't need further funding.
16	As to public versus private, that's
17	obviously a matter for continuous
18	reevaluation. And I know there are studies
19	that show that in certain circumstances
20	public can be cheaper than private. And if
21	that's the best path to being good for
22	customers, consumers, ratepayers, then that
23	should be pursued and developed, based on
24	good and thoughtful study.

1	So conceptually, we're in support of
2	that, we just need to do the math.
3	But Doreen, perhaps CLCPA?
4	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
5	Certainly. Yes. And thank you, Senator.
6	We are certainly well on our way in
7	implementing the CLCPA and have made
8	tremendous progress this year in not only
9	forming our seven sector-specific advisory
10	panels, but also beginning our work together
11	to develop recommendations that are actually
12	anticipated in 2021 towards the completion of
13	the draft scoping plan, which is due by the
14	end of the year.
15	So I think there is more to come with
16	respect to the particular needs that this
17	reveals. But as it exists today, we have
18	made tremendous progress. I'm very pleased
19	to report we're on schedule and ready to
20	implement.
21	SENATOR BRISPORT: Thank you both
22	very much.
23	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
24	Assembly.

1	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We now go to
2	Assemblyman Smullen.
3	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Thank you,
4	Chair. Appreciate it.
5	Chair Rhodes, I just really need to be
6	really brief and quick on this. I'd like to
7	go back to broadband very quickly. The
8	Governor has a bill before him that
9	overwhelmingly passed the Senate and the
10	Assembly to study broadband, to really get to
11	the baseline. Will you ask the Governor to
12	sign that bill, please?
13	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: (Laughing.)
14	I you know that that's not the role I
15	play.
16	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Very well.
17	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: But I appreciate
18	the sentiment. Thank you for attributing so
19	much clout to me. Thank you.
20	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: You've got a lot
21	of clout in my book.
22	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Thank you.
23	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: So to get to
24	this broadband question, which is: How do we

1	know who has broadband access? The
2	Governor's proposal is a proposal. But what
3	it doesn't tell us is who doesn't have
4	broadband or who does have broadband at what
5	speed.
6	You mentioned the word "speed test"
7	before, and that's an industry term. But
8	there are tools there's a company called
9	Speedtest.net, in which people can actually
10	test their broadband speed. And that would
11	be helpful to know, you know, who has it and
12	who doesn't have it. I've been hearing from
13	schools, businesses this is a huge issue
14	for this pandemic. Four reasons: Schools,
15	telehealth, telecommute, and telemed. It's
16	just absolutely, you know, the issue that's
17	going to consume us.
18	But I'm really worried about this \$15
19	per month mandate, because it seems to me
20	it's like a how are our ISPs going to pay
21	for it? Isn't that like a price-control
22	mechanism?
23	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Well, it all

goes to, you know, the definition of access.

1	And in my book and I think in the Governor's $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) ^{2}$
2	book, access means three things: You've got
3	a connection, it's affordable, and it's at
4	the right speed. And it's also at the speed
5	that's whatever, advertised.
6	So all those elements are needed.
7	You've touched on a couple. I believe that
8	that \$15 a month is a makes is a very
9	sensible number for those needy households
10	and benefits the state as a whole.
11	And with respect to, you know, who has
12	access and what are the speeds and some of
13	the tools that you've discussed, absolutely
14	all in favor. To the extent that we can map,
15	to the extent that we can benefit from the
16	FCC mapping and speed testing, that will be
17	foundational to taking the next set of steps.
18	So thank you.
19	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: And we really
20	need to get super-aggressive I've got

need to get super-aggressive -- I've got

12 seconds left -- we've kids on the wrong
side of the digital divide in rural New York,
and it's just not right.

24 PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: That's right.

1	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: And it needs to
2	be solved by the market. If the market won't
3	do it, we need to go back to the old idea of
4	rural cooperatives for broadband, just like
5	we still have rural cooperatives for
6	electricity in New York State.
7	Thank you very much. I appreciate it.
8	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Thank you. Very
9	good comments. Thank you.
10	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: To the Senate
11	now.
12	Senator Krueger, I
13	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: She may be
14	frozen.
15	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: I think that
16	Senator
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I'm here. Thank
18	you.
19	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay.
20	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: For some reason
21	it went off on its own, I'm not sure why.
22	Our next Senator is Senator Pete
23	Harckham. Sorry about that.
24	SENATOR HARCKHAM: Thank you,

1	Madam Chair.
2	Hello, everybody. Three minutes.
3	Speed lightning round. President Harris,
4	welcome. A pleasure to work with you. Look
5	forward to it. And Chairman Rhodes, thank
6	you for your service. Always a pleasure to
7	work with you.
8	Questions for both of you. First,
9	Chairman Rhodes.
10	One of the things in the CLCPA was it
11	enabled the PSC to change the way we finance
12	the cessation fund. I think that was a
13	terrific move. How much money is the fund
14	right now?
15	And then the next question I have for
16	you is in negotiations with the Governor's
17	office for signing three Indian Point bills
18	in December, we negotiated the creation of
19	the Decommissioning Oversight Task Force. Is
20	there adequate funding in the PSC budget to
21	support those activities?
22	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: So yes on the
23	second, and about 40 million on the first.
24	SENATOR HARCKHAM: All right. And can

1	you anticipate what the annual inputs to that
2	fund will be based on the new system?
3	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: I believe it's
4	in the 10 to 12 a year. And I believe the
5	current plans are on the order of a decade in
6	terms of replenishments, if you want to use
7	that term.
8	SENATOR HARCKHAM: Okay.
9	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: And I'll beg
10	the the whatever, privilege of giving
11	you a more detailed answer in writing.
12	SENATOR HARCKHAM: Yeah, that's fine.
13	We can do it offline. Thank you.
14	President Harris, quick question about
15	charging stations. We have legislation in
16	the Senate and in the Assembly that would ban
17	the sale and lease of fossil fuel vehicles by
18	2035 and heavier vehicles by 2045. Based on
19	the investments being made now and the plans,
20	will New York State have an adequate
21	infrastructure charging system by 2035 to
22	begin that evolution?
23	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS: Yes.
24	Thank you for the question. Indeed, we have

1	made	tremendous	progress	this	year	alone	to
2	achie	eve Governo:	r Cuomo's	Charc	ae NY	goals	

We have seen a record number of increase in the number of electric vehicles sold this year, bringing the total number of EVs on the road to over 60,000. And I think to your question, the number of the charging stations in the state, to approximately 7,000, well on pace to hit our goal of 10,000 chargers by the end of 2021.

I think it is also notable that we make particular work this year with respect to a PSC order which is intended to create -- it's known as the "Make Ready" order. If you're interested, I could ask Chair Rhodes to talk a bit about the specific goals, including the deployment of more than 50,000 charging stations by 2025 as part of that order.

PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: I know we're over time. We're actually confident that the "Make Ready" 50,000 level and 1500 fast chargers by 2025 is what's needed to be on the trajectory that you're talking about.

1	It's worth about a million or 850,000,
2	900,000 vehicles.
3	And the market is responding, and the
4	costs are coming down. This is a very
5	cost-effective trajectory that we're on in
6	electric vehicles, and I'm very confident of
7	the state's direction.
8	SENATOR HARCKHAM: Terrific. Thank
9	you both.
10	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
11	Assembly.
12	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Next we go to
13	Assemblymember Glick.
14	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GLICK: Thank you.
15	Thanks very much.
16	One, I just want to say that I have a
17	bill that would require all of the wind
18	turbines to have at least one blade painted
19	black in order to make them more visible to
20	birds. This could reduce bird strikes by
21	about 70 percent. And I'm wondering whether
22	you are looking at making some requirements
23	in this area. That's number one.
24	Number two, it appears that somewhere

1	in the budget the Governor would allow large
2	building owners in New York to purchase
3	renewable energy credits instead of doing
4	what they're supposed to do, which would be
5	to upgrade their inefficient buildings to
6	make them more energy-efficient and thereby
7	provide jobs to people in New York City.
8	So I would hope that this would not be
9	something that would be pursued. And if you
10	could talk about why, as if there wouldn't be
11	people investing in renewable energy. I
12	think lots of people have been.
13	And the third thing is will there be
14	new credits for homeowners who do major
15	projects like solarize or do some you
16	know, some of those kinds of programs?
17	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
18	Great. Thank you, Assemblywoman.
19	And Chair Rhodes, if it's okay, I'll
20	start. And I have a feeling you'd rather
21	take the second part of the question.
22	But we have over the years conducted
23	various analyses around the question of
24	colored blades with researchers, and frankly

1	we've seen mixed results with respect to the
2	findings of those studies. But we will
3	continue to work with our colleagues at
4	DEC in coordination, of course, with you
5	and the Governor's office on collaborative
6	solutions. Certainly agree with the
7	principles and the objectives that you seek.
8	Chair Rhodes, do you want to speak as
9	to the Local 197 question?
10	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: So in Part R of
11	the Governor's bill, budget bill, the
12	proposal is to align changes to align city
13	law with changes that we made last year in
14	the Clean Energy Standard that Doreen already
15	mentioned which created Tier 2, created
16	Tier 4 on top of the existing offshore wind
17	RECs and other programs.
18	And the issue is that those Tier 4 and
19	those offshore wind RECs are not going to be
20	available in the immediate term, whereas the
21	Tier 2, which is about existing facilities,
22	would be.
23	So it's really a temporary alternative
24	compliance mechanism for building owners in

Τ	the interim until energy from fier 4 or from
2	offshore RECs associated with that energy
3	becomes available.
4	None of that reflects any backing down
5	on the state's commitment to the full sweep
6	of clean energy. Including, of course,
7	renewable energy, but also decarbonizing
8	buildings, in the city or upstate, through
9	energy efficiency and electrification. We
10	need them all, and our investments prove our
11	commitment to clean energy.
12	And by the way, you're absolutely
13	right, in clean energy, energy efficiency is
14	the single best job engine. And that's a
15	really important factor.
16	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GLICK: We don't want to
17	lose that in New York City.
18	And any new credits for homeowners?
19	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS: So
20	this is a topic we maybe would need to take
21	offline, given the time.
22	But there are a number of different
23	programs that we are undertaking on the
24	residential side that would be, you know, in

1	consideration specifically, energy
2	incentives for solar and efficiency, heat
3	pumps and the like.
4	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GLICK: if you sent
5	that to the chairs, they would send that on
6	to all of us. So thank you very much.
7	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS: Of
8	course. Thank you.
9	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
10	We go on to the Senate now.
11	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
12	Senator Jim Gaughran.
13	Jim, are you there?
14	SENATOR GAUGHRAN: I'm here.
15	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Okay.
16	SENATOR GAUGHRAN: Can you see me?
17	Here I am. Okay, now we've got it.
18	Thank you very much, Madam Chair.
19	And Chairman Rhodes, thank you so much
20	more for your service to the State of
21	New York. You have accomplished quite a bit.
22	And I know that citizens may not know
23	everything, but you certainly have, and we're
24	grateful for that.

1	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Thank you.
2	SENATOR GAUGHRAN: And thank you also
3	for I know you and the commission and the
4	department taking a really good look at the
5	people I represent and the problems they have
6	on the North Shore with American Water. So I
7	appreciate you taking a look at their goal
8	towards public water.
9	But my question is with Isaias, you
10	reviewed what happened and what PSEG did and
11	all the problems. But what do you think of
12	the oversight role or failure of oversight
13	that LIPA played, both before that storm and
14	being ready for it and during it?
15	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Well, I a
16	couple of things. Isaias and I'll talk
17	I want to note that Isaias was a failure not
18	just on Long Island. I want to have some
19	sympathy for the Con Ed people who were out
20	of power for a long time.
21	But it was obviously just an
22	unacceptable failure on Long Island. The
23	failure in the first instance was PSEG's.
24	Our investigation reveals has demonstrated

1	that. And the ongoing work that Kory Lancman
2	is doing is showing the impact that that's
3	had, although I think all of us intuitively
4	knew how bad it was. And that's why we are
5	working together with LIPA as a
6	department, not as a commission, just because
7	the nuances on Long Island to hold PSEG
8	accountable by either reforming the contract
9	or changing it and going to a different
10	model.
11	On Long Island the accountability tool
12	is contractual, because that's what there is.
13	And it's evident that the contract let us
14	down, as well as some failures at the
15	company. And we're dead serious about
16	putting in place arrangements for a
17	never-again, better future.
18	SENATOR GAUGHRAN: But you have
19	\$137 million you talk about in terms of fines
20	going against, you know, the other utilities.
21	And we're just battling with a contract as it
22	relates to LIPA.
23	Don't you think LIPA bears some
24	responsibility in terms of failing to

Τ	recognize that PSEG was just not ready at al.
2	for this storm? Because after all, they are
3	supposed to play the regulatory role with
4	LIPA that, you know, you play so well with
5	all the other utilities.
6	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Well, thank you
7	for that point of view.
8	I'll just I understand I
9	understand your concern. And obviously
10	everything is on the table for reexamination
11	in terms of a structure that's going to work
12	in the future.
13	But when I read the investigation
L 4	and believe me, I was a close student of the
15	investigation writeup the fact basis is
16	not one the fact pattern that emerges is
17	not the one that you're interpreting.
18	But as I say, we do need a better
19	solution for the future. And we, and perhaps
20	I'm speaking for my successor, will work with
21	you to make sure that we get that right.
22	Because what we had was not acceptable.
23	SENATOR GAUGHRAN: Absolutely. We do
2.4	need major reforms And I thank you very

1	much.
2	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Thank you.
3	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
4	Assembly.
5	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go to
6	Assemblyman Tague for three minutes.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Thank you,
8	Chairwoman, again.
9	Chairman Rhodes, President Harris,
10	thank you so much for the job you do. And
11	I'm very well aware of the tough jobs that
12	you have. My mother worked at PSC and my
13	brother worked at NYSERDA many, many years
14	ago.
15	So just a real quick question. And
16	I'm kind of sounding like a broken record,
17	because I've asked all our folks today the
18	same question. But I think it's a very
19	important question, especially to those of us
20	in ag districts in rural upstate New York.
21	But New York acreage under cultivation
22	has declined by nearly 320,000 acres since
23	the year 2012 in New York State. Large-scale
24	renewable projects, especially solar, appear

1	to pose direct challenges to efforts to
2	maintain or improve New York's agricultural
3	sector. Since land use for renewable
4	projects cannot always be repurposed, I'm
5	just wondering and we heard from both
6	Commissioner Seggos and Commissioner Ball
7	that they work directly with you folks with
8	regards to this issue, but they really didn't
9	say what your position was.

And I have a couple of concerns. One concern is about how the siting is done without local home rule or approval from the local residents. So I would like to just get your thoughts on this.

And again, I am not against solar. I think it's a great thing. And I also am not against wind power. But what I am against is using productive farmland -- you know, we talk about the food-insecurity problem that we have in our cities, but then we don't have a problem taking 800 to 1200 to 1400 acres at a time in rural upstate New York and siting a solar farm.

So again, thank you for your time, and

1	looking forward to hearing your answer.
2	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS: Yes,
3	thank you, Assemblymember. And I share your
4	strong interest in the balance of issues that
5	you articulate.
6	And I did strongly agree with
7	Commissioner Ball's response to your
8	question. It's been one of my top priorities
9	in this role to ensure that NYSERDA continues
10	to work with potential host communities and
11	our colleagues at the Department of
12	Agriculture and Markets to understand the
13	balance of issues that you just described.
14	We aim to ensure that both parties
15	have early awareness and the ability to weigh
16	in as to how a project is sited, what
17	construction standards are utilized, and what
18	specifics would apply with respect to the
19	stewardship of farmlands that I agree is one
20	of New York's most valuable assets.
21	And in fact I'm pleased that together
22	we have built a mitigation hierarchy of

avoiding, minimizing and mitigating those

impacts collectively and collaboratively with

23

1	Agriculture and Markets in the construct of
2	our land-based-renewables solicitations that
3	is intended to satisfy the requirements of
4	Agriculture and Markets but also to bring
5	forth the viewpoint of balance that I would
6	agree we need to strike on these issues.
7	Happy to talk offline at any time.
8	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: And I concur. A
9	responsible siting and striking the balance
10	is the only way we get there. Thank you.
11	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: To the Senate
12	now.
13	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
14	Senator Rachel May.
15	SENATOR MAY: Yes, hi. And thanks to
16	President Harris and Commissioner Rhodes for
17	being here and for your good answers.
18	I have a comment for President Harris
19	and two questions, and one for
20	Commissioner Rhodes. So we'll try to get
21	through them.
22	My comment is this. The Governor
23	proposed \$20 million for a training program
24	for 2500 students at Stony Brook to become

1	technicians of renewable infrastructure. I
2	think that's a great idea, but let me put in
3	a plug that half of them should be at SUNY
4	ESF, and maybe to do offshore wind downstate
5	and geothermal and solar upstate. I would
6	like to just make that pitch.
7	And then I have a question about net
8	zero construction, building construction.
9	Which is clearly the way of the future, and
10	I'm just wondering if we are at a level of
11	technological sophistication yet where we
12	could stipulate that no state tax dollars or
13	no state money would go to building
14	energy-guzzling buildings, but always have to
15	be going for net zero.
16	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
17	Sure. Yes.
18	And I'm pleased to report that the
19	Offshore Wind Training Institute that was
20	launched is a statewide program. And it is
21	housed the hubs are at Stony Brook and
22	Farmingdale, but the competition is statewide
23	and frankly the opportunity is statewide as
24	well. So I will say that for the

Τ	Soficication that s on the Street now and
2	beyond.
3	With respect to net zero, I think, you
4	know, there are particular opportunities that
5	we have advanced at NYSERDA. I think one
6	really exciting opportunity is in the
7	industrial sector where we have a net zero
8	Energy for Economic Opportunity program,
9	which is really combining the downtown
10	revitalization initiative with economic
11	development together.
12	And I think, you know, the goal of net
13	zero and carbon-neutral projects in these
14	sectors are really are top economic
15	priorities for the state and opportunities
16	from a carbon perspective as well.
17	SENATOR MAY: Okay, thank you. And
18	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: If I can just
19	I do think
20	SENATOR MAY: I have a completely
21	different question for you, if I can
22	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Okay, ask yours.
23	SENATOR MAY: Going back to the
24	broadband issue, I am really interested in

1	municipal broadband as a solution to some of
2	the problems in my district, for example,
3	where people just don't have access in some
4	of the rural parts of the district. And I
5	wonder if you think the state can make funds
6	available to support municipal broadband.
7	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: I think that the

PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: I think that the need is so clear-cut and important -- and COVID has reinforced from a realization of the need -- that every solution has to be explored, whether it's the rural cooperative model or this thing, the municipal model. Absolutely we should study those and see if there's a good path forward and make those investments.

Back to net zero, if I can, I will say that I don't believe all the solutions are ready yet. And that's why I want you to note that R and D are two letters in NYSERDA's name. And I think the innovation agenda that they're driving is a really big part of the comprehensive strategy to get there, so --

NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:

24 Thank you, Chair Rhodes.

1	You know, I think if I could jump
2	in as well, from a planning perspective, we
3	are actively developing a carbon-neutral
4	buildings roadmap, which is charting this
5	path to achieve a carbon-neutral building
6	path by mid-century, but with the actions
7	that we're discussing embedded within it.
8	So I think that's another place where
9	public comment will be useful.
10	SENATOR MAY: Okay, great. We're way
11	over time, but thank you very much.
12	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
13	Assembly.
L 4	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
15	We go now to Assemblywoman Buttenschor
16	for three minutes.
17	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: Thank you
18	very much.
19	Thank you, Chair Rhodes and President
20	Harris, for being here today. I just have a
21	couple of questions.
22	To follow up with many of my
23	colleagues regarding broadband, I know we're
24	just looking for, again, that specific number

1	of New Yorkers that have access. And I know
2	you broke it down a little earlier. But
3	clearly, how many and what percentage of
4	homes do have it in New York.
5	Regarding the surcharge question, we
6	get many calls in my office in regards to
7	that surcharge. And I know that you said you
8	will be forwarding the positive components of
9	that surcharge, so I look forward to that
10	information so I can share it with
11	constituents in the area.
12	And I've heard from the smaller and
13	medium-size utilities within the district
14	that are struggling with individuals that
15	can't pay their bills. And it is financially
16	strapping those businesses because they were
17	able to work and apply for the PPP, but now
18	financially it's creating an extensive burden
19	on those utility companies.
20	And as we move forward with the new
21	program, which is very important to ensure

that broadband is affordable to

New Yorkers -- but how are we going to

support these smaller to medium-size

1	companies that are providing this service to
2	our residents? And I just was
3	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Can I ask a
4	clarification question? The smaller
5	utilities are the energy utilities? Or is it
6	the internet/cable utilities?
7	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: Internet
8	and phone company.
9	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: All right. So
10	let us look into that situation and what we
11	can do on that. We have different a
12	different kind of jurisdiction over those
13	companies. But the problem sounds very real.
14	Let's get back to you.
15	In terms of broadband coverage, I know
16	that averages of all the numbers aren't that
17	useful. But we're north of 98 percent, at
18	this point, in the state. That doesn't help
19	if you're in the 2 percent, I know. But
20	we're getting there. And it's still ongoing.
21	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: Yeah, and
22	I I guess I struggle with that number
23	because of the number of individuals just in
24	my district alone. But the feds, great to

Т	see chat.
2	And I'm excited to hear about the
3	fiber buildout. And will there be support to
4	those companies that participate in that?
5	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Well, if they're
6	grantees under the BPO program that's
7	administered by Empire State, then yes,
8	that's the case.
9	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: Okay.
10	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: And we can get
11	you more. I know and I'm just not versed
12	in them that there's some federal programs
13	as well that support this. So you're going
14	to I'm sorry, you're going to get like
15	four or five follow-ups from us, but you are
16	correct.
17	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: As many as
18	possible. Thank you so much for the time.
19	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
20	Senator Michelle Hinchey.
21	SENATOR HINCHEY: I've done it this
22	time! Wonderful, thank you.
23	(Laughter.)
2.4	CENATOD UINCUEV. For overvene new

l I've been having a hard time unmuting myse	lf	
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Thank you so much, Madam Chair, and thank you both for being here today to meet with us for your testimony and for taking our questions.

I have a question for each of you, and I will start with our first around renewable energy.

In order to shift fully to renewables and meaningfully combat climate change, we know that large-scale renewable energy projects are needed. The fact is, most of these projects are being sited and constructed in upstate New York but are meant to transfer energy to the localities with the highest demand, which is downstate.

As we move towards more renewable energy projects in New York and expedited siting processes, how can we work to ensure that an adequate amount of locally captured energy stays local and benefits upstate communities and doesn't overly disrupt the local landscape as well?

NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:

1	Well, I think you bring up some very
2	important points about local consumption and
3	real benefits of the host communities.
4	I would say that there are obviously
5	economic benefits, tax benefits and, again,
6	local payments made for hosting projects.
7	But from the perspective of local buying, in
8	my view that is a very important part of
9	ownership. Ownership means having particular
LO	connectivity with the renewable projects in
11	your community as well.
12	You know, a great way for that to
13	happen is through community choice
L 4	aggregation, through buying, particularly
15	local governments that can procure energy
16	service and supply for consumers in their
17	community. That is a growing means by which
18	local communities can be served by
19	large-scale renewable projects in their
20	locality.
21	I also think it is the case that there
22	are other renewables that you can literally

buy into as an owner. So there's a lot of

ways to have that personal and local

23

1	connection from a consumption perspective.
2	But I would say that from the
3	perspective of buying, I would say that the
4	Clean Energy Communities Program which
5	supports CCAs directly I think is a great
6	example of that in action.
7	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Can I if I
8	may, I should also mention the Governor's
9	directive to put in place a Host Communities
10	Benefit Program, which directly provides in
11	this case financial benefit equivalent to the
12	value of a portion of the energy that's
13	generated by by whatever the wind farm in
14	that town.
15	And that's an open proceeding, and I
16	believe we're getting close to finalizing
17	that.
18	But the CCA idea is an excellent one.
19	SENATOR HINCHEY: Thank you. And I
20	know I'm about out of time, but I just have
21	to say, to Mr. Rhodes, thank you.
22	Following my colleagues in the last
23	two questions, with all due respect, I think
24	we all know that the 98 percent coverage

1	number is inaccurate. We need a full
2	understanding of what broadband looks like
3	across this state. Census tracts are not
4	enough.

So do you have any data now that can speak to that, or is there anyone that you can compel to -- any way, sorry, that you can compel the broadband providers to give us a better understanding of the data, of where the gaps exist, especially in rural New York? We now have three of us in a row who believe that that number is inflated.

PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Well, let us get back with you and your other colleagues, show you what we've got and why we think that's right, but also acknowledge -- sort of bring you up to speed on the steps we're taking to get more granular. Because I appreciate that these top-level numbers, even if they're right, which we believe they are, are not helpful to households that are facing a "why not me" kind of situation.

We'll get -- we'll engage with you.

24 SENATOR HINCHEY: Thank you.

1	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
2	Assembly.
3	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, we go to
4	Assemblyman Englebright for three minutes.
5	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Yes, thank
6	you very much.
7	I just have a couple of questions
8	regarding RGGI. The recent adopted RGGI
9	carbon cap fails to account for the emission
10	reduction in renewable energy mandates of the
11	CLCPA. Does the state plan to push for an
12	updated cap that aligns with the CLCPA in the
13	upcoming regional review of the program?
14	Does the state plan to update that? Update
15	the cap.
16	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
17	Sure. Yes. So we did advance regulations
18	this year to make advancement in RGGI
19	consistent with the Climate Leadership and
20	Community Protection Act obligations. I
21	believe that Commissioner Seggos spoke to
22	that topic this morning as well.
23	If there's a particular you know,
24	the overarching objective, of course, is to

1	align RGGI ultimately with the CLCPA.
2	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Thank you.
3	The 2021 RGGI operating plan transfers
4	over \$50 million to the Clean Energy Fund and
5	the Long Island Power Authority. Are the
6	programs these funds are supporting in
7	compliance with the environmental justice
8	spending requirements of CLCPA?
9	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS: Yes.
10	So this year's RGGI operating plan
11	does repurpose \$40 million of previously
12	approved funds for energy storage projects on
13	Long Island. Those funds will be repurposed
14	for continuing support of their energy
15	efficiency portfolio, at \$20 million per
16	year.
17	In exchange, the Long Island
18	Power Authority has agreed to deploy at least
19	200 megawatts of energy storage and non-wires
20	alternatives by 2025. So this is a win/win
21	as far as we're concerned.
22	LIPA's planning to issue an RFP for
23	both energy storage this year and continuing
24	those solutions. And at the same time, we

1	will have the ability to further advance
2	energy efficiency on Long Island.
3	And if with respect to if your
4	question was getting specifically to
5	alignment of those expenditures with the
6	overall CLCPA objectives, both LIPA and NYPA
7	have committed to the goals of the CLCPA,
8	including that 35 and 40 percent objective of
9	benefits to disadvantaged communities.
LO	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: Thank you
11	very much.
12	And while giving thanks, I just want
13	to express appreciation for your service to
L 4	the state, John Rhodes. You've been a
15	terrific public servant in the capacity
16	you've been in. I hope your public service
17	is not over. But thank you for your work to
18	date.
19	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Thank you.
20	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
21	We move to the Senate.
22	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
23	Ranker Tom O'Mara.
24	SENATOR O'MARA: Thank you.

1	Good evening. Thanks for hanging in
2	there with us. We've got a long night ahead
3	of us.
4	I have a question on the Hudson
5	Champlain Hydro-Québec TDI line and the I
6	guess RFP that's out there. Where does that
7	stand? And why is there not a requirement
8	that there be an interconnect within New York
9	State somewhere higher up in the Hudson so
10	that our upstate producers can put energy
11	into it?
12	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
13	Thank you for the question.
14	So NYSERDA has issued the RFP that is
15	soliciting proposals. It's known as Tier 4,
16	which is soliciting proposals specifically
17	for renewables delivering into Zone J, or the
18	New York City region. Governor Cuomo
19	outlined potential projects that may be
20	considered as transmission routes for this
21	RFP, but we are in a competitive process and
22	the bids are due in May. So we will
23	certainly see what the market brings forth as

to projects.

1	However, with respect to the question
2	of New York, I'll say New York generation is
3	competing as part of this RFP. We did
4	include a requirement for projects that would
5	require all projects to submit at least one
6	bid that included a provision for New York
7	on-ramps, if you will, to bring New York
8	generation from our renewable generators,
9	potentially upstate, into downstate regions.
10	So we will be able to look at those
11	bids in the spring and summer, compared to
12	one another on this competitive RFP.
13	SENATOR O'MARA: Chairman, nothing
14	else to add? You're not involved in that?
15	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: No. I think
16	that our our main involvement was to shape
17	the Tier 4 in the order that we issued, I
18	believe in October, that then charged NYSERDA
19	to go out and execute an RFP and potentially
20	an award which goes along these lines.
21	I'm not sure whether you were also
22	asking about the status of the line itself,
23	the CHPE line. They have an existing permit.
24	They continue to amend it. And I'm not sure

1	what the technical term is, but that they're
2	tweaking it. They're very they're modest
3	modifications. I believe they just submitted
4	another one. So the gist of it is they're
5	probably pretty close, from a permitting
6	point of view, but it depends on, you know,
7	whether they continue to find dial
8	adjustments that they need they feel the
9	need to do.
10	SENATOR O'MARA: I just want to note
11	my interest in having that on-ramp, so to
12	speak, for our upstate providers to do that.
13	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Excellent.
14	SENATOR O'MARA: I'll move on to the
15	CLCPA and the CAC. There was a tweet after
16	Commissioner Seggos's testimony from Marie
17	French today saying that the Climate Action
18	Council, while they're going to do a
19	cost-benefit analysis, will not break out the
20	impacts and costs to the consumers or
21	businesses.
22	Now, that concerns me, of course,
23	because it's going to take a lot for the
24	public to get behind this type of thing

1	without knowing what the costs are going to
2	be on their ultimate utility bill or to their
3	business.
4	So that hasn't been denied on Twitter
5	by Commissioner Seggos or a representative.
6	And I'm not saying this is the be-all and
7	end-all, Twitter, by any means. But it was
8	out there concurrent with the time he was
9	testifying.
10	So what is your position on how open
11	this cost-benefit analysis is going to be to
12	the ratepayers and to businesses that are
13	paying those rates?
14	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
15	Certainly. Yes, it is critical to all of us
16	that our work under the Climate Action
17	Council is transparent. And I know
18	Commissioner Seggos was clear in that respect
19	earlier today as well.
20	And so as we head through 2021, we
21	will be considering costs and benefits as
22	part of our integration analysis that will be
23	conducted this spring. This cost-benefit
24	analysis is going to look at what we call

1	societal costs associated with the policies
2	that we will be considering as a council, and
3	those that are advanced by the advisory
4	panels themselves as well.
5	So we will look at costs and
6	implementation considerations through that
7	analysis, as well as the emissions and health
8	and job benefits that we know will come from
9	these scenarios.
10	SENATOR O'MARA: Well, I guess my
11	question is
12	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS: And
13	then, after the scoping plan let me
14	I'll just finish, and I hope this last piece
15	will answer your question.
16	At the completion of the scoping plan
17	and as specific programs and policies are
18	advanced, we will be looking at the specific
19	costs of implementation to consumers. To
20	your point, regulated entities, we will be
21	conducting these analyses as we look at the
22	specific programs and policies on a very
23	consumer-level basis, policy by policy. So

that will be happening after the scoping

1	plan.
2	SENATOR O'MARA: I certainly encourage
3	you and to make sure that this is as
4	transparent as possible as early in the
5	process as possible, so the public can see
6	it, understand what's going on, and be able
7	to respond to it. Because it is going to
8	affect rates, without question. And people
9	deserve to know what we're going to be paying
10	for.
11	But thank you for being here today.
12	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
13	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
14	Yeah, thank you. We completely agree. And,
15	you know, when we implement programs, this is
16	certainly critical to the transparency that
17	we're committed to. So we look forward to
18	that and are certainly committed to that.
19	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
20	Sorry to go over, Assembly.
21	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go next to
22	Assemblywoman Kelles.
23	And I just want to mention we still
24	have at least eight Assemblymembers who wish

1	to speak. And the Senate is winning the race
2	of dropping out; some members are declining
3	to speak because they are mindful of the
4	clock. So anybody who wants to send in a
5	question to the PSC or NYSERDA instead of
6	speaking now, we would welcome that. But now
7	let's go to Assemblywoman Kelles.
8	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Chair Weinstein.
9	Chair Weinstein, can we just go on record as
10	saying we will of course reply to anything
11	that comes in through one of the other
12	channels.
13	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Excellent. Thank
14	you.
15	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you,
16	Mr. Rhodes.
17	Assemblywoman Kelles, you're on.
18	ASSEMBLYWOMAN KELLES: Thank you so
19	much. I know we've all been here for a very
20	long time, so thank you for your patience.
21	And I wanted to just add some comments
22	to what Senator Hinchey was saying about
23	broadband. You know, there has been a lot of
24	controversy with respect to the estimates.

1	And I heard that you were going to share some
2	information with her about how those were
3	estimated. I'm particularly concerned with
4	the estimation of census blocks and how, as
5	long as there's one house in that census
6	block, then it's considered to have access.
7	That isn't necessarily true in the rural
8	areas. So I would love to hear more
9	information about that.

The other comment that I wanted to make -- it's in addition to what Senator May was saying -- I really appreciated, Chairman Rhodes, your comment about expanding and considering all options. And I wanted to add the Southern Tier Network, which is a nonprofit and has been successful in expanding about 500 miles of middle fiber and are looking into middle and last-mile fiber networks throughout the whole Southern Tier.

So any way that we can help those types of programs, nonprofits that are partnering with municipalities, would be really wonderful to see. I'm happy to talk about this and internet work offline. That

1	would be great.
2	I'm sorry?
3	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: I was going to
4	respond, but I interrupted instead.
5	ASSEMBLYWOMAN KELLES: No, please.
6	Please, no.
7	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: So we'd love to
8	engage with you on that, on that model. That
9	sounds good. And on the broadband, of course
10	we'll share the information with you.
11	I think on your specific interest, I
12	believe there's some initiatives at the FCC
13	that are going to go a long way to resolving
14	if I can call it the granularity need that
15	you're talking about.
16	But why don't we make that a topic of
17	discussion when we engage as well, and not
18	just with you, but with the now four or five
19	of you who have raised the same issue.
20	ASSEMBLYWOMAN KELLES: That would be
21	great. And one more level on the
22	broadband and I have many other questions,
23	actually, about RGGI which I will maybe do

offline.

Τ	But the budget right now talks about a
2	\$15 per month for low-income families but
3	doesn't talk about how to reach those who
4	don't have access at all. So added into that
5	discussion that we have, I would love to talk
6	about the more rural areas as well.
7	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: So noted. Yes.
8	ASSEMBLYWOMAN KELLES: Okay. And then
9	just really quickly, I'm trying to get a
10	sense of what percentage of RGGI funds are
11	currently directed to environmental justice
12	and low-to-moderate-income communities and,
13	you know, what the ramp-up process is for
14	that.
15	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
16	Sure, yes. So the forthcoming RGGI operating
17	plan does put forward a suite of program
18	investments. And I'm pleased to say that
19	39 percent of those investments we project
20	will deliver benefits directly to
21	disadvantaged communities. So we're feeling
22	very good about that operating plan and its
23	ability to really lead with respect to CLCPA
24	compliance.

Ţ	As we look at our pre-2020 portiolio
2	commitments, our estimate is around
3	23 percent of those benefits, just to give
4	you some point of reference. So we have made
5	very specific and material changes to our
6	portfolio in order to ensure those benefits
7	go to disadvantaged communities.
8	ASSEMBLYWOMAN KELLES: Thank you so
9	much.
10	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
11	Thank you.
12	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you. So
13	i's back to the Senate?
14	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Senate, yes.
15	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Okay. So I'm the
16	last Senator, and I'm not going to take that
17	long.
18	First, I want to thank John Rhodes for
19	his true public service to the state for I
20	don't know how many years. I feel
21	like almost
22	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Seven.
23	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Seven years? Oh,
24	okay, not that long. Although I would like

1	to point out, in fact, because he is leaving,
2	and so, Acting Chair of the Public Service
3	Commission, I was looking around for other
4	people in energy and other related activities
5	for the Governor, and all the seats are gone.
6	Everybody's run for the hills. So I hope
7	you're ready to handle pretty much every job
8	because, you know, the second floor just
9	doesn't seem to have many people left working
10	on this. You're losing your colleague and
11	partner at PSC. You know, Basil has a big
12	agency to run, as you saw this morning with
13	the endless questions that didn't even touch
14	on energy or the environment in particular.

So tell me, what are these bottlenecks to transmission improvements in our state? I feel like 19 years I've been in the Senate, and for 19 years people have been telling me the fundamental problem is we don't have an adequate transmission line system so no matter how much progress we tend to be making on alternative environmentally sound energy production, if we can't get it from one part of the state to the other, we've flunked our

1	test.
2	So how are we really going to just
3	take care of this once and for all?
4	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: So we actually
5	looked at that very issue. We just published
6	a study called the Power Grid Study which
7	looked at transmission associated with
8	offshore wind, transmission associated with
9	onshore renewables at the bulk level, the 100
LO	by '40 objective, as well as unbottling at
11	the sub-bulk level.
12	And an important conclusion was that
13	we for 2030 there's very little bulk
L 4	transmission that we really need to do in
15	order to unlock the renewables that we have
16	in mind. There is one southeast New York
17	Long Island to whatever, Westchester and New
18	York City, the mainland, that would be a good
19	addition.
20	But the bulk side, under the
21	Governor's leadership and his Clean Energy
22	Highway and Smart Path and the 250 miles that

he just talked about, and Tier 4 that Doreen

talked about, really has put us in a

23

1	remarkable	pos	sition,	and	Ι	think	perhaps
2	surprising	to	folks.				

We still need to do a lot on the sub-bulk, on the country roads, to get to the highways, there's no doubt about that. And we're taking that up in this commission -- in fact, some of it before I go.

If I can just respond to your comment about succession, you're right to say that Doreen is probably capable of doing everything. That part's right. But I do know that the Governor's office really has an active and promising search going on.

They'll announce when they're ready, but I'm -- they'll get someone good, I have no doubt about that.

CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Look, I think there's multiple people that are missing right now. I know you referenced earlier in an answer to a question that you had confidence in that new siting office within the Department of the Secretary of State. We tried to find it. There's one person, and they don't have a phone number. That didn't

1	really make me reer very good about now much
2	work is going to get done through that
3	system, just as an example.
4	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: We'll have to
5	correct the brand image of that office for
6	you.
7	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Yes. Is there
8	more than one person in that office?
9	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Yes.
10	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Okay. And they
11	don't have other jobs?
12	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Well, they're
13	still doing the regs. But yeah, their only
L 4	job is this job, yes.
15	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Okay. Okay.
16	Because it wasn't clear that they do that
17	over there at the Department of the Secretary
18	of State.
19	And I feel, Doreen, that you want to
20	also jump in here.
21	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
22	Well, yes. As the last person standing here,
23	per your statement, I want you to know that
2.4	it is the case that we as a state

1	collectively you know, I know I should be
2	speaking for NYSERDA alone. But broadly, the
3	progress that we are making is proof positive
4	of the people that are working every day and
5	every day in and out to make these CLCPA
6	goals real.

And the fact that we alone have projects entering construction -- in preparation for this hearing, that we have 20 projects entering construction in 2021 is proof positive that indeed the work of these agencies is making progress in ways that are very tangible and very -- and make the goals of the CLCPA very achievable.

So yes, there's some transition that we will see in the agency heads, but rest assured there is strong leadership and strong levels of work being completed in many respects across the state.

CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you both for your service and your work. And Assemblywoman Weinstein, I'm just going to turn off my mute for a while and let the Assembly people take it from here. Turn on

1	mute.
2	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay, yes. As
3	I said, we do have at least eight members
4	someone came off the list, but then two got
5	added, so I'm not going to encourage people
6	to get off anymore.
7	So next we have Assemblywoman
8	Pam Hunter.
9	But I would ask members to really be
10	mindful of the clock. We have many public
11	advocacy witnesses who have been waiting all
12	day to speak to the committee. Thank you.
13	ASSEMBLYWOMAN HUNTER: Good evening.
14	And thank you, Chair Weinstein, and also
15	President Harris. And it's good to see you,
16	Mr. Rhodes, I guess for your short term
17	getting ready to leave.
18	I made mention of these comments a few
19	years back, and I'm going to bring them up
20	again, and it is related to the rate case for
21	National Grid. And I am advocating,
22	obviously, for Onondaga County here and
23	Central New York

During the time of this rate case in

1	Onondaga County, the county legislature
2	during this time increased an energy tax
3	effective September 1st. And also during
4	this time, the City of Syracuse has ramped up
5	their collection activity for parking
6	tickets. I know this doesn't really relate,
7	you know, but it does, because we really are
8	preying on our most poor. That doesn't also
9	include the outstanding medical debt that
10	these hospitals are now asking to collect.
11	And that doesn't include now that the Thruway
12	has increased 30 percent or has a 30 percent
13	tax on folks who don't have an E-ZPass. What
14	about the people who don't have a bank
15	account?
16	And I set the stage for you because

And I set the stage for you because
we're at it again, where a huge power company
is asking for a rate increase. The last time
we had this conversation they needed to, you
know, have operational expenses, they needed
to increase their pipeline and do some work.
And here we are again a couple of years
later, asking for another rate increase. I
did go to the public hearing. I didn't give

1	testimony. They say they have a debt pool of
2	\$50 million. That doesn't even touch the
3	outstanding amount of debt that is owed to
4	National Guard.

so I'm asking when do we take
everything into consideration relative to a
rate increase -- not just the company, but
all of the factors that are involved related
to where people live? I do represent a
community that has the highest concentration
of poverty for people of color in the
country. It's recorded. It's a fact. And
yet and still, these are the same folks who
are going to have to turn around and pay
again. So that's my first question.

My second question is to

President Harris, related to our old housing stock. We have a Rust Belt city. My own home is almost a hundred years old; in two years it will be 100 years old. We have landlords who own homes, but essentially they're not energy efficient enough. And because it's not a nonprofit and because they're not asking, it's a situation tenants

1	who live there are paying sky-high rates for
2	utilities because they are not
3	energy-efficient properties.
4	So what can tenants and landlords who
5	aren't asking for it, but whose tenants need

8 Thank you very much.

CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay, so you have managed to use all your time to ask questions. If the witnesses can just very briefly respond.

to be able to get some kind of relief in

order to be able to pay these sky-high bills?

PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: So I'm sorry to say that there's -- there is a pattern of high-cost proposals coming into the PSC. I think we've got a pretty good track record of whittling them down. I believe the recent ones we've been knocking 75 percent off the -- or even more off the initial proposal.

And I'll just say that in these COVID times, I assure you we are deeply sensitive to the burden, the energy burden associated with these costs and the economic distress that's happening across the state, but also

1	in your community. We will we will go to
2	the mat to keep these costs down.
3	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS: Yes.
4	And in NYSERDA's perspective, you know, the
5	program that has been most notably relevant
6	for the types of households that you're
7	referring to is EmPower NY, which provides
8	low-income households, including renters,
9	with no-cost energy efficiency assessments
10	and upgrades, with NYSERDA covering
11	100 percent of the project cost.
12	I think, you know, specifically that's
13	the best example. The Governor in this
14	year's State of the State initiated a new
15	program called Raise the Green Roof, where
16	we'll be working with HCR on similar types of
17	investments in their housing stock. So some
18	examples for you of your commitment.
19	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay. Thank
20	you so much. Perhaps some additional
21	follow-up to
22	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Of course.
23	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN:
24	Assemblywoman Hunter offline, or to the

1	committee.
2	We go now to Assemblyman Burdick.
3	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: Thank you.
4	Thank you, Chair Weinstein.
5	And President Harris and
6	Commissioner Rhodes, thank you for your
7	excellent work.
8	I've been working with Westchester
9	mayors and supervisors who wish to have CCA
10	regulations updated. A number of us met last
11	January with DPS staff, requesting
12	elimination of the utility switch letter when
13	a CCA negotiates new contracts with energy
14	providers. And we also requested elimination
15	of the ZEC charge for CCA electricity
16	customers if the municipality is purchasing
17	qualified power in New York State RECs.
18	We'd also like to have CCA programs be
19	able to purchase green supply directly from
20	the renewable supplier. And I think that
21	really relates to what Senator Krueger spoke
22	about in terms of capacity transmission
23	lines.
24	And linked to that is that T

1	understand that NYSERDA and NYPA are working
2	with CCA programs to utilize NYPA
3	transmission lines to transmit renewable
4	power from upstate to downstate. And I'm
5	just wondering if you can give an update on
6	updating the regulations, which we had
7	thought were going to be rulemaking would
8	be March of last year, and also on the NYPA
9	transmission lines.
10	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: So on the
11	rulemaking, what I do know is that we have -
12	we're very close to our CCA proposal to put
13	out for comment, so that should be
14	forthcoming. And I believe that addresses
15	most or considers most of the suggestions
16	that you're talking about, as well as many
17	others. It's benefited from a lot of input.
18	But I will check with you and ask
19	permission to connect with you, you know, on
20	this.
21	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: That would be
22	great. Thank you.
23	And I guess it's a question for
24	President Harris regarding NYPA and NYSERDA

Ţ	discussions. Are you familiar with that?
2	know Sustainable Westchester has been working
3	on that, and wondering whether you know the
4	status and the timing.
5	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS: We
6	will have to get back to you on the timing.
7	Although I will say we are actively engaging
8	to specifically assist these, as you describe
9	it, local governments and administrators with
10	respect to these types of programs. It's
11	just the specific timing certainly that we
12	need to I need to check on.
13	I will note, in case it's relevant for
14	your considerations, the fact that just
15	yesterday we launched the Clean Energy
16	Communities Leadership Round, making
17	\$17 million available for an additional set
18	of high-impact actions that may be relevant
19	in this context as well. That was a big
20	milestone to expand on a very successful
21	program.
22	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: Thank you.
23	The last question and I can take
24	this offline is

1	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yeah, I think
2	Chris, if you could, because we do have 30
3	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: Okay. I'll
4	email it. Thank you.
5	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: people,
6	nongovernmental people waiting to testify.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN BURDICK: Thank you.
8	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you so
9	much. And we can, for yourself and I know
10	Assemblyman Anderson is taking his name off
11	the list if you or anybody needs helps
12	in needs us to help facilitate some
13	communications, please let us know and my
14	office staff will help work that out for you.
15	Assemblyman Mamdani, Zohran, you're
16	up?
17	ASSEMBLYMAN MAMDANI: Thank you so
18	much. I'm just waiting for the video to turn
19	on. In the meantime I oh, here we go.
20	There we go. Thank you so much.
21	Hello, President Harris. Hello, Chair
22	Rhodes. How are you? My name is Zohran
23	Mamdani. I'm an Assemblymember representing
24	the 36th District in Astoria. I will be very

1	brief	I	will	try	to	be.
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So President Harris, I wanted to ask you a question that I asked Mr. Basil Seggos this morning. He said that you would be the better person to ask this of, so I wanted to make sure I got a chance to do so.

So offshore wind leases have been awarded to Equinor and Ørsted. Both are state-owned energy companies owned by the governments of Norway and Denmark respectively. And I wanted to ask why shouldn't the New York Power Authority be permitted to bid on, build and own offshore wind? And a follow-up question of what are the obstacles to that?

NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:

Certainly. And I do remember your question
this morning, which seems a long time ago.

But I'm glad to speak with you, particularly
about the topic of offshore wind.

You know, the projects that NYSERDA has awarded -- again, the Governor's announcement of the two major awards in this year's State of the State were to Equinor and

1	previously two contracts, one to Equinor and
2	Ørsted are driven by the generation
3	owners, who actually obtain leases from the
4	federal government. And in this case those
5	are the companies that are the holders of
6	offshore wind leases and therefore eligible
7	to bid in NYSERDA's auctions and our
8	solicitations.
9	NYPA is not a leaseholder and is
10	therefore unable to produce a generation
11	project that would be eligible to compete.
12	You know, with respect to offshore
13	wind, it is true that NYPA has a very
14	important role in leading with respect to
15	offshore wind development. But the role that
16	they are playing on behalf of New York State
17	is to leverage their vast expertise with
18	respect to transmission infrastructure, to
19	assist specifically with the onshore
20	transmission component of various offshore
21	wind projects.
22	So NYPA is bringing their skills to

So NYPA is bringing their skills to bear, but from a transmission perspective, not a generation perspective.

1	ASSEMBLYMAN MAMDANI: With just
2	40 seconds left, I'm going to be very, very
3	quick with a second question that I was
4	wondering about.
5	So recently investigators discovered
6	that \$19 million of NYPA's funding was
7	diverted to build lighting in the Moynihan
8	Train Station. And this harkens back to
9	Governor Cuomo's use of \$5 million in MTA
10	funding to bail out ski resorts.
11	What can we do to protect NYPA funding
12	from pet projects and ensure that it's
13	actually being spent on green renewable
14	energy and supplying it to New Yorkers?
15	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: I'm afraid we're
16	not I'll speak for myself. I'm just not
17	familiar with those facts. And I'm not sure
18	we're the right entity to give an answer.
19	ASSEMBLYMAN MAMDANI: I appreciate
20	that. I'll send an email with reference to
21	the facts themselves. But thank you for your
22	time.
23	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
24	Thank you.

1	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Now we go to
2	Assemblywoman Griffin.
3	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GRIFFIN: Okay, good
4	evening. Good evening, Commissioner Rhodes
5	and President Harris.
6	Chairman Rhodes, I've appreciated
7	working with you over the past couple of
8	years, and I wish you all the best after your
9	term comes to a close.
10	I have two questions regarding the
11	public takeover of American Water. The Town
12	of Hempstead relied on an out-of-date study
13	that did not even include my Assembly
14	district, where a large percentage of
15	constituents are served by American Water.
16	Last year I introduced a bill that I'm
17	reintroducing this year which calls for a
18	study of a public takeover which includes my
19	district, which is a large portion of the
20	Town of Hempstead.
21	So my question to you is, I wondered
22	how can the PSC make a decision unless there
23	is a study that really includes the entire
24	region? And then

1	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: That's a bit of
2	a trick question. Can I just make a
3	statement?
4	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GRIFFIN: Yes.
5	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Why don't we
6	make sure the study is the study that's
7	needed and it's thorough, and we will
8	undertake to do that.
9	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GRIFFIN: Okay. And
10	then my follow-up to that is while we have
11	Liberty Utilities is ready to buy
12	American Water, can we be assured that no
13	decision will be rendered on that until we
14	really look into the possibility of a public
15	takeover?
16	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: I let me
17	reframe it, as we really need to understand
18	the options before we make a decision. And
19	so that's definitely the commitment.
20	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GRIFFIN: Okay, that's
21	fair.
22	And one final question is I don't
23	expect a response now. But in light of all
24	the difficulties we had with our utilities

1	serving us after the storm this summer, I
2	would love to have the PSC provide us with
3	plans and reforms for oversight and
4	accountability so in future storms,
5	Long Island and the rest of New York State
6	could be better served by our utilities.
7	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Absolutely.
8	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GRIFFIN: Thank you very
9	much.
10	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Thank you.
11	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
12	Next we have Assemblyman Carroll.
13	ASSEMBLYMAN CARROLL: Thank you,
14	Chair Rhodes and President Harris. And
15	Chair Rhodes, I will miss being able to talk
16	to you. You've always been a sober and
17	knowledgeable voice on these topics.
18	And so I'm going to just ask a very
19	broad question. You know, it looks from my
20	analysis that we currently produce about 4 to
21	5 percent of our energy from wind and solar.
22	Yet by 2030, you know, we're supposed to ramp
23	up to 70 percent renewables, is that what
24	we're supposed to hit? You know, where

1	what are the benchmarks that we should be
2	hitting over the next 10 years? How can we
3	do that?
4	And in that same vein, if we're
5	supposed to be making these giant leaps in
6	renewables, specifically wind and solar, why
7	would the PSC not deny the application for
8	the peaker plant, the natural gas peaker
9	plant that I think, I believe, is going
10	forward in Newburgh right now? How are we
11	going to actually meet these goals of the
12	CLCPA? Because I have constituents who
13	consistently point to the CLCPA, think we're
14	doing something, but then when you look at
15	the numbers it seems like all of our
16	non-carbon energy production is still from
17	nuclear and hydroelectric dams built decades
18	ago.
19	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
20	Sure. I'll start, and then I'm sure Chair
21	Rhodes would want to jump in.
22	But I want to convey the fact that we
23	are very confident in our ability to reach

the 70 percent renewable energy goal codified

1	within the CLCPA. Where we sit today,
2	between our hydroelectric baseline, as I call
3	it, and our new wind and solar assets, we are
4	at about 27 percent renewable, according to
5	our most recent reporting. And when we add
6	the projects that are now awarded and
7	contracted by the state, as announced by
8	Governor Cuomo through his State of the State
9	address, when those enter operation we will
10	be exceeding 50 percent renewable energy
11	serving our load at that point.
12	And so that's tremendous progress. I
13	will agree that there is work to do to get
14	from 50 to 70. Actions we are taking to do
15	so include the Tier 4 RFP that we have on the
16	street right now, which is a real game

from 50 to 70. Actions we are taking to do
so include the Tier 4 RFP that we have on the
street right now, which is a real game
changer to decarbonize our New York City grid
and broadly achieve our Clean Energy Standard
goals. But in addition, we will continue our
march in bringing forth additional offshore
and land-based renewables to get to that
70 percent goal.

And as I had referenced briefly before, these projects are not just

23

1	contracts. They are steel in the ground.
2	This year alone, we have 20 different
3	large-scale renewable energy projects
4	entering construction. You know, these are
5	the projects that will not only bring jobs
6	but megawatt hours generating toward this
7	goal.
8	So certainly work to do, but
9	incredible progress and tangible progress as
10	well.
11	Chair Rhodes?
12	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Yes. So on
13	Danskammer, I believe, I think so
14	there's the regulatory answer is there's a
15	decision that's coming before us, so I can't
16	really comment. The factual answer is there
17	has been no decision on this plant yet.
18	So it's before us in an early stage.
19	And that's all that's probably all I can
20	say. But it has it's not gotten a yes,
21	and it hasn't gotten a no. But it's it's
22	in early stages.
23	ASSEMBLYMAN CARROLL: Fair enough.
24	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you. We

1	now go to I believe our final couple of
2	colleagues have taken their name off the list
3	and will be reaching out separately. But we
4	go to our final Assembly speaker,
5	Assemblyman Burke.
6	Sorry about the Bills.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN BURKE: Not cool. Not
8	cool bringing up the Bills.
9	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yeah, I don't
10	see a background anymore.
11	ASSEMBLYMAN BURKE: Yeah. No, no, I
12	had to take it down.
13	So thank you all for your hard work
14	today, so I'll be quick and respectful of
15	that.
16	You know, sort of piggybacking on what
17	Senator Hinchey had said, you know, we're
18	doing all of these large, ambitious renewable
19	energy projects, which I'm happy about. But
20	how it benefits our communities where we are,
21	where the energy is being produced, is
22	obviously to someone in Western New York and
23	the Niagara Power Plant. So I have a couple
24	of questions about that.

1	One, how is that plant being is the
2	plant being utilized fully to produce, you
3	know, clean energy? How much are we using it
4	properly and fully?
5	And two, you know, just I know we
6	have a relationship with Ottawa Hydro, but
7	when I look at Ottawa's, you know,
8	residential per-kilowatt costs, it's about
9	6.6 cents for the people in Ottawa to benefit
10	from clean hydropower. When I look at
11	Buffalo and the Western New York regions,
12	it's about 11.5 cents.
13	So, you know, I would certainly like
14	to see our my local region benefit from
15	that. And if not, you know, there are plenty
16	of other important the Biden
17	administration certainly made it very clear
17 18	administration certainly made it very clear that they want to find new ways to, you know,
18	that they want to find new ways to, you know,
18 19	that they want to find new ways to, you know, use electricity for transportation, for
18 19 20	that they want to find new ways to, you know, use electricity for transportation, for residential buildings. And we have this big
18 19 20 21	that they want to find new ways to, you know, use electricity for transportation, for residential buildings. And we have this big old power plant there, and we're not seeing

1	real benefits. And I feel like many times
2	we're not seeing it from the Niagara Power
3	Plant from my region. So I guess it's more
4	of a statement, but if you have any if
5	you're going to opine at all, I'd appreciate
6	it.
7	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Well, only to
8	suggest that we get together and we include
9	NYPA. I mean, I think NYSERDA and us and
10	then NYPA talk. I think there's probably
11	more avenues for local benefit than you're
12	aware of. And that's going to take us
13	through those, and then if there's if we
14	can come up with further ideas, I think that
15	would be good. Because certainly your
16	community isn't the only one that's asking
17	those kinds of questions. So let's get
18	together.
19	ASSEMBLYMAN BURKE: Sure.
20	And then on the follow-up on
21	broadband, you know, we talked about this
22	98 percent. But I would certainly hate to

see any state dollars or any public money

being utilized to continually invest in

Τ	coaxial caple bulldout. You know, for me i
2	feel like it's this antiquated technology.
3	So when we were connecting with Time Warner
4	and including all of that network, you know,
5	it's really this very dated technology. And
6	I would hope we would be focusing on fiber
7	buildout if we're going to you know, when
8	what we're really looking at are maps of what
9	the true future of that industry is.
10	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: We can look at
11	that. I think the BPO grantees, you know,
12	need to have the freedom to fulfill their
13	grants in the best way that makes sense.
14	But as a practical matter, it's not
15	really a technology for the future. But we
16	can look into how prevalent that is, with
17	ESD.
18	ASSEMBLYMAN BURKE: Okay, thank you.
19	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Thank you.
20	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you. So
21	we are that's the last Assemblymember for
22	this panel, so
23	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: All right.
24	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: Chairs?

1	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Yes.
2	PSC CHAIRMAN RHODES: May I ask for
3	just 10 seconds, which is many of you have
4	said nice things about me. I just want to
5	return the sentiment.
6	Some of you I've only met this time,
7	but many of you I have worked with over the
8	years. And New York has some awfully fine
9	public servants. So thank you very much.
10	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you very
11	much. And good luck with whatever comes up
12	for you next. Thank you. But both of you
13	are now released for this evening.
14	Apparently, John, you have many things
15	to do before you retire on February 1st, so
16	go back to your office. Or stay in your
17	office.
18	(Inaudible overtalk.)
19	NYSERDA ACTING PRESIDENT HARRIS:
20	Thank you for the opportunity.
21	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: For those people
22	who have not stretched today, I really
23	encourage you to at least stand up, do some
24	kind of exercise off-camera near wherever you

1	are.
2	And for those of you who have been
3	waiting patiently for us to get past the
4	government representatives, we are now
5	starting the portion of the hearing which are
6	not the invited testifiers but those of you
7	who asked to come testify.
8	Rules of the road, you get three
9	minutes to testify. People who ask questions
10	only get three minutes, and we don't let
11	anybody extend that. I will call by panel,
12	even though no one's really getting up and
13	moving to the front of the hearing room. But
14	so I'll read off the names of the people who
15	will testify each in a row, and then after
16	that group completes their testimonies, then
17	we'll open it up to members for questions.
18	So it's not one by one, but rather, for
19	example, I think there are five groups
20	four groups on the first panel. It's
21	possible

22 CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Senator 23 Krueger?

24 CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Yes.

1	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: If I could just
2	add I just want to clarify because there's
3	a lot of new members who are here.
4	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Yes.
5	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: It is the
6	member has three minutes to ask of the panel,
7	not each individual member of the panel.
8	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Correct.
9	Correct. Thank you. Thank you very much.
10	And that's why we set it up in panels. So
11	we're going to have again, some of you may
12	not be here, and you just won't be there and
13	that's okay.
14	New York League of Conservation
15	Voters, Patrick McClellan. Preservation
16	League of New York State, Erin Tobin. NY
17	Renews, Stephan Edel. Open Space Institute,
18	Kathy Moser. So in that order, if the League
19	of Conservation Voters is here and can say
20	"Yes, I'm here and ready."
21	MR. McCLELLAN: Yes, I'm here and
22	ready.
23	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Excellent, thank
24	you. Feel free to start.

1	MR. MCCLELLAN: Thank you, Senator
2	Krueger, Assemblyman Weinstein and members of
3	the committees.
4	NYLCV strongly supports a \$300 million
5	Environmental Protection Fund, \$500 million
6	in new funding for clean water
7	infrastructure, and timely implementation of
8	the Climate Leadership and Community
9	Protection Act. So we're very pleased that
10	the Executive Budget contains those funding
11	asks as well as new staff for the Office of
12	Renewable Energy Siting and at DEC to support
13	CLCPA implementation. We're also pleased to
L 4	support the NY Parks 100 ask for \$440 million
15	over four years.
16	Last year NYLCV strongly supported and
17	worked with many of you in support of the
18	\$3 billion Restore Mother Nature Bond Act.
19	We were disappointed that it was pulled from
20	the ballot, and we hope to work with the
21	Legislature this year to restore it to the
22	ballot for voter approval.
23	And as you look to identify new funds
24	to implement the CLCPA and invest in

1	environmental justice communities, we urge
2	you to look at tax expenditures that benefit
3	fossil fuels, which could be repurposed to
4	support our climate goals. I know that
5	Senator Krueger carries legislation to that
6	effect, and last year NYLCV coauthored a
7	report with the Citizens Budget Commission
8	that made further recommendations along those
9	lines, and I believe that the man who is the
10	prime author of that report now works for the
11	Senate Finance Committee, which is wonderful.
12	On clean transportation we also
13	support a Clean Fuel Standard and would like
14	to see it included in the budget.
15	Assemblymember Woerner in the Assembly and
16	Senator Parker in the Senate carry that as
17	stand-alone legislation. A clean fuel
18	standard requires producers of
19	high-carbon-intensity fuels like diesel and
20	gasoline to purchase credits from
21	low-carbon-intensity fuels like electricity
22	and biofuels.
23	As a starting point, we think a Clean
24	Fuel Standard could reduce on-road

1	transportation emissions by 20 to 30 percent
2	within a decade. And in California's
3	experience they were the pioneers of this
4	policy tool their clean fuel standard
5	resulted in over a billion dollars per year
6	of economic activity. We would expect
7	something similar in New York.
8	We also support legislation carried by
9	Senator Kaminsky to lift the artificial cap
10	on direct sales from zero-emission vehicle
11	manufacturers. Right now there are multiple
12	ZEV manufacturers who are trying to enter the
13	New York market and cannot.
14	And finally on transportation,
15	advancing environmental justice requires
16	direct investment in things like electric
17	transit buses, electric school buses, e-bikes
18	and ZEV rebates for used cars. So we're
19	pleased that the Executive Budget includes
20	funding for 100 electric transit buses; we
21	think it could go further.
22	And finally on sustainable waste
23	management, we also support legislation for

extended producer responsibility for

1	packaging waste. That's legislation carried
2	by Senator Kaminsky and Assemblyman
3	Englebright. This is something that can both
4	boost the total recycling rate for New York
5	State for packaging, reduce the amount of
6	packaging waste in the first place, and
7	relieve a significant financial burden on
8	local governments.
9	Thank you very much.
10	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
11	And before we jump to the next one, so
12	you were the perfect example. Everybody's
13	full testimony is online, can be seen by
14	every Senator and Assemblymember. You only
15	have three minutes. So you did it perfectly;
16	you bulleted your key issues. Anyone who
17	starts and starts to read their testimony, I
18	can guarantee you you're not going to meet
19	the three minutes.
20	So follow the model of the first
21	testifier; highlight what you really want us
22	to get from you at this moment. Thank you.
23	Next testifier, Preservation League of
24	New York.

1	MS. TOBIN: Hi. Thank you so much,
2	Chairwoman Krueger, Chairwoman Weinstein, and
3	distinguished members of the Senate and
4	Assembly. I really appreciate the
5	opportunity to speak today on behalf of the
6	Preservation League of New York State, as our
7	statewide historic preservation nonprofit.
8	Our big ask and issue this year
9	relates to the New York State Historic Tax
10	Credit. We believe that in a period of
11	economic recovery, an increase to our State
12	Historic Tax Credit of 20 to 30 percent of
13	qualified rehabilitation cost for projects
14	under \$2.5 million will create community
15	revitalization, sustainable economic growth,
16	and the protection of our historic buildings
17	and landscapes, with an annual fiscal impact
18	of about \$2.7 million to the state. And that
19	wouldn't even be felt until the following
20	fiscal year, 2023, at the earliest. So
21	there's an outyear fiscal impact on that.
22	It creates jobs and it brings in
23	local, state and federal tax revenue, as well
24	as being a key driver in providing affordable

1	nousing throughout New York State.
2	Assemblywoman Woerner and Senator Kennedy are
3	carrying a bill on this. We're awaiting the
4	bill numbers. But we're hoping to see the
5	language in those bills reflected in the
6	one-house. So thank you for your
7	consideration on that.
8	We're also supportive of the
9	Governor's proposed investments at Parks and
10	DEC, with a focus on New York State Historic
11	Sites as well as historic buildings and
12	structures located within our parks.
13	We support the renewal of the
14	Environmental Protection Fund at
15	\$300 million, noting the significance of the
16	Historic Preservation Grants allocated within
17	the park's budget there. And we also hope
18	that the funds that are authorized in the
19	fiscal year 2021 budget for that program are
20	released, in addition to the grants that we
21	hope will be authorized in fiscal year 2022.
22	In terms of renewable energy, we
23	strongly believe in the importance of
24	renewable energy to ensure a sustainable

1	future, and we believe that renewable energy
2	and sensitivity to our state's culturally
3	significant places can work together as
4	complementary goals. And we trust that the
5	state will continue to follow our state and
6	federal Historic Preservation Acts.

I want to call your attention to the Governor's proposed Empire Station District in New York City, which we applaud the expansion of rail, but that project is going to be one of the largest demolition and urban renewal projects in recent history. And so I urge the Legislature to consider the extraordinary environmental impacts of that level of demolition and new construction, and while balancing the goal of expanded rail access that we all know is so important.

Finally, the Governor's proposed economic investment of \$40 million in NYPA's Reimagine the Canals project. While we applaud the investment in our canal system, we believe that the best future for it is capitalizing on its authenticity. And we hope that he maintains the Erie Canal as the

Τ	Erie Canai, not the Empire Line, because we
2	don't want to rename the Brooklyn Bridge or
3	Niagara Falls or the Erie Canal.
4	Thank you for your time and attention
5	today, and for inviting me to testify.
6	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
7	And we know the great song "Erie
8	Canal," so we don't want to lose the song
9	either.
10	I'm sorry, NY Renews.
11	MR. EDEL: Thank you for the
12	opportunity to testify today. I'm presenting
13	testimony on behalf of NY Renews, a
14	multi-sector coalition of over 250
15	organizations representing all regions of the
16	state and sectors.
17	While it's clear and it's been
18	discussed a lot today that the CLCPA has
19	already had a huge impact on state
20	operations, there is a lot of work yet to be
21	done. We've seen, as New Yorkers are dying
22	and losing their jobs from the COVID-19
23	pandemic and the ensuing economic crisis,
24	that pollution and the climate crisis are

1	deeply linked to the current health crisis.
2	And so these issues go far beyond traditional
3	issues of energy.
4	Both of these crises are also deeply
5	uneven, hitting low-income and people of
6	color hardest.
7	We recommend three ways for the
8	Legislature to continue its leadership on
9	climate and climate justice leading forward
10	from the CLCPA. First, we need to ensure a
11	just recovery. We can't wait for the federal
12	government when the New York State agencies
13	and authorities were handed a tremendous task
14	to make the CLCPA real and are now facing
15	budget cuts that undermine those efforts in
16	many agencies. New York State needs
17	additional revenue to maintain vital services
18	and make your vision behind the CLCPA real.
19	Leadership here requires both that the
20	state act on climate and environmental
21	justice, and that those efforts are front and
22	center for every arm of state government.
23	Second, you led the charge for the

CLCPA. Please continue to lead on climate

1	justice by including the Climate and
2	Community Investment Act in both one-house
3	budgets and the New York State budget and
4	making it law. We need new dedicated
5	revenue. And I just want to make very
6	clear there's been a lot of discussion
7	today on how much New York State is already
8	doing. But the reality is, as has been
9	highlighted, there's a lot more to do and we
10	need dedicated revenue to do it.
11	Third, we need to live up to the
12	mandate and ensure spending. And there's
13	been some discussion of this today, that
14	40 percent of funding is legally mandated in
15	New York to go to disadvantaged communities
16	for clean energy projects. And we need a
17	budget that reflects that in law whenever the
18	appropriate elements are there.
19	This is what New York leading on
20	climate looks like. This is what we can do
21	together as a Legislature, and we can move
22	forward from here.
23	Thank you very much for your time

24 today. I look forward to working with you.

1	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
2	And our last on this panel, from the
3	Open Space Institute.
4	MS. MOSER: Hi, I'm Kathy Moser. I'm
5	the chief conservation officer for the
6	Open Space Institute.
7	For those of you that don't know us,
8	we are based and founded here in New York.
9	We go up to Canada and down to Florida, and
10	we've protected 2.3 million acres of land.
11	And for the most part, we are happy
12	with the Governor's Executive Budget, but
13	with a few caveats.
14	So first of all, with a \$300 million
15	EPF, that is fantastic. But I would ask the
16	two budget committees to make sure that the
17	funds are allocated to implement the projects
18	in that EPF. It's great to have it in the
19	budget, but unless we have an allocation of
20	funds, those programs can't keep moving.
21	We are thrilled that the Governor is
22	allocating \$440 million for the 100th
23	anniversary of State Parks and the
24	\$75 million for DEC's Adventure NY program.

1	And I'd like to point out that one of the	
2	things OSI does is public-private	
3	partnerships. And so we count on those	
4	monies, and we then raise tens of millions	эf
5	dollars for things like the Lake Minnewaska	
6	Visitors Center. We built some of the Empi	re
7	State Trail. We did mountain bike trails in	n
8	the Catskills. And so those public dollars	
9	are leveraging a lot of private dollars as	
10	well.	

One of the initiatives that you'll be hearing more about and we hope affects the budget in the future is we're working with the New York Outdoor Recreation Coalition to reach out to the diversity of users for the state parks and open spaces, and find out how we can diversify, how we can get more people of color, more members of the LGBTQ community to parks and open spaces. And we hope that will affect financing in the future.

We would love to see the Legislature move forward with a \$3 billion environmental bond act. And that really ties to the change in administration in Washington. While

Τ	everybody was testifying today, President
2	Biden passed an executive order on "30 by
3	30," so to protect 30 percent of the
4	country's land by 2030.
5	Senator Kaminsky and Assemblywoman
6	Fahy have proposed similar legislation here
7	in New York. And because New York is ready
8	with things like the EPF and hopefully a bond
9	act, we will be able to leverage the increase
10	in federal funding for initiatives like "30
11	by 30." So thanks for your time tonight.
12	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
13	And I believe we have several
14	Assemblymembers with questions, so I'm going
15	to hand it over to Helene Weinstein.
16	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We actually
17	have four Assemblymembers.
18	Just a reminder, the three minutes on
19	the clock is both for your question to the
20	panel and the answer from whichever panel
21	member is to answer.
22	We go first to Jen Lunsford.
23	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUNSFORD: Thank you.
24	Can everyone hear me?

1	This question is I think primarily for
2	Patrick. I'm interested in discussing EPF.
3	When we implemented EPF for paint last year,
4	we partnered with PaintCare, a product
5	stewardship organization, to help implement
6	the paint recycling effort. And I'm
7	wondering, as we move forward into potential
8	packaging, carpet and mattress recycling, are
9	there any corporate partners for stewardship
10	in those areas that we've identified, and do
11	we know if we have any post-consumer content
12	targets approved already or proposed?
13	MR. McCLELLAN: Thank you for the
14	question. I'm not aware of any post-recycled
15	content requirements that are already in
16	effect in New York. Nor am I aware of any
17	industry efforts on this.
18	But I do know that the legislation
19	that Senator Kaminsky and Assemblyman
20	Englebright carry would allow for industry to
21	form associations for purposes of compliance
22	with the law. And so I would expect to see,
23	if the bill becomes a law, that you might see
24	the formation of those types of industry

1	nonprofics.
2	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUNSFORD: All right.
3	Excellent. Thank you all for hanging in
4	there with us.
5	I'm going to cede the rest of my time
6	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
7	So we go now to Assemblywoman Woerner
8	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you,
9	Madam Chairwoman.
10	Two questions, one for Mr. McClellan
11	and one for Ms. Tobin.
12	Starting with you, Erin, as we're
13	looking in the state at record unemployment,
L 4	can you highlight some of the job creation
15	aspects of this Historic Preservation Tax
16	Credit?
17	MS. TOBIN: Thank you, Assemblywoman
18	Woerner.
19	Yes. In the federal fiscal year 2019
20	in New York State alone the Historic Tax
21	Credit created over 8600 jobs. And that's -
22	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Go ahead.
23	MS. TOBIN: I was just going to say
24	that's with over \$520 million

1	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: And then my
2	question thank you, Erin. Sorry to cut
3	you off.
4	So Mr. McClellan, the low carbon fuel
5	standard, I know Oregon and California have
6	both implemented this already. Can you speak
7	to the results that they have experienced in
8	terms of reducing greenhouse gases and
9	improving the transportation sector?
10	MR. McCLELLAN: I don't have the
11	numbers directly in front of me, but I would
12	be happy to send you the charts and graphs
13	which I do have following the hearing.
14	Generally speaking, I can say that the
15	benefits are especially pronounced for fleet
16	operators, including municipal and government
17	fleets, that there becomes a real economic
18	incentive for them that does not currently
19	exist to switch to, you know, electric
20	light-duty vehicles and for heavier-duty
21	vehicles like garbage trucks, plow trucks,
22	things like that, to use things like
23	renewable natural gas and biodiesel and other
24	fuels like that that are significantly

1	cleaner than fossil fuels.
2	I will get you the specific statistics
3	from those states, though.
4	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you.
5	And being a budget hearing, does the
6	low carbon fuel standard cost us anything or
7	is this an industry-based incentive that is
8	fiscally neutral to the state?
9	MR. McCLELLAN: It is fiscally neutral
10	to the state. It's 100 percent of the
11	program costs are borne by private industry.
12	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you so
13	much.
14	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
15	We now go to Assemblyman Anderson.
16	(Pause.)
17	ASSEMBLYMAN ANDERSON: Am I I'm
18	being unmuted?
19	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Hold on. We
20	can hear you. We can hear you. Go ahead,
21	Khaleel.
22	ASSEMBLYMAN ANDERSON: No, Chairwoman,
23	my question was for the last panel.
24	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Oh, I'm sorry.

1	ASSEMBLYMAN ANDERSON: That's fine.
2	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay. And
3	we'll help facilitate the I'll make sure
4	we get some communication between the two of
5	you. Thank you.
6	Assemblywoman Fahy, then.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN ANDERSON: Thank you.
8	ASSEMBLYWOMAN FAHY: Hello. I think
9	I've got this. Okay, lots of clicking.
10	Hello. Thank you to the chair, and
11	thank you to each of the panelists.
12	Thank you particularly, OSI, Kathy
13	Moser, for mentioning our "30 by 30." Yes,
14	we were thrilled the President just said he'd
15	like to do "30 by 30" over the next 10 years.
16	But we're thrilled that the President has
17	announced it.
18	A quick question, and then I have one
19	other. How would it help if we were able to
20	launch some of this in New York? How would
21	it also help? I'm thrilled that
22	Senator Kaminsky joined me on this
23	legislation over a month ago. What can
24	New York do to get ahead of this, and why is

1	it good for our economy as well? If you
2	could just briefly address this, I appreciate
3	you noting it.
4	And then I have a quick one for
5	Mr. McClellan.
6	MS. MOSER: Sure. So the OSI hosts
7	what's called the Outdoor America Coalition,
8	and that's all of the environmental groups
9	that are pushing for land and water
10	conservation funding to be increased. And so
11	I think if New York is ready with our plan on
12	30 by 30, we'll be able to access a lot more
13	of that federal funding.
14	As you probably know,
15	Assemblywoman Fahy, a lot of land and water
16	conservation funds go out West. There's a
17	lot bigger properties out there. But if
18	we're shooting to protect 30 percent of our
19	state, the same goal that the federal
20	government does, I think that we'll have a
21	much better chance of capturing some of those
22	funds.
23	ASSEMBLYWOMAN FAHY: Thank you. And I

really appreciate your shout-out on that.

1	Really thrilled that our new President Biden
2	has announced this now by executive order. I
3	have legislation with Senator Kaminsky, but
4	the executive order is great.
5	I appreciate that my colleague
6	Carrie Woerner already asked about the
7	historic tax credits and the economic
8	development of those.
9	But if I can go to Patrick just
10	briefly, electric vehicles as you know, I
11	carry a number of bills. What else can we be
12	doing? My understanding is we're not even in
13	the top 10 of electric vehicle sales.
14	Transportation emissions are such a critical
15	part of the problem of our climate change
16	issues. What more can we be doing on
17	electric vehicles to really get our state
18	fleet converted as well as more consumers
19	buying electric?
20	MR. McCLELLAN: Thank you,
21	Assemblymember.
22	So I think first of all we have to
23	expand the charging network, which NYSERDA
24	has done great work on. There are certainly

1	bills out there, including I believe that
2	you have sponsored some over the years to
3	ramp up installation of electric vehicle
4	charging stations and things like new
5	developments or lots and garages that are
6	owned by the government. Programs like the
7	Clean Fuel Standard would create a financial
8	incentive to spread those.
9	And then finally we have to find a way
10	to incentivize electric vehicle purchases for
11	lower-income New Yorkers. Right now most of
12	the benefits on the market to incentivize EV
13	purchases go towards higher-income folks who
14	don't really need those subsidies. So
15	figuring out how to make subsidies work so
16	that they're targeting people who actually
17	need that financial assistance, rather than
18	people who would be purchasing an electric
19	vehicle anyways.
20	ASSEMBLYWOMAN FAHY: Thank you. I'll
21	look forward to following up.
22	Thank you, Madam Chair.
23	MR. McCLELLAN: Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.

1	Back to the Senate for our next panel.
2	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: All right, thank
3	you. Thank you all.
4	The President also did an executive
5	order saying we're not going to subsidize oil
6	companies anymore. So we're really happy
7	with President Biden.
8	All right, our next group of
9	panelists, starting with Protect the
10	Adirondacks, Peter Bauer; Parks & Trails
11	New York, Will Coté; Adirondack Mountain
12	Club, Michael Barrett; Adirondack Council,
13	Kevin Chlad; and Catskill Mountainkeeper,
14	Katherine Nadeau.
15	Gee, guess what the topic is on this
16	panel.
17	All right, is Peter here?
18	MR. BAUER: I'm here. Can you see me,
19	Chair?
20	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I can see your
21	box and but not your face. But even if
22	you can't get your video to work oh, let's
23	see, where did you go now.
2.4	MD DAHED. Horo I am

1	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: There you are.
2	Now we can see you too. Thank you.
3	MR. BAUER: Thank you. Thank you very
4	much, Madam Chair. I'm coming to you from
5	Hamilton County in the middle of the
6	Adirondacks. We're the last stop at the end
7	of the road. We have beautiful forests,
8	lakes and mountains, but our broadband is
9	pretty poor. So I hope that I don't drop out
10	on you guys.
11	Thank you, Senator Krueger and
12	Assemblymember Weinstein, for chairing this
13	committee. Thank you to our EnCon chairs
14	Kaminsky and Englebright.
15	As we all know, this has been a
16	heartbreaking year for so much because of
17	COVID. And I thank you for all you've done
18	to keep our government open.
19	In the Adirondacks, the Forest
20	Preserve was our saving grace. The Forest
21	Preserve, the people's land, 3 million acres
22	in the Adirondacks and Catskills, during this
23	past year, during the COVID pandemic, proved
24	itself to be utterly indispensable. The

1	Forest Preserve, you know, was the saving
2	grace and a safe place for outdoor
3	recreational experiences, for socially
4	distanced recreations just a place to get
5	back and think that everything is okay and
6	things are not completely going nuts.

In the budget this year, we support
the Environmental Protection Fund at the
Governor's funding, given the challenges that
we have from COVID. It's mystifying, though,
that year after year in the Governor's budget
there's been a refusal to adequately invest
in the public Forest Preserve, to adequately
invest in the people's land.

This year the EPF has -- in the Stand
Land Stewardship Account, there's \$800,000
for overuse. The Adirondacks and Catskills,
the Forest Preserve, needs much more. We
need funding to build comprehensive
professional management programs in the
Adirondacks and Catskills. We need better
public education, both at the trailheads and
online. We need to build a world-class
National Park-style visitor interpretive

1	center in Keene Valley to help manage overuse
2	in the High Peaks. We need to build
3	sustainable trails, better trailheads, better
1	parking areas.
5	We need to do scientific research so

We need to do scientific research so our public use decisions are based on science, they're not based on anecdote, they're not based on personal whim, they're driven and based on science.

We need to put together comprehensive management programs for the High Peaks, and we need the State Land Stewardship Account in the EPF to help do that. So we're hoping that we can boost the amount that's going for overuse in the Adirondacks and Catskills.

We also support the EPF funding for the Adirondack Diversity Initiative under the environmental justice line. We support funding for the Paul Smith's and Newcomb VICs in the EPF as well. We support the Bond Act.

A plug for some important legislation coming up this year. We support the conservation design legislation carried by Kaminsky and carried by Englebright, very

1	important.
2	We also need to strengthen our aquatic
3	invasive species transport law this year.
4	Happy to take any questions, but thank
5	you very much for the opportunity.
6	MR. COTÉ: Looks like I'm unmuted.
7	Thank you, everyone.
8	Distinguished members of the Senate
9	and Assembly, thank you for the opportunity
10	to present testimony today on behalf of Parks
11	& Trails New York. My name is Will Coté.
12	I'm the parks program director.
13	Since 1985, PTNY has been fighting to
14	improve our health, economy and quality of
15	life through the use and enjoyment of green
16	space. We champion the protection and
17	enhancement of New York's state park system
18	and multi-use trail network, ensuring all
19	New Yorkers have access to the outdoors.
20	Our public lands have seen record
21	levels of visitation as New Yorkers seek
22	solace and refuge in nature during the
23	pandemic, highlighting the role of parks as
24	vital public health infrastructure. As

1	investments in our environment, parks and
2	trails have continued to prove themselves as
3	crucial drivers of the state's economic
4	resiliency plan.

This is why we applaud the Governor's proposed Executive Budget. It not only continues to address the renewal of our iconic State Park system, but also ensures that we continue the protection and stewardship of our precious open spaces, mitigate against the impacts of climate change, and help ensure our parks and historic sites are welcoming and accessible for everyone.

We encourage the Legislature to support the following proposals. First, approve the \$110 million in capital funding for state parks, historic sites and the Empire State Trail through the NY Parks 100 initiative. This initiative is directly responding to issues identified during COVID's record use of public lands; namely, creating places where residents can recreate locally, relieve overcrowded parks, welcome

1	new	visitors,	and	protect	New	York	State's
2	envi	ronmental	and	historio	c led	gacy.	

After completion of the monumental

Empire State Trail, Parks 100 allocates money
to the renovation of trail sections that were
built 30 or more years ago, ensuring that the
trail can accommodate the more than
8.5 million projected annual users. In fact,
we're already seeing evidence that trail use
has increased by as much as 114 percent.

\$5 billion in economic activity and creates over 45,000 private-sector jobs in the state. Advancing this effort thus is an economic investment towards our recovery. And the new proposal will build upon previous investments made to the NY Parks 2020 initiative, which resulted in more than 900 improvement projects at over 200 locations.

We also ask that you maintain the EPF at 300 million. This will help ensure that we have an environmentally just economic recovery. EPF programs touch communities in every corner of our state. The EPF also

Τ	includes \$1 million for the Park & Trail
2	Partnership Grant, which is a
3	capacity-building grant program for
4	volunteer-driven, nonprofit grassroots
5	friends groups of public lands. Since 2015,
6	111 grants have been awarded and leveraged
7	more than \$1.5 million in private investment,
8	which is benefiting park communities.
9	And the Connect Kids program, also in
10	the EPF, has provided transportation to parks
11	and environmental education centers for more
12	than 300,000 students. This, coupled with
13	other initiatives from State Parks, is
14	helping to ensure that our public lands and
15	historic sites are welcoming and accessible
16	for all New Yorkers. And at a time when
17	social and racial justice is being
18	reexamined, fostering opportunities for
19	education within traditionally
20	underrepresented communities is essential.
21	We also, finally, ask that you support
22	the \$75 million in outdoor recreation and
23	environmental protection funding at DEC to
24	help upgrade campgrounds, recreational

1	racilities and improve access.
2	Thank you very much for your time.
3	Parks & Trails New York looks forward to
4	working with the Senate, Assembly and the
5	Governor to keep momentum for our public
6	lands moving forward.
7	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
8	And Michael Barrett next.
9	MR. BARRETT: Yes, hi. My name is
10	Michael Barrett. Good afternoon good
11	evening now, I guess I should say
12	Chairwoman Krueger, Chairwoman Weinstein, and
13	honored legislators.
14	Again, my name is Michael Barrett.
15	I'm the executive director of the Adirondack
16	Mountain Club, and I'm very pleased to
17	represent our 30,000 members spread out
18	across the State of New York and testify
19	today on the Governor's Executive Budget
20	proposal, which is a bold and responsible
21	effort, particularly in this most challenging
22	budget year.
23	In particular, ADK greatly supports

the 300 million proposed for the

Environmental Protection Fund, 440 million
for state park capital projects, 500 million
for critical water infrastructure projects,
and 75 million for DEC capital projects.

While these investments are absolutely critical to New York's economic recovery, what's missing is a robust, targeted funding effort for stewardship and sustainability in the Forest Preserve. As everyone well knows by now, the state has recognized that 10 to 12 million people a year are coming to the Adirondacks and to the Catskills, and these numbers have only increased as people look to maintain their mental and physical health during this pandemic and find solace in a time of stress.

But because of lack of targeted

funding in the Forest Preserve over the

course of the last many years to include

front- and back-country infrastructure,

parking, restrooms, signage, we're seeing far

more impacts on our most cherished natural

resource, with highly concentrated use that

leads to accelerated erosion and trail

1 degradation.
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2	An example of this is the Governor's
3	proposed line in the EPF which includes only
4	\$800,000 for high use in Essex County.
5	That's even down from by 400,000 from last
6	year.
7	To address this historically
8	underfunded stewardship of our Forest
9	Preserve, we're asking the Legislature to
10	work with the Governor for 10 million in land
11	stewardship for both the Adirondacks and the
12	Catskill Park, to include funding for
13	building and maintaining sustainable trails.
14	The fact that 12 million people are coming to
15	this area every year should be celebrated,
16	particularly since we've long searched for
17	economic development efforts in the
18	North Country as well as when we consider the
19	state's high costs for its in healthcare.
20	But we have to protect the resource
21	that we're using by building sustainable
22	trails, infrastructure to spread people out,
23	and education to help recreationers safely

and responsibly enjoy the back country. We

1	have to do this with an investment that is
2	worthy of the State of New York and that is
3	worthy of the largest protected area in the
4	contiguous United States.

We also must remember that funding to protect our resources and become environmentally resilient requires staff support from the state agency whose mission it is to steward these lands. About two decades ago the DEC Lands & Forest Division had about 50 more employees than it does now. Since that time, their responsibilities have grown to include having to combat invasive species and added a million more acres to its jurisdiction.

To be sure, we need more foresters, trail crews, natural resource stewards, contract staff and Forest Rangers to take care of these lands.

And lastly, I want to say that ADK greatly supports the reauthorization of the \$3 billion Bond Act to tackle climate change, prevent flooding, and to create jobs.

24 Thank you very much.

1	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
2	Kevin Chlad.
3	MR. CHLAD: Thanks for your time.
4	I come bearing a common refrain.
5	We've heard a lot today about the success and
6	challenges of record visitation to the
7	Adirondacks and Catskills. Nearly 500
8	search-and-rescue operations were conducted
9	last year. Most of those were in the
10	Adirondack and Catskill Parks. And many of
11	them were likely preventable. Many of our
12	High Peaks trails are severely eroded. Human
13	waste and garbage are too commonly found
L 4	along our most popular trails. The waters of
15	the High Peaks have tested positive for
16	E. Coli bacteria.
17	These are all symptoms of a larger
18	problem: We lack a Visitor Use Management
19	Framework, common to the most popular state
20	and national parks. Three million acres of
21	Forest Preserve constitute the majority of
22	state land ownership, yet there is no
23	dedicated funding for the stewardship of

these lands. The Parks 2020 program and new

1	capital commitments are laudable and needed,
2	but those funds do not reach our two largest
3	parks.

So we stand with our colleagues in calling for \$10 million for the Adirondack and Catskill Forest Preserve Stewardship Fund within the EPF. As my colleagues have noted, this would go towards education, trail repair, front country and back country infrastructure, and private partnerships for trail head and summit stewards.

The Forest Preserve belongs to all

New Yorkers but suffers from a dichotomy.

Its lands are suffering from the symptoms of overuse, yet many of our most vulnerable citizens lack the means to access this treasure that equally belongs to them. Even if the Adirondacks were equally accessible to all, we continue to hear of troubling experiences where people feel unwelcome and unsafe.

We support the work of the Adirondack Diversity Initiative funded through the EPF. We also want to foster a dialogue around how

1	to provide the means for disadvantaged
2	communities to reach the Adirondacks and have
3	positive, formative experiences on the Forest
4	Preserve.

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Quickly shifting gears, in the 1980s a baseline water quality survey of roughly 1500 water bodies was conducted to monitor the Adirondack Park's recovery from acid rain. This data has been instrumental to the Office of the Attorney General as they have fought to protect New Yorkers from asthma and other public health issues tied to upwind pollution from coal-fired power plants.

The funding for this survey is set to run out, but we are calling for a new survey of climate change in Adirondack lakes ecosystems, a new baseline survey to support efforts to protect the respiratory health of New Yorkers from {inaudible} and to protect water quality. We are requesting \$2 million a year for the next three consecutive years for this effort.

Thanks so much for your time and for your continued dedication to preserving clean

1	water and wilderness for all New Yorkers.
2	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
3	And Katherine Nadeau, from the
4	Catskill Mountainkeeper.
5	MS. NADEAU: Hello. Thank you so much
6	for your stamina, I really appreciate it. My
7	name is Katherine Nadeau, and I'm the deputy
8	director for Catskill Mountainkeeper.
9	I just wanted to start by kind of
10	grounding us in the Catskills, right? It's
11	an amazing place: 705,000 acres, 287,000 of
12	which are Forever Wild. It's also run pretty
13	differently from our other parks. Some of
14	this land is state-owned; some of it is
15	city-managed; and some of it's private. We
16	have front country, we've got back country
17	and deep woods, and the Catskills are a
18	vibrant ecosystem. They protect the
19	watershed of much of the watershed for New
20	York City, and they provide recreation
21	opportunities year-round. They are New York
22	City's backyard in addition to being home for
23	folks who love to be {inaudible} and out in

the woods.

1	And this year the Catskills also serve
2	as an important public health and mental
3	health recourse. As one of my colleagues
4	said, it gave people a way to interact safely
5	and to be outdoors where you can take a
6	breath of fresh air.
7	I'm here today, though, because the
8	Catskills need help. The Forest Preserves
9	need help. We've been discovered, the
10	secret's out, and it's great. We've got more
11	than 12 million visitors per year that's
12	two times the number of visitors the Grand
13	Canyon gets. Travel & Leisure named it one
14	of the top 50 Places to Visit in 2021.
15	Lonely Planet said it was the number-two
16	destination in the world in 2019. And some
17	of our most popular spots, like the Blue
18	Hole, had more visitors this year than they
19	did in 2018. And we're seeing increased
20	visitors anywhere where there's water.
21	Whether it's a swimming hole or a beach,
22	there are people coming to the Catskills.
23	But with that comes impact good
24	impact, like supporting our economy, and also

1	not-so-good impact. We're seeing trails
2	degraded, we're seeing trash on the trails,
3	we're seeing overcrowded parking lots, people
4	filling the trails so that it really gets to
5	be a concern for both the ecosystems and the
6	people out there.

It's only going to get harder and more expensive to solve these problems unless we invest now. We need boots on the ground. I know Commissioner Seggos said that he feels like he has adequate staff. Well, as an organization that relies on the DEC to help protect our land, I can tell you we need more help. We need foresters, we need rangers, we need stewards. We need dedicated Catskills and Forest Preserve funding, and we need to make sure that it comes quickly. That's my first point.

The second point is Catskill

Mountainkeeper is out there fighting hard for a just transition to renewable energy. You all fought hard for the CLCPA. It was a perfect fight. And now we need the Legislature to fight with us to pass the

1	Climate Community Investment Act in your
2	one-house budgets. This is a policy that
3	will make sure polluters pay for a just
4	transition, and that means investing in our
5	front-line communities who are hit worse and
6	worse by the climate crisis.
7	And I'll wrap up by saying that EPF at
8	300 million yes. Make sure it's fully
9	allocated, make sure it's fully spent, and
10	make sure the funding isn't coming from other
11	places. Support the Catskill Center and
12	support the Hemlock Woolly Adelgid
13	Initiative.
14	Thank you so much.
15	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
15 16	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.  And I will just point out to people
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16	And I will just point out to people
16 17	And I will just point out to people who have testified very late on many years,
16 17 18	And I will just point out to people who have testified very late on many years, you've never had as many legislators watching
16 17 18 19	And I will just point out to people who have testified very late on many years, you've never had as many legislators watching you or listening to you, because we still
16 17 18 19 20	And I will just point out to people who have testified very late on many years, you've never had as many legislators watching you or listening to you, because we still have 55 of us signed into this hearing. So
16 17 18 19 20 21	And I will just point out to people who have testified very late on many years, you've never had as many legislators watching you or listening to you, because we still have 55 of us signed into this hearing. So you may not be seeing us, but we are seeing

1	on her.
2	Deborah Glick.
3	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GLICK: Thanks, all.
4	Just a couple of quick questions. One and
5	I guess, whether this is for Peter or
6	Kevin good to see you, Kevin. Forest
7	invasives, Peter mentioned aquatics, and I'm
8	just wondering whether the Adirondacks I
9	know the Catskills have some forest invasives
10	that are attacking the hemlocks, I think
11	Katherine mentioned that.
12	But I'm wondering about the
13	Adirondacks.
14	MR. BAUER: Thank you, Assemblywoman.
15	We are in the midst of seeing the
16	first of what is probably going to be a
17	sustained wave of the hemlock woolly
18	adelgid. They're pretty thick around
19	Lake George. At the last meeting of the
20	Forest Preserve Advisory Committee a couple
21	of weeks ago, the DEC stated that these are
22	probably not isolated incidents, they're
23	probably more widespread than the department

knows, just because they don't have the

1	resources to go out and monitor rarge swatns
2	of the Forest Preserve.
3	So I think, you know, we're seeing
4	some significant infestations in the
5	Lake George area, in the Southern
6	Adirondacks. The hemlock woolly adelgid has
7	been moving north for years. It's somewhat
8	temperature regulated, but it's persistent.
9	And this is the first of a wave of a number.
10	Emerald ash borer is also on the way,
11	devastated the Upper Midwest and parts of the
12	central part of the country.
13	So I think this is the beginning of
L 4	what of a constant issue we're going to be
15	dealing with in the Adirondacks.
16	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GLICK: Well, I will at
17	some point ask the economic development
18	people how much we waste I mean, spend
19	on the I Love NY, and maybe that money could
20	be shifted to stewardship for our
21	Forest Preserve.
22	And there was one item that I couldn't
23	figure out what it is, the Essex County
24	shuttle service. It sounds like it's

1	something that's important, but what is it?
2	MR. CHLAD: That's a great question,
3	Assemblymember. The shuttle service has
4	unfortunately been delayed by one year due to
5	COVID. But I'd say that it's part of a
6	larger solution that needs to be implemented.
7	It's just one facet.
8	It's a shuttle system that's planned
9	for the Route 73 corridor from Keene Valley
10	to Lake Placid, to move hikers from areas
11	where it's easier to park, safer to park, and
12	to move them to trailheads.
13	But without the other components of
14	visitor use management I mentioned a
15	visitor use management framework we are
16	doomed to continue to face the same
17	challenges we're facing each and every year
18	with natural resource impacts, visitor safety
19	issues, and loss of our wilderness character.
20	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
21	ASSEMBLYWOMAN GLICK: Yeah, I wondered
22	about it. Because if you get off the rail at
23	Westport, you can't get to Lake Placid,
24	you've got to thumb, which is not good, not

1	safe.
2	Thank you.
3	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Helene, I think
4	your number of Assemblymembers is growing.
5	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, we have
6	next, Assemblyman Otis has a quick question.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN OTIS: Thank you, Helene.
8	And thank you Adirondack friends.
9	A quick question. Probably only one
10	of you needs to answer this although more
11	can which is, we've been hearing for a few
12	years the issue of the increase in people
13	coming to the Adirondacks, the erosion, trail
14	degradation. If you could share to what
15	extent we have public safety issues involved
16	here people getting hurt, people getting
17	injured because of the infrastructure not
18	being there to support the volume of people
19	attracted to our beautiful North Country.
20	MR. BARRETT: Yeah, this is
21	Michael Barrett from the Mountain Club. I
22	can address part of this.
23	You know, it is a public safety

24 concern. And it's partly due to the lack of

1	infrastructure, but also the lack of
2	information. What we're seeing more and more
3	is people coming to hike, and they're
4	woefully unprepared. Right? And we don't
5	know whether it's you know, they suddenly
6	got a free weekend and then their first
7	instinct is to go up north and go hiking.
8	They're not doing the preparation. They're
9	arriving unprepared, they're arriving late,
10	they don't have the proper footwear, they
11	don't have the water, they don't have a light
12	source.
13	And so this is the type of stuff that
14	can lead to public safety issues and stress
15	the resources of our dedicated
16	Forest Rangers. And of course as more and
17	more people learn about it, you know, more
18	and more people are coming, and it
19	exacerbates the issue.
20	And so, you know, our strategy should
21	be multifaceted. Right? We need the
22	infrastructure to receive them bathrooms,
23	parking lots. And in connection with that
24	should be efforts at educating them that

1	really should begin before they come, whether
2	it's through apps or, you know, social media
3	strategies to reach them before they arrive
4	so that they arrive prepared. That will
5	decrease the public safety concerns.
6	MS. NADEAU: And I'll just add we're
7	seeing the same challenges in the Catskills,
8	and the Catskills need this type of planning
9	and management as well.
10	ASSEMBLYMAN OTIS: Thank you very
11	much.
12	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
13	Now we go to Assemblyman Palmesano.
L 4	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: Yes, thank
15	you.
16	Just real, real, real quick, for the
17	panel. As you know, the State Legislature
18	and the Governor took away all local control
19	and input as it relates to siting of
20	renewable projects, wind and solar projects,
21	through the Office of Renewable Energy
22	Siting. So now there's no more local input,
23	no more really local control.
24	Given the natural resources and beauty

1	you have in your area and what you're
2	fighting, how many wind farms and solar farms
3	are you going to be able to tolerate with no
4	local input and control in your area and
5	around the state? What are your thoughts on
6	that? Thank you.
7	MS. NADEAU: I'll just say from
8	Mountainkeeper's perspective, we don't
9	necessarily agree with that characterization.
10	They're still building in opportunities for
11	local input, although they are shifting
12	toward a more statewide framework, because we
13	need to accelerate renewable energy in the
14	state.
15	And just as you know, in the
16	Catskills it's the same as everywhere else:
17	Siting is everything, and we need to get that
18	right. So as we build towards renewable
19	energy, we've got to be mindful that we are
20	protecting our ecosystems while we protect
21	our communities.
22	MR. BAUER: I would also add,
23	Assemblyman, that in the Adirondacks we have
24	the Adirondack Park Agency, a statewide

1	agency, and a major part of the APA is
2	citizen input and public opportunities for
3	comments on major projects. So the solar
4	projects in the park that have come
5	through we've only had a couple of large
6	ones of, you know, three acres, five acres,
7	that level. We haven't had any wind projects
8	in the park, they've been outside the park.
9	But the projects that we have had have
10	there's been opportunities for public
11	comment, both by local governments and the
12	general public.
13	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: Thank you.
14	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Next we go to
15	Assemblyman Tague.
16	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Thank you.
17	And I want to thank all you folks for
18	your advocating for our green spaces.
19	As someone that represents a lot of
20	the Catskills, more of a statement than a
21	question. I would really like to find a
22	time, Katherine, that you and I can meet.
23	Some very interesting things have been
24	brought up here in the last few minutes that

I've been advocating for since I got elected two terms ago. One of them is transportation issues. And I'm sure Kaaterskill Falls comes to mind, Platte Clove. Some sort of system to transport people. And we saw it more this year with so many people coming. It used to be on the weekends, but with the COVID crisis it was happening every day.

We have serious parking issues in Greene and Ulster county in parts of the Catskills and even parts in Delaware County that I represent in the Catskills.

So I am right on board with what you folks have to say, especially with regards to safety. I asked the commissioner of EnCon this morning -- I think it was this morning -- as well that, you know, safety and maintenance of these areas are very important and we need to make sure that the money is put into the budget. And you brought up some other facts about the millions of people that go to the Catskills and the Adirondacks, and they spend money in our little rural local towns. And that's economic development as

1	far as I'm concerned.
2	So, Katherine, just because you
3	represent the Catskill area, and I do meet
4	with Jeff Senterman on a regular basis
5	actually, I'm meeting with him tomorrow
6	MS. NADEAU: And me. I'll be there
7	(laughing).
8	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Oh, great. Well,
9	I would like to continue on having some
10	discussions with you with regards to our
11	situation in the Catskills.
12	And thank you again for the time, and
13	thank you folks for coming and speaking to us
14	today.
15	Thank you, Chairwoman.
16	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
17	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you. Now
18	back to the Senate for the next panel.
19	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Great. Thank you
20	to this panel for participating.
21	The next panel we've got Citizens
22	Campaign for the Environment; Sierra Club
23	Atlantic Chapter; Environmental Advocates of
24	New York; and the Interstate Environmental

1	Commission.
2	Are you there, Citizens Campaign?
3	MS. ESPOSITO: I am sure here.
4	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Oh, how are you,
5	Adrienne?
6	MS. ESPOSITO: I've been here all day.
7	Good, thank you very much for asking.
8	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I've been here
9	all day too.
10	MS. ESPOSITO: I know you have, and
11	I'd like to start out by saying thank you to
12	all of you Senate and Assembly members who
13	have illustrated such impressive stamina all
14	day long. It's really a testament to your
15	commitment to your work and serving the
16	public, so thank you very much.
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
18	MS. ESPOSITO: My name is Adrienne
19	Esposito. I'm the executive director of
20	Citizens Campaign for the Environment.
21	I am actually going to be very brief
22	and succinct and quick because of the time,
23	and I'm only going to make four points.
24	The first one is thank you so much for

everyone supporting the Water Infrastructure
Improvement Act and also for supporting the
next allocation of the \$500 million. Just
want you to please be mindful that we not
only need to allocate the funds, we need to
spend the funds. Sewer infrastructure won't
fix itself; we have to do it.

Also let's also bear in mind that that funding is used for the grants to drinking water suppliers so they can comply with the new drinking water standards for PFOA, PFOS and 1,4-dioxane, and we need for them to do that as expeditiously as possible.

The second thing I just want to raise is thank you again for all of your support for a \$300 million EPF. I just want to flag the Oceans, Estuaries and Great Lakes line item, which seems to have been downgraded a bit. As an organization that works on oceans, estuaries and Great Lakes, we want to raise with you that as a priority.

The Oceans Actions Plan that the DEC has crafted through this budget line item and is now implementing has already served to

1	neip improve oceans, and also that data is
2	being used to help responsibly site the
3	offshore wind farms. So it's applicable,
4	it's needed, and it's also being used.
5	Third thing, very quick, is and
6	this is one of CCE's top priorities for
7	2021 is extended producer responsibility.
8	Senate and Assembly members, please put this
9	in the budget. We are in a waste crisis.
10	I'll just speak about Long Island for
11	a second. You know, it's 3 million people on
12	an island what could possibly go wrong?
13	Well, it turns out one of the things is we
14	don't know how to dispose of our garbage.
15	The only landfill left that takes C&D and ash
16	is closing in three years. The only ash fill
17	left that takes ash is just from one town;
18	that's closing in 2027. We have no back-up
19	plan.
20	The only thing everybody agrees on is
21	reducing the waste, and that's what EPR does.
22	It takes the financial burden off the
23	municipalities, puts it back on the
24	manufacturers, and it incentivizes them to

1 reduce the packaging	J.
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Imagine, if you will, legislators, every cereal box and cracker box on the shelf is only the size it needs to be. And it's not three or four inches taller to make you think you're getting more, because you're not. So this bill actually incentivizes them to make the packaging less or only what it needs to be. 

And lastly, very quickly, because I know I'm out of time, is we're also asking you to please modernize the Bottle Bill, which was passed in 1982. That was 40 years ago. A lot has changed in 40 years. Not me, and not the fearless chairwoman of the Finance Committee, but the value of a nickel has changed.

So if we can up it to 10 cents, a lot more of those materials will end up in recycling rather than our bays and our beaches and our harbors, which is what's happening now on the island. That's the better way to manage solid waste.

24 Thank you very much for the

1	opportunity to comment. We appreciate it.
2	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
3	Sierra Club, Roger Downs.
4	MR. DOWNS: Thanks for staying up with
5	us. Honorable Senators and Assemblymembers,
6	thank you for the consideration of the Sierra
7	Club Atlantic Chapter's budget testimony.
8	We're a volunteer-led environmental
9	organization of over 50,000 members statewide
10	dedicated to protecting New York's air, water
11	and remaining wild places.
12	When New York has faced deep budget
13	holes in the past, environmental funds have
14	been the first pots of money to be raided and
15	obligations to protect natural resources the
16	first to be discarded. We are grateful that
17	the Legislature, Stewart-Cousins and Heastie,
18	recognizes, especially in this time of COVID,
19	that if we do not protect clean air and
20	water, we are only deepening the public
21	health and economic crisis. We are grateful
22	for Governor Cuomo's continuation of a
23	\$300 million Environmental Protection Fund,

the \$500 million for clean water

infrastructure, and the preservation of agency staffing vital to environmental protection. The Sierra Club encourages your continued support.

New York communities are struggling to finance the transition from fossil fuels to wind, solar and energy storage. We ask the Legislature to consider the Climate and Community Investment Act as more than just a revenue generator for the state, but as a mechanism to make polluters pay for the costs of contaminating our environment, and fund renewable energy development, electrified public transportation, worker retraining programs, and building efficiency jobs, all with the mandate to prioritize equity, racial justice and fair labor practices.

We think this budget should take

Liz Krueger's lead in eliminating state tax

exemptions and subsidies to the fossil fuel

industry. That's hundreds of millions of

dollars the state is bleeding away every

year, to the benefit of those that endanger

public health and thwart our climate goals.

1	We need the Legislature to put a
2	moratorium on new gas-fired power plants.
3	The state is wasting too many staff hours and
4	resources reviewing the permits for fossil
5	fuel generators in Queens, Brooklyn and
6	Newburgh. These are new plants that can
7	never legitimately comply with our climate
8	laws. The Legislature needs to give DEC the
9	authority to deny them now, and focus on
10	building the renewable energy grid of
11	tomorrow.
12	We say legalize marijuana and make
13	restitution for decades of racist drug laws.
14	But let's also make sure we set strong
15	standards for the cannabis industry's energy
16	and water consumption, chemical pesticide and
17	fertilizer use, and significant plastic waste
18	use from production to distribution.
19	We urge you to complete last year's
20	budget efforts to reform how New York
21	protects wetlands in a way that prioritizes
22	the ones that are most important to clean

water and flood control, without relying upon

significant new staffing resources.

23

1	And we also say thank you. Even
2	though these are incredibly dark times, we
3	are blessed with leaders who are approaching
4	this crisis with hope, equity and innovation
5	not austerity.
6	Appreciate your time.
7	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you, Roger
8	Next, Interstate Environmental
9	Commission, Philip DeGaetano, commissioner.
10	Can't hear you.
11	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: You're on mute
12	Phil.
13	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Unmute. There
14	you go.
15	MR. DeGAETANO: Thank you,
16	Senator Krueger and Assemblywoman Weinstein,
17	for the ability to testify on behalf of the
18	Interstate Environmental Commission this
19	evening.
20	I'm a New York commissioner of the
21	Interstate Environmental Commission, and I'm
22	currently serving as chair of the commission
23	We support the Governor's proposal in
2.4	the hydret for \$300 million for the

1	Environm	nental	Pro	tection	Fund	and	all	the
2	efforts	that	are	ongoing.				

The Interstate Environmental

Commission is a tristate water pollution

control agency. Our written testimony

details the commission's diverse array of

water quality monitoring, sampling and

analytical projects throughout the Interstate

environmental district, which is centered in

Western Long Island Sound, New York Harbor,

South Shore Estuary, and the Hudson River.

These projects highlight the capability of the commission, which include expanding monitoring and analytical laboratory analysis for nutrients and cytotoxins associated with harmful algal blooms, continuous monitoring for dissolved oxygen in New York Harbor and Long Island Sound, and pathogen monitoring with citizen science groups.

These priorities were developed in conjunction with EPA and DEC, with the involvement of multiple regional and local partners, including citizen science groups.

1	While most of our funding comes from
2	the federal government, in order to implement
3	the work plans that are in the grants that we
4	receive, state funding is critical. The
5	commission received, in 2020, almost a
6	million dollars in federal funds, but we can
7	only continue to receive and apply for these
8	funds if we can demonstrate a non-federal
9	match to support it. And that amount is
10	\$214,051.
11	New York State's share of that, as
12	identified in the tristate compact, is
13	45 percent. So we are asking the Legislature
14	to support an increase in what the Governor
15	has proposed. He has proposed \$41,600.
16	We're asking the Legislature to increase the
17	appropriation to \$96,323, which is required
18	so we can continue to meet our federal match
19	requirements.
20	On behalf of the commission, I'd like
21	to thank you for the opportunity, and I
22	commend you for all your leadership and
23	diligent oversight of the state's
24	environmental policy.

1	Thank you.
2	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you very
3	much.
4	Assemblywoman, I see you have one hand
5	up there from the Assembly.
6	MS. KURERA: Senator Krueger, are you
7	going to skip my testimony?
8	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I apologize. Oh,
9	I'm sorry, I did skip you. How very rude of
10	me.
11	MS. KURERA: No, that's okay.
12	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I apologize. You
13	know, it's the hour. I'm sorry, Kate. From
14	the Environmental Advocates of New York.
15	Please.
16	MS. KURERA: All right, thanks. I
17	appreciate it.
18	Good evening, everyone. Chairs
19	Krueger and Weinstein, Chair Englebright,
20	other distinguished members of the Senate and
21	Assembly, my name is Kate Kurera. I'm the
22	deputy director at Environmental Advocates
23	NY, and it's really a pleasure to deliver our
24	testimony this evening. And I do it with a

1	debt of gratitude for all that you do for
2	New York, its communities and the
3	environment.

I'll start just by saying, you know, we're fairly pleased to be at this point in time with the budget on the environment. I'm not up here pushing back against cuts to the EPF or commitments to water infrastructure funding. So that's great.

But we're advocates, and our job is to arm you, the Legislature, with a vision to drive New York to a place of holistic and systemic, not incremental, change. The nation is looking at New York's climate law right now as the model, as the model of how we'll transition the economy in a just and equitable manner off of fossil fuels, and how to pay for it.

I also didn't want to leave this
evening without drawing members' attention to
Section 7 of the Climate Leadership and
Community Protection Act, which requires all
levels of government decision-making,
including that of this budgetary process, to

1	be in alignment with its goals and the
2	mandates of the law.
3	Our recommendations for this year's
4	budget are:
5	Fund implementation of the state
6	climate law through the Climate and Community
7	Investment Act. This polluter penalty will
8	provide the investments needed to truly match
9	the urgency of the climate crisis, help build
10	infrastructure, as well as immediately start
11	delivering resources to communities and the
12	state workforce with the just transition off
13	of fossil fuels.
14	Reject the Executive's perennial
15	proposal to transfer \$23 million of RGGI
16	funds to the state general revenue, and
17	redirect 35 percent of those clean energy
18	funds to disadvantaged communities. Just to
19	confirm, that rate is in the Executive
20	Budget, Part QQ, I believe, and I know that
21	Commissioner Seggos was asked about it
22	earlier today.
23	We urge you to support the commitments

of -- the Governor's commitments to

l electrified	public	transport	fleets
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We urge you to reauthorize an environmental bond act to provide funding to protect water resources, build our climate resiliency, as well as provide necessary funding to disadvantaged and front-line communities.

We support the continued annual commitments to water infrastructure funding.

We urge you to support the Governor's utility shutoff legislation, but work to make it stronger and more protective.

We also urge you to put the issue of plastic bags to bed. Any amendments should be clear, enforceable, and achieve the original intent of the law, which was to ban plastic carryout bags.

And lastly, to echo some others this evening, we urge you to include proposals for carpet, paper and packaging extended producer responsibility in your one-house budgets. As others have said, this is a great way to tackle some of our solid-waste problems as well as bring jobs to New York.

1	Thank you for your time this evening.
2	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you very
3	much.
4	Now I'll hand it to
5	Assemblymember Weinstein to call on people.
6	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, so we have
7	first Assemblyman Ra and then Assemblywoman
8	Fahy.
9	Assemblyman Ra.
LO	ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Thank you.
11	Thank you, witnesses, for your
12	patience. Good evening, Adrienne, good to
13	see you.
14	MS. ESPOSITO: Good evening. Good to
15	see you too.
16	ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Just had a quick
17	question for you. I know you know very well
18	and you're very knowledgeable about the
19	efforts with emerging contaminants and the
20	types of infrastructure that is being built
21	by water districts all over Long Island, and
22	certainly the continued availability of funds
23	is crucial to that. But I know we've been at
24	different types of forums in the past, and

1	I'm	just	wonderi	ing	what	you	know	in	terms	of
2	the	advar	ncement	of	this	tech	nolog	уу.		

You know, are there new things that are advancing with regard to how to mitigate something like that, and is it getting any more cost-effective? Are the pilot-type things working and producing results that can be replicated in other districts? Just if you have a couple of thoughts on that.

MS. ESPOSITO: Well, the good news is the answer -- the overall answer to your question is yes. The 1,4-dioxane is the most challenging to filter out. They have been doing it with what's called the advanced oxidation, which then also needs carbon filtration, granulated carbon filtration as an add-on to filter out the byproducts.

The cost is still high. That's one of the reasons I said we have to spend the money. But I do really think, and others think, that as we produce these more, the technology cost will come down, as is pretty traditional with any technology.

It's still a little tricky. And just

1	to be brief, the they have to sometimes
2	work the system a little bit, depending on
3	the constituency in the groundwater. So
4	sometimes each AO, as it's called, advanced
5	oxidation system, needs to be adjusted based
6	on the water chemistry of the area.
7	But yes, it works. Yes, it can be
8	done. Yes, it is being done. And many of
9	the water districts in Nassau County have
10	ordered these AO systems as well.
11	ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Okay. And then just
12	one last little piece with regard to that. I
13	know one of the other things, when we were
14	talking about the time frame of these
15	standards, was really just you know, the
16	money was obviously a major obstacle, but
17	also just the availability of, you know,
18	contractors and people who could actually put
19	these types of things in.
20	Has that situation improved?
21	MS. ESPOSITO: Well, I think it's
22	improving. It still has a way to go. I
23	think that's why the Health Department put in

the waivers that a water district or a water

1	supplier, I should say, can apply for a time
2	waiver. And I think, honestly, with
3	1,4-dioxane, we actually thought that was a
4	reasonable thing for the Health Department to
5	include.
6	ASSEMBLYMAN RA: Thank you very much.
7	Thank you all for your advocacy.
8	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
9	Now Assemblywoman Fahy. Do you still
10	want to ask a question? I don't see your
11	hand raised anymore. Going once, twice,
12	three times.
13	Okay, we're on to the next panel.
14	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
15	MS. ESPOSITO: Thank you. Have a good
16	night.
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: We gave her a
18	fair shot, you know? Thank you.
19	Thank you all very much from this
20	panel. Appreciate your time and your
21	efforts.
22	Okay, we're now up to Panel E,
23	starting with the New York State Animal
2.4	Protection Endoration the Croon Education

1	and Legal Fund, and the New York Public
2	Interest Research Group.
3	Libby, are you there?
4	MS. POST: Yes, I am.
5	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Okay, good.
6	MS. POST: Hi, how are you all?
7	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Very good, thank
8	you.
9	MS. POST: Thank you. Thank you for
10	the opportunity, both Senator Krueger and
11	Assemblywoman Weinstein, for us to be here
12	tonight.
13	And real quick, Senator Krueger, a
L 4	little yasher koach, shout-out, for a very
15	short talmudic lesson on Tu BiShvat
16	(Laughter.)
17	MS. POST: our Holiday for the
18	Trees, and Yom HaShoah, our Holocaust
19	Memorial Day. We all know "short" and
20	"talmudic" are, you know, contradictions in
21	terms.
22	(Laughter.)
23	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Exactly.
24	MS. POST: But anyway, I know it's

1	late,	and I	only	have	two	and	а	half	minutes,
2	so I'r	m going	g to I	keep :	it sh	nort.			

Animal Protection Federation, we represent all the animal shelters in the state, and we hope that you include the \$5 million

Companion Animal Capital Fund in this year's budget. COVID axed it last year, as it axed many things, and we just hope it's not permanent.

I want to thank Assemblywoman Deborah Glick for continuing to champion the effort, and we wouldn't be here today if it weren't for her commitment to the fund.

And also I want to recognize

Ag Commissioner Ball and his staff, who have

been so supportive in making the fund a

reality once it became a reality. And I look

forward to working with Senator Hinchey and

Assemblywoman Lupardo, the chairs of their

respective Ag Committees in their houses, to

move this forward.

So to date, the fund has invested close to \$15 million in 38 animal shelters

1	across the state, from Long Island to
2	Cattaraugus to Potsdam, and we're seeing
3	incredible improvements. Our 2021 Capital
4	Needs Survey found 26 shelters needed 57
5	almost 57 million in funding needs, capital
6	funding needs. And let me just say this fund
7	does not pay for the entire project, but it
8	does help jump-start fundraising. After
9	Susquehanna received half a million dollars,
10	a story appeared in their local paper; donors
11	literally started calling out of nowhere to
12	say they wanted to help. And ultimately the
13	Susquehanna SPCA will open its new \$5 million
14	shelter in Cooperstown this May. And it's
15	because of the fund.
16	So COVID didn't just impact the

So COVID didn't just impact the funding, our companion animals were also affected. We worked to get shelters designated as essential services, and we developed innovative ways to facilitate adoptions while keeping people and animals safe. We worked with the Animal Care Center of New York City to create a Care Caravan that brought dogs and cats who had lost their

1	owners to COVID in New York City to shelters
2	on Long Island and upstate to be adopted into
3	loving families.
4	So we all know animal shelters make a
5	difference. And if there was ever a funding
6	program that is needed to enhance the lives
7	of both people and animals, it's the
8	Companion Animal Capital Fund.
9	And I thank you for your time tonight.
10	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
11	Next we have Mark Dunlea.
12	MR. DUNLEA: Well, thank you,
13	Senator Krueger. And I wanted to thank you
L 4	for your leadership on getting the
15	divestment, with Tom DiNapoli, out of fossil
16	fuels.
17	I know at the same time you had
18	written a law to look at the fossil fuel
19	subsidies, and I think we thought that would
20	go a whole lost faster. That's still on the
21	table. The Senate passed it last year, I
22	hope the Assembly will do it. I think
23	there's about \$550 million we think we can

get rid of.

1	This hearing has gone on so long that
2	the world has significantly changed on
3	climate since this morning. And I would urge
4	you to catch up with the federal government;
5	President Biden this morning moved to
6	100 percent electricity by renewable energy
7	by 2035, five years faster than the CLCPA.
8	And he also increased the target for funding
9	for disadvantaged communities to 40 percent
10	rather than 35 percent.
11	We support the Green New Deal,
12	something I actually helped write back in
13	2010. I'm glad it's gone so mainstream. I
14	support the proposal about the \$10 billion
15	for a Green New Deal in this year's budget.
16	When I first started talking about the
17	need for a state carbon tax, I was testifying
18	to Senator Owen Johnson. He's been replaced.
19	It's still a very vital issue. I helped
20	write the bill that Senator Parker and
21	Assemblymember Cahill have on a carbon tax,
22	but also very much support the CCIA bill that
23	New York Renews has done. It's time to do a

24 carbon pricing. I was on the board of

Environmental Advocates when we did RGGI. I
opposed RGGI because it was not adequate to
deal with the situation. And it's time to
make polluters pay.

I do want to thank you, the last couple of years you've been supportive of the effort to stop putting in new fracked gas into the Sheridan Avenue situation, and you support 100 percent renewables. That situation is not yet resolved, however; there's still gas turbines. And we really believe that after enduring over a century of pollution to heat the State Capitol, that this should become a model environmental justice community.

One of the other things I started working on eight years ago was to ban the plastic bag, held the first big meeting in New York City with Brad Lander. Boy, has this been a long trip to try to get this relatively simple thing done. Now the Governor is trying to amend the bill to weaken it once again. Please do not allow that to occur; put the five-cents fee on

1	paper bags.
2	Something I started in 1975, I helped
3	start before my wife got involved with this
4	issue, was the returnable bottle bill. I'm
5	glad that's done. We need to expand it, go
6	up to a 10-cents fee, and also wine and
7	liquor bottles.
8	And do not weaken the already weak
9	bill in New York City on retrofitting energy
10	buildings to provide these allowing these
11	buildings to buy RECs to evade the law. And
12	that is actually hurting CCAs upstate, which
13	I saw that Ms. Harris promoted from NYSERDA.
14	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: That's it?
15	MR. DUNLEA: Time's up, I'm told.
16	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: You had the best
17	line of the hearing: It's gone on so long
18	that the world outside changed already. So
19	thank you for that.
20	Our next testifier is from the
21	New York Public Interest Research Group,
22	Liz Moran, Elizabeth Moran.
23	MS. MORAN: Hi. Thank you so much for

the opportunity to testify this evening. My

1 name is Liz Moran. I'm the environmental
2 policy director for NYPIRG.

Our written testimony includes far more details on a number of issues, so I'm going to go as rapidly as possible through the highlights.

It's been rightfully noted by many today that fighting the climate crisis must be New York's top priority. To that end, there are areas of the state budget where action is lacking or outright harmful. To have a climate-leading budget, New York should, number one, end nonessential fossil fuel subsidies. Just today President Biden announced he'd be pursuing this through Congress, and New York State should lead the charge. By ending nonessential fossil fuel subsidies, New York State could save half a billion dollars annually.

New York should also move forward with polluter penalties like those proposed in the Climate and Community Investment Act. With New York's significant fiscal hole, making polluters pay is not only common sense, but

1	not	doing	so	is	negligent,	given	the	state's
2	clin	nate go	oals	S .				

And speaking of the CLCPA goals, the Governor and the Legislature should require the creation of a public scorecard which would regularly update the public and the Legislature regarding the status of where New York stands in respect to the CLCPA goals.

NYPIRG also urges that you strike

Part R of the TED budget, which would

undermine New York City's climate law,

Local Law 97, by expanding the pool of

renewable energy credits.

The budget also needs to exclude the RGGI raids. As partners have already stated, this isn't climate leadership. Raiding RGGI and putting it into EPF ends up shortchanging both programs.

We'd also like to echo the sentiments of our partners with the SHARE coalition in advocating for more funding to convert the Empire State Plaza to renewable energy and to ensure Sheridan Hollow and Arbor Hill can be

1 100 percent renewable energy co	communities.
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Next, New York State's plastic bag ban must remain as strong as possible. Plastics are a major contributor to the climate crisis. Stores are continuing to illegally give out thicker plastic bags, and DEC seems unclear of how extensive the problem is. This law should be strengthened to ban plastic food takeout and delivery bags and implement a statewide paper bag fee. On the topic of plastics, as others have said, we should expand the New York

State Bottle Bill.

And lastly, of course, we have to commend the areas of the budget where we're happy to see funding. The 500 million for the Clean Water Infrastructure Act, 300 million for EPF, extending the Brownfield Tax Credit Program, and prohibiting utility shutoffs during states of emergency are all very important programs. We'd like to see some tweaks to some, but these are very good starts.

So in conclusion, this budget is an

1	opportunity to lift new forkers up following
2	the horrors of the COVID-19 pandemic. Thank
3	you for the opportunity to testify today, and
4	NYPIRG is looking forward to working with you
5	to create a nation-leading environmental
6	budget and legislative session.
7	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
8	And, Assemblywoman, I don't see any
9	hands up, so do you have any hands?
10	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: No, we can I
11	have two, but let's move on to the next
12	panel.
13	(Laughter.)
14	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Okay. Well, then
15	we thank you all very much for your testimony
16	and for sticking it out with us. Thank you.
17	MR. DUNLEA: Thank you.
18	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: All right, our
19	next panel: The Western New York Law Center,
20	the New York State Conservation Fund Advisory
21	Board and I believe that No. 24 said that
22	they cannot be here now, but their testimony
23	we have, the Forest Rangers. And then the
24	Real Estate Board of New York.

1	So, Western New York Law Center.
2	MR. HALPERN: Good evening.
3	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Evening.
4	MR. HALPERN: I'm Stephen Halpern, a
5	staff attorney at the Western New York
6	Law Center.
7	I am here to talk about water. Water
8	is essential to life. People need water to
9	stay safe and healthy. They need water to be
10	affordable. Yet many New Yorkers can't
11	afford their water bills. That dilemma, of
12	course, has only worsened with COVID.
13	Fortunately, in the Parker/Mosley law passed
14	last year, this Legislature enacted historic
15	consumer rights for people whose economic
16	circumstances were affected by COVID and who
17	consequently found it hard to pay their water
18	bills.
19	The rights it conferred were as
20	follows. If people owed money on past-due
21	bills, as thousands of New Yorkers did before
22	COVID, the law gave them the right to
23	negotiate deferred payment agreements, what
24	we call DPAs, to pay off that debt on terms

1 that the consumer co	ould a	afford.
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Next, because consumers had the right to these affordable DPAs, under that law utilities could not dictate the time frame within which past-due amounts had to be repaid by consumers.

And thirdly, if consumers could document their financial need, the deferred payment agreements that they negotiated could be as low as \$10 a month -- again, depending upon the documentation they could provide.

These were enormously important consumer rights. But legal rights are only useful to people if they know they have them. Notice of rights is a prerequisite to being able to exercise those rights. That is especially true of our most vulnerable

New Yorkers. They are not inclined to think of themselves as possessing rights, so when historic legislation like Parker/Mosley is enacted, it is imperative to notify them of their rights. Indeed, the law required that.

Sadly, that is not what happened. I will not repeat the data in my written

1	comments that document the inadequate notices
2	and inaccurate notices sent to consumers by
3	many public utilities, as well as the failure
4	of over 90 percent of utilities to forward to
5	the PSC notices the commission required them
6	to send over five months ago.
7	Based on our experience to date, we
8	need an amended statute that specifies the
9	requirements of the notice that utilities
10	must give to consumers again, notice of
11	the right to negotiate deferred payment
12	agreements that consumers can in fact afford;
13	second, where economically justified, notice
14	of the right to DPAs as low as \$10 a month;
15	and finally, notice that utilities may not
16	unilaterally impose deadlines in DPAs.
17	Absent a statute that mandates notices
18	with these specifics, the intended
19	beneficiaries of this law will have rights in
20	name only rights that will have little
21	impact on their lives.

Thank you very much.

23 CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.

24 And I do want to correct myself, we do

Τ	have the fourth panelist from this panel who
2	is also with us, Peter Morehouse. So not to
3	worry.
4	But next, Jason Kemper, New York
5	Conservation Fund.
6	MR. KEMPER: Thank you for the
7	opportunity to speak this evening.
8	My name is Jason Kemper. I'm the
9	current chairman of the New York State
10	Conservation Fund advisory board.
11	You have my written testimony, so in
12	the interests of time, I will just highlight
13	a few points.
14	The economic impacts associated with
15	sporting community activities are well
16	documented, and the monetary support provided
17	to the New York State DEC is crucial to the
18	operation of the department. As previously
19	stated during Commissioner Seggos's
20	testimony, this has been an unprecedented
21	year for participation in all outdoor
22	activities. The online hunter education
23	course was briefly mentioned, but I would
24	like to provide additional details as to the

1	tremendous interest in this program and the
2	potential to take full advantage of this
3	interest, as outlined in the Executive Budget
4	proposal.
5	In a typical year 25 000 individuals

In a typical year, 25,000 individuals participate in the Hunter Education Program.

In 2020, there were over 69,000 individuals who completed the Hunter Education

Certificate Program. Another 50,000 individuals have signed up for the course and are in the process of completing those requirements.

The percentage of increase in this course cannot be underestimated. There was about a 177 percent increase in participation of everyone that completed the course, and those who have signed up equates to over a 375 percent increase in the program in one year. This clearly illustrates the desire for individuals to participate in outdoor sporting-related activities.

The universal hunting age of 12 has been a number-one priority of the sporting community for a number of years. We are

1	hopeful for progress on this issue and its
2	enactment in this year's budget. The average
3	age of the sportsmen and women in New York
4	State continues to increase, and continued
5	recruitment is crucial to the proper
6	management of the state's natural resources.

We urge the Legislature to support the Executive Budget proposal and allow New York hunting-age regulations to be comparable with surrounding states and the rest of the country.

Since the inclusion of crossbows during the 2014-2015 budget cycle, crossbow use continues to gain interest and support in New York State. The full inclusion of crossbows during all big-game seasons will greatly increase hunter participation. The continued expansion of crossbow use is an important deer management tool, especially in urban areas.

In addition, the full inclusion of crossbows will increase license sales as well as provide additional opportunities to all ability levels of sportsmen and women.

1	Both the universal hunting age of 12
2	and the full inclusion of crossbows are
3	supported in the New York State Deer
4	Management Plan.
5	Aside from the items outlined above,
6	the Conservation Fund Advisory Board fully
7	supports the additional items outlined in the
8	Executive Budget proposal. This support
9	includes increased investment opportunities
10	for the lifetime trust account and the
11	proposed investments in infrastructure being
12	proposed in the NY Works program.
13	Thank you for your time.
14	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you very
15	much.
16	And now Peter Morehouse, Forest
17	Rangers director, PBA of New York State.
18	MR. MOREHOUSE: Good evening. And
19	thank you to the distinguished members of
20	this joint committee for allowing me to
21	testify before you.
22	My name is Peter Morehouse, and I am a
23	New York State Forest Ranger in St. Lawrence
24	County. I currently serve on the board of

directors for the Police Benevolent

Association of New York State.

As Forest Rangers, our primary mission is protect New York's nearly 5 million acres of public land and provide public safety through expertise in search and rescue, wildland firefighting, public outreach and law enforcement. At just 138 members across all ranks, we are a tight-knit force and we pride ourselves on being able to accomplish any task in any condition, whether it be a swift-water rescue, a 13-mile High Peaks carry-out in the dead of winter, rappelling during high-angle body recovery, effecting a prescribed fire or, most recently, breaking ice with an airbow to help locate missing snowmobilers.

These are just a few of the experiences that I personally have had during my short five years as a Ranger. And if you were to poll the rest of my fellow Rangers, our stories would surely astonish you. For nearly a year, Rangers have been working in leadership positions on the front lines of

1	COVID-19 pandemic response because of our
2	expertise in emergency management and our
3	intimate knowledge of the Incident Command
4	System.

I personally was assigned to a test site on Staten Island and worked for nearly two months as the operations section chief.

Our primary responsibilities were to coordinate over 100 clinical and nonclinical staff, Department of Marine and Naval Affairs staff, and New York State Police, among others.

Since last March, 96 of my coworkers have filled similar roles at sites on

Long Island, throughout the five boroughs, in Rockland County, the Capital Region, Central New York and Western New York. Collectively, these 96 Rangers have dedicated over 60,000 manhours away from home on COVID-19 test sites, while the remaining Rangers worked tirelessly to coordinate our efforts, maintain state land, and protect the public recreating there.

In addition to these challenges, we

1	faced unprecedented levels of use on state
2	land, and periods of regional drought. The
3	number of search-and-rescue incidents
4	increased from 337 in 2019 to 489 in 2020, a
5	net increase of 152, while the number of
6	wildland fires increased by 97, from 103 to
7	200.

Our exhausted force carried out these missions in inclement weather and technical terrain, and continued to do so on 2014 salary levels. We have been on the front lines of the pandemic while proudly maintaining our traditional job responsibilities during record use. Prior to 2020, the Forest Rangers were already spread thin, low in numbers and undercompensated.

We ask this Legislature to treat us with the same dignity that we serve with, to support us as a highly trained and specialized standalone division, and we respectfully ask that you immediately pass Governor Program Bill No. 1 for 2021 to bring the PBA of New York State compensation up to 2018 levels, which is still three years

1	behind other public employee unions.
2	The Forest Rangers are incredibly
3	proud of our history, and we look forward to
4	serving the State of New York as a
5	strengthened, stand-alone division for many
6	years to come.
7	Thank you for staying late and
8	allowing me to testify before you.
9	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you for
10	staying late and testifying before us.
11	And next, Zachary Steinberg, VP of
12	policy for REBNY.
13	MR. STEINBERG: Thank you very much
14	for the opportunity to testify.
15	I'd like to focus my comments on
16	Part R of the bill, but my written testimony
17	covers a number of other items as well.
18	REBNY strongly supports this
19	thoughtful provision. Today building owners
20	in New York City are increasingly looking to
21	obtain New York-generated renewable power.
22	This is the case for several reasons,
23	including demand from their tenants, to
24	fulfill the owner's own environmental

commitments, and to comply with local-law
mandates.

However, today, there is no source of renewable energy credits for city building owners to buy that meet all of these needs.

This is the case because city building owners are currently discouraged from investing in RECs associated with power outside of the five boroughs because local law prohibits a building owner from using those credits to comply with the local mandate.

In other words, even if a building owner in New York City purchased a renewable energy credit from an existing generator in New York State, the City of New York would not consider those RECs to be proof that the building was using renewable power.

This unfortunate reality results in some building owners, particularly those who have already done the right thing by prioritizing energy efficiency, being unable to comply with these local mandates because there is simply no source of local-law-compliant RECs available and no

1 other compliance options.

Unfortunately, there's not likely to be a meaningful supply of RECs in 2024 either, which is when these local mandates begin. As a result, some of these building owners will have no meaningful path to compliance and will very likely have to pay significant fines to the City of New York General Fund. If this happens, the city is under no obligation to use that penalty revenue, which could be many millions of dollars as soon as 2025, to further environmental aims. 

This is an outcome we all want to avoid, and that's why we support Part R.

Part R addresses this problem directly by providing New York City's building owners with the temporary ability to use Tier 2 renewable energy credits to help comply with their local obligation until such a time that there is more renewable power directly reaching New York City. Once there is a more robust supply of New York City-associated RECs, the provision ensures that city

1	building	owners	invest	in	those	prior	to
2	utilizing	g Tier :	2.				

In other words, it fills the gap
between when New York City's mandates go into
effect and when the transmission and offshore
wind projects that we strongly support start
bringing power into New York City.

This modest practical change provides multiple benefits, two of which I want to emphasize. First, it protects ratepayers.

Currently the costs of procuring RECs are socialized across all ratepayers in New York.

By allowing city building owners to procure those RECs, however, those costs become borne by the private business, not the ratepayer.

As a result, this shifts the cost onto those more able to pay and frees up resources for ratepayers to invest in new renewable generation.

Second, it incentivizes city building owners to invest in New York renewables more aggressively. Part R provides a way for city building owners to do so and avoid penalties, and in doing so it will help ensure that

1	existing renewables, which are at risk of
2	being sold into markets outside of New York,
3	remain in New York State.
4	Each of these benefits will help to
5	further the goals of the CLCPA. For these
6	reasons, REBNY strongly supports the adoption
7	of this proposal.
8	Thank you for your time.
9	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
10	Okay, Assemblywoman, would you like to
11	call on an Assemblymember? You need to take
12	off your mute.
13	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, thank you.
14	We first have Assemblywoman Woerner.
15	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you so
16	much.
17	I'd like to just briefly say to
18	Mr. Morehouse I'm totally supportive of the
19	need to bring the PBA up to current salary
20	levels. So thank you for your testimony
21	today, and count me in the "yes" column on
22	that.
23	My question is for Mr. Kemper. Can
24	you tell us, what is the impact of lowering

1	the universal hunting age and expanding the
2	crossbow season? What impact will that have
3	on the Conservation Fund, and why is that
4	important?
5	MR. KEMPER: Thank you, Assemblywoman.
6	Currently the Conservation Fund funds
7	a little over 300 individuals at the
8	Department of Conservation. Coupled with
9	that is the fact that our average age of the
10	sportsman and woman in New York State is a
11	little over 50 years old. So as those folks
12	age out and go down to a reduced license and
13	then ultimately to no license at all, we're
14	seriously lacking on the recruitment.
15	So the lowering of this the
16	lowering of age and the inclusion of
17	crossbows not only brings more people into
18	the field, but obviously the increased
19	revenue to the Conservation Fund, thus a
20	decrease in reliance on the General Fund
21	moving forward.
22	What we're seeing is there is an
23	uptick in license sales this year as a result
24	of the pandemic, but unless we start some

1	serious recruiting efforts, you know, I see
2	an increased demand on the General Fund to
3	maintain those 300-and-something individuals
4	at the Department of Environmental
5	Conservation that help preserve the natural
6	resources of the state.
7	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you very
8	much. That's all I have.
9	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
10	Next we have Assemblyman Smullen.
11	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: Great. Thank
12	you very much. Assemblymember Woerner, thank
13	you very much for asking the question that I
14	was going to ask the gentleman from the
15	Conservation Fund Advisory Board.
16	Mr. Kemper, thank you for all your
17	work that you've done over the years on the
18	fund, and keep it up. And we really
19	appreciate all that you do. And I look
20	forward to attending one of your meetings
21	again.
22	MR. KEMPER: Thank you, Assemblyman.
23	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: I've got a
24	couple of quick questions for Peter, for the

<b>T</b>	rolest Rangels. Tou know, I m very producto
2	represent Wanakena area where The Ranger
3	School is. I know you've got a great
4	facility there and, you know, I know we need
5	to get more Rangers into the field.
6	But a couple of the issues that have
7	come up and I echo my colleague's comments
8	about supporting what I would consider
9	parity. I used to be in the Marines. This
10	is a, you know, military occupational
11	specialty issue. You guys are very well
12	trained and highly specialized and your
13	identity is very important to be able to keep
14	that expertise in the force that you've got,
15	to keep the Rangers as they are.
16	But of course technology changes
17	things a little bit, and what's coming is
18	obviously universal cellphone coverage for
19	the area. Do you think that would be
20	beneficial to have cellphone coverage
21	throughout the Adirondacks?
22	MR. MOREHOUSE: It certainly changes
23	our ability to communicate, and potentially
24	for the better. We do have good radio

Τ	coverage which has been years and years in
2	the making. But yes, cellphone coverage
3	could help us communicate a little easier
4	with our dispatch.
5	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: I'd also talked
6	to the commissioner, keeping this brief, a
7	bit earlier about whether or not body cams
8	you know, we've mandated those for the
9	State Police and we're in the process of
10	figuring out the funding and getting that
11	capability to keep not only the officers safe
12	but the citizenry safe.
13	Would that be a practical device for
14	you to have in your for your Rangers?
15	MR. MOREHOUSE: I would echo the
16	commissioner's sentiments earlier that it
17	would be difficult in our back-country
18	settings to be able to roll that out. But we
19	recognize that may be coming in the future.
20	ASSEMBLYMAN SMULLEN: I really
21	appreciate those comments. Thank you very
22	much.
23	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
24	We made a mistake on the clock, but we

1	gave you extra time on the end, so sorry
2	about that. It's supposed to be three
3	minutes. Everyone whosever still on clock
4	duty, watch when the people change. Thank
5	you.
6	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay. We have
7	one last no, we ended up with a few more.
8	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I see several.
9	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, I see
10	more.
11	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: They snuck in on
12	us.
13	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Senator
14	Krueger, do you want to go to your I see
15	you have a Senator. Do you want to go to
16	your Senator, Dan Stec?
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Oh, I'm sorry.
18	Hello. Yes, I will go to our EnCon ranker
19	who snuck in on us. Hello.
20	SENATOR STEC: I did, Senator. Thanks
21	for calling on me.
22	Good evening, everyone.
23	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Good evening.
24	SENATOR STEC: I appreciate the hours

1	that everyone's putting in, not only my
2	colleagues but certainly the people that have
3	been waiting to testify.
4	I'd like to, if I could, circle to the
5	PBA of New York State. Peter, thanks for
6	your testimony today. Did you have a chance
7	to catch all of Commissioner Seggos's
8	testimony this morning?
9	MR. MOREHOUSE: Yeah, I came in a few
10	minutes late but I heard the majority of it.
11	SENATOR STEC: Okay, great. You know,
12	as you probably know, Peter, I'm the son of a
13	Forest Ranger, so I'm familiar with your
14	mission and the work that you guys do, and I
15	thank you for it.
16	And as a hiker and somebody that
17	frequents the mountains all 12 months of the
18	year, I always tell everyone I run into at
19	DEC that my number-one goal is to never have
20	to encounter one of you guys professionally
21	in the woods. But it's comforting to know
22	that you're there. And you definitely don't
23	want to haul me out on a 13-mile believe

me, that is goal number one.

1	But I want so you did hear there
2	was some discussion I know over the years
3	there's been some concerns for a Ranger/ECO
4	title merger. And today I asked Commissioner
5	Seggos about it, and he indicated that he
6	didn't think that it was something that would
7	be pursued anytime soon. But if you could
8	elaborate a little bit on the Ranger concerns
9	about that.

And then my second question would also be the count on Rangers. I know that your head count is about the same as it was when my father was a Ranger, and yet we own a lot more state land all over the state, but particularly in the Adirondacks, than we used to. And there's obviously a lot more people recreating. So the workload has spiked, but the head count of the people doing the work has remained flat.

I mean, we're in tough budget times, but if you could just talk a little bit about Ranger head count and the Ranger/ECO title issue. Thank you.

MR. MOREHOUSE: Yeah. Thank you,

1	Senator. Our head count I believe at max
2	numbers was 138. And that has remained
3	steady. I know that we've had academies in
4	recent years, but that's maintaining our
5	numbers, that's not adding additional
6	Rangers.
7	With that, we're also going to be

With that, we're also going to be seeing some retirements in the next couple of years and we want to preemptively plan for those vacancies.

In terms of the consolidation, from
the Forest Rangers' standpoint our training
is extremely unique, as is DLE's. And we
believe that a merger would water down both
of our functions. It would be extremely
difficult to maintain those trainings and to
be able to reach those levels of professional
standards that both divisions maintain.

I also come from a DEC family,

Senator. My grandfather was a Conservation

Officer who did 37 years with the DEC. And

with that, I would say it was the differences

between our divisions that drew me to the

Forest Rangers, not the similarities. I

1	gravitate towards search-and-rescue and
2	toward wildland fire. I like the proactive
3	side of our work. And I believe it's
4	incredibly important for us to maintain that
5	and to be able to train to the level that we
6	train to perform these search-and-rescues and
7	dynamic situations.
8	And for them to maintain the training
9	that they have in environmental conservation
10	law, investigations, their marine unit we
11	could go on for days. The challenges that we
12	present in land management and public
13	protection are vast, and it's important to
14	maintain two different divisions that have
15	their specialties.
16	SENATOR STEC: Thank you. Thanks,
17	Madam Chair.
18	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
19	We now go to Assemblyman Tague.
20	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Thank you,
21	Chairwoman.
22	First I want to say, Senator Stec,
23	nice tie.
24	But Mr. Morehouse, I'm kind of

1	following up on what Senator Stec just asked
2	you. This morning at two different
3	testimonials the same questions were asked; I
4	think we got a little bit different answer
5	from them. I had broached one of the
6	individuals on possibly research into this,
7	because so I guess I'm just going to come
8	out and ask you, do you feel that we have
9	enough Rangers out there right now?
10	Just a moment ago we heard from folks
11	advocating that over 12 million people this
12	last year have went to the Adirondacks and
13	the Catskills. So my question, was there no
14	public safety or policing available because
15	there's a shortage of Rangers? I'm just
16	wondering what your thoughts are. Do you
17	feel that we have enough Rangers to protect
18	the forests and green space that we have
19	right now?
20	MR. MOREHOUSE: I think with the
21	general trend over the past few years of
22	increased use of state land, we're
23	transitioning from our proactive role and
24	we're quickly becoming reactive, or

1	maintaining	а	certain	level	of	control	of
2	state land.						

Certainly 2020 was unique in that we were drawn to the COVID sites. But over the past five or 10 years we have seen an exponential increase in state land use. And like I said earlier, if we're looking at the next few years and the retirements that are coming up, and a projected increase in state land use again, then I would say we need -- we need to adjust and prepare by adding more Forest Rangers.

ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Okay, thank you.

And I want to echo the same sentiments as

Assemblywoman Woerner and Senator Stec.

I also support your folks' initiative, and I want to say thank you. We had three or four rescues in my Assembly district last year, one in Schoharie County and I believe three in Green County -- Prattsville,

Kaaterskill Falls, and Platte Clove -- during the COVID crisis. And I actually commended Commissioner Seggos this afternoon: Because of the staff and our Rangers, their

1	communication and their hard work, every
2	single one of those individuals that were
3	lost and had to be rescued were brought back
4	safely.
5	So thank you, thank you very much.
6	Appreciate your testimony here today and
7	looking forward to moving forward from here.
8	Thank you.
9	MR. MOREHOUSE: Thank you,
10	Assemblyman.
11	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: So we have
12	Assemblyman Epstein next.
13	Harvey Epstein, are you there? Or
14	maybe
15	THE MODERATOR: We're having a problem
16	with his microphone.
17	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay.
18	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: Can you hear me
19	now?
20	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, we can.
21	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: Okay, great.
22	Sorry about that.
23	And so I thank you all for being so
24	late on this Zoom. I just have a couple of

1	quick	questions	for	Mr.	Halpern.

I just -- what is the volume of people do you see who are having these issues with utility companies and feel like they're either not getting the information that they need or feel like there's some kind of fraud?

MR. HALPERN: Well, the data that we have really precedes the COVID crisis. And let me just give you a sense for the gravity of the problem, at least in the Buffalo area, which I'm most familiar with.

In the first five months of 2019, the Buffalo Water Board shut off water to individuals in over -- in 1093 instances.

Now again, bear in mind that's before the COVID crisis.

Now, in light of the Governor's moratorium, shutoffs have stopped. But what worries me and others around the state is that the bills that people are getting continue to come to them and with significant numbers of people unemployed or unable to sustain the amounts of money they've made in previous times, I worry that once the

moratorium ends there will be an avalanche of
people who have significant bills, back bills
they have been unable to pay, and they will
then be facing shutoffs and huge deferred
payment agreements.

And so the provisions in the

Parker/Mosley bill will become very, very
important during that period of time, when I
suspect there will be -- it's hard to -- it's
hard to judge, but there will likely be
thousands if not tens of thousands of people
who will have amassed these water bills that
they have been unable to pay, and they will
then be facing shutoffs or liens and the
like.

And the Parker/Mosley bill was intended to ease the road ahead in the future to those -- for those individuals so they can manage sustainable deferred payment agreements. So I think we're facing a crisis in the months ahead, and in particular once the moratorium ends, as it will sometime, I assume, later this year or in early 2022.

ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: Thank you very

1	much for that answer. I appreciate your
2	trying to forestall the crisis that's before
3	us, and I think we really need to do that.
4	Just my second question, it's just
5	really around the expansion of licenses for
6	12-year-olds. And just to be honest, you
7	know, do you think it's realistic that we
8	think, especially with the increased usage of
9	our parks, having 12-year-olds with bows and
10	guns is a right approach for a state like
11	New York?
12	MR. KEMPER: Currently in thank
13	you, Assemblyman. Currently in New York
14	State 12- and 13-year-olds can legally pursue
15	small game
16	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Can you just do
17	a yes or no answer? We're really over the
18	time.
19	MR. KEMPER: Yes.
20	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay. Sounds
21	good.
22	Next panel. We'll go back to the
23	Senate.
24	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Okay, thank you.

Τ	The next panel, we actually have had
2	several cancellations. So 26, Noblehurst
3	Farms, cancelled. But we do have the
4	New York Farm Bureau, No. 27.
5	So then after them I'll just keep
6	reading Food & Water Watch, Riverkeeper
7	and Scenic Hudson.
8	So is Elizabeth Wolters here?
9	MS. WOLTERS: I am. Thank you,
10	Senator. And thank you, all of you, for
11	sticking in here.
12	I'm Elizabeth Wolters, deputy director
13	of public policy for New York Farm Bureau,
14	the state's largest general farm
15	organization.
16	You have my written testimony; I am
17	not going to read it, I'm just going to
18	reference a couple of things. And I want to
19	build off some comments that were mentioned
20	in your discussion with Commissioner Ball
21	many, many hours ago now this morning.
22	I would be remiss if I didn't mention
23	the Nourish New York program. That was
24	mentioned by many of you and also by the

1	commissioner, and that is an incredibly
2	valuable program, not only for our farms but
3	also those vulnerable families in need right
4	now. And there's a great connection between
5	those two.

Senator Krueger, you talked a lot about the connection between New York City, our large market, and our upstate and Long Island farms too, frankly. And it's really important to have that, and we think this program helps with that for those in need. But I would like to expand on that connection a little bit more.

So in New York State we have a lot of great products that can be brought into the city, but we also do have an emerging urban agriculture, so I was excited to hear about that a little bit. We think that's a great opportunity, not only for businesses but also for young children, middle-aged people, everybody to learn about food and where their food comes from.

So we're very supportive of that, and I was excited to hear folks talk about that.

1	I know both Assemblymembers Epstein and
2	Zinerman talked about that, in urban
3	gardening. Really connecting farming,
4	gardening and soil to those urban folks and
5	especially young children is really, really
6	important.

On top of that, urban agriculture education. Ag education is really important across New York State. We strongly support that development. I think some of the largest Future Farmer of America chapters are actually in the city, and then in various boroughs as well. So that's super-exciting. I think COVID has really highlighted the importance of the connection between agriculture and our urban areas.

We also, which is not in my written testimony, we support the expansion of the hunting to 12-year-olds and the crossbow season. And we're also very supportive and very hopeful that a low-carbon fuel standard will also be included in the final budget. This will provide an opportunity for farmers to invest in biofuels on farms and reduce

1	methane technology.
2	And I also have a lot of comments on
3	cover crops and some environmental concerns
4	that were brought up earlier. Those EPF
5	funds that go to agricultural programs are
6	very, very important for farmers to adapt
7	cover crops and no-till practices. We've
8	seen a 30 percent increase since 2012 in
9	no-till, and a 21 percent increase of
10	excuse me, 21 percent in no-till and
11	37 percent in cover crops in New York State
12	since the 2012 census.
13	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Great.
14	So let's take the questions just for
15	the Farm Bureau now, because the other panel
16	is not farm-related.
17	Helene, would you like me to call on
18	yours or
19	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: I have so
20	we're going to go to Assemblyman Tague, then
21	Chair Lupardo, then we'll go to
22	Assemblyman Tague, then back to the Senate.

got the Senate ranker again, okay.

CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: All right, we've

1	Assemblyman Tague, please.
2	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Thank you. Thank
3	you very much. And thank you, Elizabeth, for
4	joining us.
5	And I'm going to sound like a broken
6	record, but first of all I just want to say
7	thank you to Farm Bureau for advocating for
8	our farmers. As a former member of
9	Farm Bureau, a former dairy farmer and a
10	former president of Young Farmers and
11	ranchers, I appreciate the efforts that are
12	being put forth.
13	Unfortunately I haven't had a chance
14	to meet with Jeff Williams yet I think I'm
15	meeting with him next week so I'm not
16	familiar with all the initiatives that you
17	folks are putting forth.
18	But I want to ask you a couple of
19	questions that I asked Commissioner Ball
20	earlier and get Farm Bureau's take on it.
21	One of the problems that New York
22	farmers face is a lack of meat processing
23	capacity. The last commercial processor left
2.4	Now York back in the 1990s due to our

1	regulatory environment. As a result, our
2	farmers have had to rely on out-of-state
3	processors hundreds or even thousands of
4	miles away. As COVID has shown, the ability
5	of supply chains to cross state lines is not
6	always guaranteed.

Does Farm Bureau -- have they considered ways to streamline processing, reduce regulations and minimize bureaucratic overlap to encourage these processors to come back to New York?

And secondly, New York acreage under cultivation has declined by nearly 320,000 acres since 2012. And now we have these large-scale renewable projects, especially solar, and they appear to pose a direct challenge to efforts to maintain and improve New York's agricultural sector.

Since land used for renewable projects cannot always be repurposed, does Farm Bureau have a position on renewable project sitings and the potential problem that it poses, especially in rural upstate New York, on our very dear and resourceful agricultural land?

1	And thank you, Elizabeth.
2	MS. WOLTERS: So on the processing
3	side, the commissioner is right, it's a trend
4	not much different than what we're seeing in
5	dairy, with the consolidation of the
6	industry.
7	We did have some huge problems during
8	COVID. They were more related to outbreaks
9	in processing plants in Pennsylvania, JBS and
10	other shutdowns, due to equipment failures at
11	those plants and less of cross-border issues.
12	On the solar stuff, so we're a private
13	property rights organization. We support
14	farmers who want to put solar on their land.
15	But yes, we're concerned too with the loss
16	of particularly lands of agricultural
17	lands of national significance. So we're
18	looking forward to working with the Office of
19	Renewable Energy Siting. And also we've been
20	doing a lot of work with the commissioner on
21	these issues, and NYSERDA as well.
22	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
23	All right. Senator Stec.
24	Do you have like your name on the side

1	or a mountain, is that what I m seeing:
2	SENATOR STEC: Yes. Yes, I do.
3	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: All right, there
4	you go. Very impressive, okay.
5	SENATOR STEC: I took that picture.
6	Oh, there I am. I took that picture myself
7	in the Adirondacks. That's what I said, I
8	don't want the Rangers having to haul me off
9	of any mountains like that.
10	Thanks, Chairwoman. I'll be very
11	brief.
12	Elizabeth, nice to see you. Hope
13	you're doing well. It's been a while.
L 4	The Farm Labor Bill a year or two ago
15	and the new overtime rules, I know that ther
16	was a lot of angst and concern about that,
17	certainly amongst my side of the aisle and I
18	think a lot of farmers. If you could just -
19	now that we've got experience with it and of
20	course we're always thinking about the
21	future, you know, what have you all seen,
22	from the Farm Bureau perspective, what the
23	impacts have been, and what concerns might
24	you have as we move forward?

1	Thanks.
2	MS. WOLTERS: So I think the biggest
3	concern is obviously this last year hasn't
4	been a normal year. So looking at the data
5	for what happened in 2020 is not going to be
6	consistent with future years. We're relieved
7	that we have a little bit of a pause, in that
8	the Wage Board has delayed a decision until
9	November/December of this year to reconvene
10	and to decide what they're doing from there.
11	We're hopeful that they'll take
12	another year to get out on farms. You know,
13	public hearings had to be done virtually,
14	which is great in many ways but it also poses
15	challenges as well. And also we would like
16	to get the members of the panel out onto
17	farms to take a look, to talk to workers,
18	because it is challenging even virtually for
19	workers to participate in that process.
20	SENATOR STEC: Thanks. That's all I
21	had. Thanks, Chair.
22	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.

24

And back to Assemblywoman Weinstein,

or should I introduce Donna Lupardo?

1	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yeah. Well,
2	our Ag chair, Assemblywoman Lupardo, has a
3	question.
4	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: A question and
5	more of a comment. You know, hello,
6	Elizabeth. Thank you for sticking with us
7	today, and thanks for your commitment to
8	New York agriculture. We have already met
9	and have discussed the priorities. I just
10	want to go on record indicating your support
11	for Northern New York agricultural
12	development, for Harvest New York, to do some
13	more for our hops growers that are helping
L 4	develop our New York beer and our brewers.
15	And I just wanted to ask you a
16	question about FarmNet. I don't think we can
17	really underscore how important that program
18	is. And I was wondering if we weren't
19	able to get that earlier if you have any
20	data on what we're seeing out in the field in
21	terms of the amount of stress that our
22	farmers are experiencing and the number of
23	people who are trying to utilize that service

where, you know, they may not be able to meet

1	the demand for not only financial but also
2	for mental health assistance.
3	MS. WOLTERS: I mostly just have
4	anecdotal information on that, but I can
5	definitely connect you with the folks over at
6	FarmNet for that.
7	We saw, early on, some really high
8	stress in the industry, to the point where we
9	held virtual conferences to talk about
10	FarmNet and not just talk about FarmNet,
11	but actually what do you do if your neighbor
12	is in a crisis and, you know, might be having
13	thoughts or might have attempted taking their
14	own life.
15	So it was that dire of a situation
16	that we felt that we needed to fill a void
17	there and help sponsor one of their events.
18	So it definitely was, early on, a big
19	challenge. It's still I mean, all of us,
20	we're all stuck at home. Little
21	conversations with people that we're used to.
22	So it's a very stressful time for all of us.

23

24

But dealing with the weight of the

potential of a multigenerational business

1	failing on your watch is quite large, and it
2	really does have a huge impact on our
3	community.
4	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: Well, thank
5	you very much for the support that you've
6	given.
7	And to my colleagues, we refer to it
8	as FarmNet, but in the budget documents it's
9	called the Cornell University Farm Family
LO	Assistance. I know it's going to be a high
11	priority for many of us, and we're hoping
12	that maybe we can get some additional federal
13	funding in there, just on a short term if
L 4	need be, to get these farmers through this
15	tough time.
16	So thanks for being here tonight.
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you very
18	much.
19	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you,
20	Donna.
21	Next we go to Assemblyman Palmesano.
22	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: Yes. Hi,
23	Elizabeth. First, thanks for what you do and
24	your organization does for our farmers and

1	our agricultural industry.
2	I had a couple of questions that came
3	to me I wanted to ask you for, if I could.
4	The first one is, have you been
5	getting any complaints from dairy farmers
6	about fluid milk going into New York City
7	from out of state, like New Jersey,
8	Pennsylvania, Connecticut? And if so, what
9	are your thoughts on that?
10	MS. WOLTERS: So that would be within
11	the order in terms of processing, there's
12	not a lot of processing capacity in New York
13	City anymore, unfortunately. So it will be
14	bottled product.
15	We are seeing, with some of the
16	federal assistance program, that
17	purchases are being made of out-of-state
18	milk, so that is concerning. Obviously milk
19	sold in some respects is milk sold, as long
20	as it's within the same border. We have not
21	been hearing a ton on that issue, no.
22	But in the school district we do know
23	that New York City Schools does sometimes bid

with out-of-state processors because of cost

1	constraints. So in some instances, yes.
2	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: Okay, great. I
3	know this question was asked of the
4	commissioner earlier too, but I just wondered
5	have you heard from some of your members
6	relative to the USMCA and how that's
7	benefited our farmers and our agricultural
8	community here in New York? Have you heard
9	any feedback or positive feedback or any type
10	of feedback from your members on that?
11	MS. WOLTERS: I mean, obviously the
12	whole trade thing has been a bumpy road over
13	the last couple of years.
14	USMCA has been a benefit to our
15	farmers. In particular, there has been an
16	action against Canada recently on some milk
17	provisions that we believe they are
18	violating. It's a provision that they kind
19	of created a skirt-around rule in NAFTA
20	well, it wasn't covered under NAFTA, so they
21	kind of snuck some product down into the
22	States. And now we do have a remedy within
23	the USMCA to go after them.
24	So we're looking forward to seeing

Τ	what happens there. And the same with
2	vegetables as well.
3	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: Great. One
4	more question for you. Obviously we know how
5	important and how beneficial and supportive
6	everyone is of Nourish New York. From your
7	analysis, is there any money in any of the
8	programs in this budget that would be of
9	benefit to disabled farmers and farmworkers?
10	MS. WOLTERS: I don't know of any
11	direct line on that, but I can look into it
12	and get back to you.
13	ASSEMBLYMAN PALMESANO: Okay, fair
14	enough. Thank you. Thanks for all you do
15	again. Appreciate it.
16	Thank you.
17	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
18	Now we go to Assemblyman Billy Jones.
19	Assemblyman Jones.
20	ASSEMBLYMAN JONES: I'm good, Chair.
21	Chairwoman Lupardo said it all. Thank you so
22	much, Farm Bureau, for all the work you do.
23	I'm good.
24	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Okay. Thank

1	you.
2	So now Assemblywoman Buttenschon.
3	ASSEMBLYWOMAN BUTTENSCHON: Again, I
4	just want to echo the thoughts of our chair.
5	Thank you for all you're doing. Nourish
6	New York is just one of the best, best
7	programs.
8	So stay safe, stay healthy, and thank
9	you for all you're doing.
10	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
11	So now back to the Senate for the next
12	panel.
13	(No response.)
14	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Just so the
15	next panel is going to be Food & Water
16	Watch
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Yes. No, I'm
18	sorry, I couldn't get my mute off again.
19	Food & Water Watch has had to leave,
20	No. 28. But we have Riverkeeper,
21	Jeremy Cherson, and Scenic Hudson,
22	Andy Bicking.
23	Are you here, Jeremy?
2.4	MR CHERSON: Hi. I'm here

1	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Great. Start
2	whenever you wish.
3	MR. CHERSON: Great. Well, thank you
4	so much for sticking with us tonight. We
5	appreciate the opportunity to testify.
6	Riverkeeper protects the Hudson River
7	and has 55,000 members across the state.
8	The Clean Water Infrastructure Act is
9	obviously one of our most important issues we
10	work on. We're extremely concerned, like our
11	colleagues are, in the contract freeze that
12	paused new contracts going out for water
13	infrastructure. Usually, you know, as you
14	heard earlier, the RFPs go out in December.
15	They did not. Which means the disbursements
16	will be delayed even further, at a time when
17	we need money flowing to communities for
18	jobs.
19	And I'm hoping that we can all work
20	together to expand opportunities for the
21	communities that particularly lack the
22	ability to come up with plans to apply for
23	the grants, particularly the engineering
24	issues. And, you know, one thing that

advocates have talked about is that the
Engineering Planning Grant exists for the
water infrastructure, the WIIA program, but
the infrastructure planning grant program
that helps communities come up with those
plans does not exist for the drinking water
program. And so that would be a brilliant
addition to the program to help communities
that need to upgrade drinking water systems
but can't afford the planning to be able to
do so.

And this is such an important program. I mean, just to highlight Senator Hinchey's district, she has \$74 million of known water infrastructure needs. And, you know, we talked about the wood pipes earlier. That's entirely true. And in District 46, the pipes are around 85 years old, on average.

And so this money needs to go out the door. You know, understand the challenging circumstances with COVID and what it's done to the state budget, but I'm hoping as soon as federal aid comes that we can start spending on this program again.

1	We support the Bond Act and hope to
2	see that move forward at some point for the
3	ballot in 2021 or 2022.
4	And in the remainder of my time, you
5	know, marijuana has been talked about and
6	Roger Downs made a good point about energy
7	and water management. But I really want to
8	point out that the plastic, the single-use
9	plastic use in the industry in other states
10	is absolutely out of control. You can go to
11	Colorado, you can just drive over the border
12	to Massachusetts, and you can see the
13	single-use plastic packaging everywhere.
14	I'm begging the Senate and Assembly to
15	nip this problem in the bud from the start,
16	because it's going to be a big problem once
17	the industry expands. And we want to make
18	sure we stop plastic waste from the beginning
19	of new programs.
20	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
21	Andy next.
22	MR. BICKING: Thank you very much.
23	And thank you all for your historic support
24	of environmental funding and inspirational

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I'm going to send you all my written
testimony tomorrow and touch upon a few key
points today.

As the pandemic has demonstrated, the public is really depending on having clean air to breathe, clean water to drink, fresh food to eat, and close to home places to reconnect with nature. And while the Bond Act has been proposed for now, Scenic Hudson has continued to work with State Parks and PIPC on the new Hudson Cliffs State Park. Local conversations in Kingston and the Town of Ulster on the name, design and future use of the park have already begun, and community interest remains exceptionally high, with the public already enjoying the Empire State Trail that traverses the property. The Governor's proposal for park capital spending is critical for this.

I'd also like to note, separate from the park, that there are many more opportunities for state land acquisition in

1	the Hudson Valley, yet this category of the
2	EPF is proposed for a \$1 million cut.
3	But on the issue of local conservation
4	funding, thank you for passing the 2019
5	Ulster County Community Preservation Act.
6	The Town of New Paltz passed the first ballot
7	referendum enabled by this law in November,
8	with support from over 70 percent of its
9	voters. So we support the Legislature
10	extending authority to other communities in
11	the future.
12	Protecting farmland remains a big
13	regional priority. I know you've heard about
14	that from others. I'll just note that it's
15	critical to meet the food insecurity issues
16	we're experiencing and would note that
17	90 percent of the fresh products sold at
18	New York City green markets come from
19	Hudson Valley farms.
20	The nexus between food and
21	environmental justice is strong in mid-Hudson
22	cities, with groups working to establish
23	community farms and urban green spaces. Many

of them could be eligible for community

1	impact and environmental justice grants,
2	which have been proposed to receive a
3	\$1 million increase in spending.
4	Working lands as a whole must play a
5	bigger role in confronting the climate
6	crisis. However, farmers really need
7	financial incentives to transition to
8	practices, as you've heard from others, that
9	enhance soil health and sequester carbon.
10	Fortunately, the Climate Resilient Farming
11	Program within the EPF is proposed to receive
12	a \$200,000 bump, which would benefit the
13	Cornell Soil Health Program.
14	And we would also encourage the
15	Legislature to consider comprehensive soil
16	health legislation in the coming months to
17	create a framework for more work in this
18	space in the future.
19	And finally, I join with Riverkeeper
20	in support of the Clean Water Infrastructure
21	Investment Act, as well as the Hudson River
22	Estuary Program. Use of the river has
23	increased during the pandemic, and we're so

lucky to have the Estuary Management Program

1	there to care for it. For example, they have
2	trained over 7,000 municipal officials,
3	agency staff and conservation groups on
4	climate change, flood mitigation and other
5	issues.
6	So thank you very much.
7	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you both
8	very much.
9	And seeing no hands, I'm going to move
10	to the next panel, not give anybody a chance
11	to rethink their opinion.
12	We have the New York Youth Climate
13	Leaders, Liam Smith, and the Sheridan Hollow
14	Alliance for Renewable Energy,
15	Merton Simpson.
16	Liam, are you there? Oh, you are
17	there. Hello.
18	MR. SMITH: Yes, hello.
19	Good evening. And thank you for the
20	opportunity to present testimony on the
21	proposed state budget. My name is Liam
22	Smith, and I serve as director of government
23	affairs for the New York Youth Climate
24	Leaders.

1	We are a policy-driven organization of
2	youth from across New York State working to
3	improve New Yorkers' quality of life, protect
4	front-line communities, and ensure
5	environmental and economic justice for
6	generations to come.

The COVID-19 pandemic has wrought unprecedented hardship on New York State.

Tens of thousands of New Yorkers have died, unemployment has skyrocketed, and people continue to struggle to pay for their basic needs. At the same time, New York faces a massive \$15 billion budget deficit in this fiscal year.

Everyday New Yorkers, already under extreme duress, cannot afford to bear the brunt of the state's fiscal shortfall. The New York Youth Climate Leaders strongly opposes any funding reductions to essential services like healthcare and education.

Working-class New Yorkers rely on these programs every day, and losing access to them in the middle of a global pandemic would be catastrophic.

1	Absent federal aid, Governor Cuomo
2	proposes that we cut funding for essential
3	services and impose a minor rebatable tax on
4	high-income earners. We propose an
5	alternative. First, cut fossil fuel
6	subsidies, and second, actually tax the rich.
7	These are commonsense solutions that
8	simultaneously address New York's budget
9	shortfall and the climate emergency. Even if
10	the federal government provides \$15 billion
11	in aid, they would still have a meaningful
12	impact on our budget and our environment.
13	Every year New York State doles out
14	approximately \$1.6 billion in tax breaks to
15	the fossil fuel corporations that pollute our
16	environment and endanger future generations.
17	While some of these subsidies like the sales
18	tax exemption for residential heating fuel
19	provide valuable assistance to low- and
20	moderate-income New Yorkers, others benefit
21	only the fossil fuel industry. Fossil fuel
22	subsidies exacerbate the climate emergency
23	and undermine the goals of the Climate

Leadership and Community Protection Act.

Ţ	My Written testimony outlines the tax
2	expenditures that we can eliminate without
3	unduly harming consumers please see
4	pages 3 and 4. Eliminating nonessential
5	fossil fuel subsidies now will save the state
6	over \$500 million, align our tax code with
7	the climate law, and protect future
8	generations from the climate emergency.
9	Taxing the rich will also generate
10	tens of billions of dollars of revenue. The
11	New York Youth Climate Leaders is a member of
12	the Invest in Our New York Coalition. It
13	supports the incorporation of the Invest in
14	Our New York Act into the state budget.
15	These policies provide enough funding to not
16	only close our gaping budget hole but also to
17	fight poverty, invest in our schools, and
18	face the climate crisis head on.
19	We believe a tax on the rich is
20	imperative to addressing the climate
21	emergency and safeguarding the environment
22	for my generation.
23	Other considerations include divesting
24	the New York State Teachers Retirement

1	System, increasing spending on renewable
2	energy projects, and providing funding to
3	replace the Sheridan Avenue Steam Plant,
4	which I'm sure Merton will talk more about
5	shortly.
6	My written testimony provides explicit
7	details on all of our proposals, and I would
8	be happy to answer any questions that you may
9	have. Thank you for your time.
10	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
11	And next, Merton Simpson.
12	MR. SIMPSON: Yes. I'd like to thank
13	Senator Krueger and Assemblywoman Weinstein
14	for this opportunity to speak.
15	As the hour is late, I'll go directly
16	to SHARE's ask.
17	But briefly, SHARE is a coalition of
18	community activists and individuals dedicated
19	to renewable energy. I live less than a mile
20	from the Sheridan Avenue Steam Plant, which
21	from 1911 till today has caused a great
22	amount of toxicity in the Sheridan Hollow and
23	Arbor Hill communities. My wife's sister
24	Ashley died from multiple myeloma, and her

1	husband before her from cancer, and a large
2	number of residents in close proximity to the
3	79 Sheridan Avenue plant have high degrees of
4	cancer.

Through the advocacy of SHARE, we were able to get the initial proposal from NYPA to put two fracked-gas generators in the Sheridan Avenue facility to be repurposed, to now where we have alternative energy infrastructure being planned. But we still don't have the very important geothermal energy commitment that's needed.

I just want to, in the interests of time, briefly state the SHARE ask. We're asking for a \$600,000 study to convert the Capitol and Empire State Plaza complexes to renewable energy. We also request \$250,000 for a study on how to transition

Sheridan Hollow and Arbor Hill to renewable energy communities.

We support the \$88 million reappropriation in the Office of General Services budget that is being used for a number of renewable projects for the Plaza.

Τ,	in addition to our proposal for
2	Sheridan Hollow, we also call for an end to
3	all nonessential fossil fuel subsidies.
4	We're not going to get to energy
5	sustainability with one step forward, three
6	steps back. I actually had the opportunity
7	to be in a webinar in 2018 sponsored by
8	NYSERDA where there was a two-hour webinar
9	with an Excel spreadsheet on how to finance
10	fracked-gas power plants. You know, we're
11	not going to get where we need to go with one
12	step forward, two steps back. And so I urge
13	us to deal with the serious existential
L 4	crisis that we face now.
15	Thank you again for this opportunity
16	to speak.
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you very
18	much.
19	All right, I see our friend Harvey
20	Weins Epstein with his hand up, Helene.
21	Shall I call on him?
22	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We have
23	Assemblyman Epstein
24	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Yes, that's what

1	I meant. I said
2	(Overtalk.)
3	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes. Yes.
4	Yes.
5	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: to go. Sorry.
6	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Harvey?
7	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: Weinstein,
8	Epstein, it's all the same.
9	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: No, no, I fixed
10	it right away.
11	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: No, no, no.
12	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I fixed it right
13	away.
14	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: I know you did,
15	Liz, I know you did.
16	Thank you for both for being here, and
17	thank you for the late hour.
18	Just quickly on these fossil fuel
19	subsidies that you both mentioned. You know,
20	what is the current state of the subsidy that
21	you've talked about, and what kind of savings
22	are we talking about? And then really what
23	impact, negative environmental impact do
24	these subsidies have on the market itself.

1	and how do we you know, in some ways
2	propping up, you know, really poor energy
3	choices that we're currently making.
4	MR. SMITH: Sure, yeah. Thank you for
5	the question.
6	So yeah, currently we dole out
7	\$1.6 billion in annual tax expenditures, so
8	tax breaks, including exemptions to fossil
9	fuel corporations. Some of these are helpful
10	for lower-income folks, including sales tax
11	and petroleum business tax exemptions for
12	residential heating. But others, like tax
13	breaks for airline fuel and tax breaks for
14	using oil and gas in research and development
15	or in production of goods for sale, are
16	totally out of line with the Climate
17	Leadership and Community Protection Act and
18	ought to be eliminated as soon as possible.
19	There are also some expenditures
20	that let's see. There's a sales tax
21	exemption for gas and electricity use in
22	operating pipelines. And there's also a
23	sales and use tax exemption for certain

services involved in producing gas or oil

1	production.
2	We should not be giving tax breaks to
3	fossil fuel corporations so they can produce
4	fossil fuels. That just does not make sense.
5	So yeah, fossil fuels of course are
6	the contributor to global warming, the
7	climate emergency. And continuing to make
8	them cheaper for corporations to use is just
9	out of line with our climate law.
10	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: Thank you. And
11	Merton, I don't know if you wanted to add
12	something.
13	MR. SIMPSON: Yeah, I just want to say
14	we're going in the wrong direction. What we
15	need to be doing is robust research on
16	geothermal. I'm disappointed that I didn't
17	hear anybody really mention geothermal. We
18	talk about wind and solar, but right here in
19	Skidmore College they have a robust
20	geothermal program. Cornell, Ithaca, as
21	well. And the Bloomberg Center on
22	Green Island is a net zero building.

23

24

Just here in New York State, there are

several examples of geothermal energy, which

1	is really one of the ultimate solutions.
2	It's one of the most cost benefit positive
3	cost benefit options. And, you know, even in
4	Manhattan, at St. Peter's Cathedral, there's
5	a geothermal option in the middle of
6	Manhattan.
7	So we're, you know, wondering why
8	there's so little attention and why the state
9	doesn't want to really embrace geothermal,
10	which is one of the strongest alternatives
11	for renewable energy.
12	ASSEMBLYMAN EPSTEIN: Thank you both.
13	And thank you, Madam Chairs.
14	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
15	Thank you, gentlemen. Thank you for
16	sticking with us.
17	All right, we have our last panel.
18	And we have actually lost The Nature
19	Conservancy, No. 34, so it will be
20	Audubon New York, followed by American
21	Farmland Trust.
22	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Chairwoman, I had
23	a question for Mr. Simpson.
24	MR. SIMPSON: Yes.

1	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Oh, I'm sorry, I
2	didn't see you there.
3	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: No problem.
4	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Sorry, we
5	didn't see a hand.
6	Yes, go ahead, Assemblyman Tague.
7	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: It more or less is
8	a statement, Mr. Simpson. I want to totally
9	agree with you on your last statement.
10	The company I work for in my
11	private-sector position, we did have one of
12	those programs in one of our buildings. It
13	worked great. And I too don't understand why
L 4	we don't use more of that in New York State.
15	I just want to throw that in, and I
16	appreciate your comments.
17	MR. SIMPSON: Right. They're still
18	pushing natural gas as a bridge fuel,
19	although, you know, it produces 86 percent
20	more greenhouse gases than coal. So there's
21	an energy industry propaganda machine that we
22	have to deal with.
23	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
2.4	Vou know we have some goothermal

1	buildings in Manhattan in my district, very
2	new ones. It's very interesting technology.
3	You can do it on Manhattan Island, it turns
4	out.
5	MR. SIMPSON: Exactly.
6	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: With that, again,
7	going back to Erin McGrath from
8	Audubon New York, followed by Samantha Levy,
9	American Farmland Trust.
10	MS. McGRATH: Thank you, Senator.
11	Good evening, and thank you for
12	granting me the opportunity to testify and
13	for all of your hard work and commitment to
14	protecting the environment. I'm Erin
15	McGrath, and I serve as the policy manager
16	for Audubon New York, a state program of the
17	National Audubon Society with 93,000 members
18	statewide.
19	This year is unprecedented, and we
20	commend New York State for maintaining its
21	commitment to providing environmental funding
22	and to combating climate change, including
23	through 300 million for the EPF, funding for
24	clean water infrastructure, and the continued

1	implementation	of	the	CLCPA.
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While we hesitate to ask for more in these uncertain times, we do urge you to restore 3 million for the ZBGA, which funds Audubon's nature centers and sanctuaries, and to include reauthorization for the Restore Mother Nature Bond Act in your one-house budgets.

We also support policy proposals that help birds in the places they need. New York State has over 100 woodland bird species that are reliant on healthy, regenerating forests. These birds require structurally complex habitats, including an understory of young trees and shrubs. If that understory is degraded, forest birds can experience reproductive failure and population declines.

Currently our forest understory is being impacted by overbrowsing caused by an overabundant deer population. Research shows that where deer densities are high, bird populations decrease, largely due to a loss of understory caused by overbrowsing.

For these reasons, Audubon believes

1	the state should utilize evidence-based
2	strategies to improve management of the
3	state's deer population and forest health.
4	Currently the only management strategy that
5	has proven effective is recreational hunting
6	which is why we support the Governor's
7	proposal to expand hunting opportunities and
8	ask you to do so as well.

Lastly, we're excited about Parks 100 and the announcement of the Empire State
Birding Trail. Interest in birdwatching has soared during the pandemic, and it's led more and more New Yorkers to enjoy birds and to learn about the joy of birds. And they're looking for more ways to engage in birdwatching. Increasing opportunities to birdwatch is more than just a safe activity, it's also a strong economic driver.

In New York State, 3.3 million people watch birds, and wildlife-watchers as a whole generate approximately 4.2 billion in revenue each year. This means that investing in the Empire State Birding Trail can deliver twofold by providing additional opportunities

Τ	Tot sale recreation and needed economic
2	development.
3	Thank you all, again, for allowing me
4	to testify, and at the end please let me know
5	if you have any questions. Thank you.
6	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
7	Hi, Sam. You're next.
8	MS. LEVY: Thank you very much.
9	Good evening. Thank you all so much
10	for your stamina. Really appreciate it. I
11	am the capper, the final.
12	So my name is Samantha Levy. I'm
13	New York policy manager for American Farmland
14	Trust.
15	Back in March, empty shelves showed us
16	the weaknesses of a global food system and
17	the importance of having farms in our
18	backyard for a resilient food supply. Now,
19	in New York we have 9 million acres of
20	farmland, some of the best farmland in the
21	nation, and this land is a foundation for our
22	\$47 billion farm and food economy. And it's
23	also some of the most threatened farmland in
24	the country.

1	And just between 2001 and 2016, we
2	lost over a quarter million acres of farmland
3	in New York State, mostly on the urban
4	fringe, and we've only protected a third of
5	that amount since we started the state's
6	Farmland Protection Program.
7	Further threats from the pandemic,
8	flight from urban areas and impending
9	intergenerational transition, as has come up
10	often on this panel today, of nearly
11	2 million acres of land owned and operated by
12	senior farmers make this land more vulnerable
13	to being lost forever as it changes hands.
14	So we put forward that we must
15	continue to invest in two state programs, the
16	Farmland Protection Program and Farmland for
17	a New Generation New York, which work hand in
18	hand, help farmers permanently protect their
19	land to bring a new generation of farmers
20	onto the land.
21	For farmland protection, 250 farmers
22	statewide have expressed interest recently in
23	protecting their land 50,000 acres of

opportunity. In this year's budget the

1	Governor proposed a \$1 million reduction to
2	the farmland protection program, and we
3	encourage the Legislature to work to restore
4	funding to \$18 million for this program as
5	part of a \$300 million EPF.

Now, I also want to take a moment to thank the Legislature for their recognition of the Farmland for a New Generation New York program and for funding this program in years past. This nation-leading program funds a resource center, a one-stop shop for farmers looking for land, as well as a network of 27 regional navigator organizations across the state that provide one-on-one support to farmers to bring them onto the land. We're working with those who came from farm families and also those who haven't had easy access to land, including BIPOC farmers, immigrants and refugees.

And in just two years, we have garnered 68 matches of farmers to land.

That's 2,613 acres. And we ask that the Legislature please work to restore funding for this program in this year's state budget

1	at \$400,000 and, importantly, to put it
2	onto one budget line so we only have to do
3	one state contract, minimizing delays.
4	Without these programs, we really risk
5	accelerating the loss of farmland.
6	And then finally I'll just touch on
7	our Farm to School programs, which I don't
8	think have come up yet. But we have
9	nation-leading programs incentivizing schools
10	to buy more food from local farmers. The
11	Governor proposed full funding for these
12	programs, \$10 million to the incentive and a
13	million and a half for our Farm to School
14	Grants Program, and we encourage you to work
15	with him to maintain those levels of funding.
16	And again, thank you so much for your
17	leadership, for your stamina today, and for
18	working to fund these programs at this
19	difficult moment.
20	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you. Thank
21	you both.
22	Assemblymember, I see a couple of
23	hands.
24	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Yes, we have

1	Assemblywoman Woerner for a question. And
2	then we actually have a few, so
3	Assemblywoman Woerner first.
4	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you so
5	much.
6	Erin, as you probably know, I have
7	grassland bird habitats in my area, and I'm
8	quite concerned, as you are, with the siting
9	of renewable energy and the impact that's
10	going to have on the grassland bird habitats.
11	In your written testimony you speak a
12	little bit about the need for additional
13	staffing. I'm wondering if you could expand
14	on that just for a couple of seconds.
15	MS. McGRATH: Sure. We asked for
16	additional staffing within the Division of
17	Fish and Wildlife to administer the state's
18	Grassland Bird Plan. They've actually
19	developed an entire plan of best management
20	practices and also a statewide cohesive
21	framework for improving the population of
22	grassland birds.
23	That hasn't been released yet, and
24	we're hoping that they will be able to if

1	there's additional staff, because I think
2	there are concerns about whether or not they
3	can implement it at this point.
4	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Okay. Thank
5	you very much.
6	And then, Samantha, just your voice
7	cut out when you were talking about the
8	number of completed matches. What was the
9	number?
10	MS. LEVY: That was 68 total complete
11	matches on 2,613 acres of farmland in
12	New York. In just two years we've
13	accomplished that.
14	ASSEMBLYWOMAN WOERNER: Thank you very
15	much.
16	MS. LEVY: Thank you, Carrie.
17	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We go to
18	Assemblyman Tague.
19	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Thank you for the
20	last time tonight, I hope, Chairwoman. You
21	will never say my name wrong ever again after
22	today.
23	(Laughter.)
24	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: You could try.

1	ASSEMBLYMAN TAGUE: Yeah.
2	Samantha, first of all, I totally
3	appreciate what you do. As you know, farming
4	is very near and dear to my heart, and I
5	invite you to join us this year on my
6	Connecting the Dots Farm Tour. You'd be a
7	great person to have along and join us.
8	One thing that you mentioned and you
9	had said it didn't get talked about much
LO	today is the Food to Schools program. I'm
11	sure that I'm not going to be the record
12	player and for the sixth time today talk
13	about solar on farmland, because I'm sure
L 4	that you and I are on the same page.
15	But I am concerned about the Food to
16	School program. I think it's a great
17	program. I would love to hear any ideas that
18	you have to make it better. I know now, I
19	represent seven counties. My hometown
20	school, which I attended and graduated from,
21	is in that program, and we're lucky to have
22	farms around us.
23	But I would like to see more of it in

New York City, because I feel that that would

1	bring	people	from	the	city	into	the	thought
2	of war	nting to	o get	invo	olved	in a	gricu	ulture.

You know, we also discussed today -- I think Assemblymember Epstein had talked about the rooftop gardens, and Assemblywoman Glick did as well. And I think they are important programs. And I'd like to hear your thoughts on that and what we could do as legislators to help make these things a reality or do a better job at it. Because, you know, agriculture is still the number-one thing -- you know, number one in New York State. And listen, no farms, no food. And our people have to eat.

MS. LEVY: That's well said. And thank you so much for the question, I really appreciate it. I do agree, Farm to Schools is a really important pathway to get kids engaged in agriculture and understanding where their food comes from.

So we do have a few recommendations -nonbudget, you'll be happy to hear. So I
also -- I lead the New York Grown for
New York Kids Coalition, a coalition of many

1	different organizations working on Farm to
2	School policy. We've done research on this
3	incentive program for the past two years.
4	So just real quickly, Assemblywoman
5	Lupardo will be introducing a bill to change
6	the language that all meals that are served
7	at lunch can be eligible for this incentive
8	program. That's important near term.
9	Longer term, it's really important to
10	put Farm to School coordinators in every
11	region across New York State. These are now
12	funded on an ad hoc basis through the grants
13	program, and we really need a program that
14	puts that service provider there for any
15	school to access, because they really connect
16	the dots and help connect schools with farms.
17	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: All right, one
18	more hand up?
19	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: We actually
20	have two more members, Assemblyman
21	Englebright and then Assemblywoman Lupardo to
22	close.
23	ASSEMBLYMAN ENGLEBRIGHT: So I just
24	have a question for Erin McGrath regarding

1	hunting, which you brought up prominently in
2	your statement. And I don't really wish to
3	draw our long day any longer, but I would
4	like you to, perhaps separately, find your
5	way to my office so that we can have a
6	conversation about duck hunting, which is
7	also very controversial, and mute swan
8	culling and Canadian geese culling practices

I'd sort of like to have a chance to have a conversation with you and hear what your organizational perspective is.

So that's not really a question so much as just an invitation for this evening, but it does follow on your comments about hunting for deer, which I thought were very thoughtful.

And I also just want to say thank you for this very long but successful hearing today. Helene Weinstein, thank you so very much for your leadership, and Liz Krueger as well. Each of you has really persevered through a very difficult process because of the Zoom medium and also very patiently worked your way through a very long day. So

1	thank you both.
2	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Thank you.
3	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
4	I believe we are now going to
5	Assemblywoman Lupardo, our last
6	Assemblymember or Senator to speak at
7	tonight's hearing.
8	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: To close. I
9	thought maybe if we kept talking we could
10	keep this you know, round it up to
11	12 hours.
12	(Laughter.)
13	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: No? Okay.
14	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Almost there.
15	Almost there.
16	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: Almost there,
17	Donna.
18	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: No, I just
19	wanted to thank Sam for sticking with us all
20	day. I tried to talk her out of it about six
21	hours ago, but she insisted on sticking with
22	it.
23	No, thank you very much for your
24	Farmland for a New Generation program and

1	certainly the regional navigators.
2	Just two quick questions, one Farm to
3	School. Does Farm to School cover breakfast?
4	MS. LEVY: Currently it does not.
5	Great question. We so in our research
6	over the past couple of years this
7	incentive program is focused on lunch, for
8	those who may not be familiar. For schools
9	that spend 30 percent of their lunch costs on
10	New York foods, they get four times their
11	per-meal reimbursement from the state, up to
12	25 cents.
13	Schools have consistently reported to
L 4	us that separating out lunch is a barrier to
15	participation in this program. And so over
16	and over we've learned that we need to expand
17	the program to breakfast. So we would love
18	to see that happen.
19	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: All right,
20	good. I just wanted to make sure that got on
21	everybody's radar.
22	And also we're trying to sort out a
23	glitch that occurred over the way purchases

for food have been qualified, given COVID.

1	Can you just share quickly what the issue is
2	with that?
3	MS. LEVY: Well, I'll do my best. At
4	9 p.m. I'm kind of tired, with a minute and
5	40 on the clock. Let's see (laughing).
6	So due to the pandemic, the USDA has
7	allowed schools to run summer meal programs
8	to feed their kids for free. A really
9	important action by the USDA. But
10	unfortunately, because the summer meals are
11	not compatible with our national school lunch
12	program, which is what is written in the
13	budget language currently for this incentive
14	program, it precludes schools that are
15	running certain summer meal programs to feed
16	their kids during lunch from participating in
17	the incentive.
18	So really want to thank you,
19	Assemblywoman, for your leadership in putting
20	legislative language forward to correct that
21	glitch and keep this program going strong.
22	ASSEMBLYWOMAN LUPARDO: Thank you very
23	much for everything you're doing.
24	MS. LEVY: Thank you.

1	CHAIRWOMAN WEINSTEIN: Thank you.
2	And just before I turn it back to
3	Senator Krueger, I just want to thank all of
4	the witnesses and members who participated in
5	today's hearing. And we're going to be
6	seeing you in just over 12 hours.
7	Senator Krueger?
8	CHAIRWOMAN KRUEGER: I was going to
9	say I'm going to invite you back for 9:30
10	tomorrow morning, when we start again with
11	our hearing for Education in the State of
12	New York. So try to sleep quickly.
13	Again, remember, stay safe, wear a
14	mask, social distancing. But go ahead and
15	get some sleep now, because if you're
16	anything like Helene and myself, you'll be
17	right back here on Zoom tomorrow starting at
18	9:30 for another interesting but long
19	hearing.
20	With that, good night, everyone.
21	Thank you for all your help.
22	(Whereupon, at 9:08 p.m., the budget
23	hearing concluded.)
24	